

Lee's Summit, Missouri. Jackson County

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. (Kimley-Horn) has been retained by Milhaus Development, LLC to provide professional civil engineering services for the proposed 150 & Ward Multi-Family Development located at the northeast corner of MO-150 Highway and SW Ward Rd in Lee's Summit Missouri (Refer to **Exhibit 1)** and is generally situated within Section 25, Township 47N, Range 32W in Jackson County, Missouri (Refer to **Exhibit 2**).

According to the Arborwalk Development Drainage Master Plan (Refer to **Appendix A**), the project is located within a +/- 22.26-acre designated commercial area. Currently, there are 3 parcels within the commercial area. The largest parcel, with an area of +/- 18.88 acres, will be subdivided into two parcels. The northernmost +/- 11.46-acre parcel will contain the proposed multi-family development, while the remaining +/- 7.42-acre parcel will remain unimproved and is not within the scope of the project. It is understood this will ultimately be developed as a commercial property by others. The existing site is covered in grasses and woodland. The surface runoff generally flows southeast into an existing box culvert located at the northeast corner of the MO-150 and SW Ward Rd intersection, ultimately discharging into Raintree Lake.

The proposed multi-family development will generally include the construction of 6 garden style, one elevator style apartment buildings; a club house, as well as, associated new surface parking, garage parking, sidewalk plazas, site access drives, utility services, and streetscape improvements to serve the site. As referenced by the drainage master plan, stormwater detention is provided upstream, adequately controlling peak flows for the entire planned commercial development. Therefore, no additional stormwater detention is proposed on site. The stormwater exiting the site will be routed through hydrodynamic separators designed to filter out pollutants per the MARC BMP Manual to meet water quality requirements.

FEMA & STREAM BUFFER WAIVER

According to FEMA's (Federal Emergency Management Agency) Flood Insurance firm panel 29095C0532G, the site is located in Zone X, an "Area of Minimal Flood Hazard" (Refer to **Exhibit 3**).

Based on USGS mapping, there is a designated blue line stream that traverses through the middle of the site (Refer to **Exhibit 2**). The development team has worked with the Corps of Engineers to prepare a jurisdictional assessment and the proper permitting documentation to relocate the surface water into an underground storm pipe sized for the 100-year storm event by others. The proposed plans are located in **Appendix B**. Per discussions with the city regarding the stream, a stream buffer waiver is also required for development to occur as planned. It is our opinion the stream functions more as an engineered drainage channel, conveying stormwater to the temporary sediment basin at the NW corner of 150 & Ward, and is not a natural stream. It was constructed, along with the upstream dry and wet detention basins, to temporarily act as an erosion control measure until the designated commercial area was ultimately improved. The potential for excess sediment leaving the site will be greatly reduced when the site is stabilized upon final development, improving downstream water quality. Refer to **Appendix C** for the full Stream Buffer Waiver request prepared by others.

SOILS

Table 1 below shows the typical soil classifications found on site. For more information, refer to the data obtained from the USDA Soil Survey of Jackson County, Missouri (See **Exhibit 4**).

Table 1: USDA Soil Survey - On-Site Soil Characteristics

Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG)	Map Symbol	Туре	Slopes
С	10082	Arisburg-Urban land Complex	1-5%
D	10128	Sharpsburg-Urban land complex	2-5%
С	10181	Udarents-Urban land-Sampsel Complex	5-9%

METHODOLOGY

The Hydraflow Hydrograph Package and Bentley Pondpack software were utilized to determine the effects of the development. Following the American Public Works Association (APWA) Section 5600 Storm Drainage Systems and Facilities guide, Curve Numbers (CN's) and runoff coefficients (C's) were calculated depending on the cover type, condition, and hydrologic soil group, and rainfall intensities (Refer to **Calculations 1**). Chapter 6 of the MARC BMP manual was used to determine the water quality volume and treatment flows, and the overall manual was used as guidance when determining an appropriate stormwater treatment solution for the project.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The proposed project is located within a designated commercial area, per the attached Arborwalk Development Drainage Master Plan. The commercial area is +/- 22.26 acres and was initially divided into three parcels. The largest parcel, with an area of +/- 18.88 acres, will be subdivided into two parcels, for a total of four parcels within the commercial area. These four parcels (Lot "A", Lot "B", Lot "C", and Lot "D") all generally drain southeast towards a sedimentation basin installed previously to treat runoff until the site was ultimately developed. Runoff from the upstream detention basins flows through a stream, discharging at the sedimentation basin. Stormwater ultimately drains toward a box culvert located in the southeast corner of the commercial area, carrying the runoff underneath the intersection and discharging into Raintree Lake.

The overall commercial area contains a wide variety of soils with slopes ranging from 1-9%. The soils belong to hydrologic soil groups C or D. The existing soils are described as moderately well drained to somewhat poorly drained. The existing site primarily consists of 1.52 acres of woods in good condition yielding a CN of 74, 5.05 acres of woods in good condition yielding a CN of 70, 12.64 acres of open space in good condition yielding a CN of 74, and 3.05 acres of open space in good condition yielding a CN of 80 (Refer to **Exhibit 5**). This results in a cumulative pre-development CN of 74 with a time of concentration of 15 minutes. **Table 2** below presents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for the overall commercial area at Critical Point 1 in the pre-development condition.

Table 2: Pre-Development Overall Commercial Area Rainfall Intensity & Peak Flows (Critical Point #1)					
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year					
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	3.72	5.18	6.70	7.35	
Pre-Development Peak Flow (CFS) 25.05 34.88 45.12 49.56					

Based on the existing topography, the previously planned commercial area could be defined and analyzed as one overall drainage area. However, the report will divide them into four separate drainage areas (areas A through D) for the existing and proposed conditions (Refer to **Exhibit 7**). The four drainage areas are described below:

LOT "A" Drainage Area

Drainage area "A" generally drains 11.46 acres of sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow inwards towards an unregulated drainage swale, discharging into the existing sediment basin located in drainage area "B". A ridge along the eastern third of the area promotes flow away from the unregulated drainage swale and into storm inlets along SW Ward Road. In both scenarios, the flow enters underground storm sewer and is discharged south across the intersection into a small channel. The small channel carries runoff towards a box culvert directing flow east, ultimately discharging at Raintree Lake. There is approximately 3.05 acres of open space in good condition yielding a CN of 80, 1.52 acres of woods in good condition yielding a CN of 74, 5.13 acres of open space in good condition yielding a CN of 74, and 1.75 acres of woods in good condition yielding a CN of 70. The composite CN is 75 with a time of concentration of 12 minutes. **Table 3** below represents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for drainage area A in the pre-development condition.

Table 3: Pre-Development Drainage Area "A" Peak Flows						
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year						
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	4.10	5.68	7.33	8.05		
Pre-Development Peak Flow (CFS)	14.54	20.10	25.90	28.45		

Drainage Area "B"

Drainage area "B" generally drains 7.45 acres of sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow east into the existing sedimentation basin and/or into the culvert located near the southeast corner of the entire commercial area. The culvert discharges into an unregulated tributary stream, ultimately flowing into Raintree Lake to the southeast. There is approximately 3.30 acres of woods in good condition yielding a CN of 70 and 4.15 acres of open space in good condition yielding a CN of 74. The composite CN is 75 with a time of concentration of 14 minutes. **Table 4** below represents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for drainage area B in the pre-development condition.

Table 4: Pre-Development Drainage Area "B" Peak Flows						
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year						
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	3.84	5.34	6.89	7.57		
Pre-Development Peak Flow (CFS) 8.82 12.25 15.81 17.37						

Drainage Area "C"

Drainage area C generally drains 1.59 acres of sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow east, collecting in the existing sedimentation basin and ultimately discharging at Raintree Lake. The "Micro Stormwater Drainage Study for McBee's Coffee 'N Carwash" analyzes the existing conditions for what is referred to as "Drainage Area C" in this study, and was approved through the City of Lee's Summit, MO. The drainage study can be found in **Appendix D**.

Drainage Area "D"

Drainage area "D" generally drains 1.77 acres of sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow east into Drainage Area "C". The flow is generally routed through the existing sedimentation basin located on the eastern half of the designated commercial area. The runoff is then conveyed through underground storm sewer south and discharged into an unregulated Raintree Lake tributary stream across MO 150 Highway. Ultimately, the runoff is discharged into Raintree Lake. There is approximately 1.77 acres of open space in good condition yielding a CN of 70. The composite CN is 70 with a time of concentration of 13 minutes. **Table 5** below presents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for drainage area D in the pre-development condition.

Table 5: Pre-Development Drainage Area "D" Peak Flows						
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year						
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	3.96	5.50	7.10	7.80		
Pre-Development Peak Flow (CFS)	2.15	2.98	3.84	4.22		

Calculations for the Existing Conditions section can be found in the **Exhibits & Calculations** section of the report.

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

The proposed improvements to the previously planned commercial area designated by the Arborwalk Development Drainage Master Plan will include improvements to Lots "A", "B", "C", and "D". Improvements to the +/-11.46-acre Lot "A" generally include the construction of 6 new garden style walk-up apartment buildings, an elevator apartment building, a club house, as well as, associated new surface parking, new garage parking, new sidewalk plaza, new site access drives, new utility services, and streetscape improvements to serve the site. Improvements to the +/- 7.45-acre Lot "B" will generally include the construction of 5 commercial buildings, as well as, associated new surface parking, new sidewalk, new site access drives, new utility services, and new streetscape improvements to serve the

site. Additionally, improvements to Lot "B" include the design and construction of public storm sewer intended to enclose an existing stream. The proposed public storm sewer will continue serving Lots "A" and "B", as well as, upstream developments, during the 100-year storm event. Refer to **Appendix B** for the public storm sewer plans prepared by others. Improvements to the 1.59-acre Lot "C" will generally include the construction of a commercial carwash building, as well as, associated new surface parking and new underground detention. Improvements to the +/- 1.77-acre Lot "D" generally include the construction of a commercial building and pump stations, as well as, associated new surface parking, new utility services, new site access drives. At the time of this report, Lot "D" has been developed. Lots "B", "C", and "D" were studied to confirm detention requirements were met based on the outlined requirements of the Arborwalk Development Drainage Master Plan. The proposed improvements of these areas will be performed by others.

The overall previously proposed commercial area primarily consists of 11.46 acres of Lot "A" multi-family development yielding a CN of 92, 7.45 acres of Lot "B" commercial development yielding a CN of 93, 1.59 acres of Lot "C" commercial development yielding an approximate CN of 90 (See approved drainage report in **Appendix D**), and 1.80 acres of commercial development yielding a CN of 94 (Refer to **Exhibit 7**). This distribution results in a post-development cumulative CN of 92 for the overall commercial area with a conservative time of concentration of 5 minutes. **Table 6** below presents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for the area studied at Critical Point 1 in the post-development condition. The values shown in **Table 6** represent a calculation of outflow based on an estimated 2.2 acre-feet of additional storage provided for in the upstream detention/retention basins discussed in the Detention section of this report (see page 10 for further discussion).

Table 6: Post-Development Overall Commercial Area Peak Flows						
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year						
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)*	2.16	3.07	4.02	4.47		
Post-Development Peak Flow (CFS) 34.69 49.36 64.56 71.83						

^{*}Rainfall intensities are from modified rational critical duration event

Based on the proposed topography, the previously planned commercial area could be defined and analyzed as one overall drainage area. However, the report will divide them into four separate drainage areas (areas A through D) to allow for a more in-depth analysis of the proposed conditions (Refer to **Exhibit 8**). The four drainage areas are described below:

Drainage Area "A"

Drainage Area "A" generally drains 11.46 acres of the overall area through a series of conveyance measures including new enclosed storm sewer and surface runoff. The captured runoff will be routed through water quality units (discussed further in the BMP Analysis section) and connected to a new RCB storm sewer constructed during Lot "B" improvements. It will ultimately be conveyed south to the box culvert at the northeast corner of MO 150 Highway and SW Ward Road, and discharged into Raintree Lake. Drainage Area "A" contains approximately 6.59 acres of impervious area and 4.87 acres of pervious area, resulting in a runoff coefficient of 0.65. The cumulative CN is 86 with a time of

concentration of 5 minutes. **Table 7** below represents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for drainage area "A" in the post-development condition.

Table 7: Drainage Area "A" Post-Development Peak Flow Rates					
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year					
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)*	2.22	3.16	4.13	4.53	
Post-Development Peak Flow (CFS)	18.08	25.69	33.58	36.86	

^{*}Rainfall intensities are from Rational Method Critical Duration Event

The post-development peak flows exceed the requirements set by APWA Section 5608.4.C.1.a, traditionally requiring on-site detention. However, the overall Arborwalk development drainage master plan accounts for unrestricted flow discharging from the designated commercial area. This will be discussed in more detail in the Detention Analysis section below.

Drainage Area "B"

Drainage Area "B" generally drains 7.45 acres of the overall area through a series of conveyance measures including new enclosed storm sewer and surface runoff south to the NW corner of the MO 150 Highway and SW Ward Road intersection. A box culvert carries the flow south across MO-150 Highway, discharging into an unregulated tributary stream before quickly flowing east underneath SW Ward Road through another culvert, and ultimately discharging into Raintree Lake. Drainage Area "B" contains approximately 5.33 acres of impervious area and 2.12 acres of pervious area, resulting in a runoff coefficient of 0.73. The cumulative CN is 93 with a conservative time of concentration of 5 minutes. **Table 8** below represents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for drainage area D in the post-development condition.

Table 8: Drainage Area "B" Post-Development Peak Flow Rates					
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year					
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)*	2.19	3.07	4.02	4.47	
Post-Development Peak Flow (CFS)	12.02	16.85	22.04	24.53	

^{*}Rainfall intensities are from modified rational critical duration event

The post-development peak flows exceed the requirements set by APWA Section 5608.4.C.1.a, traditionally requiring on-site detention. However, the overall Arborwalk development drainage master plan accounts for unrestricted flow discharging from the designated commercial area. This will be discussed in more detail in the Detention Analysis section below.

Drainage Area "C"

Drainage area C generally drains 1.59 acres of the overall area through a series of conveyance measures including new enclosed storm sewer and surface runoff. The runoff is routed through an underground detention basin, controlling flows per APWA's "Comprehensive Control", and ultimately discharging into a swale off-site into Drainage Area "B". The "Micro Stormwater Drainage Study for McBee's Coffee 'N Carwash" analyzes the proposed conditions for what is referred to as "Drainage Area C" in this study.

This study was approved through the City of Lee's Summit, MO so, therefore, no further analysis of Drainage Area C is required. The drainage study can be found in **Appendix D**.

Drainage Area "D"

Drainage Area "D" generally drains 1.77 acres of the overall area through a series of conveyance measures including new enclosed storm sewer and sheet-flow runoff. The runoff is generally conveyed east, flowing offsite and ultimately discharging into Raintree Lake. The improvements to Drainage Area "D" were constructed at the time of this report, so the as-built condition was used to calculate cover-type data. Drainage Area "D" contains approximately 1.41 acres of impervious area and 0.35 acres of pervious area, resulting in a runoff coefficient of 0.78. The cumulative CN is 94 with a conservative time of concentration of 5 minutes. **Table 9** below represents the rainfall intensity and peak flows for drainage area D in the post-development condition.

Table 9: Drainage Area "D" Post-Development Peak Flow Rates					
2-Year 10-Year 50-Year 100-Year					
Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)*	2.16	3.07	4.02	4.41	
Post-Development Peak Flow (CFS)	3.00	4.27	5.58	6.12	

^{*}Rainfall intensities are from modified rational critical duration event

The post-development peak flows exceed the requirements set by APWA Section 5608.4.C.1.a, traditionally requiring on-site detention. However, the overall Arborwalk development drainage master plan accounts for unrestricted flow discharging from the designated commercial area. This will be discussed in more detail in the Detention Analysis section below.

Calculations for the Proposed Conditions can be found in the **Exhibits & Calculations** section of the report.

DETENTION ANALYSIS

According to the Arborwalk Development Drainage Master Plan (See **Appendix A**), the extended dry detention basin and extended wet detention basin upstream of the commercial development provides satisfactory storage for downstream development in the designated commercial area. Page 2 of the attached Arborwalk drainage master plan states that:

"The combination of the two basins will adequately hold the required volume of storage for both the southeast drainage basin including the future commercial development at the intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150"

On Page 3, the report clarifies further that:

"The proposed size of storage required for [limiting post-development flow] is approximately 7 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 10.9 acre-feet. The commercial area to the southeast when developed will require 4.8 acre-feet of storage for detention that is part of the required storage listed above"

According to the master plan, 4.8 acre-feet of storage is provided in the upstream detention basins to help regulate flow in the designated commercial development that has been studied throughout this report. PondPack software was used to estimate the storage required to reduce post-development flow to the peak flow rates defined by APWA's Comprehensive Control. The required storage is found to be 96,047 cubic feet or 2.20 acre-feet, far below the provided upstream storage of 4.8 acre-feet.

Due to the upstream detention ponds providing more than adequate storage to control peak flows from the designated commercial area, as defined by the Arborwalk Drainage Master Plan, no additional stormwater management facilities are required for the proposed developments.

BMP ANALYSIS

The Mid-America Regional Council, Manual of Best Management Practices for Stormwater Quality, October 2012 requires the site to be designed to treat the additional impervious runoff during the 90% mean annual storm (1.37"/24 hr) created by site improvements. Each proposed development within the designated commercial area will be required to sufficiently treat the 90% mean annual event, per the City of Lee's Summit's approval.

The proposed multi-family development in Lot "A", being proposed alongside this drainage report, will satisfy the MARC BMP Manual's guidance by routing approximately 10 acres of runoff through two hydrodynamic separators (Refer to **Appendix E** for the product specification sheet). The separators are designed to handle the treatment flow (calculated per Chapter 6 of the MARC Manual) to remove total suspended solids. Oils, cigarette butts, and larger sand particles would be removed from the runoff prior to it being discharged off-site. Following the MARC BMP Manual's Value Rating (VR) and Level of Service system, the hydrodynamic separators provide a VR of 5 while the overall site receives a Level of Service of 4.

SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS

The proposed improvements for the 150 & Ward Multi-Family Development is located within an area designated for commercial development, as described in the Arborwalk Development Drainage Master Plan. The proposed private improvements within the designated commercial development area will increase the impervious areas which increases the peak flow runoff when compared to pre-development conditions. However, the drainage master plan accounts for future development in this area by setting aside 4.8 acre-feet of storage in the extended wet & extended dry detention basins upstream. The proposed improvements in the previously designated commercial area would require approximately 2.20 acre-feet of storage to meet APWA's Comprehensive Control Requirements in the post-development condition. Therefore, no additional detention is required within not only the proposed multi-family development, but also the entire designated commercial area.

An analysis of the existing stream located within the residential & commercial lots suggests to Kimley-Horn that the channel was intended to be an engineered channel, not a natural stream, and was intended to temporarily serve the upstream drainage areas until further development was approved. Thus, a stream buffer waiver is requested, and it is proposed that the existing channel be enclosed in public storm sewer that would continue to serve the adjacent and upstream developments. The stream buffer waiver

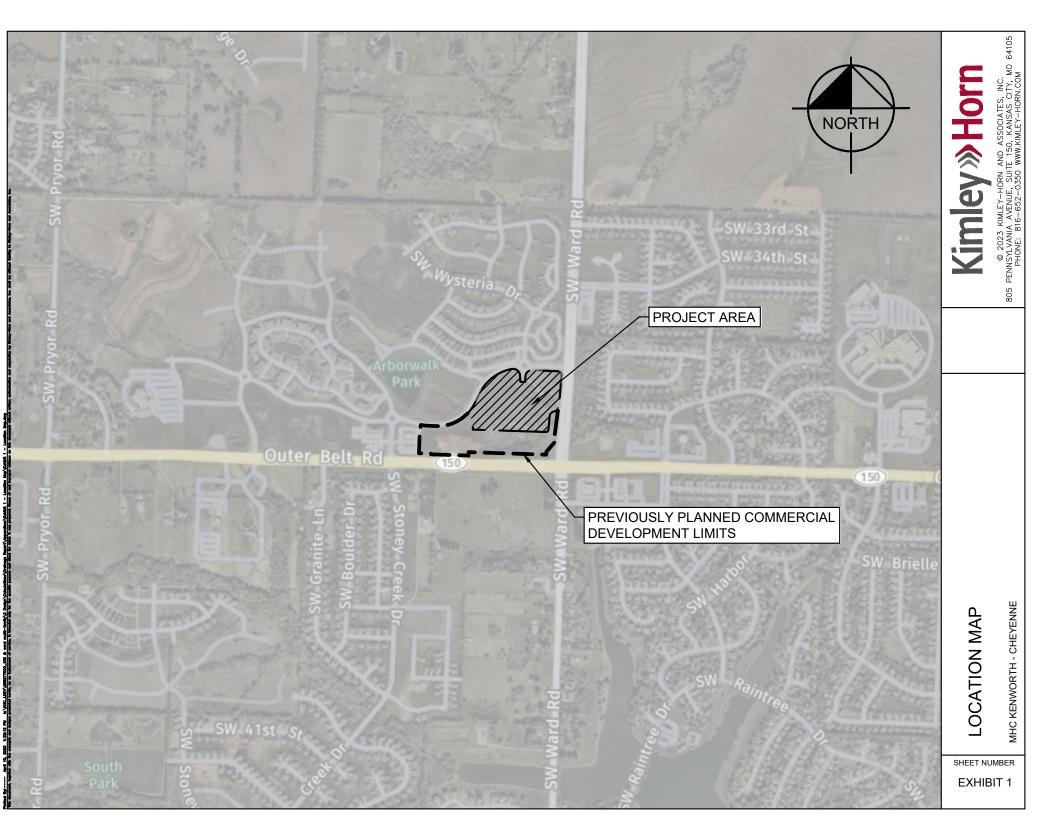
and public sewer relocation plans were prepared by another consultant, and have been provided in this report for reference.

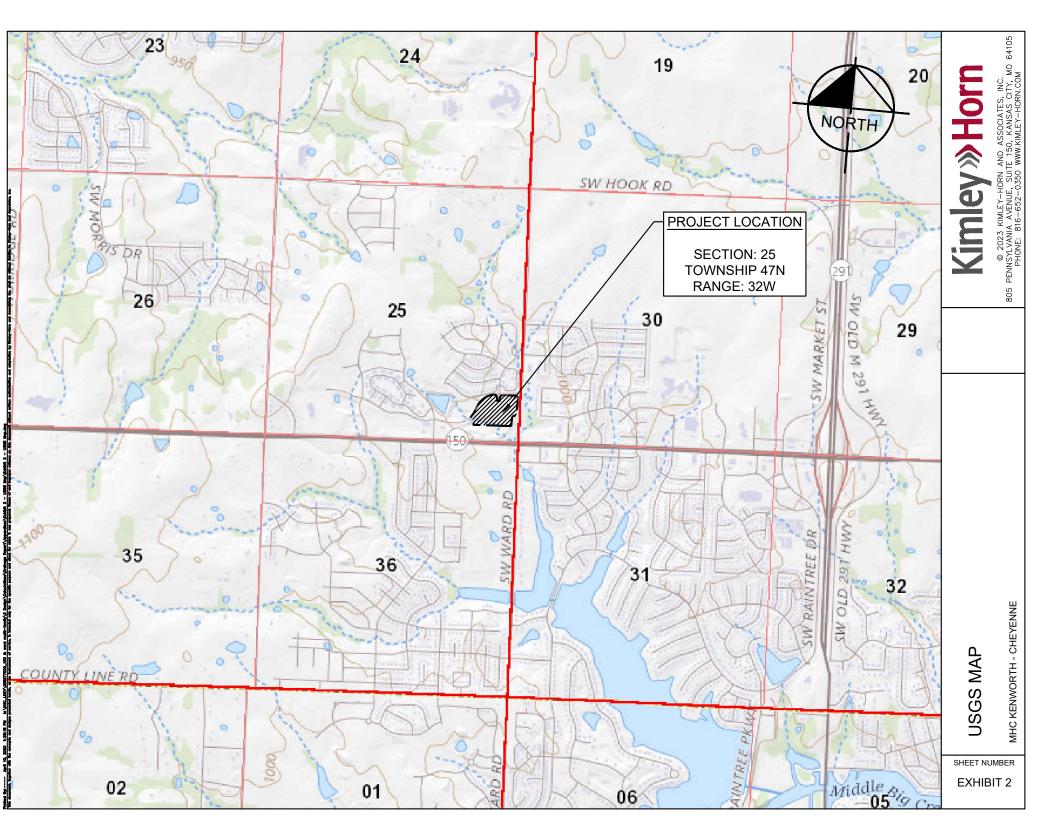
Each development within the previously designated commercial area will be required to propose stormwater treatment measures that sufficiently treat the 90% mean annual event. The proposed improvements for the 150 & Ward Multi-Family Development include two hydrodynamic separators designed to remove total suspended solids from the runoff prior to it entering the public storm sewer system. The separators provide a Value Rating of 5, and results in an overall Level of Service of 4 for the proposed multi-family site.

Separate storm memos will be required, at the time of future development, for Lot "B" and Lot "C" to confirm that the proposed improvements align with this macro study.

The 150 & Ward Multi-Family Development meets the requirements of APWA section 5600, and the MARC BMP Manual as implemented by the City of Lee's Summit. The development and the overall drainage patterns of the entire site will remain largely unchanged; it is recommended that the site be developed as outlined in this report.

Exhibits & Calculations



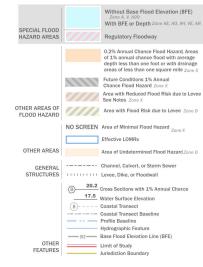




94°22'29.6"W 38°50'30.94"N

FLOOD HAZARD INFORMATION

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP



NOTES TO USERS

FLOODPLAIN INFORMATION ACCORDING TO FEMA FLOOD MAP 29095C0532G, THE SITE IS LOCATED IN "ZONE X", DESCRIBED AS AN AREA OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD.



PANEL

29095C0532G

EFFECTIVE DATE January 20, 2017

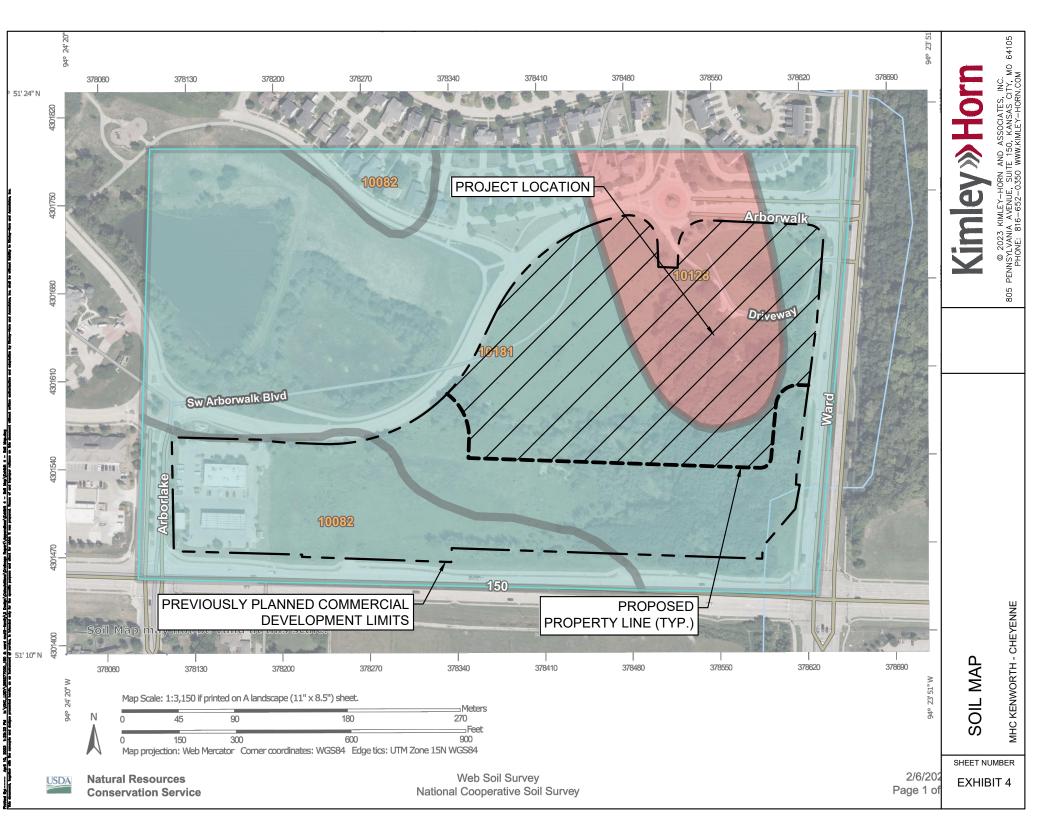
FEMA MAP

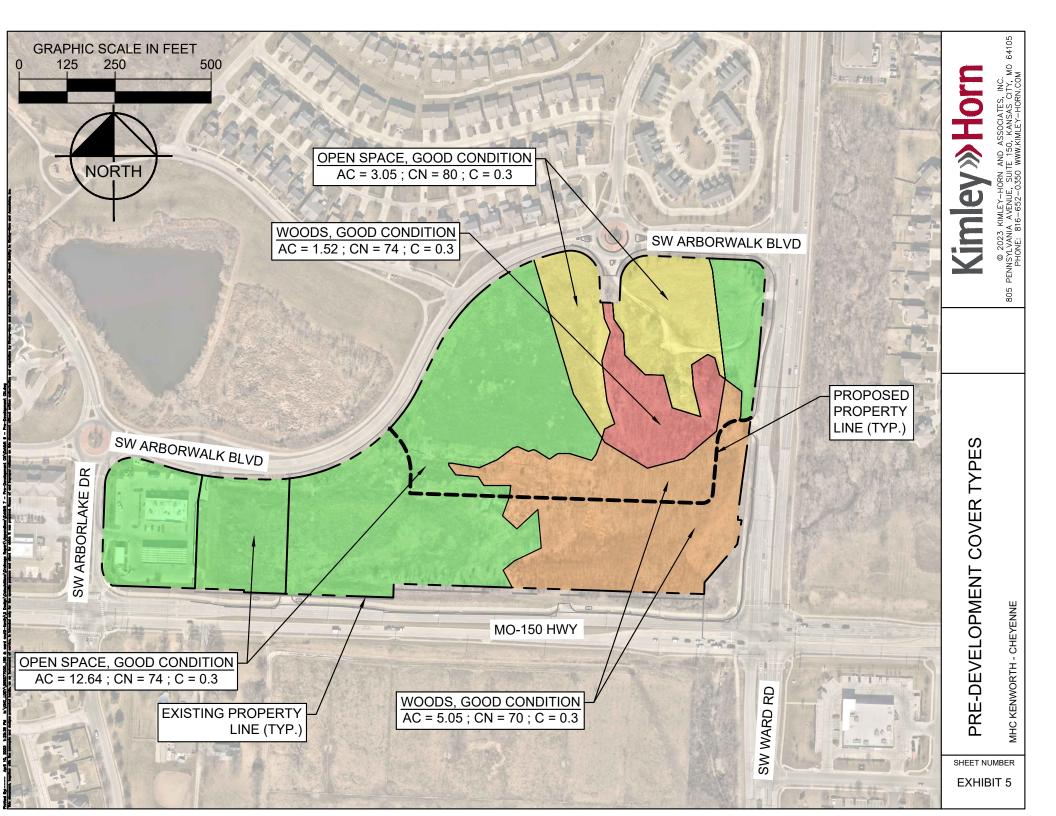
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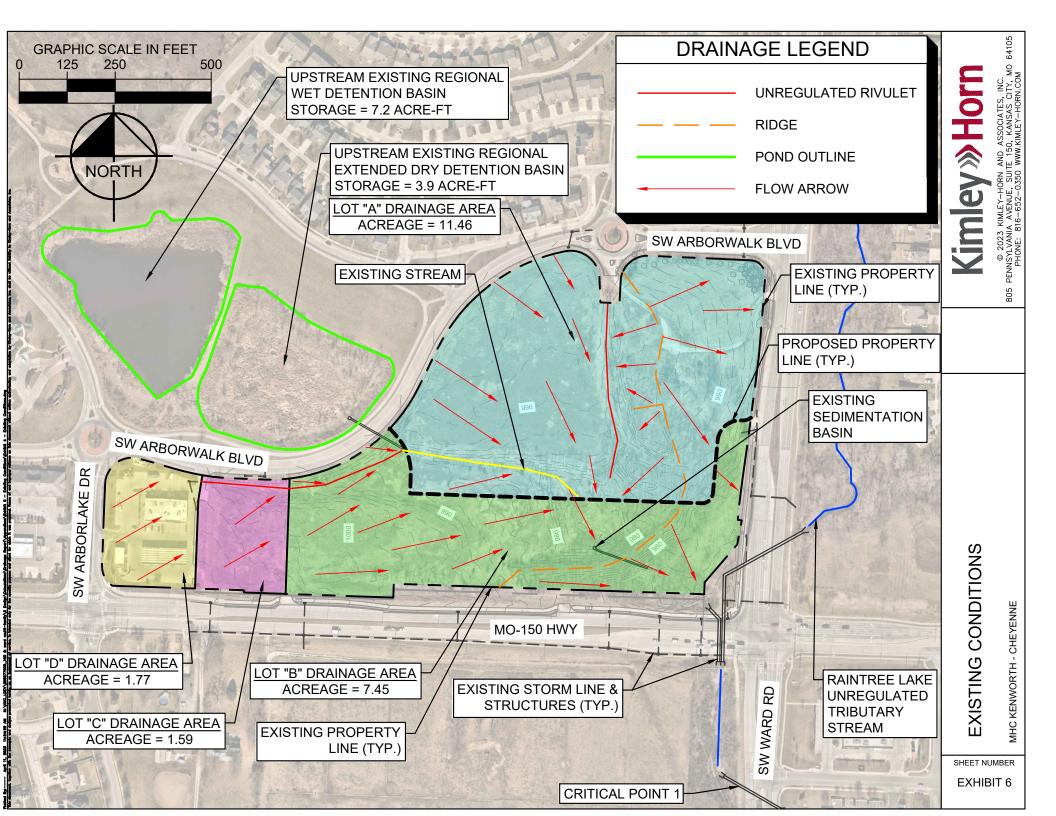
EXHIBIT 3

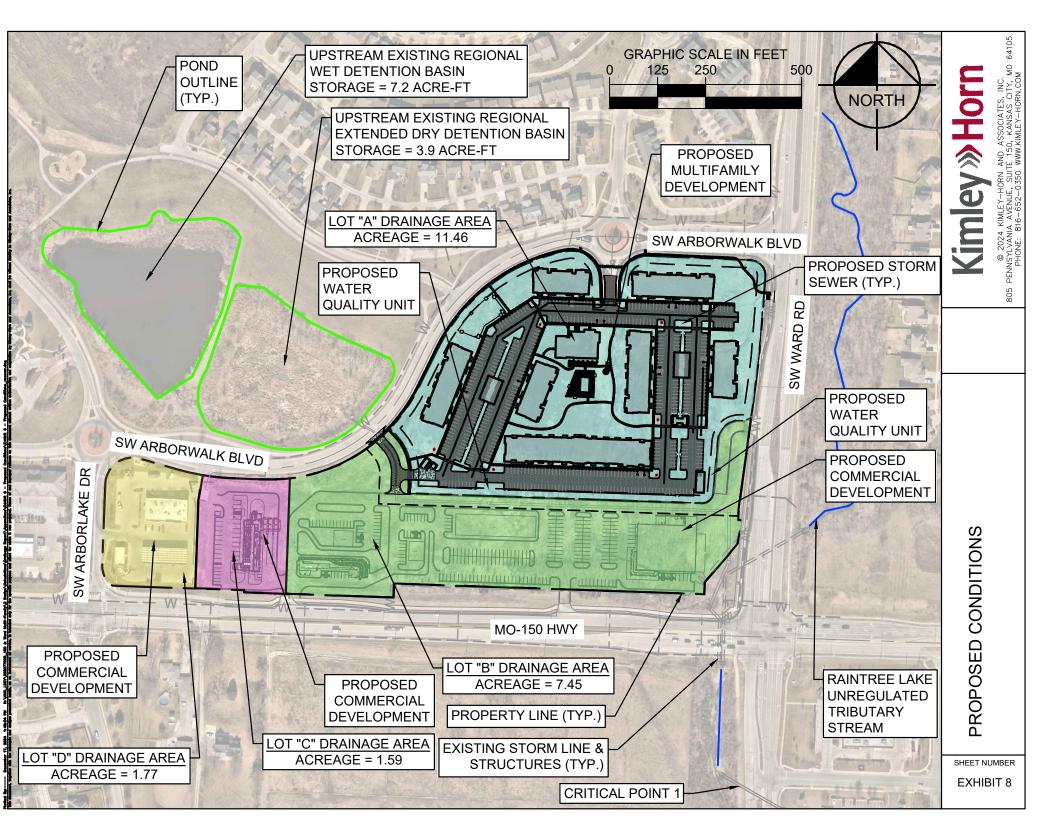
MHC KENWORTH - CHEYENNE

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM PANEL 532 OF 605 COMMUNITY NUMBER CITY OF LEE'S SUMMIT

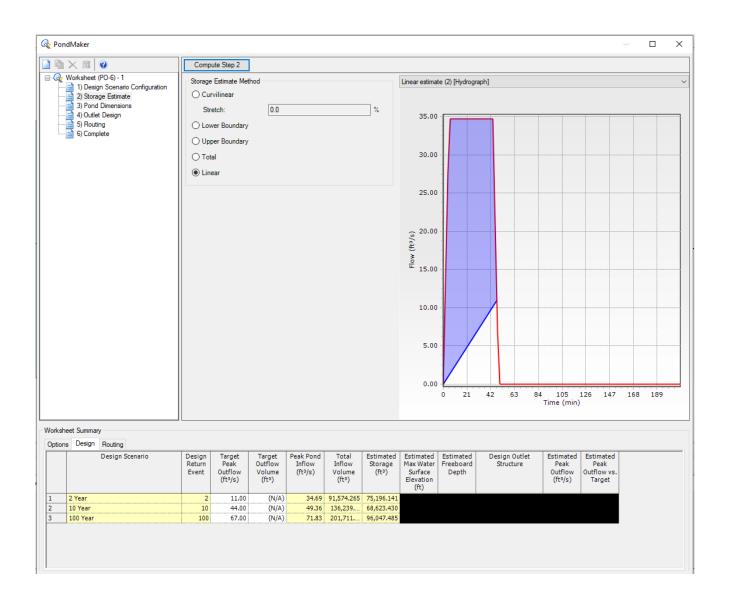








PONDPACK PONDMAKER ESTIMATE



	Treatment Unit - West			
Impervi	ous (AC)	3.9		
Pervio	us (AC)	0.96		
Total A	rea (AC)	4.86		
K	1			
С	0.78			
I (ft/s)	4.40E-05			
A (ft^2)	211701.6			
		1		
Treatment Flow (CFS)		7.28		

<u>Treatment Unit - East</u>		
Imnervi	ous (AC)	4.153
<u> </u>	us (AC)	0.737
Total A		4.89
K	1	
С	0.81	
I (ft/s)	4.40E-05	
A (ft^2)	213008.4	
		•
Treatment	Flow (CFS)	7.58

Time of Concentration - Overall

Sheet Flow (Inlet Time, Tt)

Tt (hr)=	12.581259
C=	0.3
l(ft)=	100
P2=	3.58
S=	1.5

Tt Total (min)	
12.58	

Note: The inlet time equation is located in Section 5602.7.A from KCMetro APWA 5600

Shallow Concentrated Flow

Segment 1		
Cover	Grassland	
Tt (min)=	0.53433333	
l(ft)=	320.6	
V (ft/s)=	10	

Segment 2		
Cover	Wooded	
Tt (min)=	0.19333333	
l(ft)=	174	
V (ft/s)=	15	

Segment 3		
Cover	Wooded	
Tt (min)=	1.47111111	
l(ft)=	132.4	
V (ft/s)=	1.5	

Tt Total (min)

2.20

Note: Velocity Values are calculated using Table 5602-6 in the KCMetro APWA 5600

CUMULATIVE TRAVEL TIME (min)

Time of Concentration - Lot A

Sheet Flow (Inlet Time, Tt)

Tt (hr)=	10.7885323
C=	0.3
l(ft)=	100
P2=	3.58
S=	2.38

Tt Total (min)	
10.79	

Note: The inlet time equation is located in Section 5602.7.A from KCMetro APWA 5600

Shallow Concentrated Flow

Segment 1		
Cover	Grassland	
Tt (min)=	0.63333333	
l(ft)=	380	
V (ft/s)=	10	

Segment 2		
Cover	Wooded	
Tt (min)=	0.12444444	
l(ft)=	112	
V (ft/s)=	15	

Tt Total (min)

0.76

Note: Velocity Values are calculated using Table 5602-6 in the KCMetro APWA 5600

CUMULATIVE TRAVEL TIME (min)

Time of Concentration - Lot B

Sheet Flow (Inlet Time, Tt)

Tt (hr)=	12.0676582
C=	0.3
l(ft)=	100
P2=	3.58
S=	1.7

Tt Total (min)	
12.07	

Note: The inlet time equation is located in Section 5602.7.A from KCMetro APWA 5600

Shallow Concentrated Flow

Segment 1			
Cover	Grassland		
Tt (min)=	0.925		
l(ft)=	555		
V (ft/s)=	10		

Segment 2			
Cover	Wooded		
Tt (min)=	0.58333333		
l(ft)=	350		
V (ft/s)=	10		

Tt Total (min)

1.51

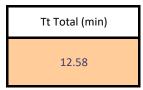
Note: Velocity Values are calculated using Table 5602-6 in the KCMetro APWA 5600

CUMULATIVE TRAVEL TIME (min)

Time of Concentration - Lot D

Sheet Flow (Inlet Time, Tt)

Tt (hr)=	12.581259
C=	0.3
l(ft)=	100
P2=	3.58
S=	1.5



Note: The inlet time equation is located in Section 5602.7.A from KCMetro APWA 5600

Shallow Concentrated Flow

Segment 1			
Cover	Grassland		
Tt (min)= 0.29166667			
l(ft)=	175		
V (ft/s)=	10		

Tt Total (min)

0.29

Note: Velocity Values are calculated using Table 5602-6 in the KCMetro APWA 5600

CUMULATIVE TRAVEL TIME (min)

Subsection: Modified Rational Grand Summary

Modified Rational Method

Q = CiA * Units Conversion; Where conversion = 43560 / (12 * 3600)

Frequency (years)	Area (acres)	Adjusted C Coefficient	Duration (min)	Intensity (in/h)	Flow (Peak) (ft³/s)	Flow (Allowable) (ft³/s)	Volume (inflow) (ft³)	Volume (Storage) (ft³)
2	22.260	0.715	44	2.162	34.69	25.05	91,574.26	54,751.97
							6	4
2	22.260	0.715	44	2.162	34.69	25.05	91,574.26	54,751.97
							6	4
10	22.260	0.715	46	3.077	49.36	34.88	136,239.5	82,872.72
							99	9
25	22.260	0.715	47	3.604	57.83	40.47	163,075.1	99,943.17
							87	. 8
50	22,260	0.715	47	4.024	64.56	45.12	182,047.5	111,667.4
					,		89	79
100	22,260	0.715	47	4.477	71.83	49.56	202,573.3	125,260.3
	0	0.7.20	.,	,	. 1.00	.5.50	75	00

Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

C and Area Results (Pre-Development)

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	22.260	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	22.260	6.678

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

C and Area Results

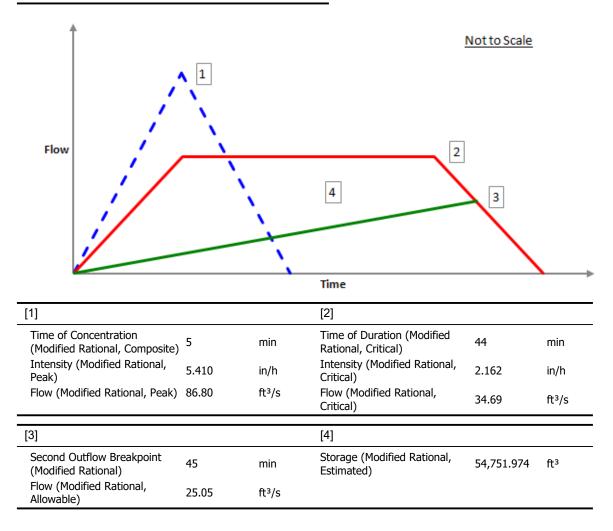
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	15.390	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	6.870	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.715	22.260	15.912

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	44 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development)

Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

C and Area Results (Pre-Development)

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	22.260	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	22.260	6.678

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

C and Area Results

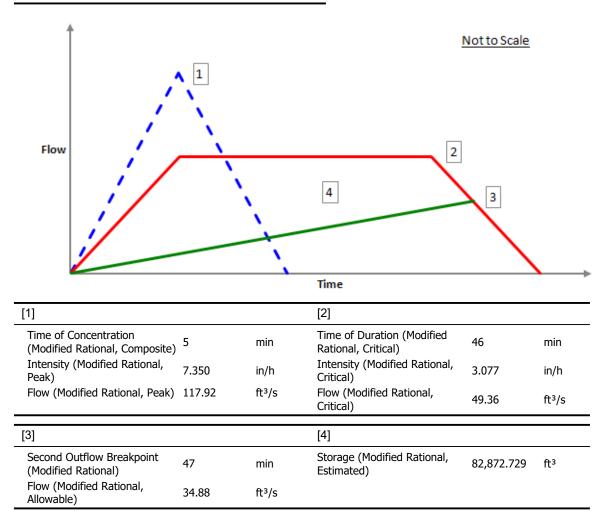
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	15.390	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	6.870	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.715	22,260	15.912

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	46 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development)

Return Event: 50 years

Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: Oser Defined 1DF Table - 1 - 30 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

C and Area Results (Pre-Development)

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	22.260	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	22.260	6.678

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

C and Area Results

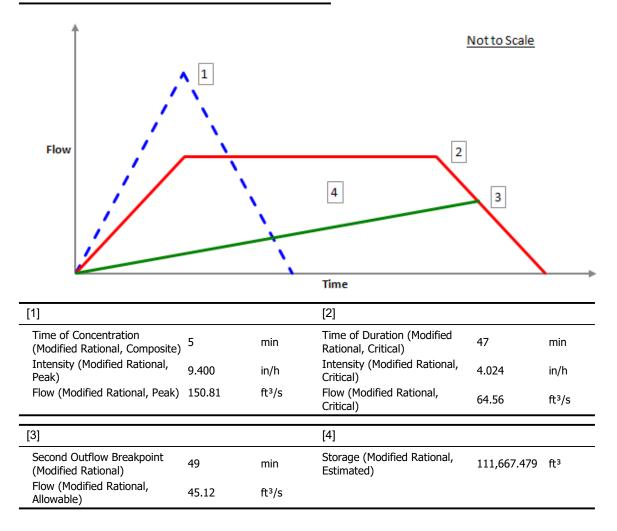
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	15.390	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	6.870	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.715	22,260	15.912

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	47 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	22.260	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	22.260	6.678

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 -

100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	15.390	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	6.870	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.715	22,260	15.912

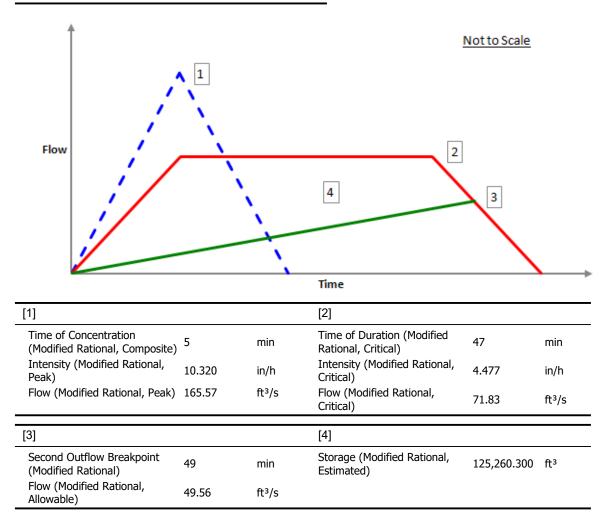
Subsection: Modified Rational Graph

Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	47 min



Subsection: Modified Rational Grand Summary

Modified Rational Method

Q = CiA * Units Conversion; Where conversion = 43560 / (12 * 3600)

Frequency (years)	Area (acres)	Adjusted C Coefficient	Duration (min)	Intensity (in/h)	Flow (Peak) (ft³/s)	Flow (Allowable) (ft³/s)	Volume (inflow) (ft³)	Volume (Storage) (ft³)
2	11.460	0.703	42	2.226	18.08	14.54	45,556.06	25,052.78
							4	5
10	11.460	0.703	44	3.163	25.69	20.10	67,821.81	38,270.37
							1	5
25	11.460	0.703	45	3.705	30.09	23.31	81,240.47	46,269.33
							. 8	7
50	11.460	0.703	45	4.135	33.58	25.90	90,669.19	51,824.38
							, 8	, 8
100	11.460	0.703	46	4.539	36.86	28.45	101,732.0	58,208.52
							66	7

Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	11.456	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	11.456	3.437

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

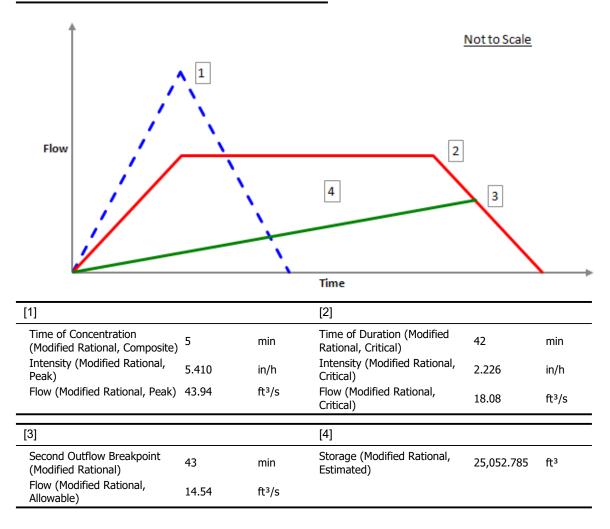
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	7.694	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	3.766	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.703	11.460	8.054

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	42 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	11.456	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	11.456	3.437

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

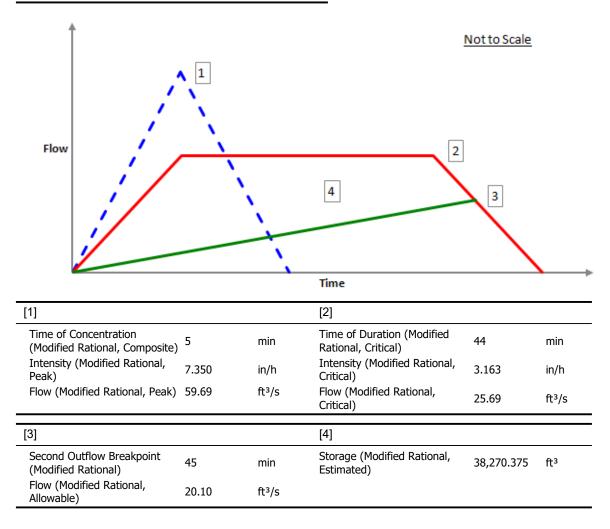
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	7.694	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	3.766	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.703	11.460	8.054

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	44 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	11.456	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	11.456	3.437

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

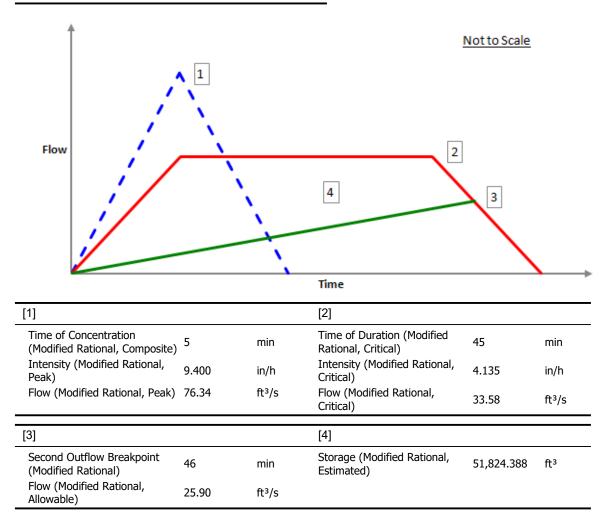
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	7.694	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	3.766	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.703	11.460	8.054

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	45 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 -

100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	11.456	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	11.456	3.437

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 -

100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

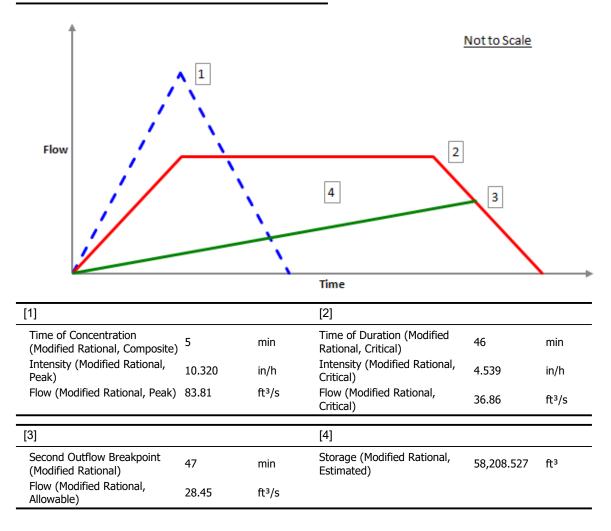
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	7.694	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	3.766	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.703	11.460	8.054

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	46 min



Subsection: Modified Rational Grand Summary

Modified Rational Method

Q = CiA * Units Conversion; Where conversion = 43560 / (12 * 3600)

Frequency (years)	Area (acres)	Adjusted C Coefficient	Duration (min)	Intensity (in/h)	Flow (Peak) (ft³/s)	Flow (Allowable) (ft³/s)	Volume (inflow) (ft³)	Volume (Storage) (ft³)
2	7.449	0.729	43	2.194	12.02	8.82	31,007.34	18,302.60
10	7.449	0.729	46	3.077	16.85	12.25	46,515.51 6	27,778.34 7
50	7.449	0.729	47	4.024	22.04	15.81	62,155.47	37,488.95
100	7.449	0.729	47	4.477	24.53	17.37	69,163.48 2	42,067.44 9

Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	7.448	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	7.448	2.234

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

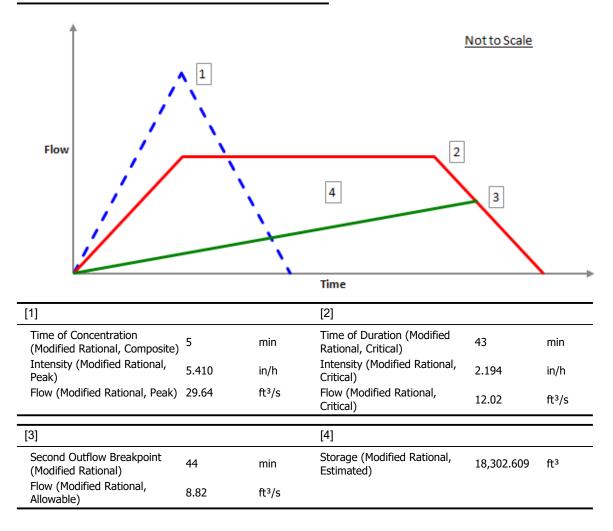
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	5.330	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	2.119	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.729	7,449	5.433

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	43 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	7.448	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	7.448	2.234

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

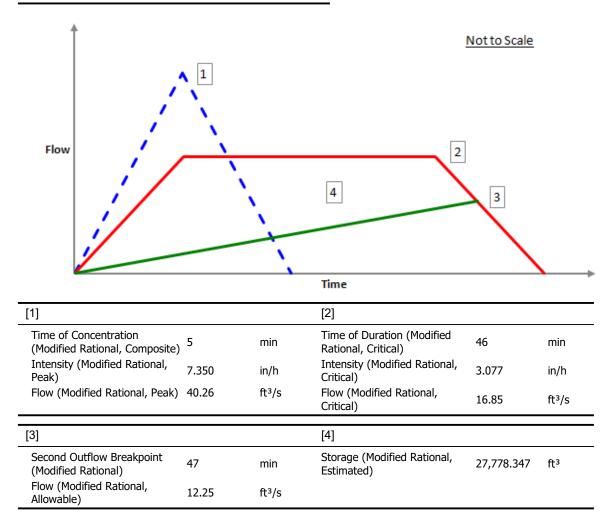
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	5.330	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	2.119	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.729	7.449	5.433

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	46 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	7.448	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	7.448	2.234

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

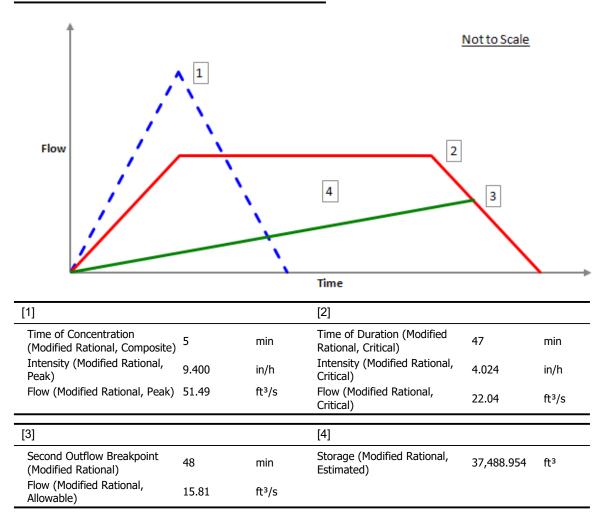
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	5.330	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	2.119	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.729	7.449	5.433

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	47 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

100 Yea

Scenario: 100 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	7.448	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	7.448	2.234

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 -

100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

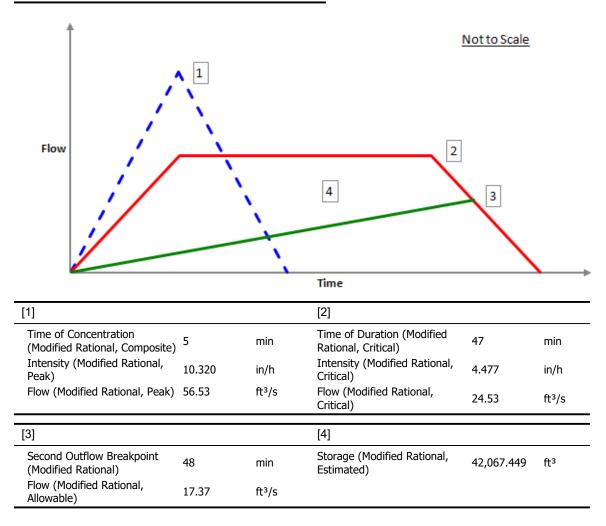
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	5.330	(N/A)
Pervious	0.300	2.119	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.729	7.449	5.433

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	47 min



Subsection: Modified Rational Grand Summary

Modified Rational Method

Q = CiA * Units Conversion; Where conversion = 43560 / (12 * 3600)

Frequency (years)	Area (acres)	Adjusted C Coefficient	Duration (min)	Intensity (in/h)	Flow (Peak) (ft³/s)	Flow (Allowable) (ft³/s)	Volume (inflow) (ft³)	Volume (Storage) (ft³)
2	1.763	0.780	44	2.162	3.00	2.15	7,913.252	4,753.981
10	1.763	0.780	46	3.077	4.27	2.98	11,772.93	7,215.400
							9	
50	1.763	0.780	47	4.024	5.58	3.84	15,731.36	9,736.584
							7	
100	1.763	0.780	48	4.416	6.12	4.22	17,632.62	10,920.78
							2	7

Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	1.770	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	1.770	0.531

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

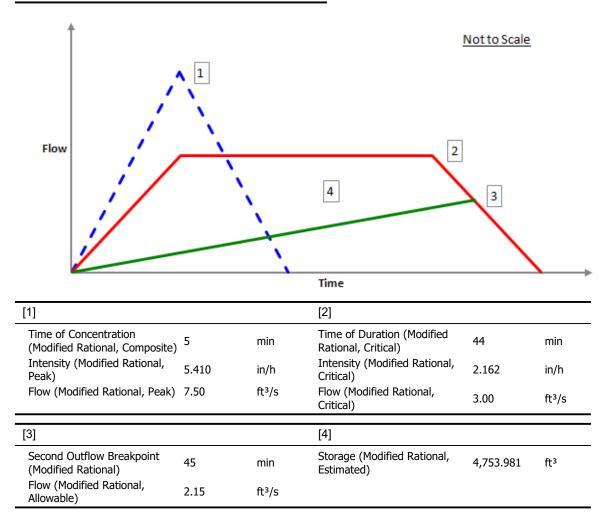
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	1.410	(N/A)
Open Space	0.300	0.353	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.780	1.763	1.375

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 2 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 2 Year

Scenario: 2 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	44 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	1.770	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	1.770	0.531

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

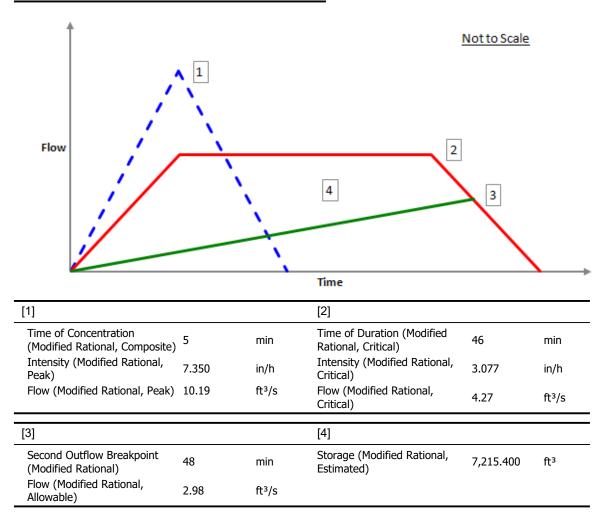
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	1.410	(N/A)
Open Space	0.300	0.353	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.780	1.763	1.375

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 10 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 10 Year

Scenario: 10 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	46 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

C and Area Results (Pre-Development)

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	1.770	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	1.770	0.531

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

C and Area Results

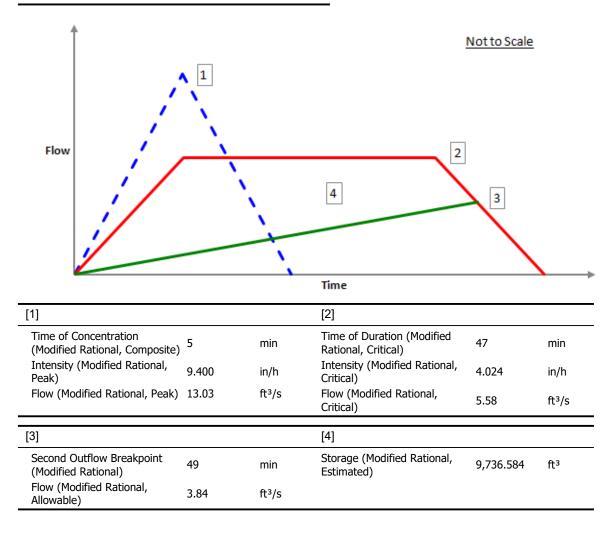
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	1.410	(N/A)
Open Space	0.300	0.353	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.780	1.763	1.375

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 50 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 50 Year

Scenario: 50 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	47 min



Subsection: C and Area (Pre-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

C and Area Results (Pre-Development)

Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Pervious Area	0.300	1.770	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.300	1.770	0.531

Subsection: C and Area (Post-Development) Return Event: 100 years

Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 -

100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

C and Area Results

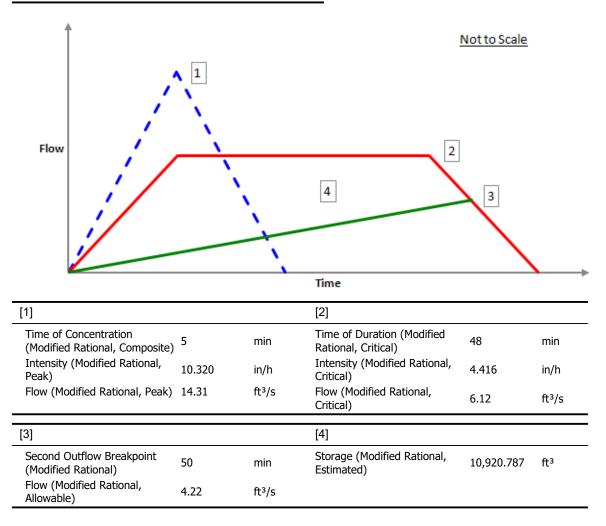
Soil/Surface Description	C Coefficient	Area (acres)	Area (Adjusted) (acres)
Impervious	0.900	1.410	(N/A)
Open Space	0.300	0.353	(N/A)
Weighted C & Total Area>	0.780	1.763	1.375

Subsection: Modified Rational Graph Return Event: 100 years

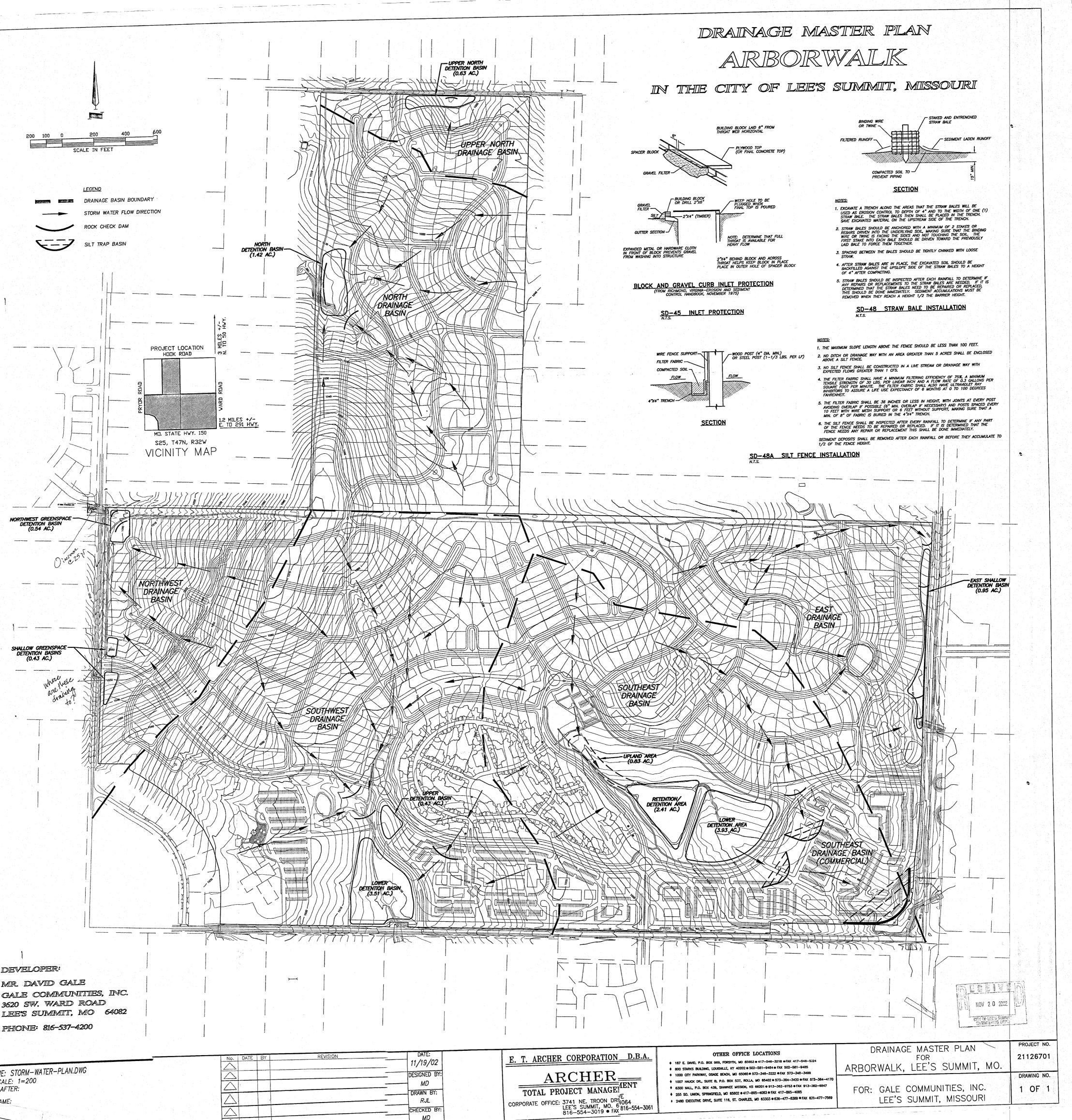
Label: CM-2 Storm Event: User Defined IDF Table - 1 - 100 Year

Scenario: 100 Year

Method Type	Method I
Time of Duration (Modified Rational, Critical)	48 min







DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

INTRODUCTION

Gale Communities, Inc., of Lee's Summit, Missouri employed the services of Archer Engineers to evaluate and recommend a storm water management plan for the watershed associated with the development called Arborwalk. Arborwalk is located in the southern portion of the City of Lee's Summit north of Missouri State Highway 150 and between Ward and Pryor Roads. The development is 380 acres and is in Section 25, Township 47, Range 32 of Jackson County. General topography is gentle rolling hills with both open fields and timber areas.

WATERSHED DESCRIPTION

Arborwalk development is divided into 5 drainage basins, Southeast, Southwest, East, Northwest, and North. The 5 drainage basins have their own modified storm water management system that is described in detail in the following text. A check of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) indicated that there is no 100-year flood plain within the boundary of the development.

The 5 drainage basins are outlined on the attached Figure named Drainage Master Plan (enclosed). The Figure indicates the different drainage basins, flow direction, location and approximate size of major detention basins, location of major rock check dams and silt trap basins. Soil type was obtained from the Soil Conservation Service's (SCS) "Soil Survey of Jackson County, Missouri". Existing land use was obtained from the city zoning records and field inspection. Table A at the end of this report provides data for the different drainage basins and pre and post watershed conditions respectfully.

OVERVIEW

Storm water management is knowledge used to understand, control, and utilize waters in different forms within the hydrologic cycle. The natural condition of a watershed is termed undeveloped condition. Natural streams, creeks, and waterways have been continuously shaped over time by storm runoff. Development of a watershed results in more paved areas that increase the frequency, magnitude, and volume of storm runoff. Man made drainage facilities cause storm water to move faster and to become more concentrated causing erosion within the watershed. The factors that impact severity of erosion include storm intensity, soil conditions, vegetation characteristics, and topography.

The goal of this report is to provide concepts and design criteria for best management of storm water and the functions of the storm water drainage system. Various types of systems will be used in the development to manage the storm water and may include storm sewers, streets with curb & gutter, swales, detention, off-line detention, and wetlands.

Detention basins are small to medium size basins that impound water for 24 hours or less and are normally 10 acre-ft or less. Retention basins are usually larger than detention basins and hold water for much longer periods, usually have a defined pool elevation, and release any stored water at a much slower rate. Additional concepts will consist of oversized storm sewer piping, off-line detention basins, and shallow green space detention. Oversized storm sewer piping could be place at critical locations to hold limited volumes of storm water to decrease the peak outflow leaving the detention basin during normal storm events. Off-line detention basins might be developed within the watershed to reduce the overall detention areas required within the watershed. An example of an off-line detention basin might be a defined swale running down the back lot lines of a series of houses. This swale would be connected to the storm sewers at each end and controlled with an inlet of greater capacity than the outlet of the storm sewer. The storm sewer would be designed to pass the dry weather flows and the 2, 5, and 10year storms. During a storm event larger than the 10-year event, the volume difference between the inflow and outflow would be detained in the swale area defined. This type of design using the concept of off-line detention within the on-line sewer system would allow for better control of storm detention within the drainage basin before reaching the detention basin(s) down stream.

SOUTHEAST DRAINAGE AREA

The Southeast Drainage Area will consist of all the various type of storm water management systems that are practicable for the given size and use of the area. The systems will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, a retention basin with a fixed pool elevation and with detention included within the retention basin, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the retention/detention basin. In addition, upland detention will utilize green space for shallow storage of storm events smaller than the 25-year event. The Drainage area is 103 acres with a weighed curve number of 85 and a time of concentration of 27 minutes.

The existing farm lake will be retained and utilized by increasing the dam height and excavation to create a detention basin above the normal pool elevation for the 25-year design storage. The detention provided above the normal pool elevation will be approximately 7.2 acre-feet of storage (3-feet in depth). The green space southeast of the basin will be designed to hold an additional 3.9 acre-feet of storage (1-foot in depth). The combination of the two basins will adequately hold the required volume of storage for both the southeast drainage basin including the future commercial development at the

intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150. If in final design, it is determined that additional space will be needed in the Southeast Basin, one option that will be considered is the installation of an underground storm sewer detention under the commercial area near the intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150.

To provide improved water quality in the Southeast Drainage Basin, additional upland/wetland area will be developed north of the retention/detention basin. This upland area will provide a vegetative interface with the lower storm events by allowing low flows to pass through a native grass and tree area where the velocities will be lowered to allow for sediment to collect in this upland area instead of the basins and potential exiting the basin.

The area defined as commercial will have limited detention within their boundaries. The required detention volumes for this area will be held in the Southeast detention area upstream. An outlet structure with limited underground storage will be built at the outlet (near the intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150) to allow only pre-developed flows to exist the watershed.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the Southeast Detention area. The southeast corner of the development will have a series of temporary sedimentation basins to control and contain the sediment load as storm water exists the site during the development of the project.

The pre-developed flow for the Southeast Drainage Basin is 340 cubic feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 431 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is approximately 7 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 10.9 acre-feet. The commercial area to the southeast when developed will require 4.8 acre-feet of storage for detention that is part of the required storage listed above.

SOUTHWEST DRAINAGE AREA

The Southwest Drainage Area systems will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, detention basins, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the detention basins. The detention basins will consist of a two dry detention basins to control the 2, 5, and 10-year storm for water quality and the 25-year storm for downstream flood control. The small storm events will be held longer in the basins to allow for improved water quality. This will be accomplished by designing around the existing creek, by the addition of a control structure near Highway 150, and using the

change in elevations in creating steps. The upper (smaller) basin that has a storage volume of approximately 1.2 acre-feet (3-foot depth) will be used as an equalization basin before entering the lower detention basin. The lower detention basin which has a storage volume of approximately 12.3 acre-feet will be gentle and blend into the surrounding land by using native trees, bushes, and grasses. During the higher storm events, water will be allowed to pond over most of the basin floor up to depth of 42iches. This will allow for planting of grasses in the basin bottom that can survive for short times during submergence and the usage of tree plantings and treescape islands that will be scattered through out the basin floor. These treescape islands will consist of trees, shrubs, and grasses native to the area and particularly to stream areas. There will be field inlets scattered through out the basin floor to handle the larger storm events by allowing flow into smaller diameter piping that would converge at the primary outlet structure. This would allow for subcritical flow to exit the site, thereby reducing the potential for erosion downstream. Additional rock levels with rock waterfalls will allow for transition of elevations and add aeration to the storm water for quality. The drainage area is 129 acres with a weighed curve number of 88 and a time of concentration of 20 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the southwest green area.

The pre-developed flow for the Southwest Drainage Basin is 465 cubic feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 622 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is approximately 11 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 13.6 acre-feet. The office area to the east of the lower detention area when developed will require 2.9 acre-feet of storage for detention that is part of the required storage listed above.

NORTHWEST DRAINAGE AREA

The Northwest Drainage Area systems will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the shallow detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, a shallow detention basin, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the shallow detention basin. Shallow detention will consist of a series of small dry detention areas incorporated into the proposed green space along the north edge of the property and the buffer zone along Pryor Road. The outlet structure for this basin will be positioned at the northwest corner of development at Pryor and allow the release the pre-developed flows from the drainage basin. The green space along the northern edge of the development will consist of swales running in a curve pattern and dotted with treescape islands and native vegetation in the swales. This green space will provide approximately 0.9 acre-feet of storage. The buffer zone along Pryor Road will

have the same type layout of a meandering swale with larger treescape islands to meet the needs of a buffer zone between the residences and street. The buffer zone will provide approximately 0.9 acre-feet of storage. The combined storage of the two areas is approximately 1.8 acre-feet. The storage is less than the required 2.3 acre-feet for the 25-year event. Additional storage will be developed within the development by the use of large diameter storm sewer piping and off-line detention. Additional storm water swales will be included in the development design to account for and control the 100-year event. The drainage area is 33.1 acres with a weighed curve number of 81 and a time of concentration of 13 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the northwest green area.

The pre-developed flow for the Northwest Drainage Area is 123 cubit feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 170 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is 2.3 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 3.1 acre-feet.

EAST DRAINAGE AREA

The East Drainage Area will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, shallow detention, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the retention/detention basin. Shallow detention will consist of a dry detention area incorporated into the proposed green space along the buffer zone along Ward Road. The outlet structure will be positioned at the existing culvert structure that is under Ward Road and will allow the release the pre-developed flows from the drainage basin. The green space along Ward Road will consist of swales running in a curve pattern and dotted with treescape islands and native vegetation in the swales. A small shallow dry detention basin consisting of native grass will be positioned near the outlet structure for better control for the storm events. The green space along Ward Road combined with the shallow detention basin near the existing outlet structure will provide approximately 0.95 acre-feet of storage. Additional storage will be developed within the development by the use of large diameter storm sewer piping and off-line detention. Additional storm water swales will be included in the development design to account for and control the 100-year event. The drainage area is 21.6 acres with a weighed curve number of 84 and a time of concentration of 20 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes,

buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the East Green Area.

The pre-developed flow for the East Green Area is 76 cubit feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 102 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is 1.6 acrefeet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 2.1 acre-feet.

NORTH DRAINAGE AREA

The North Drainage Area will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, two detention basins (one normal depth and one shallow), and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the retention/detention basin. The drainage areas will consist of two drainage basins with two outlet points. The westerly outlet will be the north dry detention basin and the northly outlet will be the upper north dry detention basin. The upper detention basin will incorporate the proposed green space along the north edge of the property and the buffer zone along Hook Road. The outlet structure will be positioned at the existing culvert structure that is under Hook Road and will allow the release the pre-developed flows from the drainage basin. The green space along the north edges will consist of swales running in a curve pattern and dotted with treescape islands and native vegetation in the swales. The north detention basin will consist of the buffer zone along the western edge of the development will have the same type layout of a meandering swale with larger treescape islands to meet the needs of a buffer zone between the residences and street. A larger dry detention basin consisting of native grass will be positioned near the outlet structure for better control for the storm events. The combined detention of the northern and upper north detention basins is 8.2 acre-feet, which is more than adequate for current volumes. If it is determined that additional storage is required. Additional storage will be developed using large diameter piping and off-line detention in the development. Additional storm water swales will be included in the development design to account for and control the 100-year event. The drainage area consists of 68.2 acres for the North Drainage Basin and 11.9 acres for the Upper North Drainage Basin. The weighted curve number is 81 and the time of concentration is 16 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the southeast green area.

The pre-developed flow for the North Drainage Area is 226 cubit feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 296 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is 5.3 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year event the required storage is 7.1 acre-feet.

CONCLUSION

Table A is a summary of the design storm events, drainage areas, and pre and post development flows and recommended detention. The recommended detention will be completed with a combination of retention/detention lakes, detention basins, and shall deter erosion utilizing gentle slopes, native grasses, and trees to create a storm water scape that will co-exist with the existing surroundings.

Arborwalk Development Storm Water Quantities TABLEA

Table 1: 10, 25, 100 Year Storm Water Quantities

1	dil.		Solutions	2000		
Event		S	Area	Dischar	Discharge (cfs)	Det. Vol.
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\- <u>!</u>	JADALI INGS	<u>-</u>	33.1	123.0	170 0	000
32	North	81	80.2	226.0	0 0	S. 1
	÷00		4.00	770.0	736.0	5.3
	Edsi	84	21.6	76.0	1020	4
	Southwest	00	00,	2:3:	0.201	0
ı	Oddi West	00	129	634.0	866.0	13.6
es	Southeast	85	103	456 O	5740	5 6
٦.	Northwoot	Š		0.00	00	9.0
-0	JODAL INCAL	ō	33.1	166.0	230 0	7 7
01	North	81	80.2	207	0 0	- - -
•	L	· ·	1.00	0.700	400.0	7.7
	East	84	21.6	086	146.0	1
)). -	

Appendix B

PUBLIC STORM SEWER PLANS TO SERVE

ARBORWALK EAST

UTILITIES **Electric Service** Evergy Nathan Michael 913-347-4310 Nathan.michael@evergy.com

Gas Service Katie Darnell 816-969-2247 Katie.darnell@spireenergy.com

Water/Sanitary Sewer Water Utilities Department 1200 SE Hamblen Road Lee's Summit, Mo 64081 Jeff Thorn 816-969-1900 jeff.thorn@cityofls.net

Communication Service AT&T Carrie Cilke 816-703-4386 cc3527@att.com

Time Warner Cable Steve Baxter 913-643-1928 steve.baxter@charter.com

Comcast Ryan Alkire 816-795-2218 rvan.alkire@cable.comcast.com

Google Fiber **Becky Davis** 913-725-8745 rebeccadavis@google.com



UTILITY STATEMENT:

THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE FROM FIELD SURVEY INFORMATION OF ONE-CALL LOCATED UTILITIES, FIELD SURVEY INFORMATION OF ABOVE GROUND OBSERVABLE EVIDENCE, AND/OR THE SCALING AND PLOTTING OF EXISTING UTILITY MAPS AND DRAWINGS AVAILABLE TO THE SURVEYOR AT THE TIME OF SURVEY. THE SURVEYOR MAKES NO GUARANTEE THAT THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN COMPRISE ALL SUCH UTILITIES IN THE AREA, EITHER IN SERVICE OR ABANDONED. FURTHERMORE, THE SURVEYOR DOES NOT WARRANT THAT THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN ARE IN THE EXACT LOCATION INDICATED ALTHOUGH HE DOES CERTIFY THAT THEY ARE LOCATED AS ACCURATELY AS POSSIBLE FROM INFORMATION AVAILABLE. THE SURVEYOR HAS NOT PHYSICALLY LOCATED THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES BY EXCAVATION UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THIS SURVEY.

SAFETY NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR

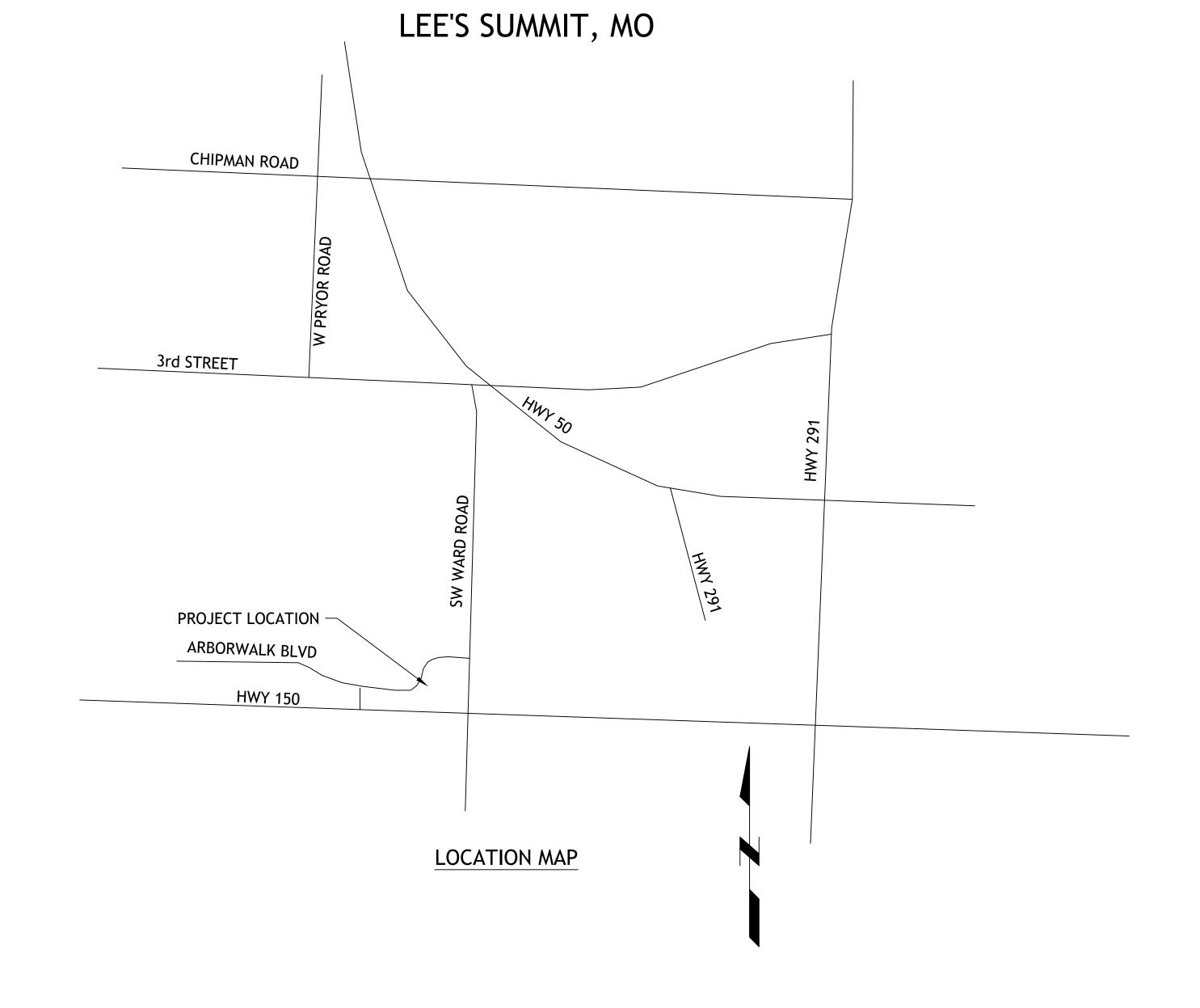
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE SOLELY AND COMPLETELY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONDITIONS OF THE JOB SITE, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY DURING PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. THIS REQUIREMENT WILL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS.

WARRANTY/DISCLAIMER

THE DESIGNS REPRESENTED IN THESE PLANS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ESTABLISHED PRACTICES OF CIVIL ENGINEERING FOR THE DESIGN FUNCTIONS AND USES INTENEDED BY THE OWNER AT THIS TIME. HOWEVER, NEITHER SM ENGINEERING NOR ITS PERSONNEL CAN OR DO WARRANTY THESE DESIGNS OR PLANS AS CONSTRUCTED, EXCEPT IN THE SPECIFIC CASES WHERE SM ENGINEERING PERSONNEL INSPECT AND CONTROL THE PHYSICAL CONSTRUCTION ON A CONTEMPORARY BASIS AT THE SITE.

CAUTION- NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR

THE CONTRACTOR IS SPECIFICALLY CAUTIONED THAT THE LOCATION AND/OR ELEVATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS IS BASED ON RECORDS OF THE VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES AND, WHERE POSSIBLE, MEASUREMENTS TAKEN IN THE FIELD. THE INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE RELIED ON AS BEING EXACT OR COMPLETE. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CALL THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY AT LEAST 72 HOURS BEFORE ANY EXCAVATION TO REQUEST EXACT FIELD LOCATION OF UTILITIES. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO RELOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WHICH CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXPOSE EXISTING UTILITIES AT LOCATIONS OF POSSIBLE CONFLICTS PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION.



ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL FOLLOW THE CITY OF LEE'S SUMMIT DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION MANUAL AS ADOPTED BY ORDINANCE 5813. WHERE DISCREPANCIES EXIST BETWEEN THESE PLANS AND THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION MANUAL, THE MORE STRINGENT SHALL PREVAIL.

- 2. THERE ARE NO GAS/OIL WELLS PER MDNR DATABASE OF OIL AND GAS PERMITS.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE CITY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES ENGINEERING INSPECTION TO SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH A FIELD ENGINEERING INSPECTOR PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBANCE WORK AT 816-969-1200.

INDEX OF SHEETS

- C-1 COVER SHEET
- C-2 EXISTING CONDITIONS
- C-3 OVERALL LAYOUT PLAN
- C-4 GRADING / EROSION CONTROL PLAN
- C-5 STORM LINE A PLAN AND PROFILE
- C-6 STORM LINE A PLAN AND PROFILE
- C-7 STORM LINE A PLAN AND PROFILE C-8 DRAINAGE PLAN
- C-9 DETAILS
- C-10 DETAILS

DEVELOPER

MARTIN CITY PARTNERS, LLC 7217 W 110TH STREET OVERLAND PARK, KS 66210 CONTACT: GARRETT FUGATE PHONE: 913.649.4500 EMAIL: GARRET@CHRISTIEDEV.COM

ENGINEER

SM ENGINEERING SAM MALINOWSKY 5507 HIGH MEADOW CIRCLE MANHATTAN KANSAS, 66503 SMCIVILENGR@GMAIL.COM 785.341.9747

SURVEYOR

J & J SURVEY, INC. 6500 NW TOWER DR SUITE 102 PLATTE WOODS, MO 64151 816-741-1017



SAMUEL D. MALINOWSKY PROFESSIONAL ENGINEEER

SM Engineering Manhattan Kansas, 66503 smcivilengr@gmail.com

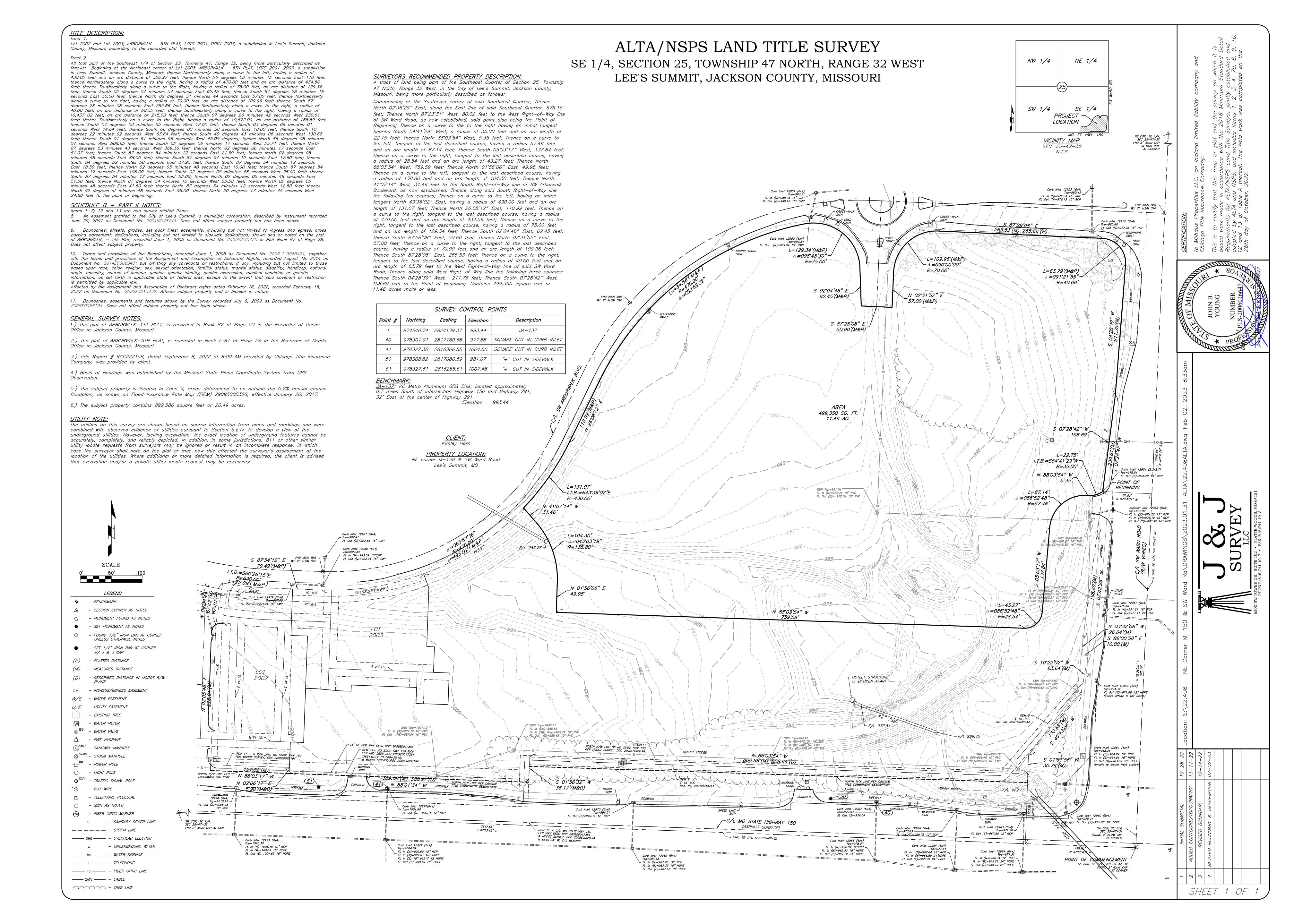
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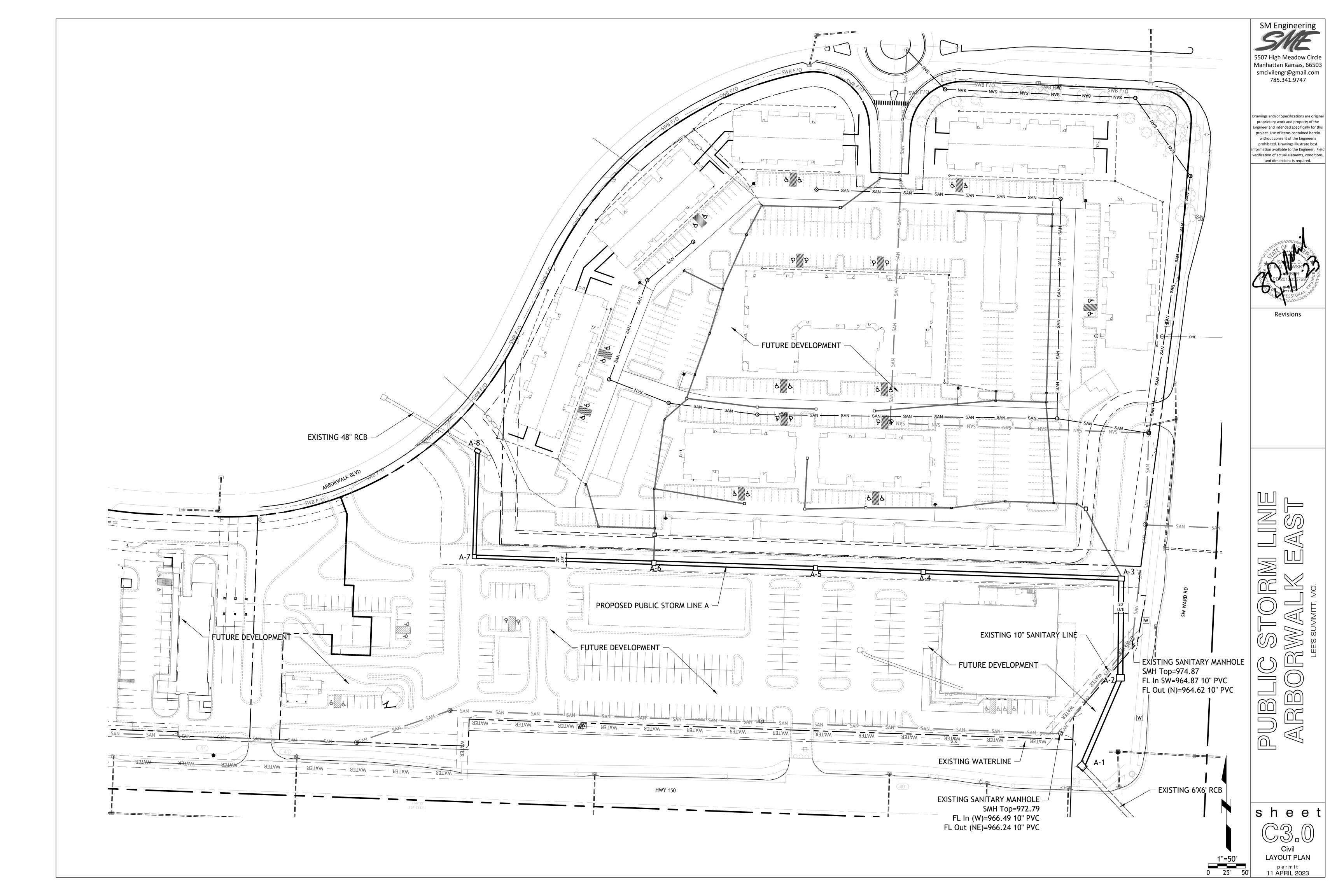
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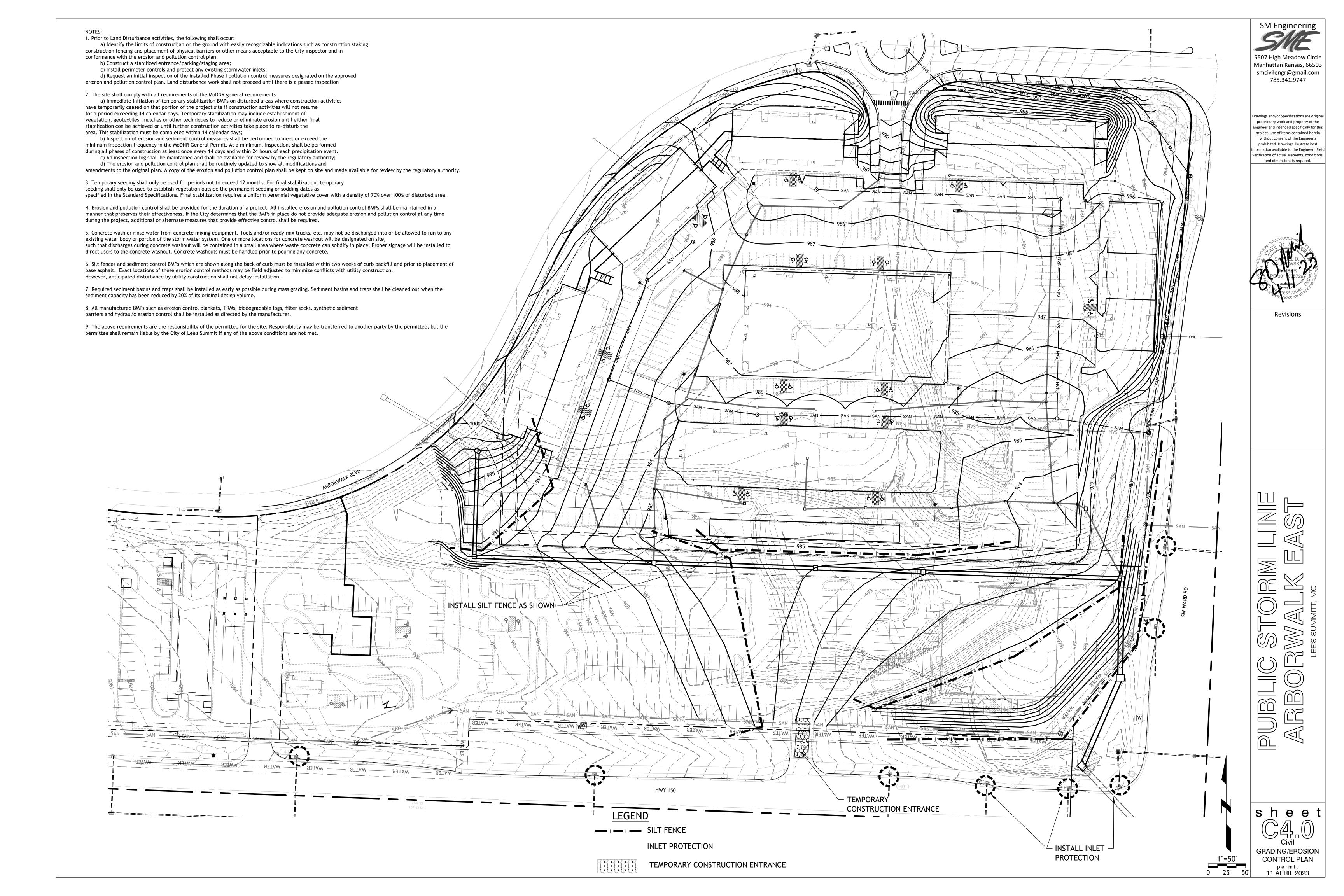
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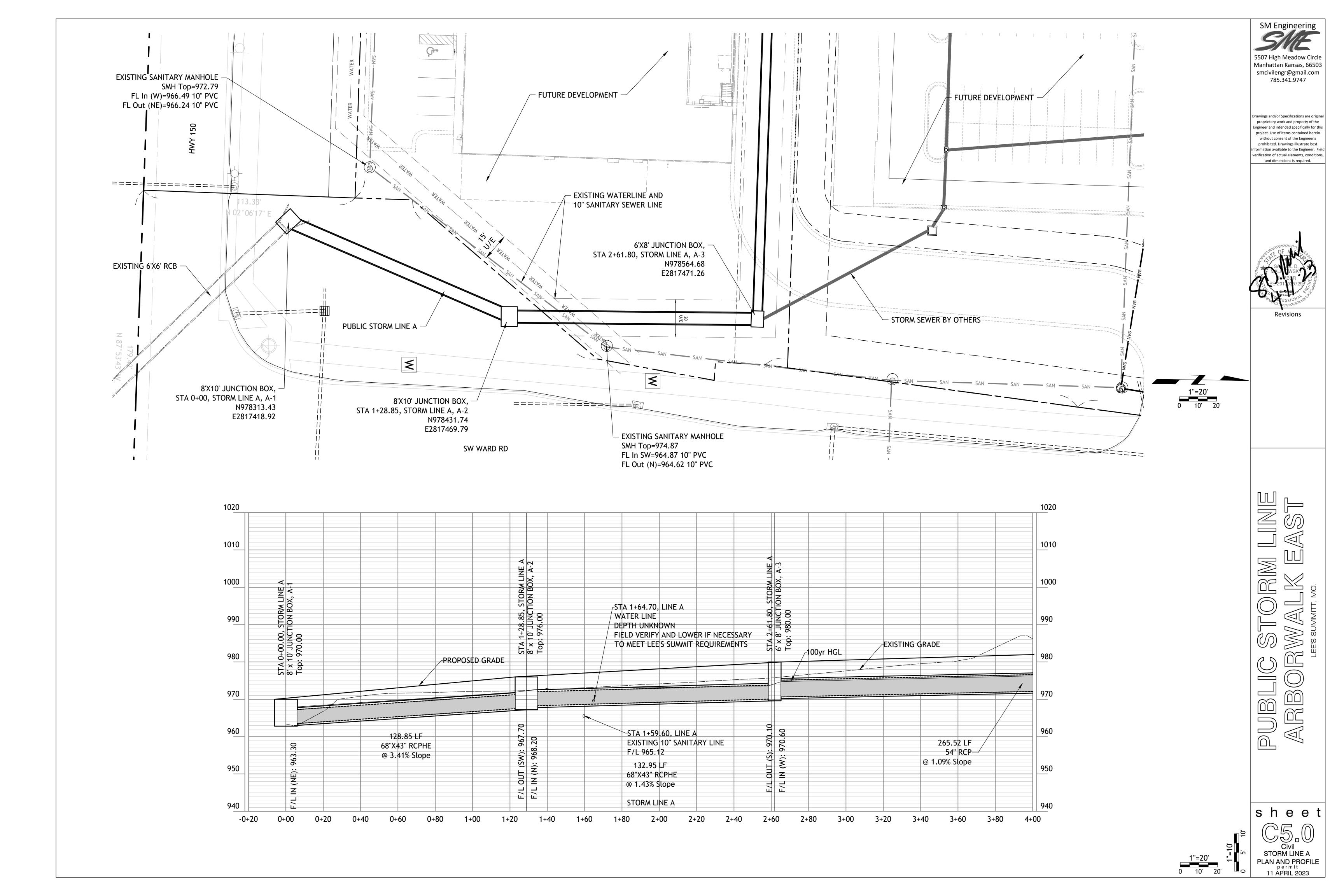
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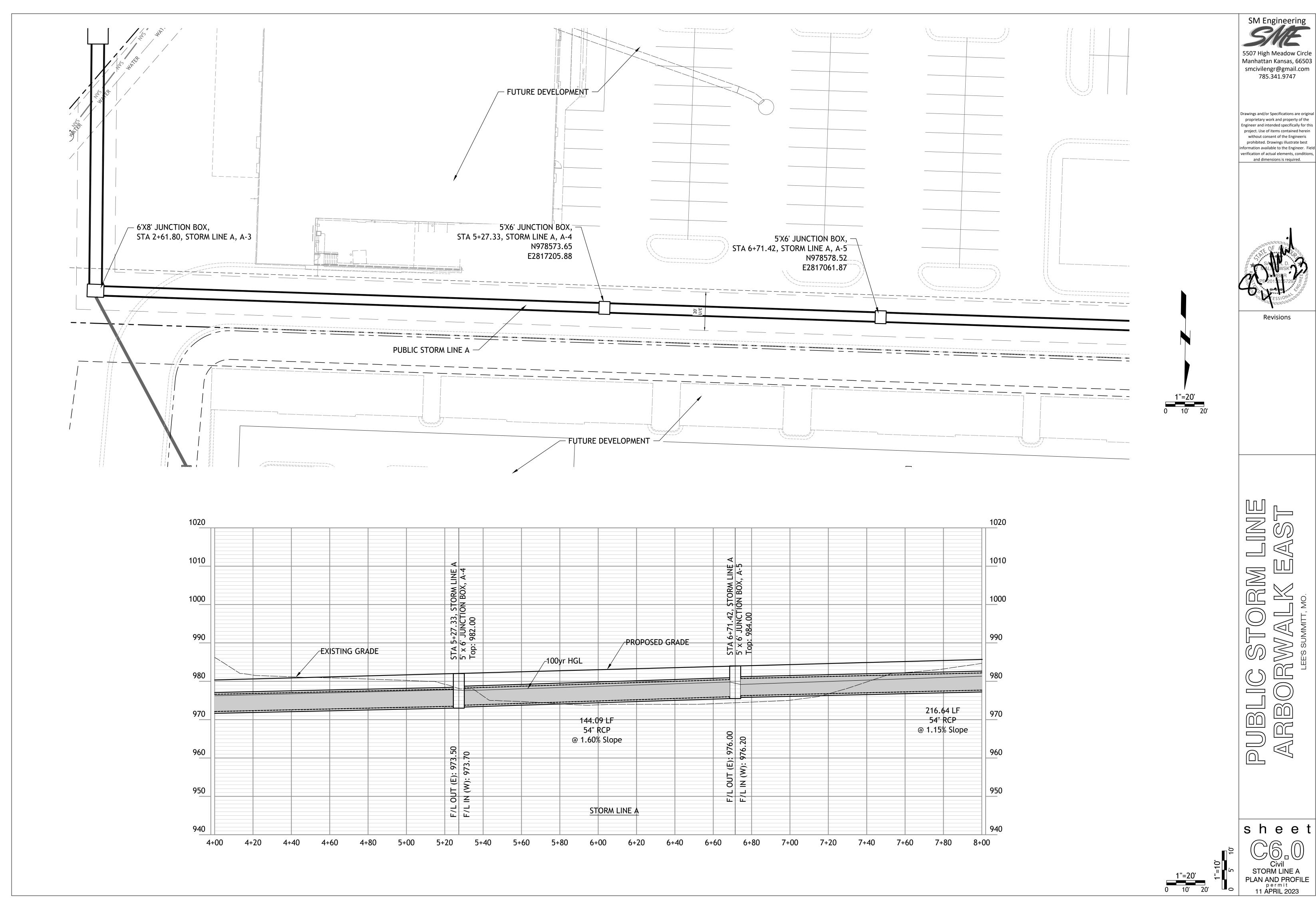
Site Improvement PLan permit 11 APRIL 2023



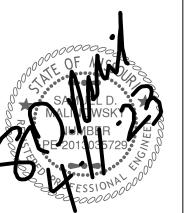


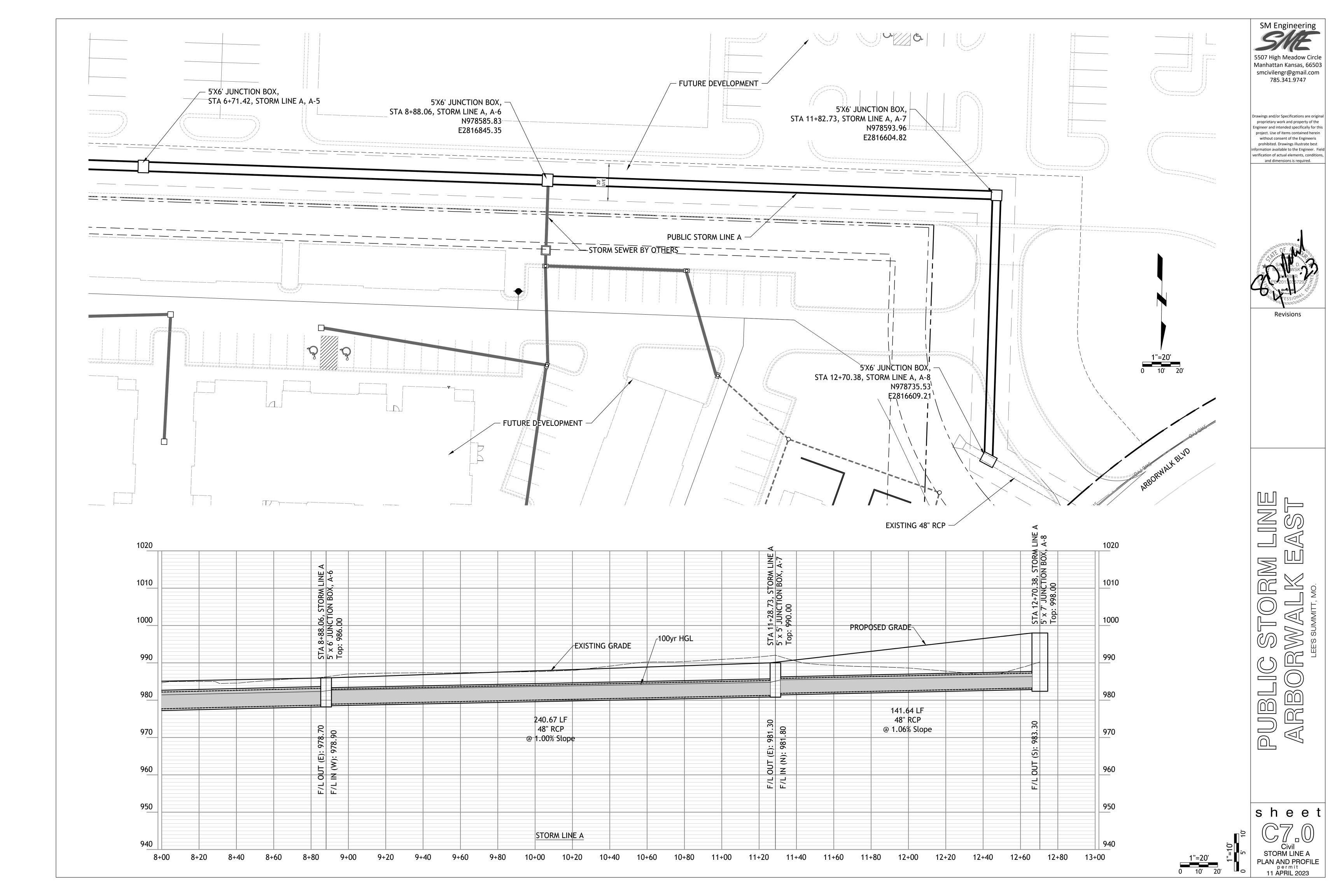


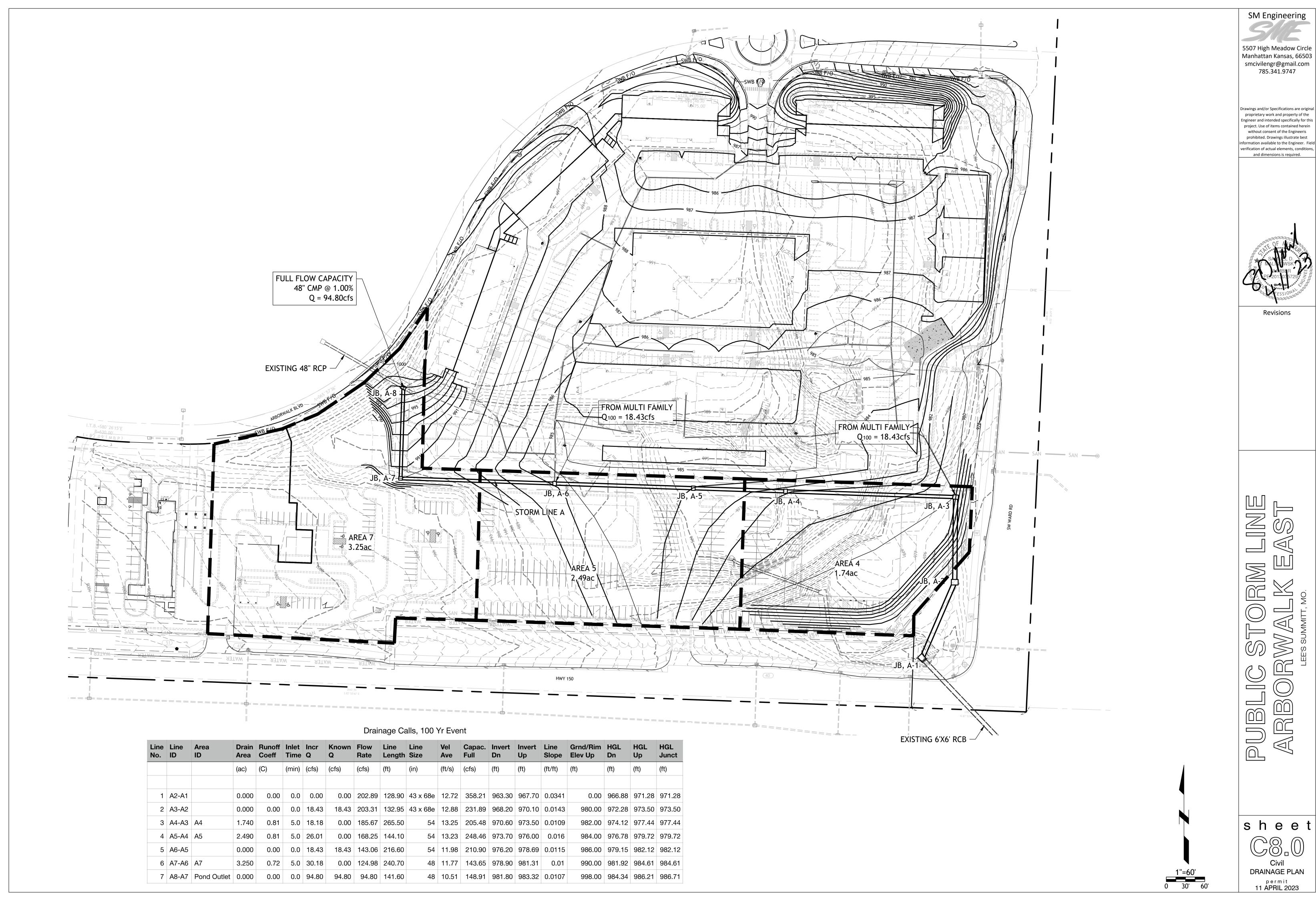




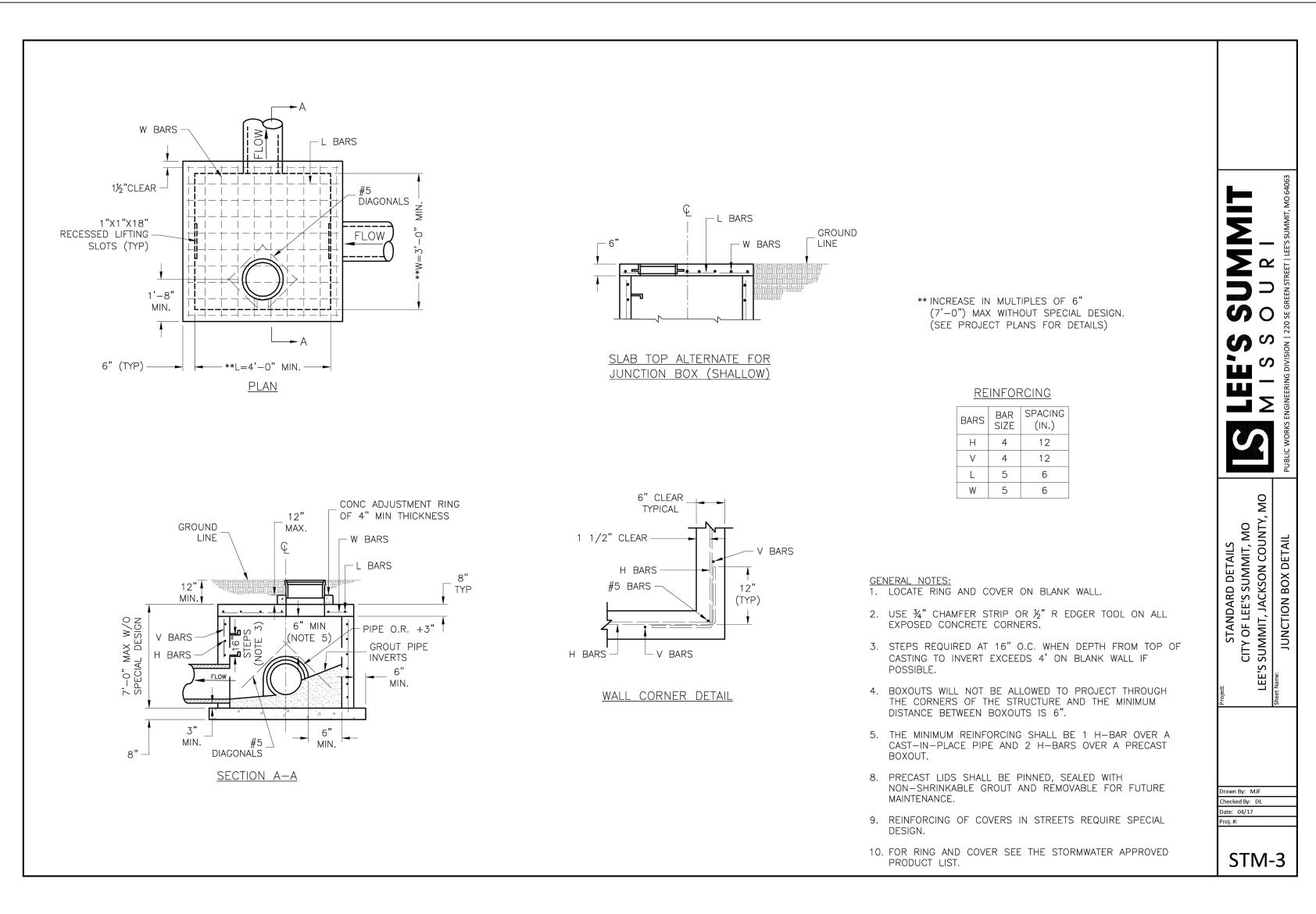
Manhattan Kansas, 66503 smcivilengr@gmail.com 785.341.9747



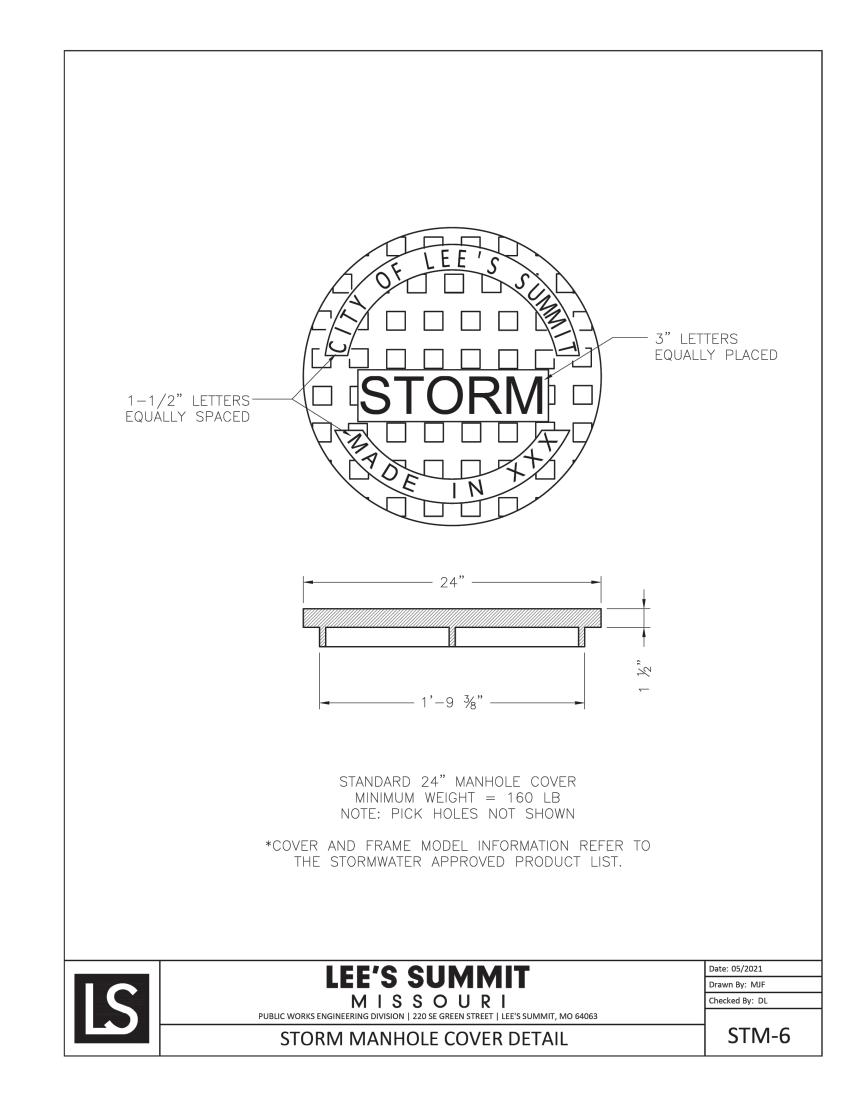


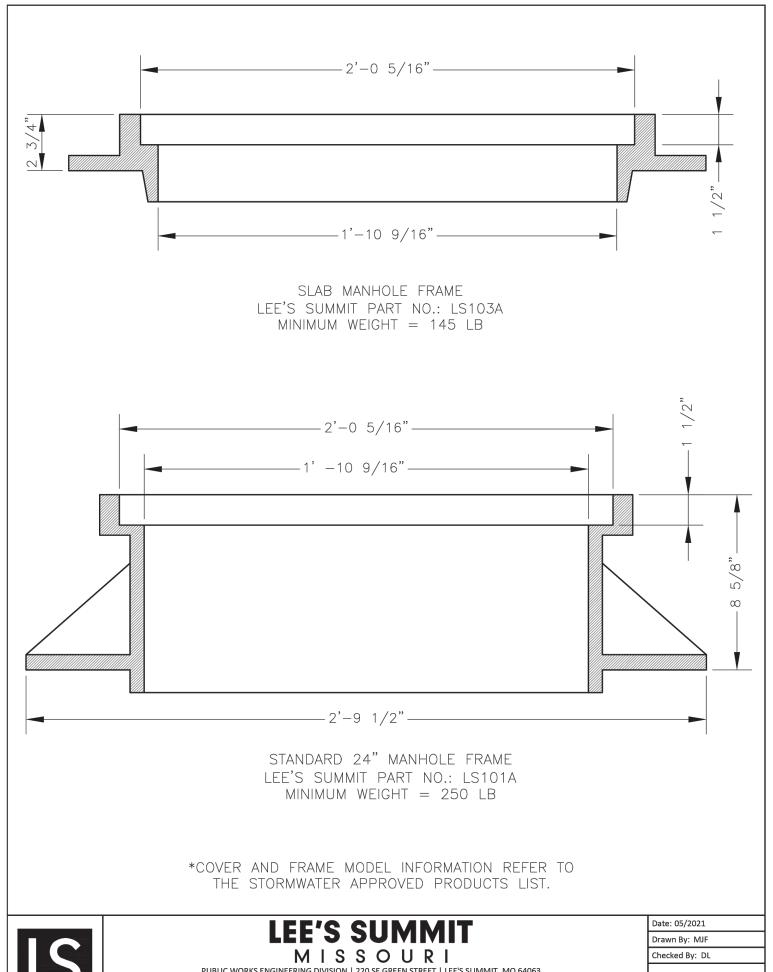






DWG-7





STORM MANHOLE FRAME DETAIL

FOR ALL JUNCTION BOXES EXCEEDING 7'-0" IN DEPTH, THE PRECAST BOX MANUFACTURER SHALL PROVIDE AN ENGINEERED DESIGN.

1/2"-3/4" CLEAN AGGREGATE, HAND TAMPED OR MECHANICALLY COMPACTED IN MAX. 4" LIFTS

INITIAL BACKFILL

-UNDER PAVED AREAS OR WITHIN 4" HORIZONTAL OF PAVED AREAS 1/2"-3/4" CLEAN AGGREGATE, HAND TAMPED OR MECHANICALLY COMPACTED IN MAX. 4" LIFTS -UNDER OPEN AREAS

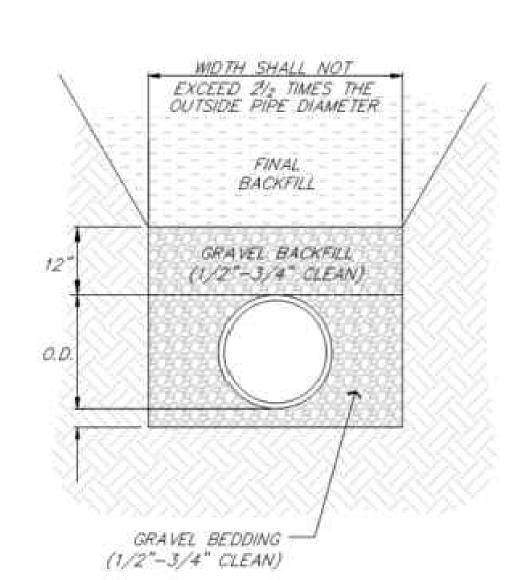
1/2"-3/4" CLEAN AGGREGATE, HAND TAMPED OR MECHANICALLY COMPACTED IN MAX. 4" LIFTS

FINAL BACKFILL

-UNDER PAVED AREAS OR WITHIN 4" HORIZONTAL OF PAVED AREAS ON-SITE OR IMPORTED MATERIAL FREE OF MUCK, FROZEN MATERIAL, EXCESS MOISTURE, ORGANICS, TOPSOIL, RUBBISH, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, ROCK OR BRICK LARGER THAN 8". COMPACTED TO 95% OF STANDARD DENSITY PER ASTM D-698 -UNDER OPEN AREAS

ON-SITE OR IMPORTED MATERIAL FREE OF MUCK, FROZEN MATERIAL, EXCESS MOISTURE, ORGANICS, TOPSOIL, RUBBISH, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, ROCK OR BRICK LARGER THAN 8". COMPACTED TO 90% OF STANDARD DENSITY PER ASTM D-698

BEDDING DEF	TH BELOW PIL	PE .
PIPE DIAMETER	IN SOIL	IN ROCK
24" AND LESS	6"	5."
27" THRU 60"	6"	9"

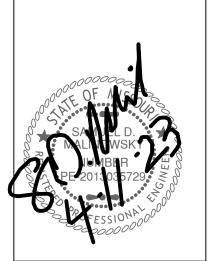


PIPE BEDDING DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

SM Engineering 5507 High Meadow Circle Manhattan Kansas, 66503 smcivilengr@gmail.com 785.341.9747

Drawings and/or Specifications are original proprietary work and property of the Engineer and intended specifically for this project. Use of items contained herein without consent of the Engineeris prohibited. Drawings illustrate best ormation available to the Engineer. Field verification of actual elements, conditions, and dimensions is required.



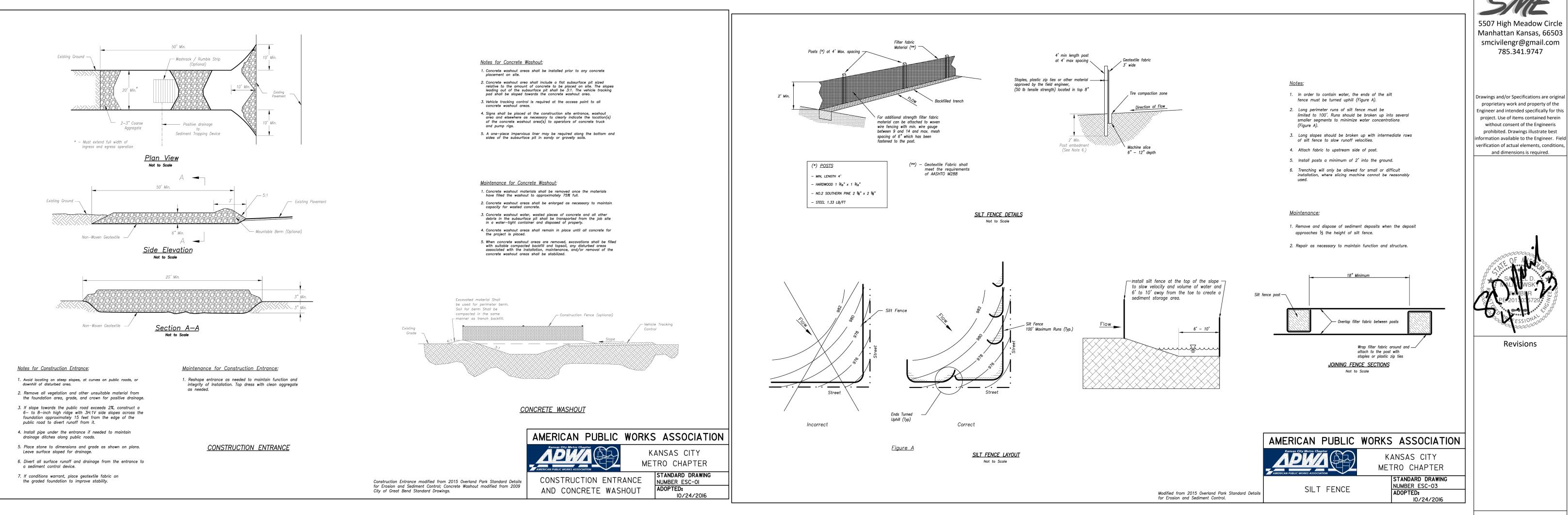
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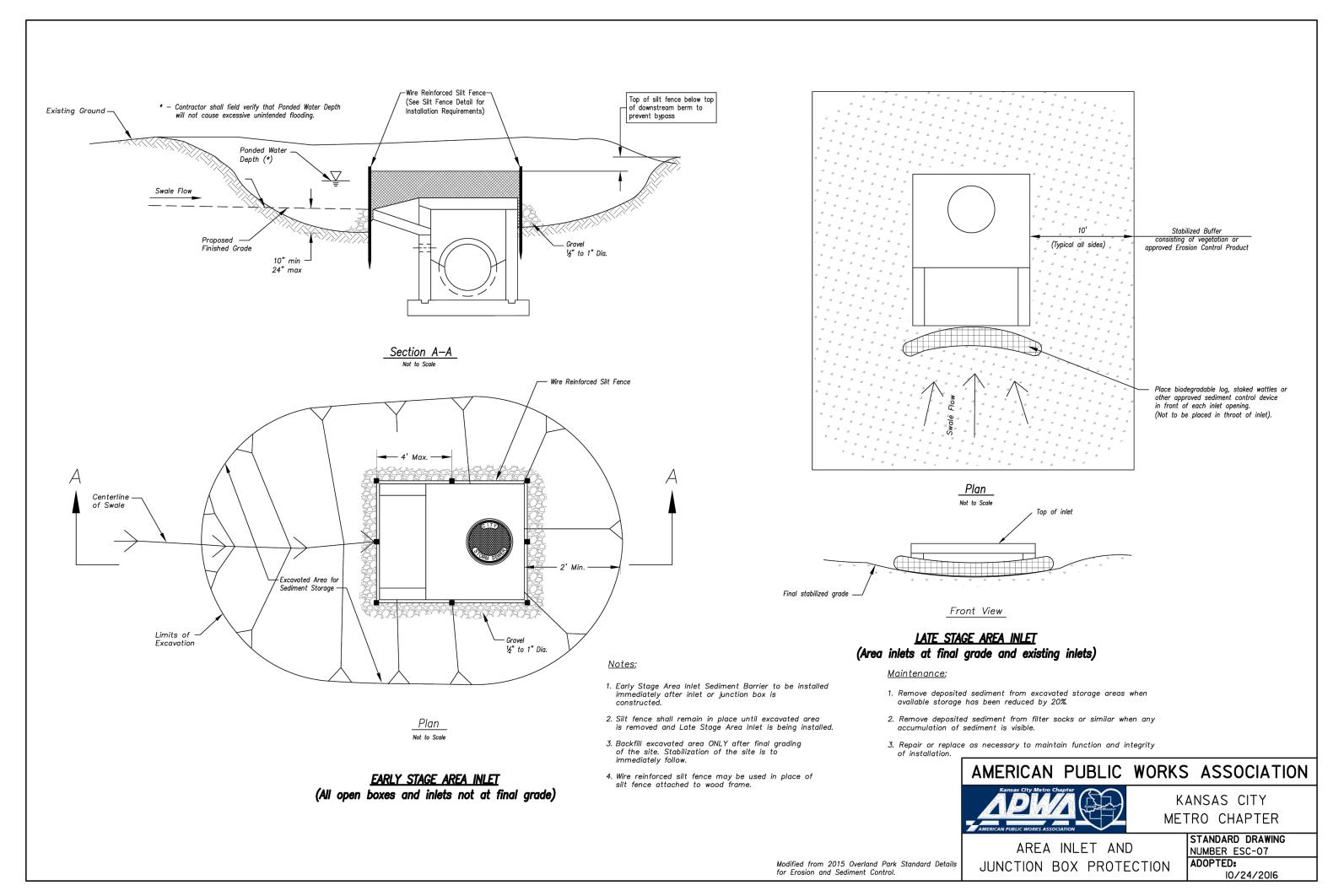
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Civil **DETAILS** permit

11 APRIL 2023





SM Engineering

785.341.9747

without consent of the Engineeris prohibited. Drawings illustrate best

and dimensions is required.

Revisions

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DETAILS permit 11 APRIL 2023

Appendix C

SM Engineering

April 10, 2023

Scott Ready City of Lee's Summit, Missouri 220 SE Green St. Lee's Summit, MO 64063

RE: Arborwalk East Street Buffer Waiver

Dear Mr. Ready

Per comments received regarding the Preliminary Development Plan for the Arborwalk East Multi-Family Development a stream buffer waiver is required, because of the proposed rerouting of the existing drainage channel traversing the site. As a result of this and the adjacent commercial development, the potential for sediment to leave the site will be dramatically reduced if not eliminated. As such we respectfully request a waiver to the stream buffer requirement. As shown in Figure 1 below the drainage channel in question is a 350' +/-long drainage channel fed by the outlet to an existing upstream stormwater detention basin along with any surface drainage from the adjacent property. The following information will provide evidence supporting this request.



Figure 1 - Location Map

Evidence Regarding Stream Classification

There are several factors used when determining whether a drainage channel is natural stream that should be protected. First is whether the stream shows up as a blue line on a USGS topographic map. Figure 2 below is a snippet from the 1954 Raymore Quadrangle Map. As seen, there is no evidence of any stream in this location.

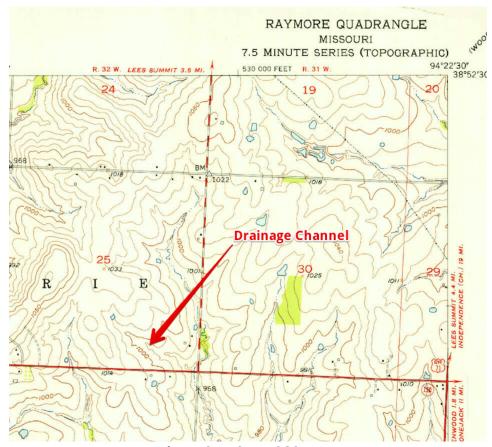


Figure 2 – 1954 USGS Map

The lack of a blue line indicates that this channel did not historically serve a large enough drainage area to warrant classifying it as a stream.

The next available USGS topographic map is from 1990. At this point in time the upstream detention pond has been constructed and Raintree Lake has been created. Figure 3 is a snippet from the 1990 Raymore Quadrangle Map in which we now see the blue line in the location of the drainage channel in question. While this could indicate this may be a natural stream it should be noted this channel is an engineered channel created to provide a path for the outlet of a stormwater detention pond.

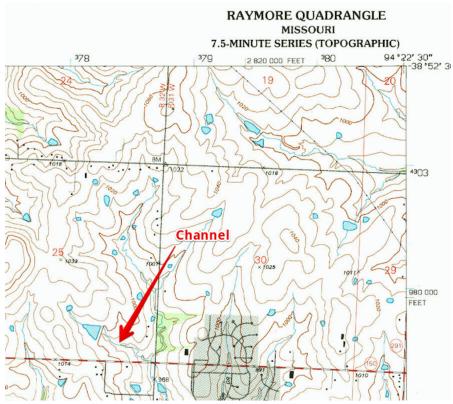


Figure 3 - 1990 USGS Quad

Additional evidence as to the existence of a stream can be seen on the Jackson County GIS system where there is no blue line shown over this channel. This is illustrated in Figure 4.



Figure 4 – Jackson County GIS

Necessity For A Stream Buffer

Per APWA Section 5605.2

Natural streams provide numerous water quality, ecological, and quality of life benefits. Protection and preservation of natural streams is a national environmental objective, as set forth in the Clean Water Act. Streams and their associated wetlands provide critical habitat for plants and wildlife, water quality treatment, and improved infiltration of rainfall which lessens flood impacts, recharges groundwater, and preserves base flow. Streams provide recreational and open space in communities, improve aesthetics, provide natural landscapes, and enhance adjacent property values.

Stable streams in nature maintain a shape in plan, profile, and section that most efficiently transports the water and sediment supplied to them. The geometry and processes of natural streams involve unique terminology and concepts not common to engineered channels or pipe systems. Common features of stream geometry and characteristics are presented in Figures 5605–1 through 5606-3. Certain definitions are contained in Section 5601. More complete information regarding the character and function of natural streams is given in Interagency (2001).

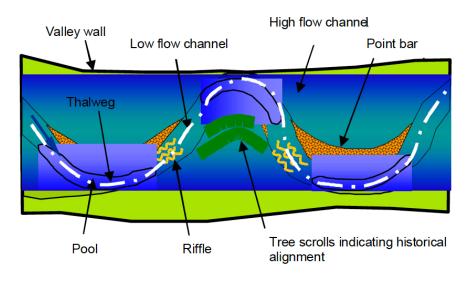


Figure 5605-1: Typical Stream Characteristics

When development is anticipated in the area of a stream, as defined above, then a stream buffer is recommended on either side of the stream. The primary purpose of this buffer is to preserve the character of the stream and to prevent any excess sediment from entering the stream which would degrade the natural characteristics of the stream and to prevent downstream sediment deposits.

Clearly, in this case, the drainage channel does not meet the above criteria and instead is an engineered channel as referenced above. Therefore, a stream buffer would not be applicable.

Downstream Sediment Concern

The concern has been raised that this site is a source of excess sediment being deposited downstream. As part of preparing the stream buffer waiver an onsite inspection was conducted to determine the validity of this claim.

The first source of potential sediment is from the drainage channel discussed above. There is minimal sediment coming out of the upstream detention pond. This pond is designed to act as a detention pond and as a water quality feature. The outlet structure is such that there is a small pipe at the bottom to allow the smaller rain events to drain at a reduced velocity so as to encourage sediment fall out prior to migrating downstream.

On site surface runoff is from well-established grass lands and forested areas. With no newly disturbed earth, excess sediment leaving the site is minimal. There is also a temporary sediment basin in place toward the eastern end of the site. While the outlet structure has been allowed to deteriorate the basin is still providing for the capture of some sediment.

The runoff leaves the site via an existing 6'x6' reinforced concrete box (RCB) under Highway 150. On the south side of Highway 150 the runoff enters a 340' natural stream channel owned by the City of Lee's Summit. By the nature of this being a natural channel, at a minimal slope, excess sediment is being captured.

This natural channel is then routed underneath Ward Road in a 2 celled RCB. As illustrated in Figure 5 below there is little evidence of excess sediment exiting this box. This can be seen by the relatively clear water in the left cell and the dirt deposit in the right cell with well established vegetation.



Figure 5 – Ward Rd RCB Outlet

The Ward Rd. RCB outlets directly into an existing storm water detention basin immediately upstream of Raintree Lake. While this pond appears to be designed as a storm water detention facility it is acting as a sediment basin. This pond is constructed such that there are 2 smaller pipes installed above the bottom of the pond. This allows for upstream runoff to captured with the water velocity being slowed to allow for sediment to settle out prior to migrating downstream. The 2 pipes allow for water during low flow events to exit the basin slowly while providing time for excess sediment to settle out. During high flow events water will flow over the concrete weir.

The 2 photos below illustrate the pond appears to be operating as sediment basin. The photo of the pond itself shows that water is present without any evidence of excess silt in the pond. The photo showing the water exiting the pond illustrates the runoff appears to be relatively free of sediment indicating the excess sediment has been trapped in the basin.





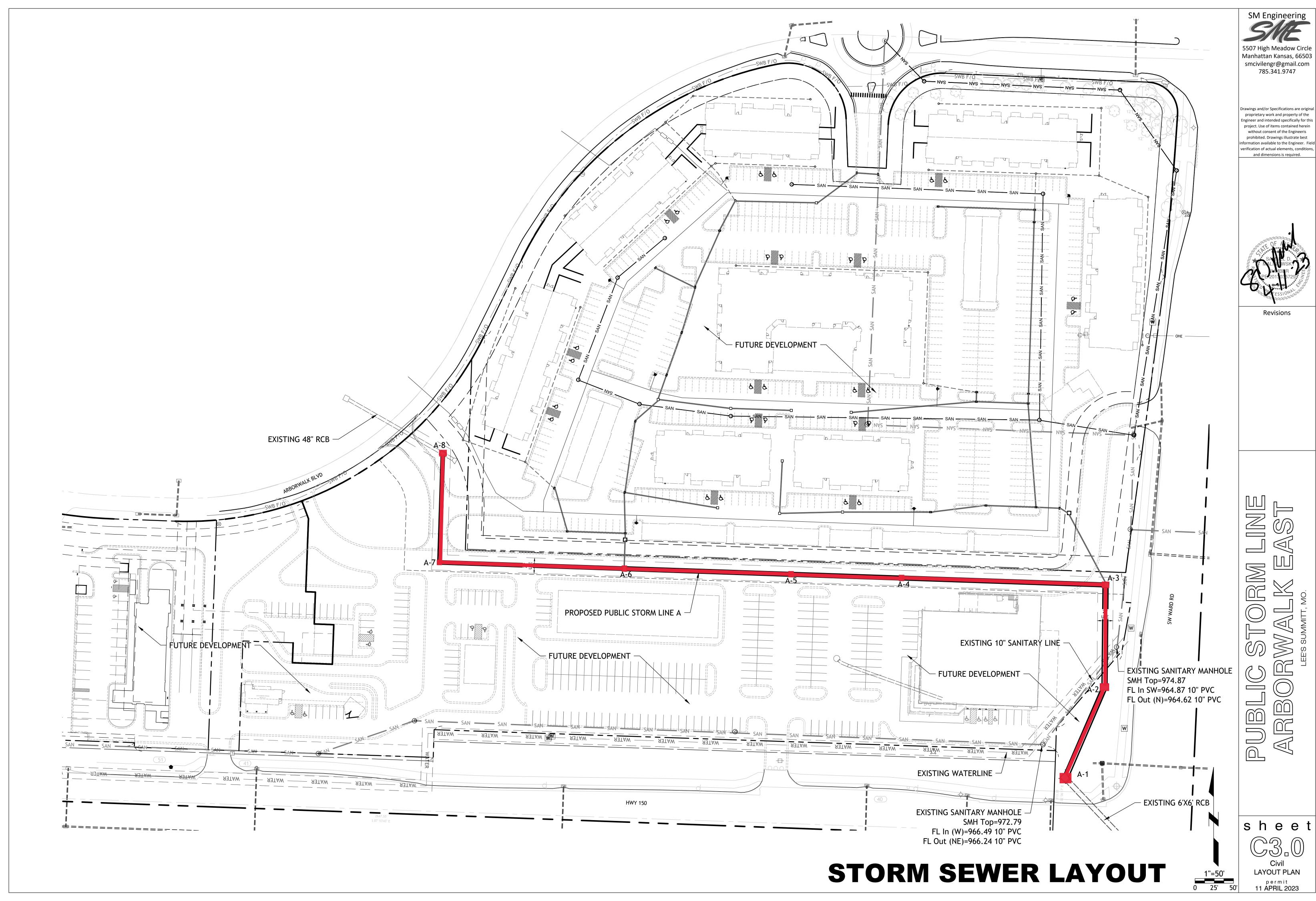
Mitigation Plan

While there is minimal excess sediment being produced from the Arborwalk East development site in its current condition the development plan, when complete, will dramatically reduce the potential for sediment to leave the site. As part of the development the current drainage channel will be enclosed in a concrete pipe designed to handle flows in excess of the 100-year storm event. A site plan showing the proposed storm sewer is attached at the end of this report. By enclosing the channel, the potential for sediment entering the system from the channel banks will be eliminated. To further reduce the potential for sediment the actual building pads within the development will be heavily landscaped. In addition to the landscaping, mechanical water quality systems will be installed at the points where runoff enters the underground system.

Conclusion

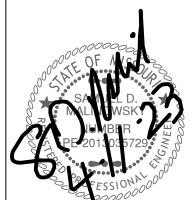
As discussed above the subject stream requiring a buffer is not a natural stream but an engineered drainage channel. Upon completion of the development the potential for excess sediment leaving the site will be greatly reduced thus improving the downstream water quality. For these reasons we believe the stream buffer waiver should be granted

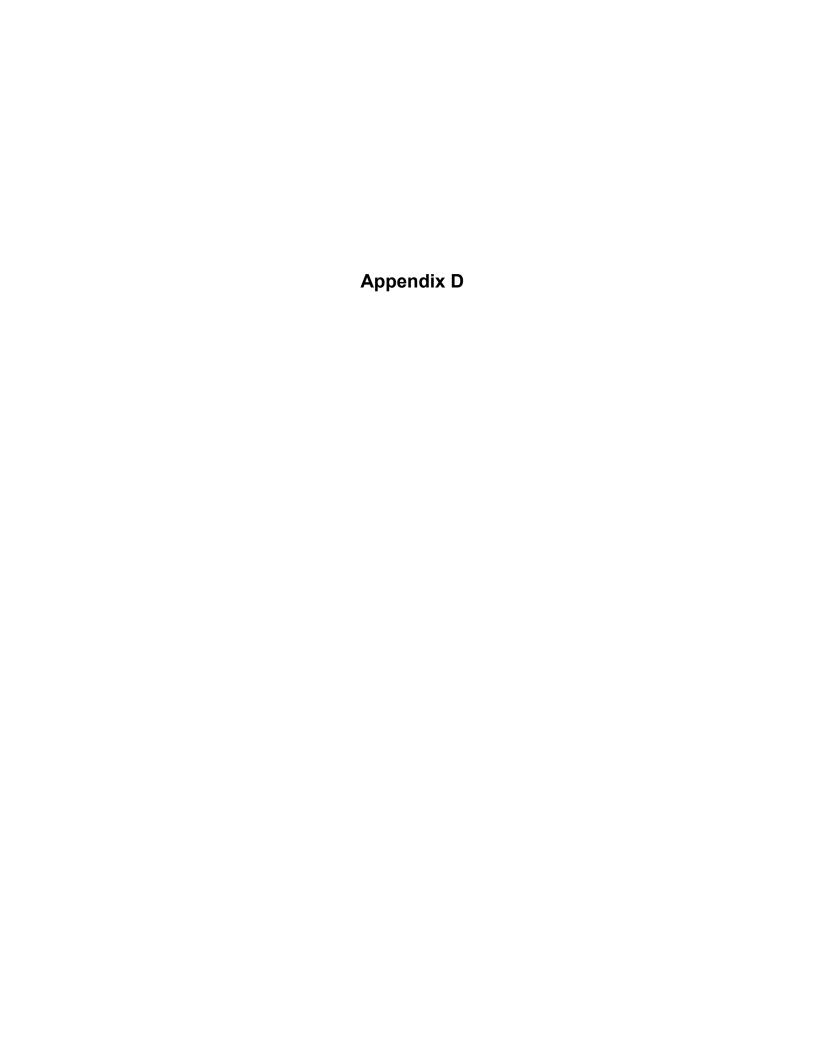
Samuel D. Malinowsky, P.E.



5507 High Meadow Circle

proprietary work and property of the Engineer and intended specifically for this project. Use of items contained herein without consent of the Engineeris prohibited. Drawings illustrate best ormation available to the Engineer. Field verification of actual elements, conditions,





Micro Stormwater Drainage Study for McBee's Coffee 'N Carwash Lee's Summit, MO

Prepared For:

McBee's Coffee 'N Carwash 103 Industrial Parkway Gallatin, MO 64640 816-832-6864

gsaltkovska@mcbeecompanies.com

Prepared By:

DAVIDSON ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING, LLC

Hilary Zerr, P.E. 4301 Indian Creek Parkway Overland Park, Kansas 66207 913.451.9390 (phone) www.davidsonae.com



May 11, 2022

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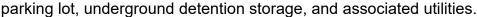
General Information	
Nethodology	
Existing Conditions Analysis	
Supporting Calculations	
Existing Conditions Analysis Proposed Conditions Analysis Storm Water Quality Summary Supporting Calculations Maps & Exhibits	

GENERAL INFORMATION:

McBee's Coffee N' Carwash is a new development being built on an existing developed lot. Davidson Architecture and Engineering, LLC has prepared a micro storm drainage study for the proposed project.

A. Project Location & Description

The proposed Project is located at 1295 Southwest Arborwalk Boulevard, north of MO-150, in Lee's Summit, MO. The developer plans to construct a single building for the carwash with a carwash tunnel, dog wash station, vacuums,





B. Existing Conditions

The subject property consists of 1.53 acres. Currently, the entire site consists of pervious area generally sloping from the southwest to northeast corner with storm water collecting in a drainage swale along SW Arborwalk Blvd. There is an existing drainage study for the subject area, as part of a larger development that treated this area as a commercial site.

The project site is located in Zone X of the National Flood Insurance Program, Community-Panel Number 29095C0532G, Effective Date: January 20, 2017. Exhibit contained in the appendix of this report.

C. Proposed Improvements

The development is proposed to be constructed in one phase. A single building, an asphalt & concrete parking lot with concrete curb and gutter, lighting and onsite stormwater detention basin to control runoff for this site. The majority of the development shall be directed to the on-site storm water detention basin. The proposed site will contain approximatley 0.95 acres of impervious area and 0.85 acres of pervious area. Storm water will collect by a new storm sewer system, enter dual 48" pipes for storage and will discharge to the same location the runoff is currently going. A new 18" pipe will carry the current roadway ditch runoff to a new 24" pipe, to cross under a new common drive and will discharge to the east of the site where the flow is currently channelized.

METHODOLOGY:

KCAPWA IDF curves were used to determine the rainfall intensity for the 2, 10, and 100-year storm events. Existing and proposed conditions were modeled and analyzed using Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD Civil 3D 2021 (Hydraflow). Hydrograph routing within Hydraflow used the Rational Method with depths of 3.71", 5.2", and 7.8" for the 50% (2-Yr), 10% (10-Yr), and 1% (100-Yr) storm events, respectively. This method is also used in SCS TR-55. Convolution is known as linear superpositioning, and means that each ordinate of the rainfall hyetograph is multiplied by each ordinate of the unit hydrograph, thus creating a series of hydrographs. These hydrographs are then summed to form the final runoff hydrograph. Rainfall frequencies were determined by using TECHNICAL PAPER NO.40, RAINFALL FREQUENCY ATLAS OF THE UNITED STATES, by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Weather Bureau. The October 2012 American Public Works Association BMP Manual was used for this storm study.

EXISTING CONDITION ANALYSIS:

The existing site, located near 1295 Southwest Arborwarlk Boulevard, consists of pervious area that has been graded for a future development. There is a curb cut for a proposed drive on the south side, off MO-150 and a connection in the northwest corner to an existing site. There is a drainage swale along the north property line that carries storm runoff from the west to the east, through an 18" HDPE pipe.

The existing 1.53-acre site is part of a larger development, called Arborwalk that was designed in 2002. The drainage master plan contains this property in the described "Southeast" watershed. The study states that this commercial area will only need limited detention within the boundaries because the upstream detention basins have been designed to control a portion of these sites once developed. It is not clear how much each future site is responsible for detaining.

PROPOSED CONDITION ANALYSIS:

For commercial development of this lot, we've designed a detention basin using dual 48" pipes underground to hold the stormwater runoff from the 1.53 acre site and release it at or less than the allowable release rates.

The detention basin has been designed to effectively capture and discharge the runoff from the developed site, per the requirements set by APWA Section 5601.5.A.4.a. Discharge from the detention basin will be controlled by a proposed outlet structure that will maintain release rates less than allowable rates, while also maintaining water quality requirements specified in APWA Section 5608.4.C.1.b.

Post-development peak discharge rates shall not exceed the requirements set by APWA Section 5608.4.C.1.a that are shown below:

- 50% storm peak rate less than or equal to 0.5 cfs per site acre
 Site specific allowable release rate: 0.75 cfs
- 10% storm peak rate less than or equal to 2.0 cfs per site acre
 - Site specific allowable release rate: 3.06 cfs
- 1% storm peak rate less than or equal to 3.0 cfs per site acre
 - Site specific allowable release rate: 4.59 cfs

The stormwater on site will be collected by curb and grate inlets and then piped to the underground storage pipes. There will be an outlet structure with a weir plate to control the release rates from this underground detention system.

Once developed, there will be approximately 0.95 acres of impervious area and 0.85 acres of pervious area. A conservate runoff coefficient of 0.90 was used for this commercial development.

Proposed	Site Runoff Hydraflo	w Results			
Storm	Post-developed runoff	Post-developed runoff	Total Post- Developed site runoff	Allowable release rate for 1.53 acre site	
Event (yr)	Routed through detention	Bypassing detention	(cfs)	1.00 4010 3110	
	(cfs)	(cfs)			
2-Yr	0.15	0.45	0.61	0.75	
10-Yr	0.76	0.74	1.39	3.06	
100-Yr	1.93	1.00	2.97	4.59	

The detention basin is designed to detain runoff to the required discharge rates allowable for the site per the City's current standards. The proposed storm water detention basin result in the following general conditions:

Detention B	asin Summary	Ī		
Event (yr)	Total Flows to Detention Basin (cfs)	Detention Basin Discharge Qp (cfs)	Top Elevation Max. El. (ft)	Max. Storage (cuft)
2-Yr	6.81	0.15	996.69	2,025
10-Yr	9.25	0.76	997.08	2,647
100-Yr	16.22	1.93	998.27	4,394

STORM WATER QUALITY

The Mid-America Regional Council, Manual of Best Management Practices for Stormwater Quality, October 2012 requires the site to be designed to capture and treat the additional impervious runoff during the 90% mean annual storm (1.37"/24 hr) created by site improvements. The proposed outlet structure from the detention basin will control discharge from the 90% mean annual event to the minimum forty-hour extended detention requirement for comprehensive control. The outlet structure will have a perforated riser placed at the bottom elevation of the pond to control the discharge from the detention basin to meet this requirement.

SUMMARY:

Contained in the appendix is the analysis of the proposed runoff hydrographs based on the allowable discharge rates. With the proposed McBee's Coffee N Carwash, the 1.53-acre site will increase the impervious area but the runoff will be controlled and released per the allowable amounts by collecting the storm water in a new storm system and detaining it in the underground pipes, acting as a detention basin.

The drainage maps and storm networks are shown on construction drawings C3.1 and C3.2.

Total Runoff C	comparison		
Storm Event (yr)	Post-development rate (cfs)		Allowable release rate (cfs)
2-Yr	0.61	<	0.75
10-Yr	1.39	<	3.06
100-Yr	2.97	<	4.59

Appendix A – Supporting Data

<u>Local Benchmarks:</u> \triangle BM-#

Set MAG Nail & Washer In Asphalt N: 1,073,921.09 E: 2,820,759.21

Elev.=1016.22

Set MAG Nail & Washer In Asphalt

N: 1,073,954.36 E: 2.820.861.54 Elev.=1014.21

Spot Elevation Legend

br = bottom of ramptr = top of rampme = match existing pv = pavement bw = bottom of wall tw = top of wallsw = sidewalk

mi = mid-pointhp = high-pointIp = Iow-pointpc = point of curvature

pt = point of tangency bldg = building FFE = finished floor elevation

ex = existingmp = match pavement gnd = ground ts = top of stair

bs = bottom of stair

con = concrete

standard curb & gutter

standard dry curb & gutter

<u>Grading Note:</u>

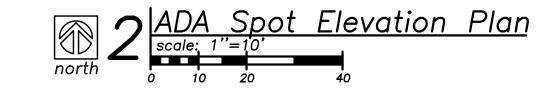
Connections to existing sidewalks and pavement are based on survey elevations. Contractor shall ensure positive drainage when matching to existing elevations. If elevations in the field do not match the plans or there is a concern about drainage, or ADA compliance CONTACT THE ENGINEER BEFORE INSTALLATION.

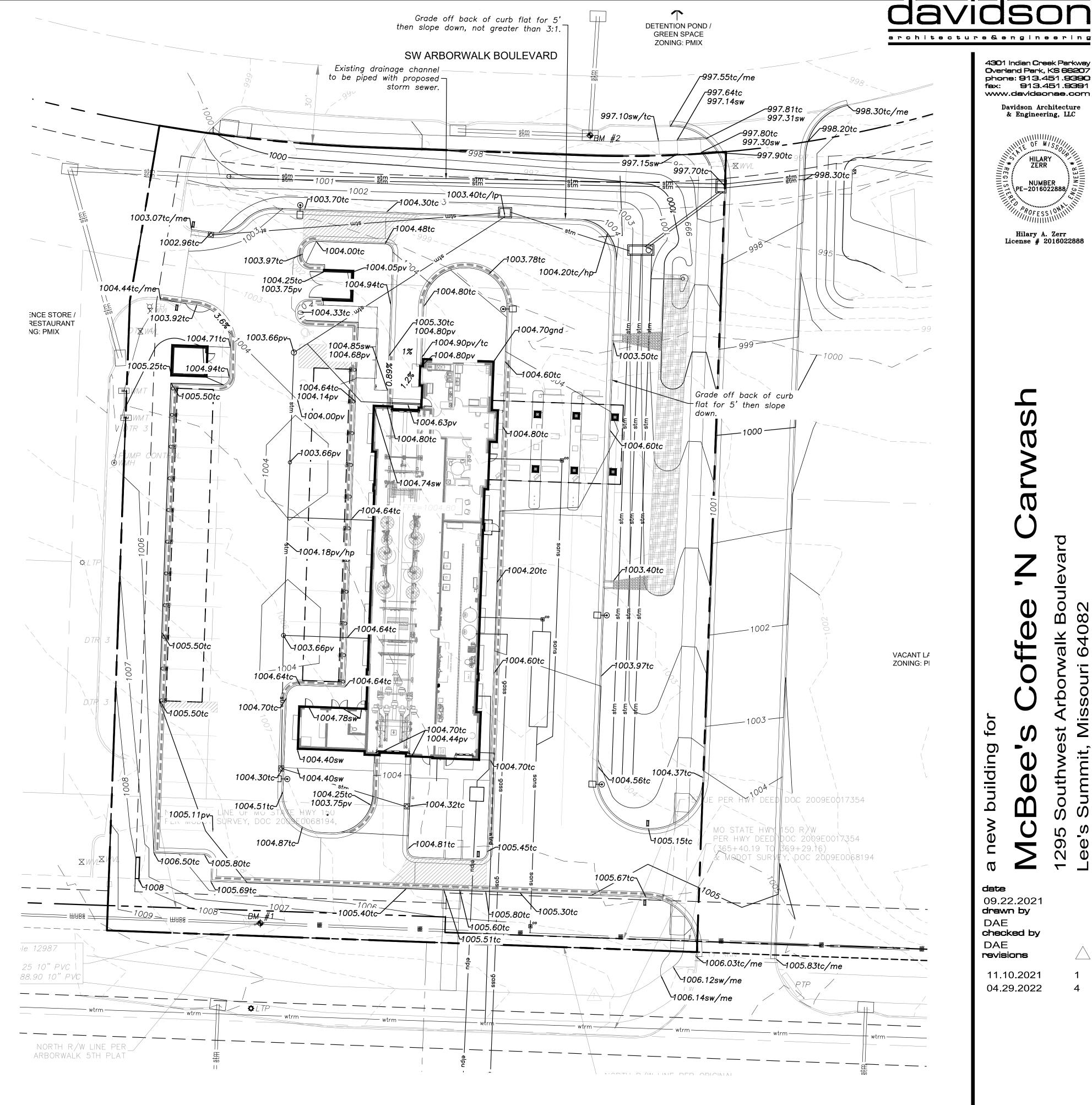
Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Notes:

The running and cross slopes for all sidewalks, accessible paths, ramps, designated parking stalls, etc., shall be in compliance with latest Federal ADA guidelines, in addition to any accessibility standards adopted by the governing municipality. Prior to installation/construction, if any discrepancies are found within the plans, the Engineer shall be notified.

- Landings (L) shall have slopes less than 2% in all directions.
- Ramps (R) shall have running slopes less than 8.3% and cross slopes less than 2%.
- Sidewalk paths (all sidewalks) shall have running slopes less than 5% and cross slopes less than 2%.

**To be provided for permit drawings.

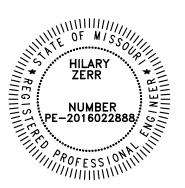




1 Spot Elevation Plan
scale: 1"=20"

4301 Indian Creek Parkway Overland Park, KS 66207 phone: 913.451.9390 fex: 913.451.9391 www.davidsonae.com

Davidson Architecture & Engineering, LLC



Hilary A. Zerr License # 2016022888

 \mathbf{m}

new building

date 09.22.2021 drawn by DAE checked by DAE

11.10.2021 04.29.2022

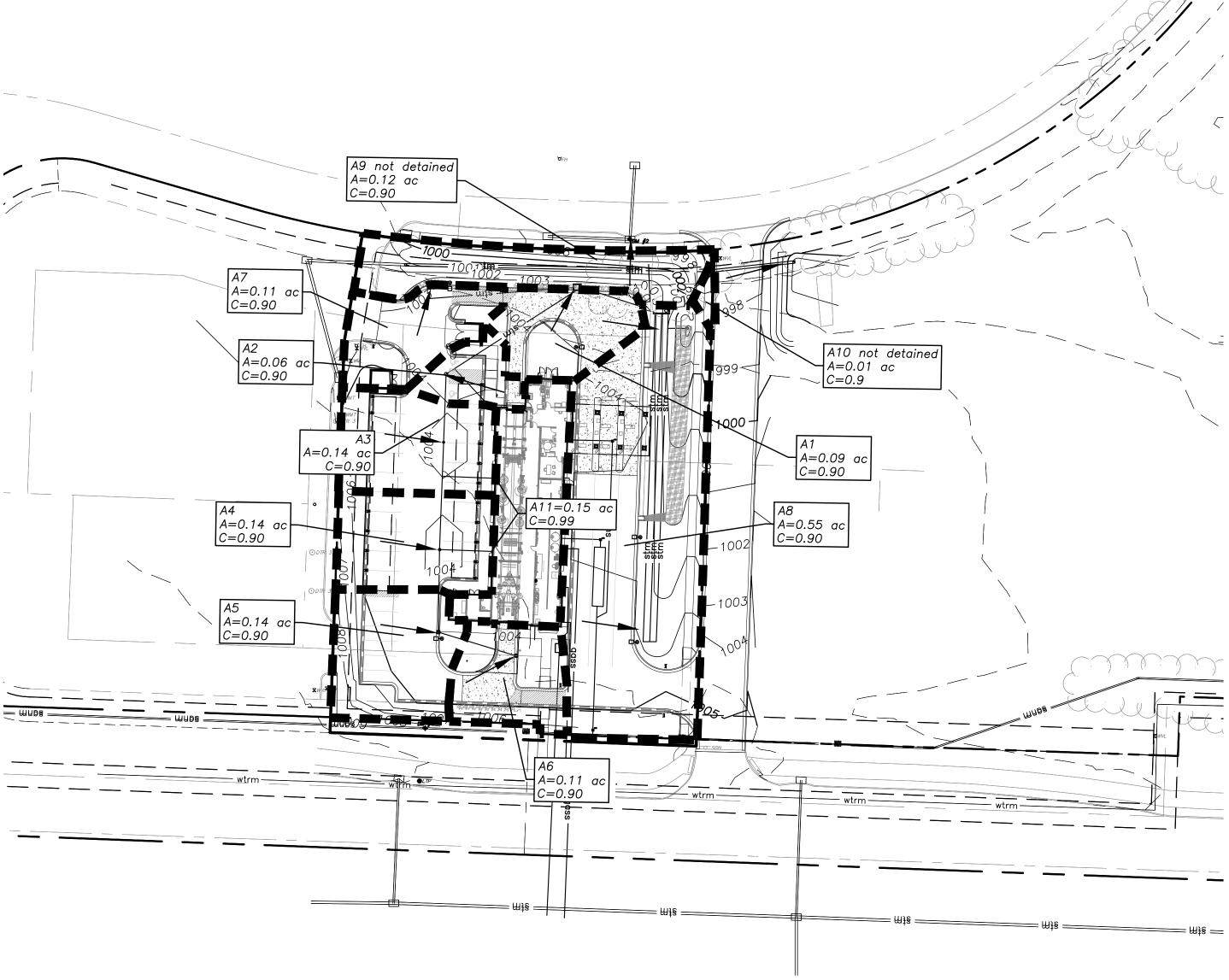
revisions

sheet number

drawing type planning project number 21072-15



Hilary A. Zerr License # 2016022888



1 Existing Drainage Area Map

<u>Drainage Legend</u>

Area of Site Impervious Area

Pervious Area

<u>Pre-Construction Impervious Area Calculations</u>

<u>Square Feet</u> <u>Acres</u> 66864.30 1.53 0 0

66864.30 1.53

Property Legend

---- easements

<u>Grading Legend</u>

existing minor contour — — — — existing major contour proposed minor contour

proposed major contour

<u>Floodplain Note:</u>

As referenced in FEMA FIRM Community Panel Number 29095C0532G Effective Date: January 20, 2017 this parcel lies within Zone "X", Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance Floodplain.



A9 offsite A=1.53 ac C=0.30

<u>Post—Construction Impervious Area Calculations</u>

		Sauara Foot	Acros
		<u>Square Feet</u>	<u>Acres</u>
Area of Site		66864.30	1.53
Impervious Area		41,480	0.95
Pervious Area		25,384	0.85
Q: 2 year	0.61 cfs		
10 year	1.39 cfs		
100 year	2.92 cfs		

Per APWA 5600, Comprehensive Control Strategy, Release rates are as follows:

2 year = 0.5 cfs/acre x 1.53 acres = 0.75 cfs 10 year = 2.0 cfs/acre x 1.53 acres = 3.06 cfs 100° year = $3.0 \text{ cfs/acre } \times 1.53 \text{ acres} = 4.59 \text{ cfs}$

Proposed Drainage Area Map

sheet number

new building

date

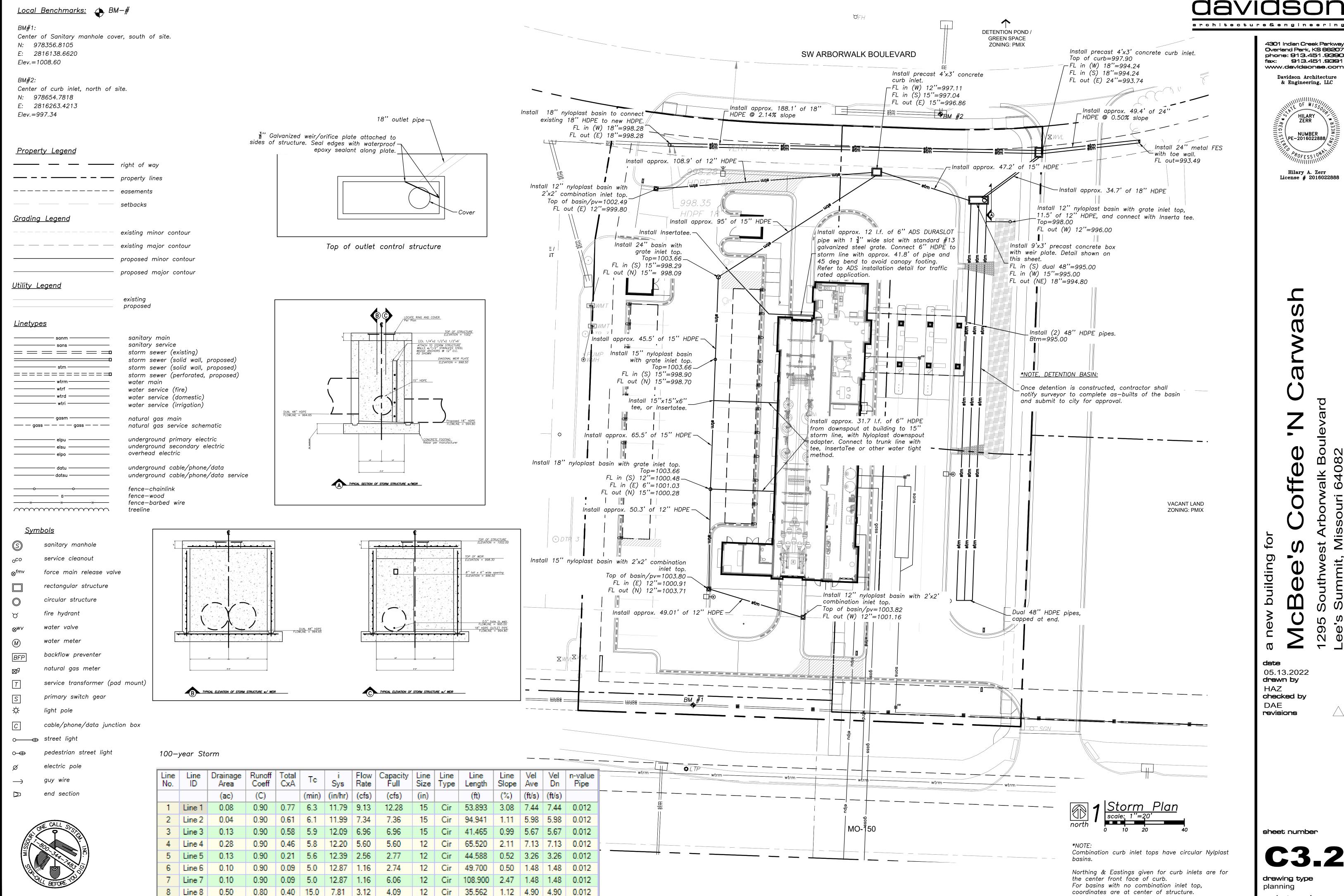
HAZ

DAE revisions

05.13.2022 drawn by

checked by

drawing type planning **project number** 21072-15



4301 Indian Creek Parkway Overland Park, KS 66207 phone: 913.451.9390 fax: 913.451.9391 www.davidsonae.com

Davidson Architecture & Engineering, LLC



Hilary A. Zerr

License # 2016022888

 \mathbf{m}

building

date 05.13.2022 drawn by HAZ checked by

DAE

revisions

C3.2

drawing type planning project number 21072-15

sheet number

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) Report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS Report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study Report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control **structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study Report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Missouri State Plane West Zone (FIPS zone 2403). The horizontal datum was NAD 83, GRS 1980 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from the U.S.D.A Farm Service National Agriculture ImageryProgram (NAIP) dated 2014. Produced at scale of 1:24,000.

The **profile baselines** depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles in the FIS report. As a result of improved topographic data, the profile baseline, in some cases, may deviate significantly from the channel centerline or appear outside the SFHA.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables for multiple streams in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on the map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unrevised streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time f publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community

For information on available products associated with this FIRM visit the Map Service Center (MSC) website at http://msc.fema.gov. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

2820000 FT 94° 22' 30" 94° 24' 22.5" 38° 52' 30" 985000 FT NOTE: MAP AREA SHOWN ON THIS PANEL IS LOCATED WITHIN TOWNSHIP 47 NORTH, RANGE 31 WEST AND **TOWNSHIP 47 NORTH, RANGE 32 WEST.** City of Lee's Summit 980000 FT 94° 22' 30"

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAs) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

No Base Flood Elevations determined. Base Flood Elevations determined. Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.

AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood. Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.

Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood. OTHER AREAS

Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas. 1% Annual Chance Floodplain Boundary

> 0.2% Annual Chance Floodplain Boundary Floodway boundary

Zone D boundary ••••• CBRS and OPA boundary

> Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths, or flood velocities. Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*

Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in (EL 987) *Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988

23-----23 _ - - - - - - -

~~~ 513~~~

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 45° 02' 08", 93° 02' 12" 1983 (NAD 83) Western Hemisphere

(FIPS Zone 2403), Transverse Mercator projection Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM

> MAP REPOSITORIES Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP September 29, 2006

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL January 20, 2017 - to change Special Flood Hazard Areas.

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community

Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent

or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

**PANEL 0532G** 

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

JACKSON COUNTY, **MISSOURI** AND INCORPORATED AREAS

**PANEL 532 OF 625** 

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

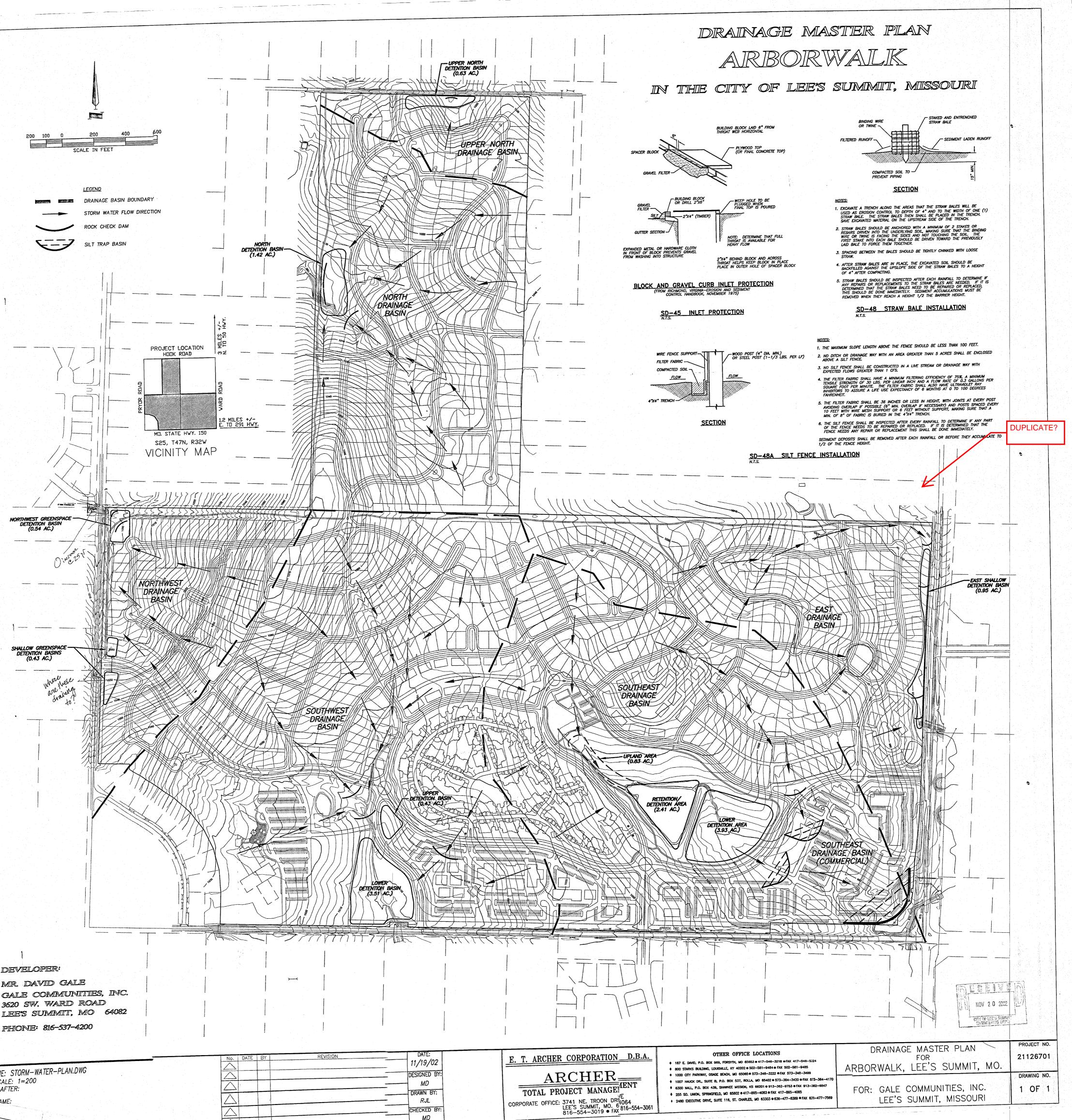
**COMMUNITY** NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX 290174 0532 LEE'S SUMMIT

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.



MAP NUMBER 29095C0532G **MAP REVISED** JANUARY 20, 2017

| Federal Emergency Management Agency



## DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

#### INTRODUCTION

Gale Communities, Inc., of Lee's Summit, Missouri employed the services of Archer Engineers to evaluate and recommend a storm water management plan for the watershed associated with the development called Arborwalk. Arborwalk is located in the southern portion of the City of Lee's Summit north of Missouri State Highway 150 and between Ward and Pryor Roads. The development is 380 acres and is in Section 25, Township 47, Range 32 of Jackson County. General topography is gentle rolling hills with both open fields and timber areas.

## WATERSHED DESCRIPTION

Arborwalk development is divided into 5 drainage basins, Southeast, Southwest, East, Northwest, and North. The 5 drainage basins have their own modified storm water management system that is described in detail in the following text. A check of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) indicated that there is no 100-year flood plain within the boundary of the development.

The 5 drainage basins are outlined on the attached Figure named Drainage Master Plan (enclosed). The Figure indicates the different drainage basins, flow direction, location and approximate size of major detention basins, location of major rock check dams and silt trap basins. Soil type was obtained from the Soil Conservation Service's (SCS) "Soil Survey of Jackson County, Missouri". Existing land use was obtained from the city zoning records and field inspection. Table A at the end of this report provides data for the different drainage basins and pre and post watershed conditions respectfully.

### **OVERVIEW**

Storm water management is knowledge used to understand, control, and utilize waters in different forms within the hydrologic cycle. The natural condition of a watershed is termed undeveloped condition. Natural streams, creeks, and waterways have been continuously shaped over time by storm runoff. Development of a watershed results in more paved areas that increase the frequency, magnitude, and volume of storm runoff. Man made drainage facilities cause storm water to move faster and to become more concentrated causing erosion within the watershed. The factors that impact severity of erosion include storm intensity, soil conditions, vegetation characteristics, and topography.

The goal of this report is to provide concepts and design criteria for best management of storm water and the functions of the storm water drainage system. Various types of systems will be used in the development to manage the storm water and may include storm sewers, streets with curb & gutter, swales, detention, off-line detention, and wetlands.

Detention basins are small to medium size basins that impound water for 24 hours or less and are normally 10 acre-ft or less. Retention basins are usually larger than detention basins and hold water for much longer periods, usually have a defined pool elevation, and release any stored water at a much slower rate. Additional concepts will consist of oversized storm sewer piping, off-line detention basins, and shallow green space detention. Oversized storm sewer piping could be place at critical locations to hold limited volumes of storm water to decrease the peak outflow leaving the detention basin during normal storm events. Off-line detention basins might be developed within the watershed to reduce the overall detention areas required within the watershed. An example of an off-line detention basin might be a defined swale running down the back lot lines of a series of houses. This swale would be connected to the storm sewers at each end and controlled with an inlet of greater capacity than the outlet of the storm sewer. The storm sewer would be designed to pass the dry weather flows and the 2, 5, and 10year storms. During a storm event larger than the 10-year event, the volume difference between the inflow and outflow would be detained in the swale area defined. This type of design using the concept of off-line detention within the on-line sewer system would allow for better control of storm detention within the drainage basin before reaching the detention basin(s) down stream.

### SOUTHEAST DRAINAGE AREA

The Southeast Drainage Area will consist of all the various type of storm water management systems that are practicable for the given size and use of the area. The systems will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, a retention basin with a fixed pool elevation and with detention included within the retention basin, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the retention/detention basin. In addition, upland detention will utilize green space for shallow storage of storm events smaller than the 25-year event. The Drainage area is 103 acres with a weighed curve number of 85 and a time of concentration of 27 minutes.

The existing farm lake will be retained and utilized by increasing the dam height and excavation to create a detention basin above the normal pool elevation for the 25-year design storage. The detention provided above the normal pool elevation will be approximately 7.2 acre-feet of storage (3-feet in depth). The green space southeast of the basin will be designed to hold an additional 3.9 acre-feet of storage (1-foot in depth). The combination of the two basins will adequately hold the required volume of storage for both the southeast drainage basin including the future commercial development at the

intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150. If in final design, it is determined that additional space will be needed in the Southeast Basin, one option that will be considered is the installation of an underground storm sewer detention under the commercial area near the intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150.

To provide improved water quality in the Southeast Drainage Basin, additional upland/wetland area will be developed north of the retention/detention basin. This upland area will provide a vegetative interface with the lower storm events by allowing low flows to pass through a native grass and tree area where the velocities will be lowered to allow for sediment to collect in this upland area instead of the basins and potential exiting the basin.

The area defined as commercial will have limited detention within their boundaries. The required detention volumes for this area will be held in the Southeast detention area upstream. An outlet structure with limited underground storage will be built at the outlet (near the intersection of Ward Road and Highway 150) to allow only pre-developed flows to exist the watershed.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the Southeast Detention area. The southeast corner of the development will have a series of temporary sedimentation basins to control and contain the sediment load as storm water exists the site during the development of the project.

The pre-developed flow for the Southeast Drainage Basin is 340 cubic feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 431 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is approximately 7 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 10.9 acre-feet. The commercial area to the southeast when developed will require 4.8 acre-feet of storage for detention that is part of the required storage listed above.

### SOUTHWEST DRAINAGE AREA

The Southwest Drainage Area systems will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, detention basins, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the detention basins. The detention basins will consist of a two dry detention basins to control the 2, 5, and 10-year storm for water quality and the 25-year storm for downstream flood control. The small storm events will be held longer in the basins to allow for improved water quality. This will be accomplished by designing around the existing creek, by the addition of a control structure near Highway 150, and using the

change in elevations in creating steps. The upper (smaller) basin that has a storage volume of approximately 1.2 acre-feet (3-foot depth) will be used as an equalization basin before entering the lower detention basin. The lower detention basin which has a storage volume of approximately 12.3 acre-feet will be gentle and blend into the surrounding land by using native trees, bushes, and grasses. During the higher storm events, water will be allowed to pond over most of the basin floor up to depth of 42iches. This will allow for planting of grasses in the basin bottom that can survive for short times during submergence and the usage of tree plantings and treescape islands that will be scattered through out the basin floor. These treescape islands will consist of trees, shrubs, and grasses native to the area and particularly to stream areas. There will be field inlets scattered through out the basin floor to handle the larger storm events by allowing flow into smaller diameter piping that would converge at the primary outlet structure. This would allow for subcritical flow to exit the site, thereby reducing the potential for erosion downstream. Additional rock levels with rock waterfalls will allow for transition of elevations and add aeration to the storm water for quality. The drainage area is 129 acres with a weighed curve number of 88 and a time of concentration of 20 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the southwest green area.

The pre-developed flow for the Southwest Drainage Basin is 465 cubic feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 622 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is approximately 11 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 13.6 acre-feet. The office area to the east of the lower detention area when developed will require 2.9 acre-feet of storage for detention that is part of the required storage listed above.

## NORTHWEST DRAINAGE AREA

The Northwest Drainage Area systems will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the shallow detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, a shallow detention basin, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the shallow detention basin. Shallow detention will consist of a series of small dry detention areas incorporated into the proposed green space along the north edge of the property and the buffer zone along Pryor Road. The outlet structure for this basin will be positioned at the northwest corner of development at Pryor and allow the release the pre-developed flows from the drainage basin. The green space along the northern edge of the development will consist of swales running in a curve pattern and dotted with treescape islands and native vegetation in the swales. This green space will provide approximately 0.9 acre-feet of storage. The buffer zone along Pryor Road will

have the same type layout of a meandering swale with larger treescape islands to meet the needs of a buffer zone between the residences and street. The buffer zone will provide approximately 0.9 acre-feet of storage. The combined storage of the two areas is approximately 1.8 acre-feet. The storage is less than the required 2.3 acre-feet for the 25-year event. Additional storage will be developed within the development by the use of large diameter storm sewer piping and off-line detention. Additional storm water swales will be included in the development design to account for and control the 100-year event. The drainage area is 33.1 acres with a weighed curve number of 81 and a time of concentration of 13 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the northwest green area.

The pre-developed flow for the Northwest Drainage Area is 123 cubit feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 170 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is 2.3 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 3.1 acre-feet.

## EAST DRAINAGE AREA

The East Drainage Area will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, shallow detention, and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the retention/detention basin. Shallow detention will consist of a dry detention area incorporated into the proposed green space along the buffer zone along Ward Road. The outlet structure will be positioned at the existing culvert structure that is under Ward Road and will allow the release the pre-developed flows from the drainage basin. The green space along Ward Road will consist of swales running in a curve pattern and dotted with treescape islands and native vegetation in the swales. A small shallow dry detention basin consisting of native grass will be positioned near the outlet structure for better control for the storm events. The green space along Ward Road combined with the shallow detention basin near the existing outlet structure will provide approximately 0.95 acre-feet of storage. Additional storage will be developed within the development by the use of large diameter storm sewer piping and off-line detention. Additional storm water swales will be included in the development design to account for and control the 100-year event. The drainage area is 21.6 acres with a weighed curve number of 84 and a time of concentration of 20 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes,

buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the East Green Area.

The pre-developed flow for the East Green Area is 76 cubit feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 102 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is 1.6 acrefeet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year storm event the required storage is 2.1 acre-feet.

## NORTH DRAINAGE AREA

The North Drainage Area will consist of inlets and storm sewer piping, oversized storm sewer piping for limited detention upstream of the detention basin, existing open channels with riparian vegetation and wetlands, two detention basins (one normal depth and one shallow), and shallow off-line detention combined with the storm sewer system for increased storage upstream of the retention/detention basin. The drainage areas will consist of two drainage basins with two outlet points. The westerly outlet will be the north dry detention basin and the northly outlet will be the upper north dry detention basin. The upper detention basin will incorporate the proposed green space along the north edge of the property and the buffer zone along Hook Road. The outlet structure will be positioned at the existing culvert structure that is under Hook Road and will allow the release the pre-developed flows from the drainage basin. The green space along the north edges will consist of swales running in a curve pattern and dotted with treescape islands and native vegetation in the swales. The north detention basin will consist of the buffer zone along the western edge of the development will have the same type layout of a meandering swale with larger treescape islands to meet the needs of a buffer zone between the residences and street. A larger dry detention basin consisting of native grass will be positioned near the outlet structure for better control for the storm events. The combined detention of the northern and upper north detention basins is 8.2 acre-feet, which is more than adequate for current volumes. If it is determined that additional storage is required. Additional storage will be developed using large diameter piping and off-line detention in the development. Additional storm water swales will be included in the development design to account for and control the 100-year event. The drainage area consists of 68.2 acres for the North Drainage Basin and 11.9 acres for the Upper North Drainage Basin. The weighted curve number is 81 and the time of concentration is 16 minutes.

Erosion control efforts for the area will include improved vegetative stabilization practices such as temporary seeding using degradable stabilization blankets on slopes, buffer zones at the top and bottom of slopes to reduced runoff flows, silt fence, straw bales, storm inlet protection, and erosion control mating. In addition, check dams will be used extensively both upstream and downstream of the green area to limit the amount of sediment that could enter the southeast green area.

The pre-developed flow for the North Drainage Area is 226 cubit feet per second (cfs) and the post-developed flow is 296 cfs. The proposed size of storage required for this is 5.3 acre-feet for the 25-year storm event and for the 100-year event the required storage is 7.1 acre-feet.

## CONCLUSION

Table A is a summary of the design storm events, drainage areas, and pre and post development flows and recommended detention. The recommended detention will be completed with a combination of retention/detention lakes, detention basins, and shall deter erosion utilizing gentle slopes, native grasses, and trees to create a storm water scape that will co-exist with the existing surroundings.

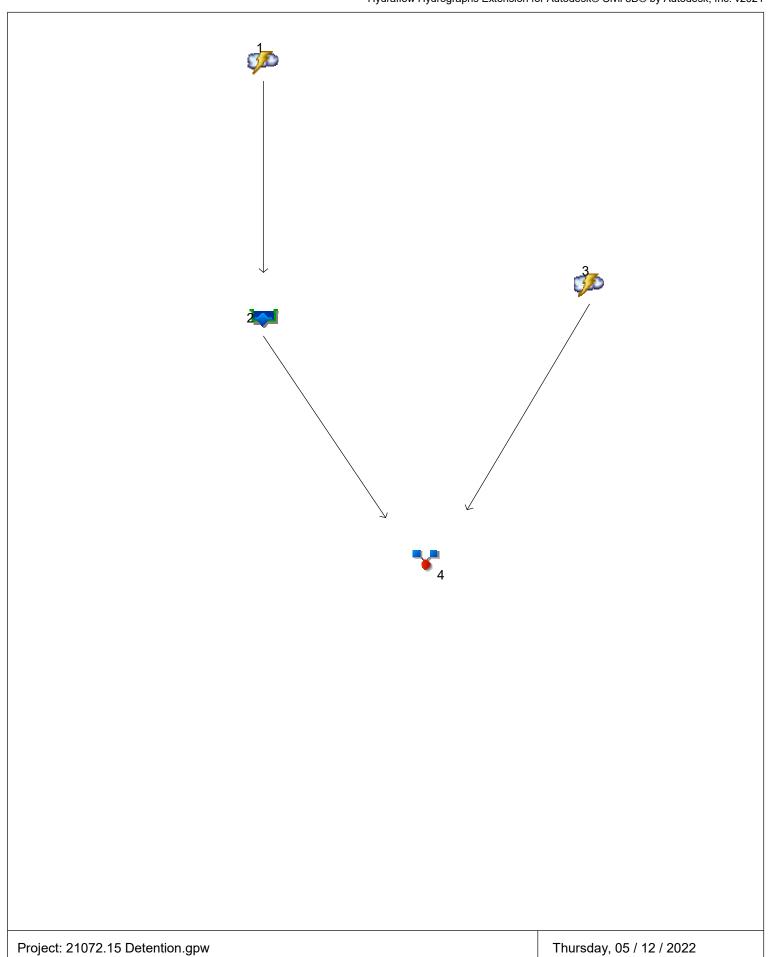
# Arborwalk Development Storm Water Quantities TABLEA

Table 1: 10, 25, 100 Year Storm Water Quantities

| 1           | dil.        |          | Solutions | 2000    |                 |             |
|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------------|-------------|
| Event       |             | S        | Area      | Dischar | Discharge (cfs) | Det. Vol.   |
|             | watershed   |          | (acre)    | Pro     | <b>D</b> 00     | (00.00)     |
|             | Southweet   | 00       | , 00,     |         | 1001            | (acre-rr.)  |
| ١           | Cathwest    | 00       | 129       | 465.0   | 662.0           | 110         |
| 991         | Southeast   | 85       | 103       | 340 0   | 7.57            | 1 -         |
| 9,1         | Northweet   | Š        |           | 0.0     | 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0./         |
| \- <u>!</u> | ואמאווו     | <u>-</u> | 33.1      | 123.0   | 170 0           | 000         |
| 32          | North       | 81       | 80.2      | 226.0   | 0 0             | S. 1        |
|             | ÷00         |          | 4.00      | 770.0   | 736.0           | 5.3         |
|             | Edsi        | 84       | 21.6      | 76.0    | 1020            | 4           |
|             | Southwest   | 00       | 00,       | 2:3:    | 0.201           | 0           |
| ı           | Oddi West   | 00       | 129       | 634.0   | 866.0           | 13.6        |
| es          | Southeast   | 85       | 103       | 456 O   | 5740            | 5 6         |
| ٦.          | Northwoot   | Š        |           | 0.00    | 00              | 9.0         |
| -0          | JODAL INCAL | ō        | 33.1      | 166.0   | 230 0           | 7 7         |
| 01          | North       | 81       | 80.2      | 0 700   | 0 0             | -<br>-<br>- |
| •           | L           | · ·      | 1.00      | 0.700   | 400.0           | 7.7         |
|             | East        | 84       | 21.6      | 086     | 146.0           | 1           |
|             |             |          |           | )       | ).<br> -        |             |

## Appendix B – Hydraflow Hydrograph Output

## **Watershed Model Schematic**



## Hydrograph Return Period Recap

| Hyd.<br>No. |                  | Inflow | Peak Outflow (cfs) |       |      |       |       |       |       |        | Hydrograph               |
|-------------|------------------|--------|--------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------------------------|
| No.         | type<br>(origin) | hyd(s) | 1-yr               | 2-yr  | 3-yr | 5-yr  | 10-yr | 25-yr | 50-yr | 100-yr | Description              |
| 1           | Rational         |        | 3.679              | 6.811 |      | 8.152 | 9.259 | 10.73 | 11.83 | 16.22  | Post Developed           |
| 2           | Reservoir        | 1      | 0.007              | 0.152 |      | 0.461 | 0.767 | 1.111 | 1.303 | 1.935  | <no description=""></no> |
| 3           | Rational         |        | 0.304              | 0.458 |      | 0.557 | 0.632 | 0.742 | 0.813 | 1.002  | No detention             |
| 4           | Combine          | 2, 3   | 0.310              | 0.610 |      | 1.017 | 1.399 | 1.851 | 2.111 | 2.927  | Total Post               |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |
|             |                  |        |                    |       |      |       |       |       |       |        |                          |

Proj. file: 21072.15 Detention.gpw

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## **Hydrograph Summary Report**

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| Hyd.<br>No. | Hydrograph<br>type<br>(origin) | Peak<br>flow<br>(cfs) | Time<br>interval<br>(min) | Time to<br>Peak<br>(min) | Hyd.<br>volume<br>(cuft) | Inflow<br>hyd(s) | Maximum<br>elevation<br>(ft) | Total<br>strge used<br>(cuft) | Hydrograph<br>Description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1           | Rational                       | 3.679                 | 1                         | 5                        | 1,104                    |                  |                              |                               | Post Developed            |
| 2           | Reservoir                      | 0.007                 | 1                         | 10                       | 907                      | 1                | 996.08                       | 1,101                         | <no description=""></no>  |
| 3           | Rational                       | 0.304                 | 1                         | 10                       | 182                      |                  |                              |                               | No detention              |
|             | Rational                       | 0.304                 | 1 1                       | 10 10                    | 182                      | 2, 3             |                              |                               | No detention Total Post   |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
| 210         | 72.15 Detenti                  | ion.gpw               |                           |                          | Return P                 | eriod: 1 Ye      | ear                          | Thursday, 0                   | 05 / 12 / 2022            |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

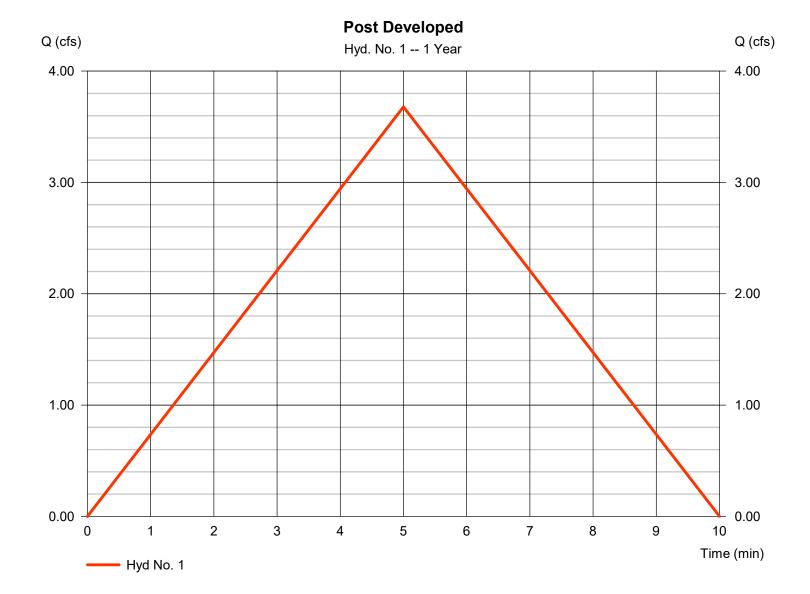
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 1

Post Developed

= Rational Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 3.679 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 5 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,104 cuftDrainage area Runoff coeff. = 1.400 ac= 0.9Tc by User  $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ Intensity = 2.920 in/hr

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



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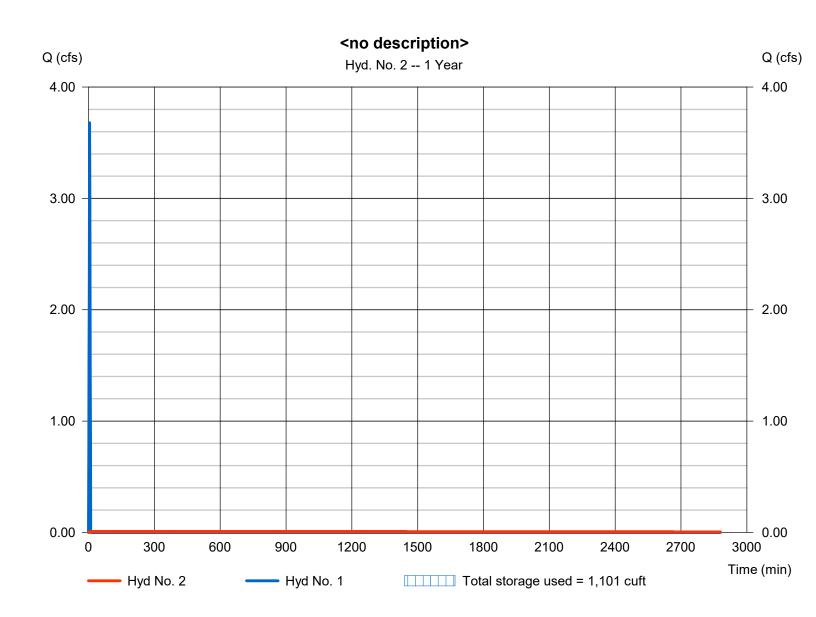
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 2

<no description>

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.007 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 907 cuft = 1 - Post Developed Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation  $= 996.08 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = UG pipes Max. Storage = 1,101 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



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Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

### Pond No. 2 - UG pipes

#### **Pond Data**

UG Chambers -Invert elev. = 995.00 ft, Rise x Span = 4.00 x 4.00 ft, Barrel Len = 200.00 ft, No. Barrels = 2, Slope = 0.00%, Headers = No

#### Stage / Storage Table

= n/a

Multi-Stage

| Stage (ft) | Elevation (ft) | Contour area (sqft) | Incr. Storage (cuft) | Total storage (cuft) |
|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0.00       | 995.00         | n/a                 | 0                    | 0                    |
| 0.40       | 995.40         | n/a                 | 262                  | 262                  |
| 0.80       | 995.80         | n/a                 | 454                  | 716                  |
| 1.20       | 996.20         | n/a                 | 553                  | 1,269                |
| 1.60       | 996.60         | n/a                 | 609                  | 1,878                |
| 2.00       | 997.00         | n/a                 | 636                  | 2,514                |
| 2.40       | 997.40         | n/a                 | 636                  | 3,151                |
| 2.80       | 997.80         | n/a                 | 609                  | 3,759                |
| 3.20       | 998.20         | n/a                 | 553                  | 4,312                |
| 3.60       | 998.60         | n/a                 | 454                  | 4,766                |
| 4.00       | 999.00         | n/a                 | 261                  | 5,028                |

Yes

Yes

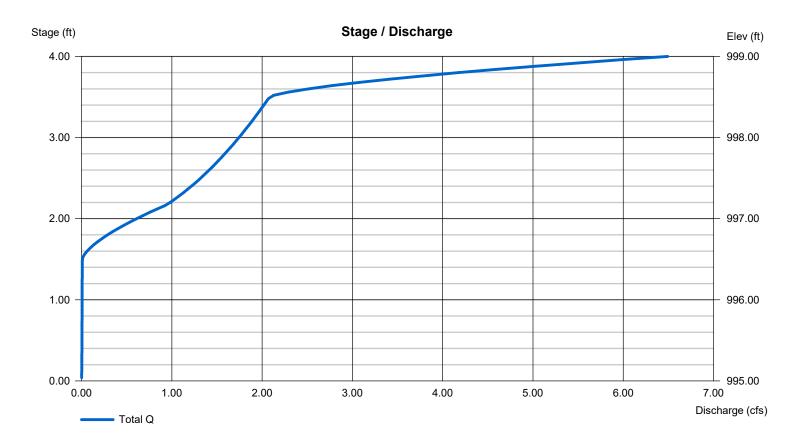
No

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures Weir Structures** [PrfRsr] [A] [C] [A] [B] [C] [B] [D] = 18.00 0.50 8.00 = 3.500.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Rise (in) Crest Len (ft) Span (in) = 18.000.50 6.00 0.00 Crest El. (ft) = 998.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 No. Barrels = 1 1 1 0 Weir Coeff. = 3.333.33 3.33 3.33 996.50 Invert El. (ft) = 995.00 995.00 0.00 Weir Type = Rect = 25.00 0.10 0.10 0.00 Multi-Stage = Yes No No No Length (ft) 0.00 0.00 Slope (%) = 0.50n/a = .013 .013 N-Value .013 n/a Orifice Coeff. = 0.600.60 0.60 0.60 Exfil.(in/hr) = 0.000 (by Wet area)

TW Elev. (ft)

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).

= 0.00



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Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

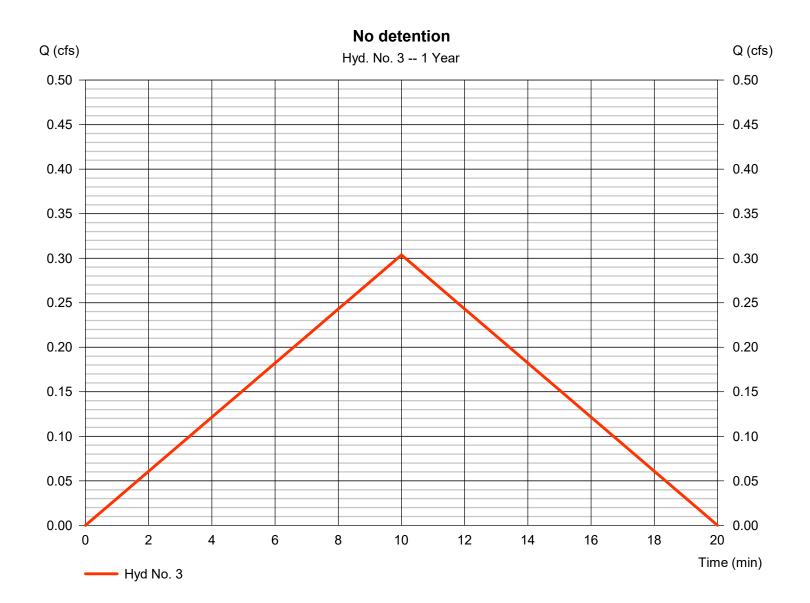
## Hyd. No. 3

No detention

Hydrograph type = Rational Peak discharge = 0.304 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 182 cuft Drainage area Runoff coeff. = 0.130 ac= 0.8

Intensity = 2.920 in/hr Tc by User = 10.00 min

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



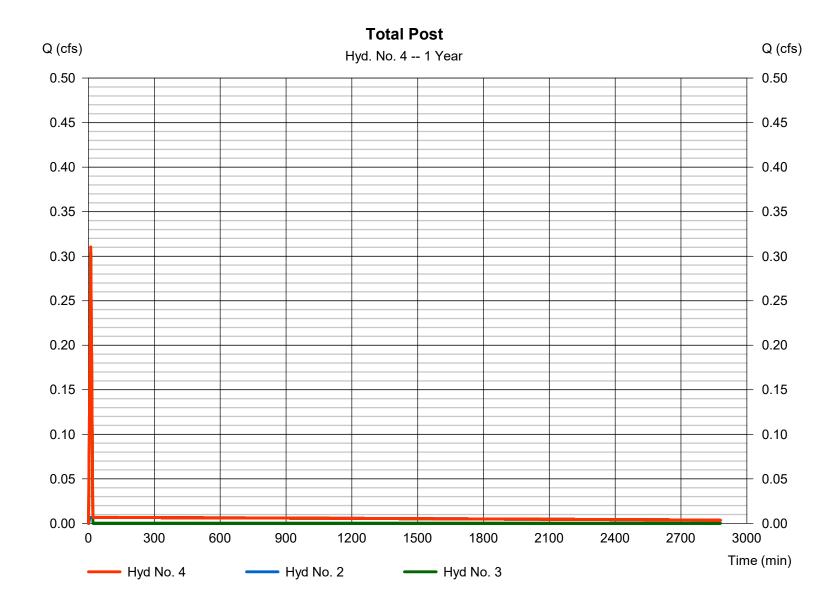
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Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 4

**Total Post** 

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.310 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,089 cuftInflow hyds. = 2, 3 Contrib. drain. area = 0.130 ac



## **Hydrograph Summary Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

| Hyd.<br>No. | Hydrograph<br>type<br>(origin) | Peak<br>flow<br>(cfs) | Time<br>interval<br>(min) | Time to<br>Peak<br>(min) | Hyd.<br>volume<br>(cuft) | Inflow<br>hyd(s) | Maximum<br>elevation<br>(ft) | Total<br>strge used<br>(cuft) | Hydrograph<br>Description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1           | Rational                       | 6.811                 | 1                         | 5                        | 2,043                    |                  |                              |                               | Post Developed            |
| 2           | Reservoir                      | 0.152                 | 1                         | 10                       | 1,425                    | 1                | 996.69                       | 2,025                         | <no description=""></no>  |
| 3           | Rational                       | 0.458                 | 1                         | 10                       | 275                      |                  |                              |                               | No detention              |
| 4           | Combine                        | 0.610                 | 1                         | 10                       | 1,699                    | 2, 3             |                              |                               | Total Post                |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
| 210         | )72.15 Deten                   | tion anw              |                           |                          | Return                   | Period: 2 Y      | ear                          | Thursday                      | 05 / 12 / 2022            |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

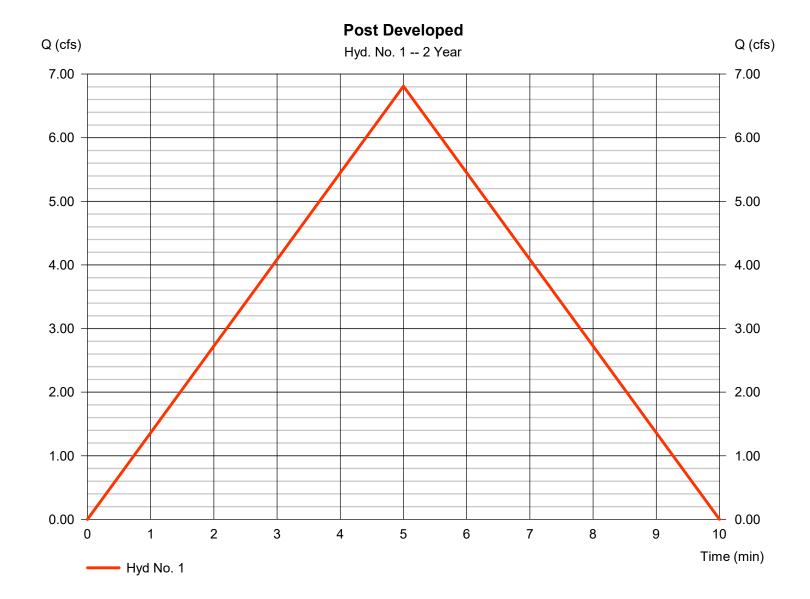
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 1

Post Developed

= Rational Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 6.811 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 5 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2,043 cuftDrainage area Runoff coeff. = 1.400 ac= 0.9Tc by User  $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ Intensity = 5.406 in/hr

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

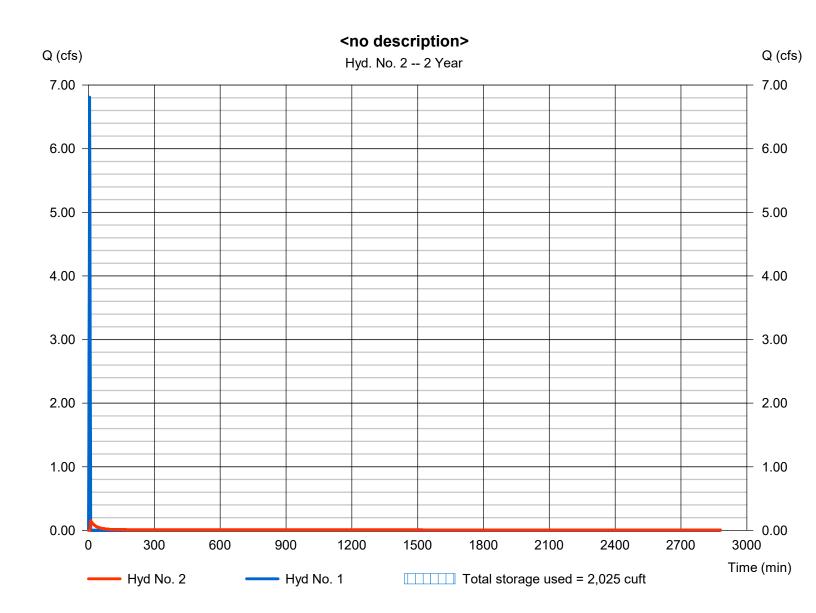
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 2

<no description>

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.152 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,425 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 1 - Post Developed  $= 996.69 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = UG pipes Max. Storage = 2,025 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

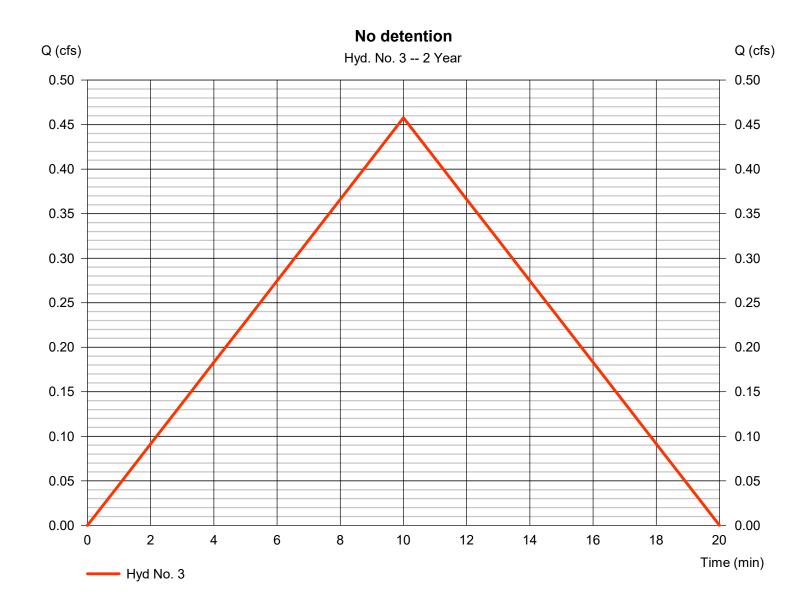
## Hyd. No. 3

No detention

= Rational Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.458 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 275 cuft Drainage area Runoff coeff. = 0.130 ac= 0.8

Intensity = 4.400 in/hr Tc by User = 10.00 min

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



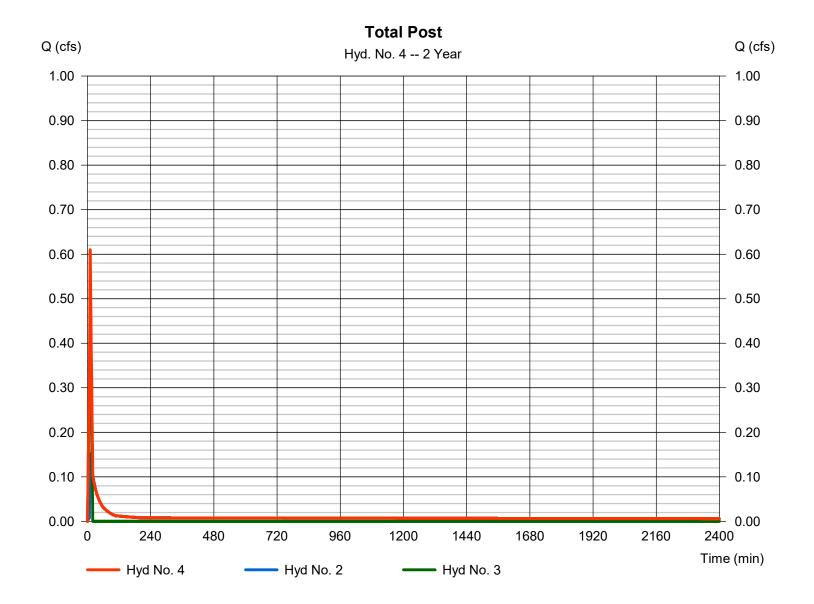
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 4

**Total Post** 

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.610 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,699 cuftInflow hyds. = 2, 3 Contrib. drain. area = 0.130 ac



# **Hydrograph Summary Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

| Hyd.<br>No. | Hydrograph<br>type<br>(origin) | Peak<br>flow<br>(cfs) | Time<br>interval<br>(min) | Time to<br>Peak<br>(min) | Hyd.<br>volume<br>(cuft) | Inflow<br>hyd(s)       | Maximum<br>elevation<br>(ft) | Total<br>strge used<br>(cuft) | Hydrograph<br>Description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1           | Rational                       | 9.259                 | 1                         | 5                        | 2,778                    |                        |                              |                               | Post Developed            |
| 2           | Reservoir                      | 0.767                 | 1                         | 10                       | 2,150                    | 1                      | 997.08                       | 2,647                         | <no description=""></no>  |
| 3           | Rational                       | 0.632                 | 1                         | 10                       | 379                      |                        |                              |                               | No detention              |
| 4           | Combine                        | 1.399                 | 1                         | 10                       | 2,529                    | 2, 3                   |                              |                               | Total Post                |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                        |                              |                               |                           |
| 210         | )72.15 Detent                  | tion.gpw              | 1                         | ı                        | Return I                 | Return Period: 10 Year |                              |                               | 05 / 12 / 2022            |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

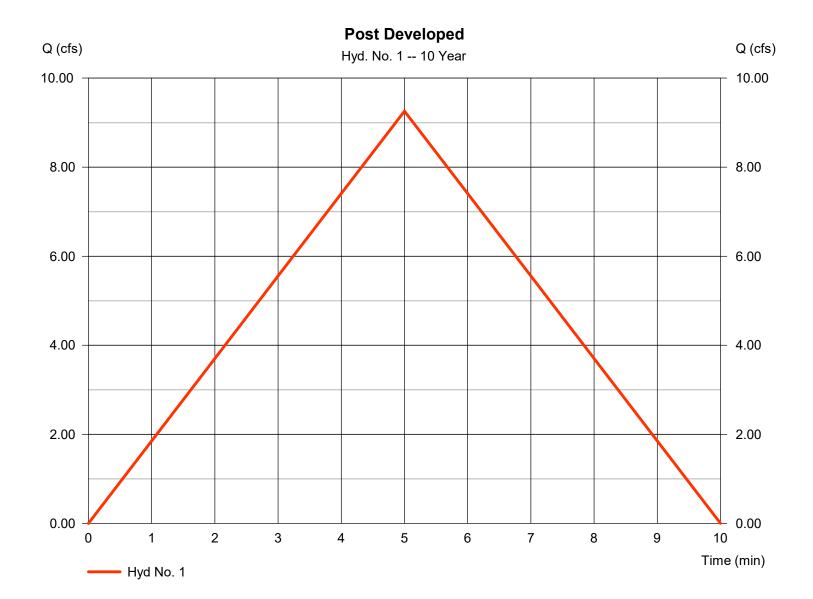
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 1

Post Developed

= 9.259 cfsHydrograph type = Rational Peak discharge Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 5 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2,778 cuftDrainage area Runoff coeff. = 0.9= 1.400 acTc by User  $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ Intensity = 7.348 in/hr

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

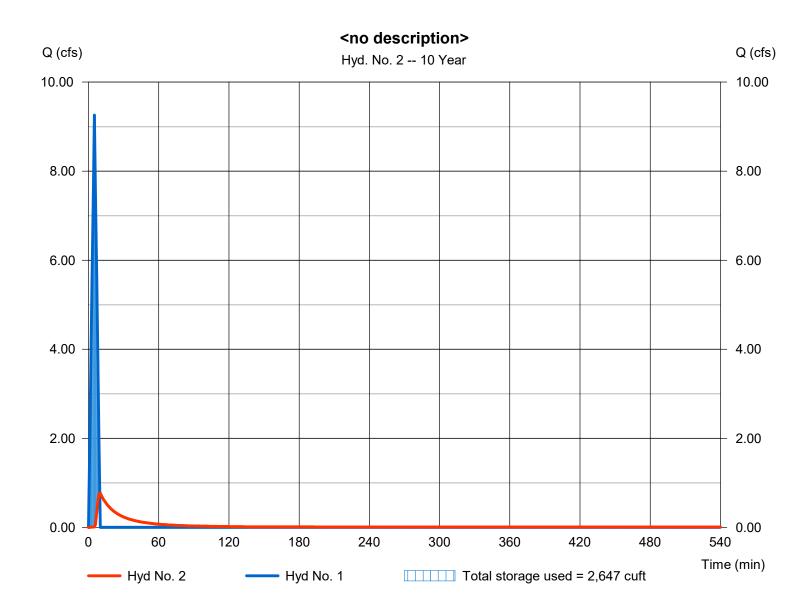
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 2

<no description>

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.767 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2,150 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 1 - Post Developed = 997.08 ftReservoir name = UG pipes Max. Storage = 2,647 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

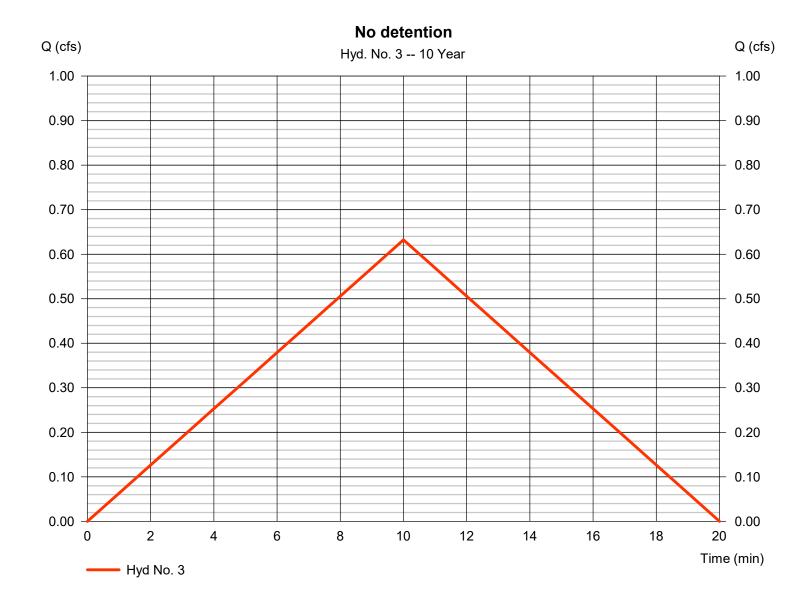
## Hyd. No. 3

No detention

Hydrograph type = Rational Peak discharge = 0.632 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 10 yrs= 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 379 cuft Drainage area Runoff coeff. = 0.130 ac= 0.8

Intensity = 6.079 in/hr Tc by User = 10.00 min

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



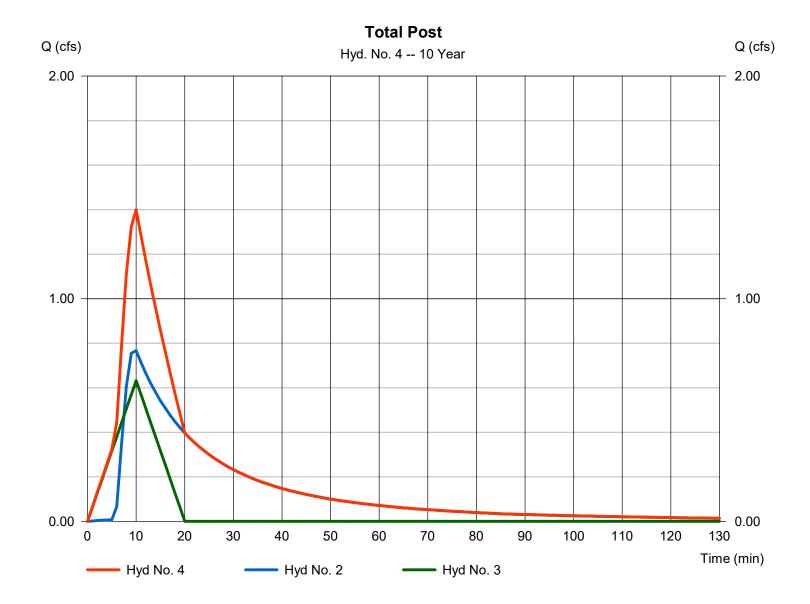
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

### Hyd. No. 4

**Total Post** 

Hydrograph type = 1.399 cfs= Combine Peak discharge Storm frequency Time to peak = 10 yrs= 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2,529 cuft Inflow hyds. = 2, 3 Contrib. drain. area = 0.130 ac



# **Hydrograph Summary Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

| Hyd.<br>No. | Hydrograph<br>type<br>(origin) | Peak<br>flow<br>(cfs) | Time<br>interval<br>(min) | Time to<br>Peak<br>(min) | Hyd.<br>volume<br>(cuft) | Inflow<br>hyd(s) | Maximum<br>elevation<br>(ft) | Total<br>strge used<br>(cuft) | Hydrograph<br>Description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1           | Rational                       | 16.22                 | 1                         | 5                        | 4,865                    |                  |                              |                               | Post Developed            |
| 2           | Reservoir                      | 1.935                 | 1                         | 9                        | 4,230                    | 1                | 998.27                       | 4,394                         | <no description=""></no>  |
| 3           | Rational                       | 1.002                 | 1                         | 10                       | 601                      |                  |                              |                               | No detention              |
| 4           | Combine                        | 2.927                 | 1                         | 10                       | 4,831                    | 2, 3             |                              |                               | Total Post                |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
|             |                                |                       |                           |                          |                          |                  |                              |                               |                           |
| 210         | <br> <br>                      | ion.gpw               |                           |                          | Return F                 | Period: 100      | Year                         | Thursday,                     | <br>05 / 12 / 2022        |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

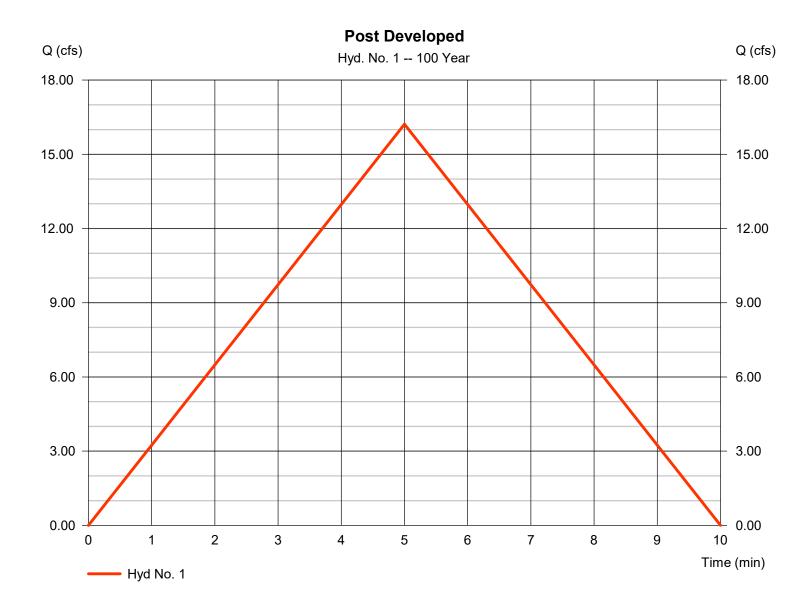
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 1

Post Developed

= 16.22 cfsHydrograph type = Rational Peak discharge Storm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 5 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 4,865 cuftDrainage area Runoff coeff. = 1.400 ac= 0.9Tc by User  $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ Intensity = 12.871 in/hr

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

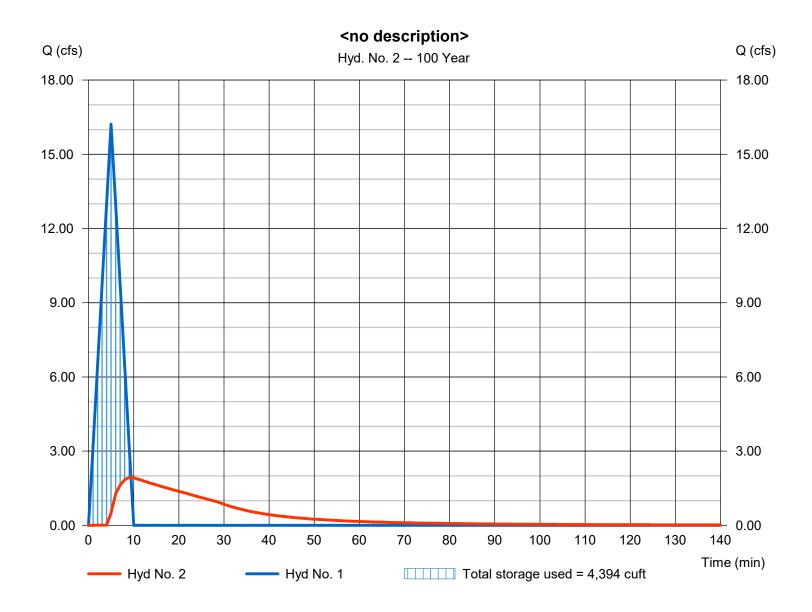
Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

### Hyd. No. 2

<no description>

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 1.935 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 9 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 4,230 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 998.27 ft= 1 - Post Developed Reservoir name = UG pipes Max. Storage = 4,394 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

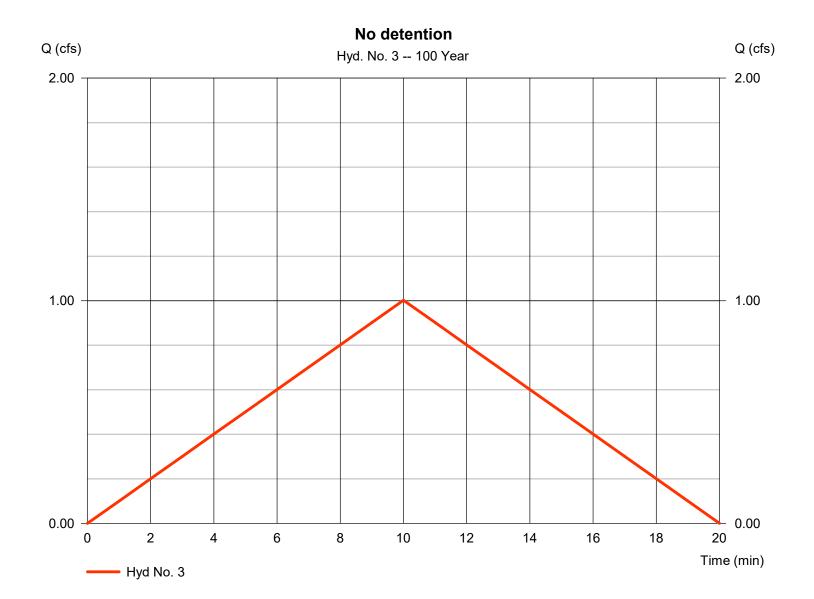
## Hyd. No. 3

No detention

Hydrograph type = Rational Peak discharge = 1.002 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 10 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 601 cuft Drainage area Runoff coeff. = 0.130 ac= 0.8

Intensity = 9.636 in/hr Tc by User = 10.00 min

IDF Curve = KCAPWA 1.37".IDF Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1



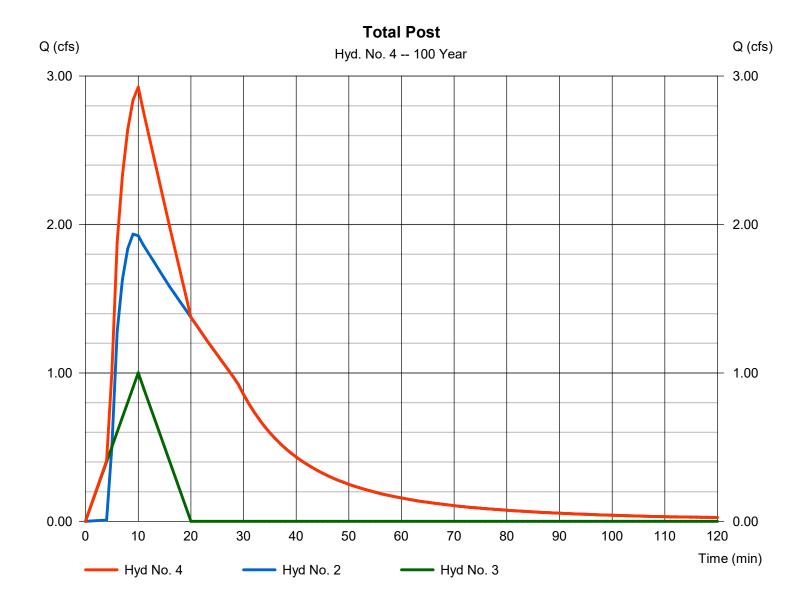
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

## Hyd. No. 4

**Total Post** 

Hydrograph type = Combine Storm frequency = 100 yrs Time interval = 1 min Inflow hyds. = 2, 3 Peak discharge = 2.927 cfs
Time to peak = 10 min
Hyd. volume = 4,831 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.130 ac



# **Hydraflow Rainfall Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

| Return<br>Period | Intensity-Duration-Frequency Equation Coefficients (FHA) |         |        |       |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| (Yrs)            | В                                                        | D       | E      | (N/A) |  |  |  |  |
| 1                | 2.9200                                                   | 0.1000  | 0.0000 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 2                | 110.7137                                                 | 16.5000 | 0.9842 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 3                | 0.0000                                                   | 0.0000  | 0.0000 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 5                | 168.3971                                                 | 19.5000 | 1.0189 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 10               | 183.3473                                                 | 19.2000 | 1.0096 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 25               | 103.5313                                                 | 15.9000 | 0.8218 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 50               | 235.4014                                                 | 19.9000 | 1.0020 |       |  |  |  |  |
| 100              | 83.7894                                                  | 6.1000  | 0.7783 |       |  |  |  |  |

File name: KCAPWA 1.37".IDF

### Intensity = B / (Tc + D)^E

| Return          |       |      |      | Intensity Values (in/hr) |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|-----------------|-------|------|------|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Period<br>(Yrs) | 5 min | 10   | 15   | 20                       | 25   | 30   | 35   | 40   | 45   | 50   | 55   | 60   |
| 1               | 2.92  | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92                     | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.92 |
| 2               | 5.41  | 4.40 | 3.71 | 3.21                     | 2.83 | 2.53 | 2.29 | 2.09 | 1.92 | 1.78 | 1.66 | 1.55 |
| 3               | 0.00  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00                     | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 5               | 6.47  | 5.35 | 4.56 | 3.98                     | 3.52 | 3.16 | 2.86 | 2.62 | 2.41 | 2.24 | 2.08 | 1.95 |
| 10              | 7.35  | 6.08 | 5.18 | 4.52                     | 4.00 | 3.59 | 3.26 | 2.98 | 2.74 | 2.54 | 2.37 | 2.22 |
| 25              | 8.51  | 7.14 | 6.17 | 5.46                     | 4.90 | 4.46 | 4.10 | 3.79 | 3.54 | 3.31 | 3.12 | 2.95 |
| 50              | 9.39  | 7.82 | 6.70 | 5.86                     | 5.20 | 4.68 | 4.25 | 3.90 | 3.60 | 3.34 | 3.12 | 2.92 |
| 100             | 12.87 | 9.64 | 7.81 | 6.62                     | 5.77 | 5.14 | 4.65 | 4.25 | 3.92 | 3.65 | 3.41 | 3.21 |

Tc = time in minutes. Values may exceed 60.

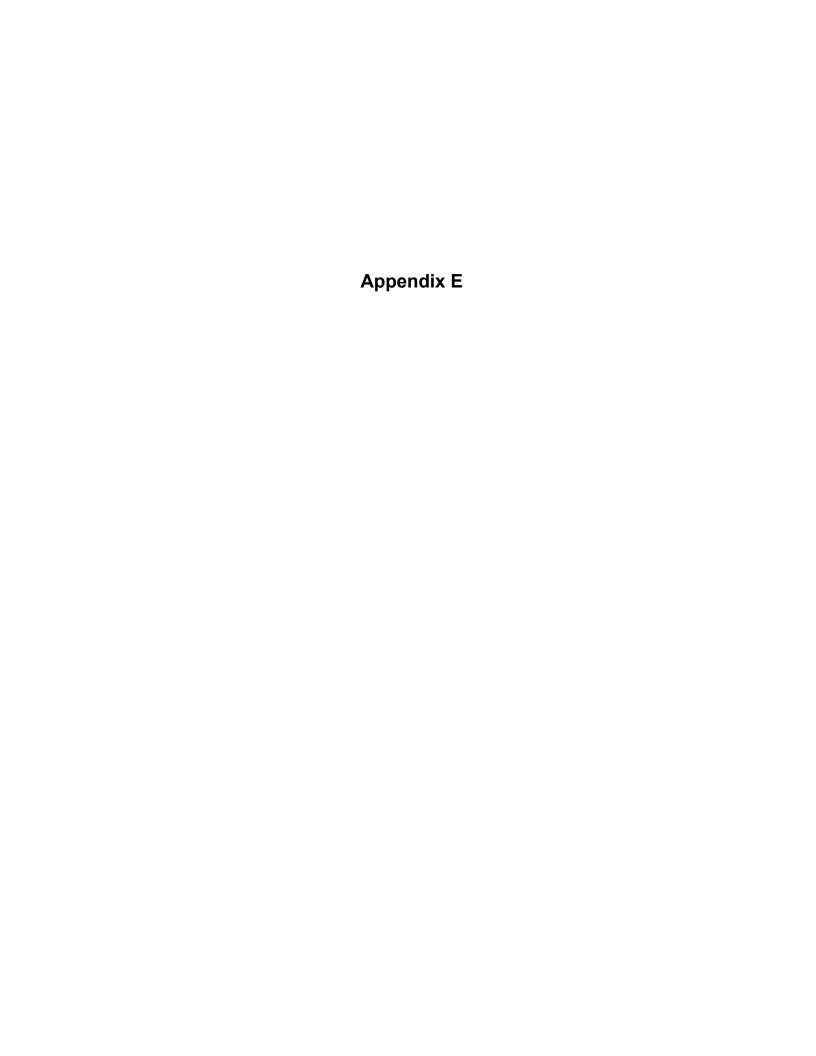
Precip. file name: P:\Civil Details\Davidson AE\Hydraflow Storm Sewer\SCS 24-hr Rainfall.pcp

|                       |      | Rainfall Precipitation Table (in) |      |      |       |       |       |        |  |  |
|-----------------------|------|-----------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--|--|
| Storm<br>Distribution | 1-yr | 2-yr                              | 3-yr | 5-yr | 10-yr | 25-yr | 50-yr | 100-yr |  |  |
| SCS 24-hour           | 2.85 | 3.50                              | 0.00 | 4.50 | 5.30  | 6.10  | 6.90  | 7.50   |  |  |
| SCS 6-Hr              | 0.00 | 1.80                              | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.60  | 2.90  | 0.00  | 4.00   |  |  |
| Huff-1st              | 0.00 | 1.55                              | 0.00 | 2.75 | 4.00  | 5.38  | 6.50  | 8.00   |  |  |
| Huff-2nd              | 0.00 | 0.00                              | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00   |  |  |
| Huff-3rd              | 0.00 | 0.00                              | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00   |  |  |
| Huff-4th              | 0.00 | 0.00                              | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00   |  |  |
| Huff-Indy             | 0.00 | 0.00                              | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00   |  |  |
| Custom                | 0.00 | 1.75                              | 0.00 | 2.80 | 3.90  | 5.25  | 6.00  | 7.10   |  |  |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2021

Thursday, 05 / 12 / 2022

| Watershed Model Schematic                             | 1    |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Hydrograph Return Period Recap                        | 2    |
| 1 - Year                                              |      |
| Summary Report                                        |      |
| Hydrograph Reports                                    |      |
| Hydrograph No. 1, Rational, Post Developed            |      |
| Hydrograph No. 2, Reservoir, <no description=""></no> |      |
| Pond Report - UG pipes                                |      |
| Hydrograph No. 3, Rational, No detention              |      |
| Hydrograph No. 4, Combine, Total Post                 | 8    |
| 2 - Year                                              |      |
| Summary Report                                        | 9    |
| Hydrograph Reports                                    |      |
| Hydrograph No. 1, Rational, Post Developed            | . 10 |
| Hydrograph No. 2, Reservoir, <no description=""></no> | . 11 |
| Hydrograph No. 3, Rational, No detention              | . 12 |
| Hydrograph No. 4, Combine, Total Post                 | . 13 |
| 10 - Year                                             |      |
| Summary Report                                        | 14   |
| Hydrograph Reports                                    |      |
| Hydrograph No. 1, Rational, Post Developed            |      |
| Hydrograph No. 2, Reservoir, <no description=""></no> |      |
| Hydrograph No. 3, Rational, No detention              |      |
| Hydrograph No. 4, Combine, Total Post                 |      |
| 100 - Year                                            |      |
| Summary Report                                        | 19   |
| Hydrograph Reports                                    |      |
| Hydrograph No. 1, Rational, Post Developed            |      |
| Hydrograph No. 2, Reservoir, <no description=""></no> |      |
| Hydrograph No. 3, Rational, No detention              |      |
| Hydrograph No. 4, Combine, Total Post                 |      |
| IDE Bonort                                            | 24   |





# **Hydrodynamic Separation Product Calculator**

150 & Ward Mutli-Family BMP #1 - East HDS CDS 3035-6

|              | Project Information     |       |        |          |              |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------|--------|----------|--------------|--|--|
| Project Name | 150 & Ward Mutli-Family |       |        | Option # | A            |  |  |
| Country      | UNITED_STATES           | State | Kansas | City     | Lee's Summit |  |  |

| Contact Information |                                  |           |              |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| First Name          | Logan                            | Last Name | Green        |  |  |  |  |
| Company             | Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. | Phone #   | 913-309-9390 |  |  |  |  |
| Email               | ogan.green@kimley-horn.com       |           |              |  |  |  |  |

| Design Criteria                      |                   |                         |                                 |                                |       |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Site Designation                     | BMP #1 - East HDS |                         | Sizing Method                   | Net Annual                     |       |  |  |  |
| Screening Required?                  | No                | Drainage Area (ac)      | 6.00                            | Peak Flow (cfs)                | 55.00 |  |  |  |
| Groundwater Depth (ft)               | >15               | Pipe Invert Depth (ft)  | 5 - 10                          | Bedrock Depth (ft)             | >15   |  |  |  |
| Multiple Inlets?                     | No                | Grate Inlet Required?   | No                              | Pipe Size (in)                 | 36.00 |  |  |  |
| Required Particle Size Distribution? | 1                 | 90° between two inlets? | N/A                             | 180° between inlet and outlet? | No    |  |  |  |
| Runoff Coefficient                   | 0.80              | Rainfall Station        | 88 - Kansas City<br>Airport, MO | TC (Min)                       | 5     |  |  |  |

|                | Treatment Selection |                                  |        |                                 |        |  |  |  |  |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Treatment Unit | CDS                 | System Model                     | 3035-6 |                                 |        |  |  |  |  |
| Target Removal | 80%                 | Particle Size Distribution (PSD) |        | Predicted Net Annual<br>Removal | 82.97% |  |  |  |  |



## **Hydrodynamic Separation Product Calculator**

150 & Ward Mutli-Family BMP #1 - East HDS CDS 3035-6

| Rainfall<br>Intensity¹ (in/hr) | % Rainfall<br>Volume <sup>1</sup> | Cumulative<br>Rainfall Volume | Rainfall<br>Volume<br>Treated | Total Flowrate<br>(cfs) | Treated Flowrate (cfs) | Operating Rate (%) | Removal<br>Efficiency (%)     | Incremental<br>Removal (%) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0.0200                         | 7.62%                             | 7.62%                         | 7.62%                         | 0.0960                  | 0.0960                 | 2.53%              | 100.00%                       | 7.62%                      |
| 0.0400                         | 6.92%                             | 14.54%                        | 6.92%                         | 0.1920                  | 0.1920                 | 5.05%              | 100.00%                       | 6.92%                      |
| 0.0600                         | 6.88%                             | 21.42%                        | 6.88%                         | 0.2880                  | 0.2880                 | 7.58%              | 99.89%                        | 6.87%                      |
| 0.0800                         | 5.87%                             | 27.29%                        | 5.87%                         | 0.3840                  | 0.3840                 | 10.11%             | 99.39%                        | 5.83%                      |
| 0.1000                         | 5.69%                             | 32.98%                        | 5.69%                         | 0.4800                  | 0.4800                 | 12.63%             | 98.88%                        | 5.63%                      |
| 0.1200                         | 4.58%                             | 37.56%                        | 4.58%                         | 0.5760                  | 0.5760                 | 15.16%             | 98.38%                        | 4.51%                      |
| 0.1400                         | 3.28%                             | 40.84%                        | 3.28%                         | 0.6720                  | 0.6720                 | 17.68%             | 97.87%                        | 3.21%                      |
| 0.1600                         | 5.29%                             | 46.13%                        | 5.29%                         | 0.7680                  | 0.7680                 | 20.21%             | 97.37%                        | 5.15%                      |
| 0.1800                         | 2.65%                             | 48.78%                        | 2.65%                         | 0.8640                  | 0.8640                 | 22.74%             | 96.86%                        | 2.57%                      |
| 0.2000                         | 3.39%                             | 52.17%                        | 3.39%                         | 0.9600                  | 0.9600                 | 25.26%             | 96.36%                        | 3.27%                      |
| 0.2500                         | 6.29%                             | 58.46%                        | 6.29%                         | 1.2000                  | 1.2000                 | 31.58%             | 95.09%                        | 5.98%                      |
| 0.3000                         | 5.13%                             | 63.59%                        | 5.13%                         | 1.4400                  | 1.4400                 | 37.89%             | 93.83%                        | 4.81%                      |
| 0.3500                         | 4.25%                             | 67.84%                        | 4.25%                         | 1.6800                  | 1.6800                 | 44.21%             | 92.56%                        | 3.93%                      |
| 0.4000                         | 3.99%                             | 71.83%                        | 3.99%                         | 1.9200                  | 1.9200                 | 50.53%             | 91.30%                        | 3.64%                      |
| 0.4500                         | 2.93%                             | 74.76%                        | 2.93%                         | 2.1600                  | 2.1600                 | 56.84%             | 90.04%                        | 2.64%                      |
| 0.5000                         | 2.19%                             | 76.95%                        | 2.19%                         | 2.4000                  | 2.4000                 | 63.16%             | 88.77%                        | 1.94%                      |
| 0.7500                         | 8.46%                             | 85.41%                        | 8.46%                         | 3.6000                  | 3.6000                 | 94.74%             | 82.45%                        | 6.98%                      |
| 1.0000                         | 8.40%                             | 93.81%                        | 6.65%                         | 4.8000                  | 3.8000                 | 100.00%            | 64.44%                        | 5.41%                      |
| 1.5000                         | 5.15%                             | 98.96%                        | 2.72%                         | 7.2000                  | 3.8000                 | 100.00%            | 42.96%                        | 2.21%                      |
| 2.0000                         | 0.42%                             | 99.38%                        | 0.17%                         | 9.6000                  | 3.8000                 | 100.00%            | 32.22%                        | 0.14%                      |
| 2.5000                         | 0.63%                             | 100.01%                       | 0.20%                         | 12.0000                 | 3.8000                 | 100.00%            | 25.78%                        | 0.16%                      |
|                                |                                   |                               |                               | <u> </u>                |                        |                    |                               | 89.42%                     |
|                                |                                   |                               |                               |                         |                        | Removal Efficier   | ncy Adjustment <sup>2</sup> = | 6.45%                      |
|                                |                                   |                               |                               |                         | Pre                    | edicted % Annual I | Rainfall Treated =            | 88.70%                     |
|                                |                                   |                               |                               |                         | Predicted Net          | Annual Load Rer    | noval Efficiency =            | 82.97%                     |

<sup>1 -</sup> Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC 4358, Kansas City WSMO AP, Platte County, MO

<sup>2 -</sup> Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.

# SECTION (\_\_\_\_\_) STORM WATER TREATMENT DEVICE

#### 1.0 GENERAL

- 1.1 This item shall govern the furnishing and installation of the CDS® by Contech Engineered Solutions LLC, complete and operable as shown and as specified herein, in accordance with the requirements of the plans and contract documents.
- 1.2 The Contractor shall furnish all labor, equipment and materials necessary to install the storm water treatment device(s) (SWTD) and appurtenances specified in the Drawings and these specifications.
- 1.3 The manufacturer of the SWTD shall be one that is regularly engaged in the engineering design and production of systems deployed for the treatment of storm water runoff for at least five (5) years and which have a history of successful production, acceptable to the Engineer. In accordance with the Drawings, the SWTD(s) shall be a CDS® device manufactured by:

Contech Engineered Solutions LLC 9025 Centre Pointe Drive West Chester, OH, 45069 Tel: 1 800 338 1122

#### 1.4 Related Sections

1.4.1 Section 02240: Dewatering

1.4.2 Section 02260: Excavation Support and Protection

1.4.3 Section 02315: Excavation and Fill1.4.4 Section 02340: Soil Stabilization

- 1.5 All components shall be subject to inspection by the engineer at the place of manufacture and/or installation. All components are subject to being rejected or identified for repair if the quality of materials and manufacturing do not comply with the requirements of this specification. Components which have been identified as defective may be subject for repair where final acceptance of the component is contingent on the discretion of the Engineer.
- 1.6 The manufacturer shall guarantee the SWTD components against all manufacturer originated defects in materials or workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months from the date the components are delivered to the owner for installation. The manufacturer shall upon its determination repair, correct or replace any manufacturer originated defects advised in writing to the manufacturer within the referenced warranty period. The use of SWTD components shall be limited to the application for which it was specifically designed.
- 1.7 The SWTD manufacturer shall submit to the Engineer of Record a "Manufacturer's Performance Certification" certifying that each SWTD is capable of achieving the specified removal efficiencies listed in these specifications. The certification shall be supported by independent third-party research

1.8 No product substitutions shall be accepted unless submitted 10 days prior to project bid date, or as directed by the Engineer of Record. Submissions for substitutions require review and approval by the Engineer of Record, for hydraulic performance, impact to project designs, equivalent treatment performance, and any required project plan and report (hydrology/hydraulic, water quality, stormwater pollution) modifications that would be required by the approving jurisdictions/agencies. Contractor to coordinate with the Engineer of Record any applicable modifications to the project estimates of cost, bonding amount determinations, plan check fees for changes to approved documents, and/or any other regulatory requirements resulting from the product substitution.

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

- 2.1 Housing unit of stormwater treatment device shall be constructed of pre-cast or cast-in-place concrete, no exceptions. Precast concrete components shall conform to applicable sections of ASTM C 478, ASTM C 857 and ASTM C 858 and the following:
  - 2.1.1 Concrete shall achieve a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 4,000 pounds per square-inch (psi);
  - 2.1.2 Unless otherwise noted, the precast concrete sections shall be designed to withstand lateral earth and AASHTO H-20 traffic loads;
  - 2.1.3 Cement shall be Type III Portland Cement conforming to ASTM C 150;
  - 2.1.4 Aggregates shall conform to ASTM C 33;
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  - 2.1.6 Joints shall be sealed with preformed joint sealing compound conforming to ASTM C 990.
  - 2.1.7 Shipping of components shall not be initiated until a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi is attained or five (5) calendar days after fabrication has expired, whichever occurs first.
- 2.2 Internal Components and appurtenances shall conform to the following:
  - 2.2.1 Screen and support structure shall be manufactured of Type 316 and 316L stainless steel conforming to ASTM F 1267-01;
  - 2.2.2 Hardware shall be manufactured of Type 316 stainless steel conforming to ASTM A 320;
  - 2.2.3 Fiberglass components shall conform to applicable sections of ASTM D-4097
  - 2.2.4 Access system(s) conform to the following:
  - 2.2.5 Manhole castings shall be designed to withstand AASHTO H-20 loadings and manufactured of cast-iron conforming to ASTM A 48 Class 30.

#### 3.0 PERFORMANCE

- 3.1 The SWTD shall be sized to either achieve an 80 percent average annual reduction in the total suspended solid load with a particle size distribution having a mean particle size ( $d_{50}$ ) of 125 microns unless otherwise stated.
- 3.2 The SWTD shall be capable of capturing and retaining 100 percent of pollutants greater than or equal to 2.4 millimeters (mm) regardless of the pollutant's specific gravity (i.e.: floatable and neutrally buoyant materials) for flows up to the device's rated-treatment capacity. The SWTD shall be designed to retain all previously captured pollutants addressed by this

subsection under all flow conditions. The SWTD shall be capable of capturing and retaining total petroleum hydrocarbons. The SWTD shall be capable of achieving a removal efficiency of 92 and 78 percent when the device is operating at 25 and 50 percent of its rated-treatment capacity. These removal efficiencies shall be based on independent third-party research for influent oil concentrations representative of storm water runoff ( $20 \pm 5 \, \text{mg/L}$ ). The SWTD shall be greater than 99 percent effective in controlling dry-weather accidental oil spills.

- 3.3 The SWTD shall be designed with a sump chamber for the storage of captured sediments and other negatively buoyant pollutants in between maintenance cycles. The minimum storage capacity provided by the sump chamber shall be in accordance with the volume listed in Table 1. The boundaries of the sump chamber shall be limited to that which do not degrade the SWTD's treatment efficiency as captured pollutants accumulate. The sump chamber shall be separate from the treatment processing portion(s) of the SWTD to minimize the probability of fine particle re-suspension. In order to not restrict the Owner's ability to maintain the SWTD, the minimum dimension providing access from the ground surface to the sump chamber shall be 16 inches in diameter.
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- 3.6 The SWTD shall have completed field tested following TARP Tier II protocol requirements

#### 4.0 EXECUTION

- 4.1 The contractor shall exercise care in the storage and handling of the SWTD components prior to and during installation. Any repair or replacement costs associated with events occurring after delivery is accepted and unloading has commenced shall be borne by the contractor.
- 4.2 The SWTD shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and related sections of the contract documents. The manufacturer shall provide the contractor installation instructions and offer on-site guidance during the important stages of the installation as identified by the manufacturer at no additional expense. A minimum of 72 hours notice shall be provided to the manufacturer prior to their performance of the services included under this subsection.
- 4.3 The contractor shall fill all voids associated with lifting provisions provided by the manufacturer. These voids shall be filled with non-shrinking grout providing a finished surface consistent with adjacent surfaces. The contractor shall trim all protruding lifting provisions flush with the adjacent concrete surface in a manner, which leaves no sharp points or edges.

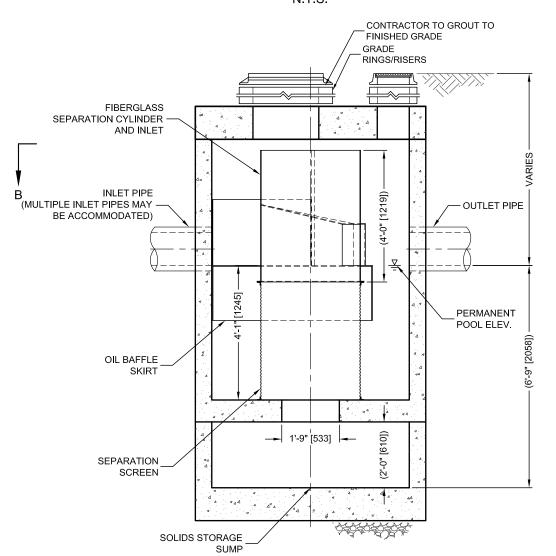
4.4 The contractor shall removal all loose material and pooling water from the SWTD prior to the transfer of operational responsibility to the Owner.

TABLE 1
Storm Water Treatment Device
Storage Capacities

| CDS Model    | Minimum Sump<br>Storage Capacity<br>(yd <sup>3</sup> )/(m <sup>3</sup> ) | Minimum Oil Storage<br>Capacity (gal)/(L) |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| CDS2015-4    | 0.9(0.7)                                                                 | 61(232)                                   |
| CDS2015-5    | 1.5(1.1)                                                                 | 83(313)                                   |
| CDS2020-5    | 1.5(1.1)                                                                 | 99(376)                                   |
| CDS2025-5    | 1.5(1.1)                                                                 | 116(439)                                  |
| CDS3020-6    | 2.1 (1.6)                                                                | 184(696)                                  |
| CDS3025-6    | 2.1(1.6)                                                                 | 210(795)                                  |
| CDS3030-6    | 2.1 (1.6)                                                                | 236(895)                                  |
| CDS3035-6    | 2.1 (1.6)                                                                | 263(994)                                  |
| CDS3535-7    | 2.9(2.2)                                                                 | 377(1426)                                 |
| CDS4030-8    | 5.6(4.3)                                                                 | 426(1612)                                 |
| CDS4040-8    | 5.6 (4.3)                                                                | 520(1970)                                 |
| CDS4045-8    | 5.6 (4.3)                                                                | 568(2149)                                 |
| CDS5640-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 758(2869)                                 |
| CDS5653-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 965(3652)                                 |
| CDS5668-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 1172(4435)                                |
| CDS5678-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 1309(4956)                                |
|              |                                                                          |                                           |
| CDS7070-DV   | 3.6(2.8)                                                                 | 914 (3459)                                |
| CDS10060-DV  | 5.0 (3.8)                                                                | 792 (2997)                                |
| CDS10080-DV  | 5.0 (3.8)                                                                | 1057 (4000)                               |
| CDS100100-DV | 5.0 (3.8)                                                                | 1320 (4996)                               |

**END OF SECTION** 

# PLAN VIEW B-B



## **ELEVATION A-A**



#### CDS3035-6-C DESIGN NOTES

THE STANDARD CDS3035-6-C CONFIGURATION IS SHOWN. ALTERNATE CONFIGURATIONS ARE AVAILABLE AND ARE LISTED BELOW. SOME CONFIGURATIONS MAY BE COMBINED TO SUIT SITE REQUIREMENTS.

#### **CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTION**

GRATED INLET ONLY (NO INLET PIPE)

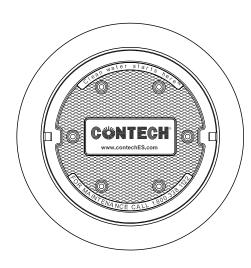
GRATED INLET WITH INLET PIPE OR PIPES

CURB INLET ONLY (NO INLET PIPE)

CURB INLET WITH INLET PIPE OR PIPES

SEPARATE OIL BAFFLE (SINGLE INLET PIPE REQUIRED FOR THIS CONFIGURATION)

SEDIMENT WEIR FOR NJDEP / NJCAT CONFORMING UNITS



## FRAME AND COVER

(DIAMETER VARIES) N.T.S. THESE VALUES ARE BASED ON ACTUAL FLOWS

#### SITE SPECIFIC **DATA REQUIREMENTS** STRUCTURE ID WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (CFS OR L/s) 49 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS OR L/s) RETURN PERIOD OF PEAK FLOW (YRS) 100 SCREEN APERTURE (2400 OR 4700) PIPE DATA: I.E. MATERIAL DIAMETER INLET PIPE 1 INLET PIPE 2 **OUTLET PIPE** RIM ELEVATION ANTI-FLOTATION BALLAST WIDTH HEIGHT NOTES/SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: PER ENGINEER OF RECORD

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTECH TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. DIMENSIONS MARKED WITH () ARE REFERENCE DIMENSIONS. ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY.
- 3. FOR FABRICATION DRAWINGS WITH DETAILED STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR CONTECH ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS LLC REPRESENTATIVE. www.contechES.com
- 4. CDS WATER QUALITY STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL DESIGN DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING.
- 5. STRUCTURE SHALL MEET AASHTO HS20 AND CASTINGS SHALL MEET HS20 (AASHTO M 306) LOAD RATING, ASSUMING GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW, THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. ENGINEER OF RECORD TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION.
- 6. PVC HYDRAULIC SHEAR PLATE IS PLACED ON SHELF AT BOTTOM OF SCREEN CYLINDER. REMOVE AND REPLACE AS NECESSARY DURING MAINTENANCE CLEANING.

#### INSTALLATION NOTES

- A. ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- B. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE CDS MANHOLE STRUCTURE (LIFTING CLUTCHES PROVIDED).
- C. CONTRACTOR TO ADD JOINT SEALANT BETWEEN ALL STRUCTURE SECTIONS, AND ASSEMBLE STRUCTURE.
- D. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE, INSTALL, AND GROUT PIPES. MATCH PIPE INVERTS WITH ELEVATIONS SHOWN
- E. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO ASSURE UNIT IS WATER TIGHT, HOLDING WATER TO FLOWLINE INVERT MINIMUM. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ALL JOINTS BELOW PIPE INVERTS ARE GROUTED.



800-338-1122 513-645-7000 513-645-7993 FAX

CDS3035-6-C INLINE CDS STANDARD DETAIL



THIS PRODUCT MAY BE PROTECTED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING U.S. PATENTS: 5,788,848; 6,641,720; 6,511,595; 6,581,783; RELATED FOREIGN PATENTS, OR OTHER PATENTS PENDING.



www.ContechES.com

9025 Centre Pointe Dr., Suite 400, West Chester, OH 45069

800-338-1122 513-645-7000 513-645-7993 FAX

CDS STORMWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM
TYPICAL OFFLINE LAYOUT
WITH BYPASS MANHOLE STRUCTURE

DATE:03/12/13 SCALE: NONE PROJECT No.: N/A SEQ. No.: N/A DRAWN: N/A CHECKED: N/A



## **Hydrodynamic Separation Product Calculator**

150 & Ward Mutli-Family BMP #2 - West HDS CDS 3025-6

| Project Information |                            |  |        |          |              |  |  |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--|--------|----------|--------------|--|--|
| Project Name        | 150 & Ward Mutli-Family    |  |        | Option # | А            |  |  |
| Country             | UNITED_STATES State Kansas |  | Kansas | City     | Lee's Summit |  |  |

| Contact Information |                                  |           |              |  |  |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|--|--|
| First Name          | Logan                            | Last Name | Green        |  |  |
| Company             | Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. | Phone #   | 913-309-9390 |  |  |
| Email               | logan.green@kimley-horn.com      |           |              |  |  |

| Design Criteria                      |                   |                         |                                 |                                |            |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Site Designation                     | BMP #2 - West HDS |                         |                                 | Sizing Method                  | Net Annual |  |  |
| Screening Required?                  | No                | Drainage Area (ac)      | 4.00                            | Peak Flow (cfs)                | 33.00      |  |  |
| Groundwater Depth (ft)               | >15               | Pipe Invert Depth (ft)  | 5 - 10                          | Bedrock Depth (ft)             | >15        |  |  |
| Multiple Inlets?                     | No                | Grate Inlet Required?   | No                              | Pipe Size (in)                 | 30.00      |  |  |
| Required Particle Size Distribution? | 1                 | 90° between two inlets? |                                 | 180° between inlet and outlet? | No         |  |  |
| Runoff Coefficient                   | 0.80              | Rainfall Station        | 88 - Kansas City<br>Airport, MO | TC (Min)                       | 5          |  |  |

| Treatment Selection |     |                                  |        |                                 |        |  |  |
|---------------------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| Treatment Unit      | CDS | System Model                     | 3025-6 |                                 |        |  |  |
| Target Removal      | 80% | Particle Size Distribution (PSD) |        | Predicted Net Annual<br>Removal | 82.45% |  |  |



## **Hydrodynamic Separation Product Calculator**

150 & Ward Mutli-Family BMP #2 - West HDS CDS 3025-6

| CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD |                                   |                               |                               |                         |                        |                       |                               |                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Rainfall<br>Intensity¹ (in/hr)                                                       | % Rainfall<br>Volume <sup>1</sup> | Cumulative<br>Rainfall Volume | Rainfall<br>Volume<br>Treated | Total Flowrate<br>(cfs) | Treated Flowrate (cfs) | Operating Rate<br>(%) | Removal<br>Efficiency (%)     | Incremental<br>Removal (%) |
| 0.0200                                                                               | 7.62%                             | 7.62%                         | 7.62%                         | 0.0640                  | 0.0640                 | 2.63%                 | 100.00%                       | 7.62%                      |
| 0.0400                                                                               | 6.92%                             | 14.54%                        | 6.92%                         | 0.1280                  | 0.1280                 | 5.27%                 | 100.00%                       | 6.92%                      |
| 0.0600                                                                               | 6.88%                             | 21.42%                        | 6.88%                         | 0.1920                  | 0.1920                 | 7.90%                 | 99.83%                        | 6.87%                      |
| 0.0800                                                                               | 5.87%                             | 27.29%                        | 5.87%                         | 0.2560                  | 0.2560                 | 10.53%                | 99.30%                        | 5.83%                      |
| 0.1000                                                                               | 5.69%                             | 32.98%                        | 5.69%                         | 0.3200                  | 0.3200                 | 13.17%                | 98.77%                        | 5.62%                      |
| 0.1200                                                                               | 4.58%                             | 37.56%                        | 4.58%                         | 0.3840                  | 0.3840                 | 15.80%                | 98.25%                        | 4.50%                      |
| 0.1400                                                                               | 3.28%                             | 40.84%                        | 3.28%                         | 0.4480                  | 0.4480                 | 18.44%                | 97.72%                        | 3.21%                      |
| 0.1600                                                                               | 5.29%                             | 46.13%                        | 5.29%                         | 0.5120                  | 0.5120                 | 21.07%                | 97.19%                        | 5.14%                      |
| 0.1800                                                                               | 2.65%                             | 48.78%                        | 2.65%                         | 0.5760                  | 0.5760                 | 23.70%                | 96.67%                        | 2.56%                      |
| 0.2000                                                                               | 3.39%                             | 52.17%                        | 3.39%                         | 0.6400                  | 0.6400                 | 26.34%                | 96.14%                        | 3.26%                      |
| 0.2500                                                                               | 6.29%                             | 58.46%                        | 6.29%                         | 0.8000                  | 0.8000                 | 32.92%                | 94.82%                        | 5.96%                      |
| 0.3000                                                                               | 5.13%                             | 63.59%                        | 5.13%                         | 0.9600                  | 0.9600                 | 39.51%                | 93.50%                        | 4.80%                      |
| 0.3500                                                                               | 4.25%                             | 67.84%                        | 4.25%                         | 1.1200                  | 1.1200                 | 46.09%                | 92.19%                        | 3.92%                      |
| 0.4000                                                                               | 3.99%                             | 71.83%                        | 3.99%                         | 1.2800                  | 1.2800                 | 52.67%                | 90.87%                        | 3.63%                      |
| 0.4500                                                                               | 2.93%                             | 74.76%                        | 2.93%                         | 1.4400                  | 1.4400                 | 59.26%                | 89.55%                        | 2.62%                      |
| 0.5000                                                                               | 2.19%                             | 76.95%                        | 2.19%                         | 1.6000                  | 1.6000                 | 65.84%                | 88.24%                        | 1.93%                      |
| 0.7500                                                                               | 8.46%                             | 85.41%                        | 8.46%                         | 2.4000                  | 2.4000                 | 98.77%                | 81.65%                        | 6.91%                      |
| 1.0000                                                                               | 8.40%                             | 93.81%                        | 6.38%                         | 3.2000                  | 2.4300                 | 100.00%               | 61.81%                        | 5.19%                      |
| 1.5000                                                                               | 5.15%                             | 98.96%                        | 2.61%                         | 4.8000                  | 2.4300                 | 100.00%               | 41.21%                        | 2.12%                      |
| 2.0000                                                                               | 0.42%                             | 99.38%                        | 0.16%                         | 6.4000                  | 2.4300                 | 100.00%               | 30.91%                        | 0.13%                      |
| 2.5000                                                                               | 0.63%                             | 100.01%                       | 0.19%                         | 8.0000                  | 2.4300                 | 100.00%               | 24.73%                        | 0.16%                      |
|                                                                                      |                                   |                               |                               | •                       |                        |                       |                               | 88.90%                     |
|                                                                                      |                                   |                               |                               |                         |                        | Removal Efficier      | ncy Adjustment <sup>2</sup> = | 6.45%                      |
|                                                                                      |                                   |                               |                               |                         | Pre                    | edicted % Annual I    | Rainfall Treated =            | 88.30%                     |
|                                                                                      |                                   |                               |                               |                         | Predicted Net          | t Annual Load Rer     | noval Efficiency =            | 82.45%                     |

<sup>1 -</sup> Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC 4358, Kansas City WSMO AP, Platte County, MO

<sup>2 -</sup> Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.

# SECTION (\_\_\_\_\_) STORM WATER TREATMENT DEVICE

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- 1.1 This item shall govern the furnishing and installation of the CDS® by Contech Engineered Solutions LLC, complete and operable as shown and as specified herein, in accordance with the requirements of the plans and contract documents.
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#### 4.0 EXECUTION

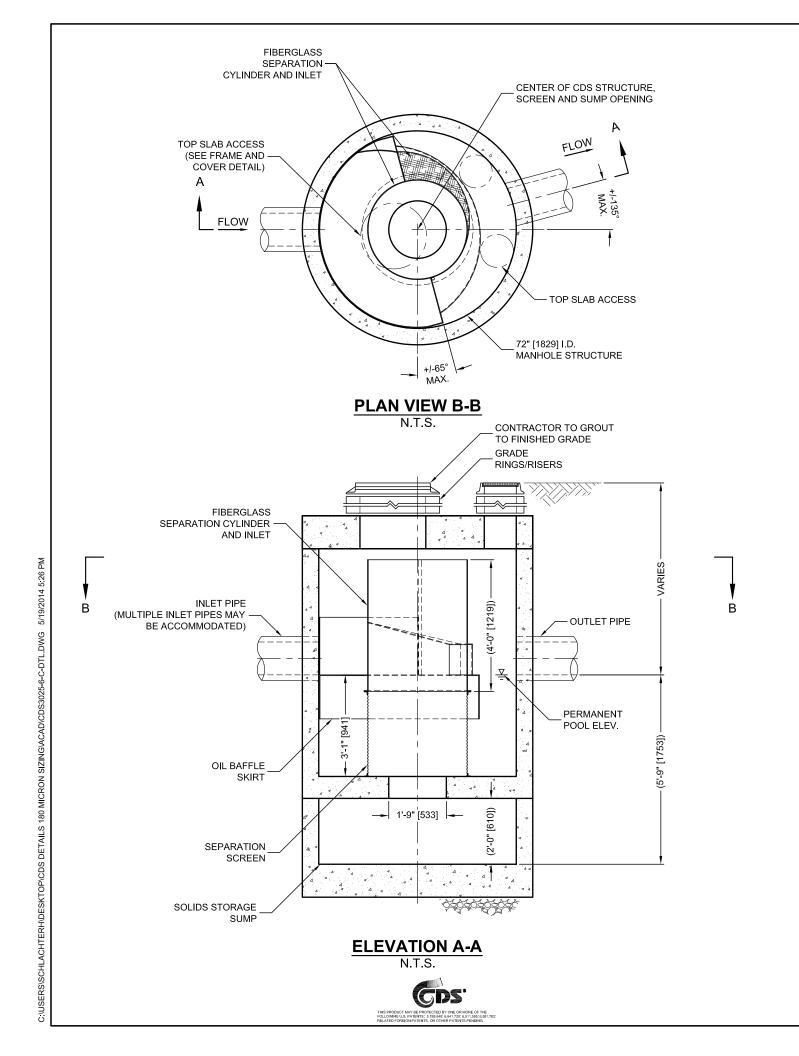
- 4.1 The contractor shall exercise care in the storage and handling of the SWTD components prior to and during installation. Any repair or replacement costs associated with events occurring after delivery is accepted and unloading has commenced shall be borne by the contractor.
- 4.2 The SWTD shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and related sections of the contract documents. The manufacturer shall provide the contractor installation instructions and offer on-site guidance during the important stages of the installation as identified by the manufacturer at no additional expense. A minimum of 72 hours notice shall be provided to the manufacturer prior to their performance of the services included under this subsection.
- 4.3 The contractor shall fill all voids associated with lifting provisions provided by the manufacturer. These voids shall be filled with non-shrinking grout providing a finished surface consistent with adjacent surfaces. The contractor shall trim all protruding lifting provisions flush with the adjacent concrete surface in a manner, which leaves no sharp points or edges.

4.4 The contractor shall removal all loose material and pooling water from the SWTD prior to the transfer of operational responsibility to the Owner.

TABLE 1
Storm Water Treatment Device
Storage Capacities

| CDS Model    | Minimum Sump<br>Storage Capacity<br>(yd <sup>3</sup> )/(m <sup>3</sup> ) | Minimum Oil Storage<br>Capacity (gal)/(L) |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| CDS2015-4    | 0.9(0.7)                                                                 | 61(232)                                   |
| CDS2015-5    | 1.5(1.1)                                                                 | 83(313)                                   |
| CDS2020-5    | 1.5(1.1)                                                                 | 99(376)                                   |
| CDS2025-5    | 1.5(1.1)                                                                 | 116(439)                                  |
| CDS3020-6    | 2.1 (1.6)                                                                | 184(696)                                  |
| CDS3025-6    | 2.1(1.6)                                                                 | 210(795)                                  |
| CDS3030-6    | 2.1 (1.6)                                                                | 236(895)                                  |
| CDS3035-6    | 2.1 (1.6)                                                                | 263(994)                                  |
| CDS3535-7    | 2.9(2.2)                                                                 | 377(1426)                                 |
| CDS4030-8    | 5.6(4.3)                                                                 | 426(1612)                                 |
| CDS4040-8    | 5.6 (4.3)                                                                | 520(1970)                                 |
| CDS4045-8    | 5.6 (4.3)                                                                | 568(2149)                                 |
| CDS5640-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 758(2869)                                 |
| CDS5653-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 965(3652)                                 |
| CDS5668-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 1172(4435)                                |
| CDS5678-10   | 8.7(6.7)                                                                 | 1309(4956)                                |
|              |                                                                          |                                           |
| CDS7070-DV   | 3.6(2.8)                                                                 | 914 (3459)                                |
| CDS10060-DV  | 5.0 (3.8)                                                                | 792 (2997)                                |
| CDS10080-DV  | 5.0 (3.8)                                                                | 1057 (4000)                               |
| CDS100100-DV | 5.0 (3.8)                                                                | 1320 (4996)                               |

**END OF SECTION** 



#### CDS3025-6-C DESIGN NOTES

THE STANDARD CDS3025-6-C CONFIGURATION IS SHOWN. ALTERNATE CONFIGURATIONS ARE AVAILABLE AND ARE LISTED BELOW. SOME CONFIGURATIONS MAY BE COMBINED TO SUIT SITE REQUIREMENTS.

#### **CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTION**

GRATED INLET ONLY (NO INLET PIPE)

GRATED INLET WITH INLET PIPE OR PIPES

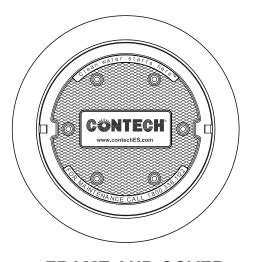
CURB INLET ONLY (NO INLET PIPE)

CURB INLET WITH INLET PIPE OR PIPES

SEPARATE OIL BAFFLE (SINGLE INLET PIPE REQUIRED FOR THIS CONFIGURATION)

SEDIMENT WEIR FOR NJDEP / NJCAT CONFORMING UNITS





## FRAME AND COVER

(DIAMETER VARIES) N.T.S.

| SITE SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS      |                                     |      |             |  |        |   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------|--|--------|---|
| STRUCTURE ID                         |                                     |      |             |  |        | F |
| WATER QUALITY                        | FLOW RAT                            | E (  | CFS OR L/s) |  | *      | 7 |
| PEAK FLOW RAT                        | E (CFS OR                           | _/s) |             |  | 33     |   |
| RETURN PERIOD                        | OF PEAK F                           | LO   | W (YRS)     |  | 100    |   |
| SCREEN APERTU                        | JRE (2400 C                         | R 4  | 700)        |  | *      |   |
| PIPE DATA: I.E. I MATERIAL I DIAMETI |                                     |      |             |  | AMETER | _ |
| INLET PIPE 1                         | INLET PIPE 1 *                      |      |             |  |        |   |
| INLET PIPE 2                         | *                                   |      |             |  |        |   |
| OUTLET PIPE                          | *                                   |      |             |  |        |   |
| RIM ELEVATION                        |                                     |      |             |  | *      |   |
| ANTI-FLOTATION                       | ANTI-FLOTATION BALLAST WIDTH HEIGHT |      |             |  |        |   |
| * *                                  |                                     |      |             |  |        |   |
| NOTES/SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS:          |                                     |      |             |  |        |   |
|                                      |                                     |      |             |  |        |   |
| * PER ENGINEER OF RECORD             |                                     |      |             |  |        |   |

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTECH TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. DIMENSIONS MARKED WITH () ARE REFERENCE DIMENSIONS. ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY.
- 3. FOR FABRICATION DRAWINGS WITH DETAILED STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR CONTECH ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS LLC REPRESENTATIVE. www.contechES.com
- 4. CDS WATER QUALITY STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL DESIGN DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING.
- 5. STRUCTURE SHALL MEET AASHTO HS20 AND CASTINGS SHALL MEET HS20 (AASHTO M 306) LOAD RATING, ASSUMING GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW, THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. ENGINEER OF RECORD TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION.
- 6. PVC HYDRAULIC SHEAR PLATE IS PLACED ON SHELF AT BOTTOM OF SCREEN CYLINDER. REMOVE AND REPLACE AS NECESSARY DURING MAINTENANCE CLEANING.

#### INSTALLATION NOTES

- A. ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- . CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE CDS MANHOLE STRUCTURE (LIFTING CLUTCHES PROVIDED).
- C. CONTRACTOR TO ADD JOINT SEALANT BETWEEN ALL STRUCTURE SECTIONS, AND ASSEMBLE STRUCTURE.
- D. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE, INSTALL, AND GROUT PIPES. MATCH PIPE INVERTS WITH ELEVATIONS SHOWN.
- E. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO ASSURE UNIT IS WATER TIGHT, HOLDING WATER TO FLOWLINE INVERT MINIMUM. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ALL JOINTS BELOW PIPE INVERTS ARE GROUTED.



CDS3025-6-C INLINE CDS STANDARD DETAIL



THIS PRODUCT MAY BE PROTECTED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING U.S. PATENTS: 5,788,848; 6,641,720; 6,511,595; 6,581,783; RELATED FOREIGN PATENTS, OR OTHER PATENTS PENDING.



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CDS STORMWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM
TYPICAL OFFLINE LAYOUT
WITH BYPASS MANHOLE STRUCTURE

DATE:03/12/13 SCALE: NONE PROJECT No.: N/A SEQ. No.: N/A DRAWN: N/A CHECKED: N/A