### **Final Stormwater Management Plan**

prepared for

Manor at Bailey Farms

1<sup>st</sup> Plat

1300 SE Ranson Road
Lee's Summit, MO 64081

January 31, 2022

prepared by

# SCHLAGEL & ASSOCIATES, P.A.

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for

Clayton Properties Group Inc., DBA Summit Homes 120 SE 30<sup>th</sup> Street Lee's Summit, Missouri



1/31/2022



#### **Executive Summary**

November 5, 2021

Gene Williams, P.E. 220 SE Green Street Lee's Summit, MO 64063

RE: Manor at Bailey Farms, 1<sup>st</sup> Plat 1300 SE Ranson Road Lee's Summit, MO 64081

Dear Gene Williams,

We are submitting the enclosed final stormwater management study in support of the final development plan for the Manor at Bailey Farms 1<sup>st</sup> Plat. This report has been prepared to address permitting requirements and provides final design calculations for the required storm water detention and BMP facilities. We have modeled the existing site conditions as they existed at the time this report was prepared.

The proposed site is an 88.70 acre single-family proposed parcel located in Lee's Summit, MO at the intersection of SE Bailey Road and SE Ranson Road. The proposed development has been analyzed and designed to meet the APWA Comprehensive Control Strategy, which entails limiting post-development peak discharge rates from the site for the 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year design storm events. Two Extended Dry Detention Basins (EDDB) have been designed to detain the mentioned events as well as provided 40-hour detention of runoff from the local 90% mean annual event. All elements of the enclosed drainage system will be designed and constructed in accordance with all City of Lee's Summit, Missouri, requirements.

The project includes a request for modification to the stream setback to allow transition grading. There is sufficient space to allow for the existing stream to flow naturally. Any proposed construction activities with this development will not disrupt the natural movement of this stream. This project is also requested a waiver for a small area located in the southeast corner of the site to allow free-release off-site without additional detention facilities to be implemented.

Sincerely,

Schlagel & Associates, P.A.

Nick Augustine, E.I.T. Design Engineer

Jim Long, P.E. Project Engineer

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#### 1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

Summit Homes is proposing to develop the 89.60 acres of land located in Section 16, Township 47 North, Range 31 West, Jackson County, Missouri. The property is located at the intersection of SE Bailey Road and SE Ranson Road. The proposed development consists of single-family lots along with associated infrastructure.

#### 1.1 OBJECTIVE

The intent of this report is to provide information pertaining to the existing and proposed watersheds, identifying and addressing any downstream drainage issues, determine and address any detention requirements, provide 40-hour extended detention of runoff from the local 90% mean annual event, and address permitting requirements. This study provides the final design calculations for the development of the facility and associated infrastructure. Detailed designs are provided with permit documents.

#### 1.2 METHODOLOGY

The following were utilized in the assessment, preparation and analysis of watersheds in this design concept plan: Section 5600, 2011, Storm Drainage Systems & Facilities of the Standard Specifications & Design Criteria of the Kansas City Metropolitan Chapter of the American Public Works Association; City of Lee's Summit, Missouri Design Criteria (2011 Revision), Storm Drainage Systems & Facilities, prepared by the City of Lee's Summit, Missouri, Public Works Department.

Watersheds for the site were defined according to soil cover and type, tributary area, and runoff times of concentration. Soil cover was determined from inspection of the site and aerial photography. A soil survey for the project area was obtained from the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), website and was utilized in determining soil type. The entire NRCS Soil Resource Report can be found in Appendix B. Watershed size was determined from both aerial topography and topographical survey, and by the proposed grading plan.

Times of concentration were compiled according to *NRCS TR-55 Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds (1986)* methodology for sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow, and channel flow. For this report, sheet flow travel lengths were modeled at a total distance of 100'. Travel times for channel flows were determined using the length and velocity of the open channel. *HydroCAD-10* was utilized to model the runoff. All storm events were modeled using *SCS 24-hour Type II* distributions and were modeled for 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year storm events.

#### 2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS ANALYSIS

The site lies within the Big Creek Watershed. The existing site contains one watershed which has a release point located on the southwest portion of the site.

Offsite stormwater comes into the site from the east and drains to the same release point previously mentioned.

#### 2.1 TRIBUTARY AREAS

The existing drainage tributary is provided in Appendix A, Figure A.1. The site release points have been identified as Release Point 1(RP-1), Release Point 2 (RP-2), Release Point 3 (RP-3), and Release Point 4 (RP-4). The area has been delineated according to the existing topography and an annotation callout of Exist. On-Site #1, Exist. On-Site #2, Exist. On-Site #3, and Exist. Off-Site #1, on Figure A.2, has been provided for the watershed that drains to the release point, RP-1.

#### 2.2 CURVE NUMBER AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION

The existing curve numbers and time of concentrations for each area have been established based on the procedures outlined in *NRCS TR-55 Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds (1986)*. Existing curve numbers were based upon aerial photography, site inspection, and the soil types present on site.

The NRCS Soil Resource Report indicated that a Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) of C and D were present on site. A current aerial photograph can be found in Appendix A; it depicts the existing cover conditions. Table 2-1 found in section 2.3 Existing Flow Rates summarizes the curve numbers for each of the watershed areas.

Cover types for existing conditions were considered to be "pasture/grassland" in good condition for the on-site area, and "Woods/grass combo" in fair condition for the off-site area. Procedures outlined in *NRCS TR-55 Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds* recommends utilizing curve numbers 74 and 80 for HSG C and D for pasture/grassland, and 76 and 82 for the Woods/Grass combination.

Time of concentration flow paths were based upon sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow for the existing conditions. Sheet flow lengths were limited to where a grade break occurred. Flow was then considered shallow concentrated flow until a channel was visible either from the USGS topographic map or the aerial photograph, and then from that point was considered channel flow determined by the length of the channel and the velocity of flow.

#### 2.3 EXISTING FLOW RATES

Existing flow rates were determined for the 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year design storms. Offsite runoff is included in the calculations for Table 2-1 and Table 2-2 below for Ex. Drainage Area A, Ex. DA-A. Appropriate runoff coefficient curve numbers were based upon aerial photography, site inspection, and the soil types present on site. Detailed calculations with composite curve numbers and time of concentration can be found in the HydroCAD Model Output in Appendix B.

**Table 2-1 - Existing Flow Rates** 

Drainage	Area	CN	Storm	Runoff
Sub-Basin	(Acres)		Event	(CFS)
Exist. On-	64.82	77	2-YR	56.78
Site #1			10-YR	118.07
			100-YR	206.11
Exist. On-	6.42	76	2-YR	11.69
Site #2			10-YR	24.16
			100-YR	41.99
Exist. On-	17.54	77	2-YR	18.79
Site #3			10-YR	38.90
			100-YR	67.74
Exist. Off-	18.50	77	2-YR	31.44
Site #1			10-YR	64.09
			100-YR	110.52

RP-1 represents the total outfall for the site located in the southwest corner. RP-2 represents the release point located in the southeast corner of the site. RP-3 represents the run-off for Exist. On-site #3 that is the point of convergence just before exiting the site in the southwest corner. RP-4 represents the point of convergence between the main tributary running north/south and the minor tributary running east/west.

#### 2.4 DOWNSTREAM DRAINAGE ISSUES

The existing downstream drainage system has been reviewed with this development plan. FEMA flood maps have been checked and currently no immediate downstream issues appear to be present. A FEMA FIRMette is included in Appendix A. The project lies outside of the identified FEMA floodplain per map number 29095C0438G.

#### 2.5 AGENCY REVIEW

Permitting requirements of the following agencies were reviewed as part of the existing conditions analysis.

#### 2.5.1 Corps of Engineers Review

A preliminary jurisdictional determination prepared by Terra Technologies has identified existing wetlands onsite. A preliminary assessment figure has been provided in Appendix A.

#### 2.5.2 FEMA Requirements

No FEMA identified floodplain is located on the proposed property per Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel No. 29095C0430G. There is currently no work proposed in the regulated floodplain. Please see the attached FEMA FIRMette in Appendix A, Figure A.4.

#### 2.5.3 Missouri Department of Natural Resources

All land disturbance activities will be permitted in accordance with the City of Lee's Summit, MO specifications as well as the Missouri Department of Water Pollution Control

general permit under the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) and an authorized Notice of Intent (NOI) application form. The disturbance of the site is greater than one acre; therefore, NPDES and NOI applications are required with the future permitting of the site in compliance with local, state and federal guidelines.

#### 3.0 PROPOSED CONDITIONS ANALYSIS

With the proposed development, the site watershed will be divided into four sub-basins for analysis. These sub-basins correspond to: Onsite #1, On-site #2, On-site #3, and On-site #4. On-site #1 and On-site #2 area stormwater runoff will be conveyed through the site via open sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow to the proposed Extended Dry Detention Basins. Both proposed dry detention basins have been sized to detain the 2, 10, and 100-year storm events for on-site drainage.

All components of the overland and enclosed storm sewer systems will meet or exceed the specifications provided in *Section 5600 – Storm Drainage Systems & Facilities* of the *Standard Specifications and Design Criteria* compiled by the Kansas City Metropolitan Chapter of the American Public Works Association.

A stream buffer protection zone will be located on the west side of the property. The proposed buffer zone will meet the requirements provided in APWA Section 5600. Drainage areas have been pulled to determine the required width of the stream buffer zone. Point 1 is located where the major tributary along the west property line meets with the minor tributary coming from the east side of the property. The drainage area to Point 1 is 158 acres, which requires a 60' offset. Point 2 is located in the southwest corner where the major tributary running in the north/south direction exits the site. The total drainage area to Point 2 is 206 acres, which requires a 100' offset. Both stream buffer offsets provided are measured from the ordinary high-water mark, or surveyed top of bank. An exhibit has been provided in Appendix A.

#### 3.1 TRIBUTARY AREAS

The post-development site will be divided into four sub-catchments, On-Site #1, On-site #2, and On-site #3, and On-Site #4. On-site #1 and On-site #3 will collect into two proposed dry detention basins. On-site #3 and #4 will bypass to release point #1. These tributary areas and their release point can be located in Appendix A.

#### 3.2 CURVE NUMBER AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Curve numbers for the proposed development were developed in a similar manner as the existing conditions. Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) of D was utilized for post-development conditions. Cover types for the proposed conditions were considered to be 1/8 acre lots, 1/4 acre lots, ½ acre lots, open space, and urban commercial in good condition.

Time of concentration was established in a similar manner as the existing conditions. Shallow concentrated flow lengths were shortened and considered paved. Detailed calculations with composite curve numbers and time of concentration can be found in the HydroCAD Model Output in Appendix B. Appendix A, Figure A.2 depicts the proposed drainage conditions.

#### 3.3 PROPOSED FLOW RATES

Proposed flow rates were determined for the 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year design storms. Detailed calculations can be found in the HydroCAD Model Output Report in Appendix B.

Table 3-1 - HydroCAD Runoff Conditions

Drainage	Drainage Area	Storm	Peak
Sub-Basin	(Acres)	Event	Discharge
			(CFS)
		2-YR	104.79
On-Site #1	31.00	10-YR	169.39
		100-YR	254.36
		2-YR	85.04
On-Site #2	29.34	10-YR	146.93
		100-YR	229.30
		2-YR	8.37
On-Site #3	2.38	10-YR	13.52
		100-YR	20.29
		2-YR	56.51
On-Site #4	26.05	10-YR	108.82
		100-YR	181.36
		2-YR	30.96
Off-Site #1	18.50	10-YR	63.16
		100-YR	108.98

#### 3.4 DETENTION ANALYSIS

The runoff hydrographs utilized to determine the peak flow volumes for each tributary area were determined using *TR-55* methodology and *HydroCAD-10*. For the 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year storm events, the complete hydrograph routing and model output can be found in the HydroCAD Model Output Report in Appendix B.

The site will need to provide detention that meets the requirement under the Comprehensive Control release rates under Section 5608.4C1a and 5608.4C1b of the APWA. This entails limiting post-development peak discharge rates from the site for the 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year design storm events, as well as providing 40-Hour extended detention of runoff from the local 90% mean annual event. The post-development peak discharge rates from the site shall not exceed the following:

- 50% storm peak rate less than or equal to 0.5 cfs per site acre
- 10% storm peak rate less than or equal to 2.0 cfs per site acre
- 1% storm peak rate less than or equal to 3.0 cfs per site acre

For Release Points 1, 3, and 4, HydroCAD output represents the design release rate. For Release Point 2, since there is no detention proposed and given that the drainage area has been decreased from 6.42 acres to 2.00 acres, the Rational Method was used to calculate the allowable and design release rates.

Table 3-1 – HydroCAD Runoff Conditions are shown in Table 3-3.B - Required & Proposed Runoff Comparison. The proposed post-development design release rates are shown next to the allowable release rates for comparison.

Table 3-2.B - Allowable Release Rate Calculations

	Allowable Release Rate (CFS) Calculations						
Release	Area	Storm	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable		
Point	(Acres)	Event	On-Site	Off-Site	Release		
			Release	Release	Rate (CFS)		
			Rate (CFS)	Rate (CFS)	(A+B)		
			(A)	(B)			
		2-YR	44.35	31.44	75.79		
RP-1	88.70	10-YR	177.40	64.09	241.49		
		100-YR	266.10	110.52	376.62		
		2-YR	3.21	0.00	3.21		
RP-2	2.38	10-YR	12.84	0.00	12.84		
		100-YR	19.26	0.00	19.26		
		2-YR	14.67	0.00	14.67		
RP-3	29.34	10-YR	58.68	0.00	58.68		
		100-YR	88.02	0.00	88.02		
		2-YR	15.50	0.00	15.50		
RP-4	31.00	10-YR	62.00	0.00	62.00		
		100-YR	93.00	0.00	93.00		

Table 3-3.B - Required & Proposed Runoff Comparison

Site Release Information (cubic feet per second) (w/ EDDB)							
Area	Drainage Area	Storm Event	Allowable	Design			
			Release Rate	Release Rate			
			(CFS)	(CFS)			
RP-1	88.70	2-YR	75.79	75.50			
		10-YR	241.49	191.88			
		100-YR	376.62	336.61			
RP-2	Prop. = 2.38	2-YR	3.21	6.56			
	Exist. = 6.42	10-YR	12.84	8.92			
		100-YR	19.26	12.52			
RP-3	29.34	2-YR	14.67	6.22			
		10-YR	58.68	38.56			
		100-YR	88.02	44.62			
RP-4	31.00	2-YR	15.50	5.51			
		10-YR	62.00	59.83			
		100-YR	93.00	71.03			

Please note: Site release rates are not a direct addition of sub-basin runoff due to differences in the time peak as well as storage effects within the basins.

Stormwater runoff for On-Site #1 is mitigated and detained by Extended Dry Detention Basin 1 located on the west side of the property and discharges to RP-4. Stormwater runoff for On-Site #2 is mitigated and detained by Extended Dry Detention Basin 2 located in the southwest corner of the site and discharges to RP-3. Stormwater run-off from On-Site #4 free releases from the site at RP-3. RP-2, RP-3, and RP-4 all converge to RP-1 located in the southwest corner of the site.

Proposed stormwater drainage structures will be located throughout the site to capture and convey proposed stormwater runoff to both dry detention basins. The Water Quality volume for both basins will be released over 40 hours. Water quality outlet structures have been provided for each basin and have been designed to meet the allowable release rates provided in Table 3-2 for the 2, 10, and 100 year storm events. The water quality storm event will be controlled by a 9" and 8" diameter orifice plate for Basin 1 and Basin 2 respectively.

Emergency spillways haven been provided for each basin per Section 5600 of the Design and Construction Manual. Each emergency spillway will be set 0.5 feet above the 100-year water surface elevation and designed to carry the 100-year storm event assuming a 100% clogged condition. An additional 1 foot of freeboard will be provided from the water surface elevation in the spillway and the top of dam.

Additionally, erosion control procedures will be designed and implemented at the outlets to reduce impact on the site downstream.

Release Point 2 (RP-2) does not meet the allowable release rate required by the comprehensive control requirements for the 2-year storm event. This area has been reduced from 6.42 acres to 2.38 acres and consists of houses and their backyards only. Given this reduction in drainage area and the entire site is collectively meeting comprehensive control requirements, we are asking for a waiver for this peripheral drainage area to avoid adding any additional detention facilities.

#### 4.0 SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The proposed drainage site is an 88.70-acre single-family parcel of land located in Lee's Summit, MO at the intersection of SE Bailey Road and SE Ranson Road. The proposed development has been analyzed and designed to meet the APWA Comprehensive Control Strategy, which entails limiting post-development peak discharge rates from the site for the 2-Year, 10-Year, and 100-Year design storm events. Two extended dry detention basins have been designed to detain the mentioned events as well as provided 40-hour detention of runoff from the local 90% mean annual event. All elements of the enclosed drainage system will be designed and constructed in accordance with all City of Lee's Summit, Missouri, requirements.

The project includes a request for modification to the stream setback to allow transition grading. There is sufficient space to allow for the existing stream to flow naturally. Any proposed construction activities with this development will not disrupt the natural movement of this stream. This project is also requested a waiver for a small area located in the southeast corner of the site to allow free-release off-site without additional detention facilities to be implemented.

\* \* \* \*

#### **APPENDIX A**

-Existing Site Aerial Photograph

-Existing Drainage Map

-Proposed Drainage Map

-EDDB Water Quality Design

-Stream Corridor Exhibit

-FEMA FIRMette

-Terra Technologies Preliminary Assessment

-National Wetlands Inventory



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#### **Extended Dry Detention Basin**

#### **Water Quality Volume Calculation**

WQV = P \* Weighted RV

WQV - Water Quality Volume (watershed-inches)
P - Rainfall Event (1.37 inches in Kansas City)

RV - Volumetric Runoff Coefficient

RV = 0.05 + 0.009(I)

I - Percent Site Imperviousness (%)

#### I. Determine Weighted RV & Weighted Rational C Coefficient

			Total	Rational			
	%	Area	Impervious	Runoff			
Cover Type	Impervious	(Ac.)	Area (Ac.)	Coefficient	RV	C * Area	RV * Area
1/8 ACRE LOTS	65	13.88	9.02	0.66	0.64	9.16	8.81
1/4 ACRE LOTS	38	27.00	10.26	0.66	0.39	17.82	10.58
1/2 ACRE LOTS	25	0.58	0.15	0.51	0.28	0.30	0.16
URBAN COMMERCIAL	85	1.41	1.20	0.81	0.82	1.14	1.15
Total		42.87	20.63			28.42	20.71

1

Rv = Sum(Rv\*A)/Total Area = 20.7 / 42.87 = 0.483

C = Sum(C\*A)/Total Area = 28.41 / 42.87 = 0.663

#### **II. Determine Water Quality Volume**

WQV = P \* Rv = 1.37 \* 0.4830 **0.662 in** 

#### III. Determine Total Water Quality Volume

Total Watershed Area (AT) = 42.87 acres WQV = 0.662 in

WQV = (42.87 \* 0.661)/12 = **2.36 ac-ft** 

	Design Procedure Forn	n:Extended Dry Detentio Main Worksheet	n Basin (EDDB)	
Designer: Checked t Company: Date: Project: Location:	N. AUGUSTINE J. LONG Schlagel 2/25/2021 19-227 Lee's Summit		EDD -1	
I. Basin Water Quality	Storage Volume:			
Step 1) Tributary Area t	o EDDB, A <sub>T</sub> (ac.)		A <sub>T</sub> (ac.) =	42.87
Step 2) Calculate WQv	using method in Section 6.1		WQv (ac-ft) =	2.36
Step 3) Add 20 percent	to account for silt and sand sedime	nt deposition in the basin	V <sub>design</sub> (ac-ft) =	2.84
Type 3 = v-n	rforated riser or plate	v outlet type		
Step 2) Froceed to step	zb, zc, or zu baseu on water quant	y outlet type		
IIb. Water Quality Outl	et, Single Orifice			
Step 1) Depth of water o	quality volume at outlet, $Z_{VQ}$ (ft.)		$Z_{WQ}$ (ft.) =	1.00
Step 2) Average head o	f Water Quality volume over invert o Z <sub>wQ</sub>	of orifice, H <sub>WQ</sub> (ft)	$H_{WQ}$ (ft.) =	0.50
	quality outflow rate, Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) v * 43,560)/(40 * 3600)		Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) =	0.72
C <sub>O</sub> = 0.66 wh	ice discharge coefficient, C <sub>O</sub> nen thickness of riser/weir plate is = nen thickness of riser/weir plate is >		C <sub>O</sub> =	0.66
	utlet orifice diameter (4.0-in, min.), $\Gamma$ *( $Q_{WQ}/C_O$ * $\pi$ * (2 *g *H) $^{0.5}$ )) $^{0.5}$	eta (in)	D <sub>O</sub> (in) =	6
Step 6) To size outlet o	rifice for EDDB with an irregular sta	ge-volume relationship, us	se Single Outlet Works	sheet
Ilc. Water Quality Outle	et, Perforated Riser			
Step 1) Depth at outlet a	above lowest perforation, $Z_{WQ}$ (ft.)		Z <sub>WQ</sub> (ft.) =	7.75
	maximum outlet area per row, $A_0$ (in (0.013 * $Z_{WQ}^2$ + 0.22 * $Z_{WQ}$ -0.10)	n²)	$A_0$ (in <sup>2</sup> ) =	0.99
Step 3) Circular perforat	tion diameter per row assuming a si	ngle solumn, D <sub>i</sub> (in)	D <sub>1</sub> (in) =	1.12

Step 4) Number of Columns, n <sub>c</sub>	n <sub>c</sub> =	1.00
Step 5) Design circular perforation diameter (should be between 1 and 2 inches), I	$D_{perf}$ (in) $D_{perf}$ (in) =	2.00
Step 6) Horizontal perforation column spacing when $n_c > 1$ , center to center, $S_c$ If $D_{perf} > J = 1.0$ in, $S_c = 4$	$S_c(in)=$	4.00
Step 7) Number of rows (4" vertical spacing between perforations, center to center	r), ņ	23
lb. Water Quality Outlet, V-notch Weir		
Step 1) Depth of water quality volume at outlet, $Z_{WQ}$ (ft.)	$Z_{WQ}$ (ft.) =	3.70
Step 2) Average head of Water Quality volume over invert of V-notch, $H_{WQ}$ (ft) $H_{WQ} = 0.5 * Z_{WQ}$	H <sub>WQ</sub> (ft.) =	1.85
Step 3) Average water quality outflow rate, Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) $Q_{WQ} = (WQv * 43,560)/(40 * 3600)$	Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) =	0.72
Step 4) V-notch weir coefficient, C <sub>V</sub>	C <sub>V</sub> =	2.69
Step 5) V-notch weir angle, $\theta$ (deg) $\theta = 2 * (180/\pi) * \arctan(Q_{WQ} / C_V * H_{WQ}^{5/2}))$ V-notch angle should be at least 20 degeres. Set to 20 degrees if calculated angle is smaller.	θ (deg) =	20.0
Step 6) Top width of V-notch weir $W_V = 2 * Z_{WQ} * TAN(\theta/2)$	W <sub>V</sub> =	1:90

Step 7) To calculate v-notch angle for EDDB with and irregular stage-volume relationship, use the V-notch Weir Worksheet

# III. Flood Control

Refer to APWA Specifications Section 5608

#### Extended Dry Detention Basin

#### **Water Quality Volume Calculation**

WQV = P \* Weighted RV

WQV - Water Quality Volume (watershed-inches)
P - Rainfall Event (1.37 inches in Kansas City)

RV - Volumetric Runoff Coefficient

RV = 0.05 + 0.009(I)

I - Percent Site Imperviousness (%)

#### I. Determine Weighted RV & Weighted Rational C Coefficient

			Total	Rational			
	%	Area	Impervious	Runoff			
Cover Type	Impervious	(Ac.)	Area (Ac.)	Coefficient	RV	C * Area	RV * Area
1/4 ACRE LOTS	38	13.88	5.27	0.66	0.39	9.16	5.44
Total		13.88	5.27			9.16	5.44

0.392

2

Rv = Sum(Rv\*A)/Total Area = 5.44 / 13.88 =

C = Sum(C\*A)/Total Area = 9.16 / 13.88 = 0.660

#### **II. Determine Water Quality Volume**

WQV = P \* Rv = 1.37 \* 0.392 = 0.537 in

#### III. Determine Total Water Quality Volume

Total Watershed Area (AT) = 13.88 acres WQV = 0.537 in

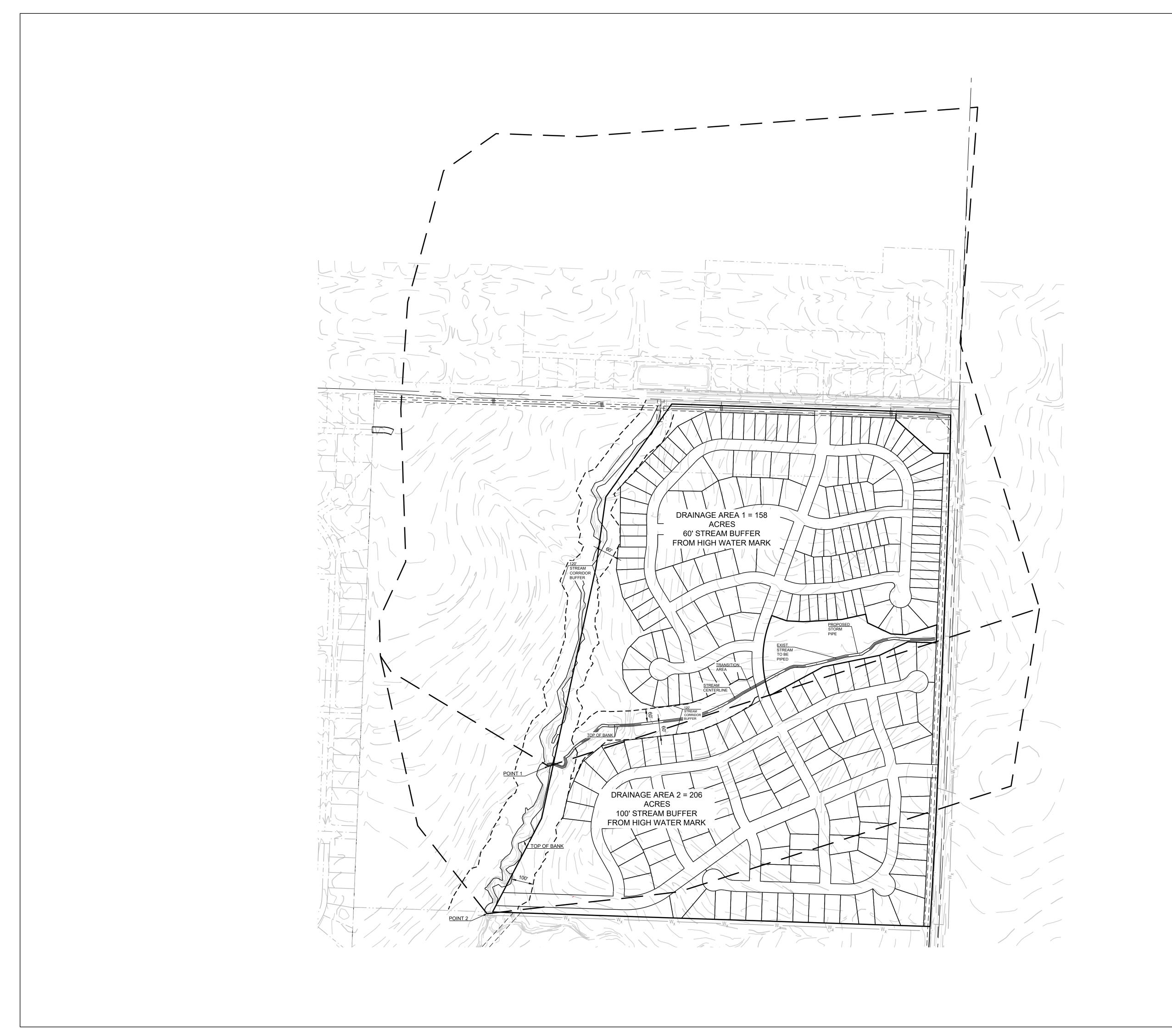
WQV = (13.88 \* 0.537)/12 = **0.62 ac-ft** 

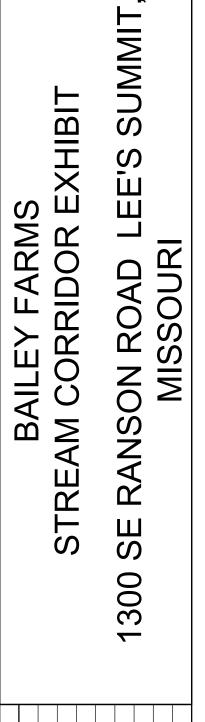
Design Procedure Form:Extended Dry Detention Basin (EDDB)						
	Main Worksheet					
Designer:	N. AUGUSTINE					
Checked k Company:	J. LONG Schlagel	EDD -2				
Date:	2/25/2021					
Project:	19-227					
Location:	Lee's Summit					
I. Basin Wa	nter Quality Storage Volume:					
Step 1) Trib	utary Area to EDDB, A <sub>T</sub> (ac.)	A <sub>T</sub> (ac.) =	13.88			
Step 2) Cal	culate WQv using method in Section 6.1	WQv (ac-ft) =	0.62			
Step 3) Add	20 percent to account for silt and sand sediment deposition in the basin	V <sub>design</sub> (ac-ft) =	0.75			
lla Watar	13.88 27					
Ila. Water	21					
	Type 1 = Single Orifice					
	Type 2 = Perforated riser or plate					
	Type 3 = v-notch weir					
Step 2) Pro	ceed to step 2b, 2c, or 2d based on water quality outlet type					
Ilb. Water (	Quality Outlet, Single Orifice					
Step 1) Der	oth of water quality volume at outlet, Z <sub>VQ</sub> (ft.)	Z <sub>WQ</sub> (ft.) =	6.40			
	The second secon	_w( ()				
Step 2) Ave	rage head of Water Quality volume over invert of orifice, H <sub>WQ</sub> (ft)	$H_{WQ}$ (ft.) =	3.20			
	$H_{WQ} = 0.5 * Z_{WQ}$		<del></del>			
Sten 3) Ave	erage water quality outflow rate, Q <sub>VQ</sub> (cfs)	Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) =	0.19			
	Q <sub>WO</sub> = (WQv * 43,560)/(40 * 3600)	QWQ (CIS) -	0.19			
'	Q <sub>WQ</sub> - (VVQV 43,300)/(40 3000)					
Step 4) Set	value of orifice discharge coefficient, Co	C <sub>O</sub> =	0.66			
	C <sub>O</sub> = 0.66 when thickness of riser/weir plate is = or < orifice diameter	_	<u> </u>			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
•	C <sub>O</sub> = 0.80 when thickness of riser/weir plate is > orifice diameter					
	ter quality outlet orifice diameter (4.0-in, min.), D <sub>0</sub> (in)	$D_{O}$ (in) =	1.91			
	$D_{Q} = 12 * 2 * (Q_{WQ}/C_{O} * \pi * (2 * g * H)^{0.5}))^{0.5}$					
Step 6) To	size outlet orifice for EDDB with an irregular stage-volume relationship, u	se Single Outlet Worksh	neet			
Ilc. Water C	Quality Outlet, Perforated Riser					
Step 1) Dep	oth at outlet above lowest perforation, Z <sub>WQ</sub> (ft.)	Z <sub>WQ</sub> (ft.) =	6.40			
Step 2) Rec	commended maximum outlet area per row, A <sub>D</sub> (in <sup>2</sup> )	$A_0$ ( $\ln^2$ ) =	0.34			
	$A_0 = (WQv)/(0.013 * Z_{WQ}^2 + 0.22 * Z_{WQ} - 0.10)$					
]	The state of the s					
Step 3) Circ	cular perforation diameter per row assuming a single column B (in)	D <sub>1</sub> (in) =	0.66			
	(III)	D <sub>1</sub> (111)				

Step 4) Number of Columns, n <sub>c</sub>	n <sub>c</sub> =	1.00
Step 5) Design circular perforation diameter (should be between 1 and 2 inches), Derif	(in) Q <sub>perf</sub> (in) =	2.00
Step 6) Horizontal perforation column spacing when $\eta_c$ > 1, center to center, $S_c$ If $D_{perf}$ >/= 1.0 in, $S_c$ =4	S <sub>c</sub> (in)=	4.00
Step 7) Number of rows (4" vertical spacing between perforations, center to center), n	n <sub>r</sub> =	19
Ilb. Water Quality Outlet, V-notch Weir		
Step 1) Depth of water quality volume at outlet, $Z_{WQ}$ (ft.)	$Z_{WQ}$ (ft.) =	0.90
Step 2) Average head of Water Quality volume over invert of V-notch, $H_{WQ}$ (ft) $H_{WQ}$ = 0.5 * $Z_{WQ}$	$H_{WQ}$ (ft.) =	0.45
Step 3) Average water quality outflow rate, Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) $Q_{WQ} = (WQv * 43,560)/(40 * 3600)$	Q <sub>WQ</sub> (cfs) =	0.19
Step 4) V-notch weir coefficient, C <sub>V</sub>	C <sub>V</sub> =	2.69
Step 5) V-notch weir angle, $\theta$ (deg) $\theta = 2 * \arctan(Q_{WQ} / C_V * H_{WQ}^{5/2}))$ V-notch angle should be at least 20 degeres. Set to 20 degrees if calculated angle is smaller.	θ (deg) =	54.4
Step 6) Top width of V-notch weir $W_V = 2 * Z_{WQ} * TAN(\theta/2)$	$W_V =$	0.93
Step 7) To calculate v-notch angle for EDDB with and irregular stage-volume relationship, use the V-notch Weir Worksheet		

#### III. Flood Control

Refer to APWA Specifications Section 5608





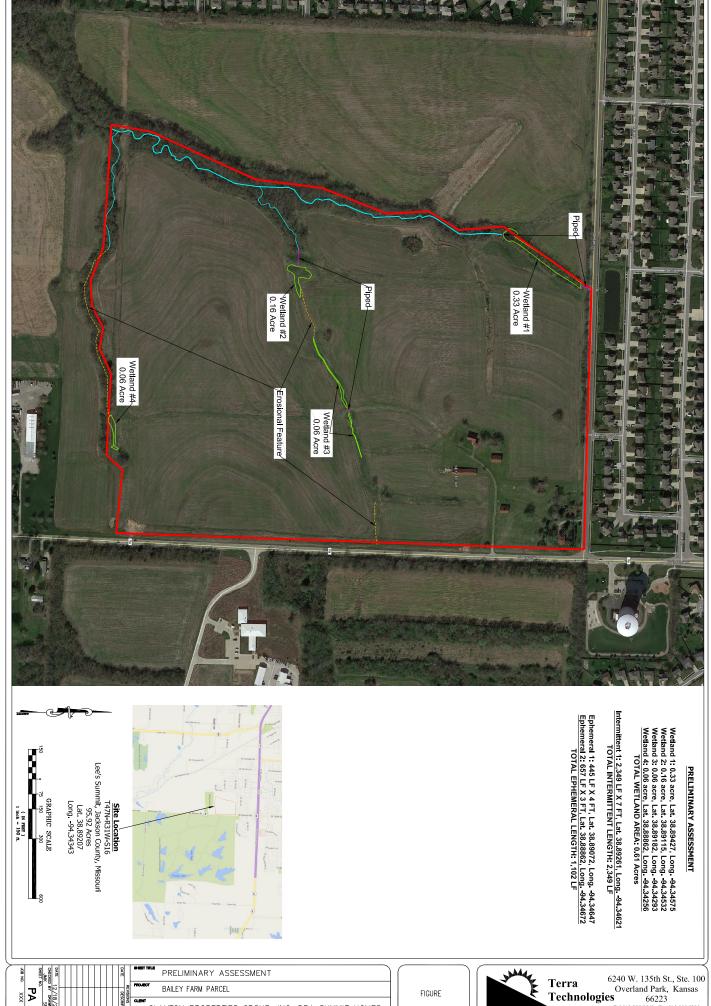
PREPARED BY:

SCHLAGEL & ASSOCIATES, P.A.

> STREAM CORRIDOR **EXHIBIT**

SHEET

0 200' 400' SCALE: 1" = 200'



Terra 6240 W. 135th St., Ste. 100 Overland Park, Kansas Technologies 66223 Tel 913,385,9500 Fax 913,385,5295

CLAYTON PROPERTIES GROUP, INC. DBA SUMMIT HOMES

# National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

#### Legend SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD **HAZARD AREAS** Regulatory Floodway 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X **Future Conditions 1% Annual** Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D - - - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer **GENERAL** STRUCTURES | LILLI Levee, Dike, or Floodwall 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** ₩ 513 W Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary **Coastal Transect Baseline** OTHER Profile Baseline **FEATURES** Hydrographic Feature Digital Data Available No Digital Data Available MAP PANELS Unmapped The pin displayed on the map is an approximate

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

point selected by the user and does not represent

an authoritative property location.

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 2/19/2021 at 12:00 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

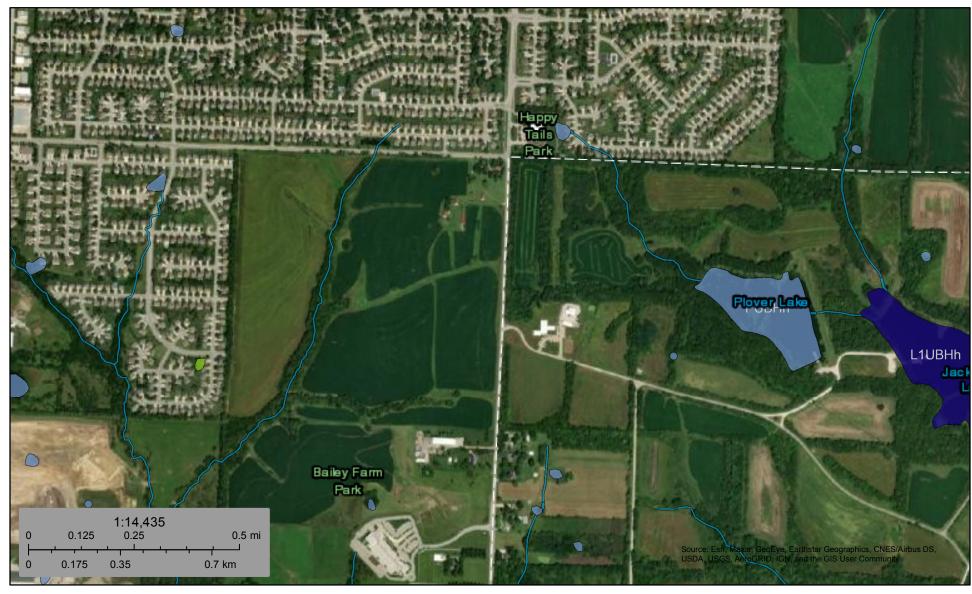


# U.S. Fish an Nationa

#### U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

# **National Wetlands Inventory**

# **Bailey Farms**



February 25, 2021

#### Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Lake

Other

Riverine

\_\_\_ Othe

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

#### **APPENDIX B**

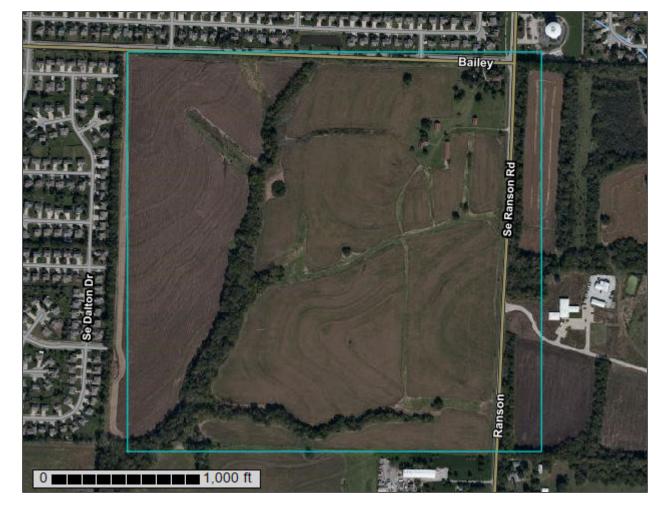
-NRCS Soil Resource Report -HydroCAD Model Output Report



**NRCS** 

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for Jackson County, Missouri



# **Preface**

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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# **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

## Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map



#### MAP LEGEND

### Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

#### Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

#### Special Point Features

(0)

Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water
Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot

• • •

Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Sodic Spot

Slide or Slip

## 8

Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

### Water Features

\_

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

Fransp

Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

### Background



Aerial Photography

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Jackson County, Missouri Survey Area Data: Version 22, May 29, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 6, 2019—Nov 16, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
10000	Arisburg silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes	62.9	36.4%
10082	Arisburg-Urban land complex, 1 to 5 percent slopes	28.0	16.2%
10117	Sampsel silty clay loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	82.1	47.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		173.0	100.0%

## **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or

landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

## **Jackson County, Missouri**

## 10000—Arisburg silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes

## **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2w22b Elevation: 610 to 1,130 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 43 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 177 to 220 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Arisburg and similar soils: 87 percent Minor components: 13 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Arisburg**

## Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loess

## Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 6 inches: silt loam A - 6 to 13 inches: silt loam

Bt - 13 to 19 inches: silty clay loam Btg - 19 to 56 inches: silty clay loam BCg - 56 to 79 inches: silty clay loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 1 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 30 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: High (about 11.5 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R107BY007MO - Loess Upland Prairie Amorpha canescens/ Andropogon gerardii-Zizia aurea Leadplant/Big Bluestem-Golden Zizia

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Greenton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R109XY002MO - Loess Upland Prairie

Hydric soil rating: No

## **Sharpsburg**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R109XY002MO - Loess Upland Prairie

Hydric soil rating: No

### Haig

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Flats

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R109XY001MO - Claypan Summit Prairie

Hydric soil rating: Yes

## 10082—Arisburg-Urban land complex, 1 to 5 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w7ld Elevation: 750 to 1,130 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 45 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 177 to 220 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

### **Map Unit Composition**

Arisburg and similar soils: 61 percent

Urban land: 30 percent Minor components: 9 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Arisburg**

#### Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loess

### **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 6 inches: silt loam A - 6 to 13 inches: silt loam

Bt - 13 to 19 inches: silty clay loam
Btg - 19 to 56 inches: silty clay loam
BCg - 56 to 79 inches: silty clay loam

## Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 30 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: High (about 11.5 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R107BY007MO - Loess Upland Prairie Amorpha canescens/ Andropogon gerardii-Zizia aurea Leadplant/Big Bluestem-Golden Zizia

Hydric soil rating: No

## **Description of Urban Land**

## Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

## Sampsel

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: R109XY010MO - Interbedded Sedimentary Upland Savanna

Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Greenton

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R109XY002MO - Loess Upland Prairie

Hydric soil rating: No

### **Sharpsburg**

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R109XY002MO - Loess Upland Prairie

Hydric soil rating: No

## 10117—Sampsel silty clay loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes

### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 2qkzz

Elevation: 600 to 900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 33 to 41 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 177 to 220 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Sampsel and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

## **Description of Sampsel**

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Convex, concave

Parent material: Residuum weathered from shale

## **Typical profile**

Ap - 0 to 13 inches: silty clay loam Bt - 13 to 80 inches: silty clay

## Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Ecological site: R109XY010MO - Interbedded Sedimentary Upland Savanna

Other vegetative classification: Grass/Prairie (Herbaceous Vegetation)

Hydric soil rating: No

# Soil Information for All Uses

## **Soil Properties and Qualities**

The Soil Properties and Qualities section includes various soil properties and qualities displayed as thematic maps with a summary table for the soil map units in the selected area of interest. A single value or rating for each map unit is generated by aggregating the interpretive ratings of individual map unit components. This aggregation process is defined for each property or quality.

## Soil Qualities and Features

Soil qualities are behavior and performance attributes that are not directly measured, but are inferred from observations of dynamic conditions and from soil properties. Example soil qualities include natural drainage, and frost action. Soil features are attributes that are not directly part of the soil. Example soil features include slope and depth to restrictive layer. These features can greatly impact the use and management of the soil.

## **Hydrologic Soil Group**

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.



#### MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION Area of Interest (AOI) The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at С 1:24.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Α Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause **Water Features** A/D misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Streams and Canals line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of В contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Transportation scale. B/D Rails ---Interstate Highways Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map C/D **US Routes** measurements. Major Roads Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Local Roads Web Soil Survey URL: -Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Lines Background Aerial Photography Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Jackson County, Missouri Not rated or not available Survey Area Data: Version 22, May 29, 2020 **Soil Rating Points** Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales Α 1:50.000 or larger. A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 6, 2019—Nov 16. 2019 B/D The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## Table—Hydrologic Soil Group

	_			
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
10000	Arisburg silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes	С	62.9	36.4%
10082	Arisburg-Urban land complex, 1 to 5 percent slopes	С	28.0	16.2%
10117	Sampsel silty clay loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes	C/D	82.1	47.5%
Totals for Area of Intere	est	173.0	100.0%	

## Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

## References

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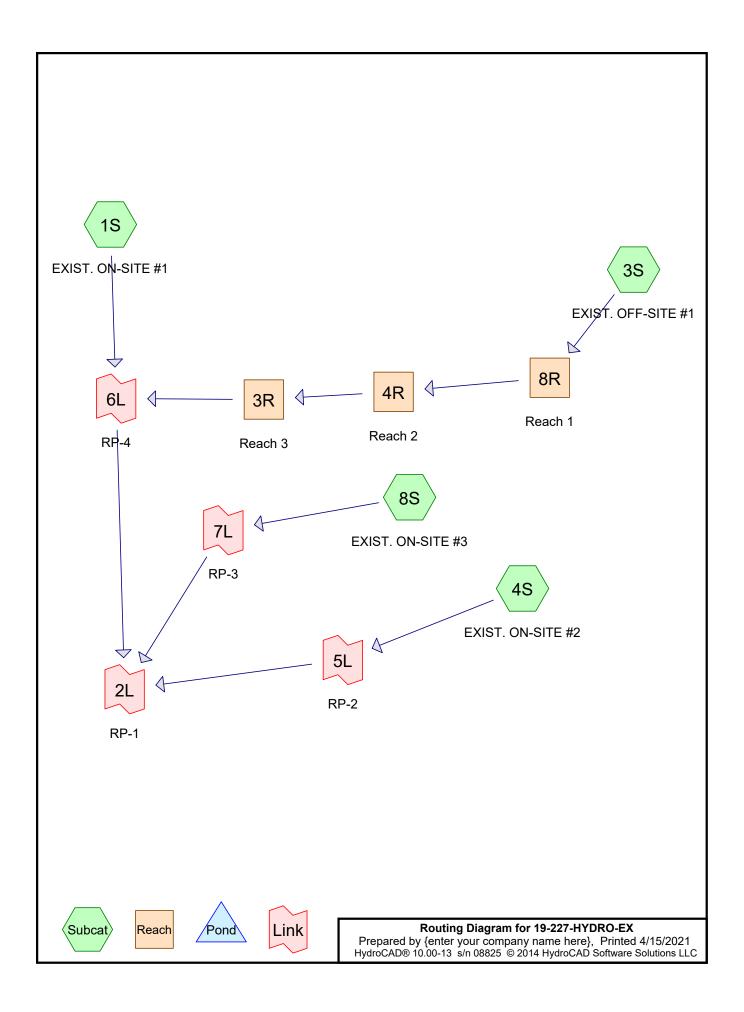
United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National forestry manual. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/home/?cid=nrcs142p2 053374

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National range and pasture handbook. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/landuse/rangepasture/?cid=stelprdb1043084

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/scientists/?cid=nrcs142p2\_054242

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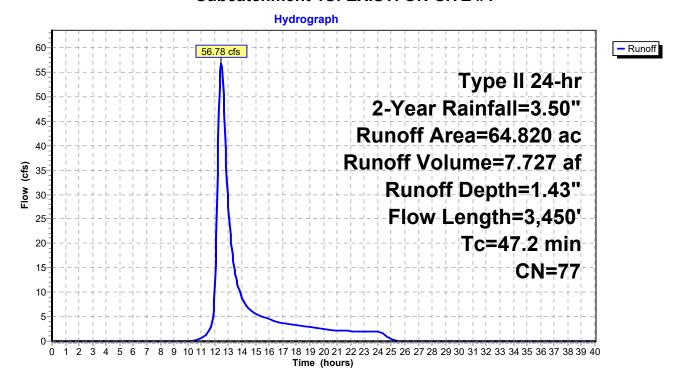
## Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EXIST. ON-SITE #1

Runoff = 56.78 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 7.727 af, Depth= 1.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription			
	34.	840 7	'4 Past	ure/grassla	and/range,	Good, HSG C	
_	29.	980 8	0 Past	ure/grassla	and/range,	Good, HSG D	_
	64.	820 7	7 Weig	ghted Aver	age		
	64.	820	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	24.7	2,132	0.0255	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Cultivated Straight Rows Kv= 9.0 fps	
	14.1	1,218	0.0092	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	_
	47.2	3,450	Total				

## Subcatchment 1S: EXIST. ON-SITE #1



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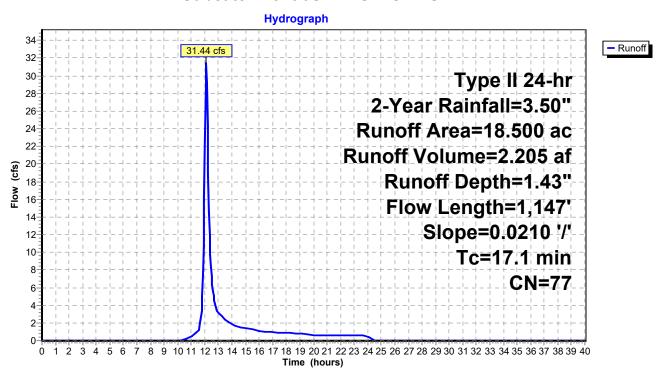
## Summary for Subcatchment 3S: EXIST. OFF-SITE #1

Runoff = 31.44 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Depth= 1.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
	15.	640 7	76 Woo	ds/grass d	comb., Fair,	HSG C
_	2.	860 8	32 Woo	ds/grass o	omb., Fair,	, HSG D
	18.	500 7	77 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	18.	500	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	9.1	100	0.0210	0.18		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	8.0	1,047	0.0210	2.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	17.1	1,147	Total			

## Subcatchment 3S: EXIST, OFF-SITE #1



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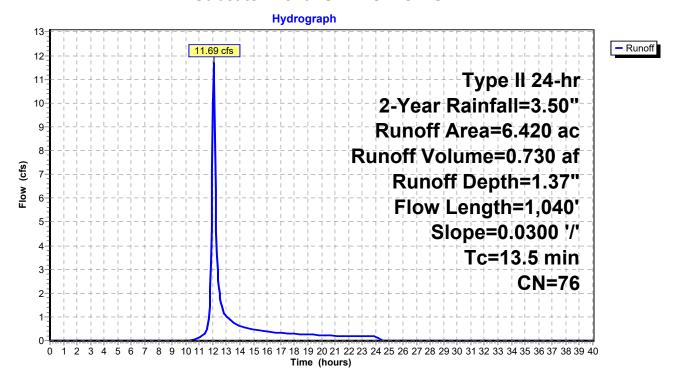
## Summary for Subcatchment 4S: EXIST. ON-SITE #2

Runoff = 11.69 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 0.730 af, Depth= 1.37"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

_	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
	4.	200	74	Past	ure/grassla	and/range,	Good, HSG C
_	2.	220	80	Past	ure/grassla	and/range,	Good, HSG D
	6.	420	76	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	6.	420		100.0	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc (min)	Lengt (feet		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	7.9	10	0.0	0300	0.21		Sheet Flow,
	5.6	94	0 0.0	0300	2.79		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	13.5	1,04	0 To	otal			

## Subcatchment 4S: EXIST. ON-SITE #2



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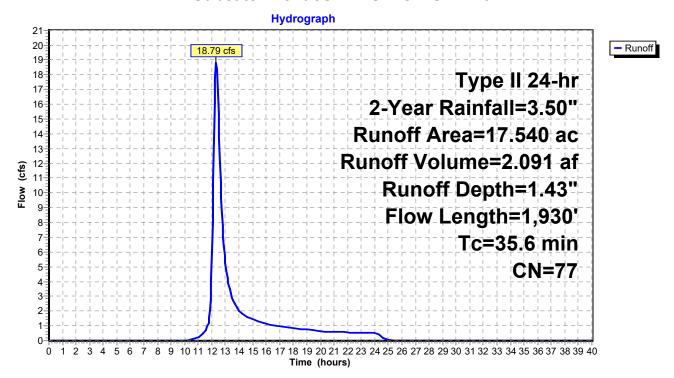
## Summary for Subcatchment 8S: EXIST. ON-SITE #3

Runoff = 18.79 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 2.091 af, Depth= 1.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

_	Area	(ac) (	<u>CN Des</u>	cription			_
	9.	830	74 Pas	ture/grassl	and/range,	Good, HSG C	
	7.	710	80 Pas	ture/grassl	and/range,	Good, HSG D	
_	17.	540	77 Wei	ghted Aver	rage		_
	17.	540	100	.00% Pervi	ious Area		
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		_
	8.3	100	0.0265	0.20		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	27.3	1,830	0.0255	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	_
	35.6	1 930	Total				

## Subcatchment 8S: EXIST. ON-SITE #3



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## Summary for Reach 3R: Reach 3

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 4R OUTLET depth by 0.37' @ 12.40 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 28.05 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af

Outflow = 25.72 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Atten= 8%, Lag= 8.8 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 3.49 fps, Min. Travel Time= 5.0 min Avg. Velocity = 0.89 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 19.5 min

Peak Storage= 7,763 cf @ 12.36 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.92'

Bank-Full Depth= 6.40' Flow Area= 252.4 sf, Capacity= 2,150.14 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,041.0' Slope= 0.0088 '/' (110 Elevation Intervals)

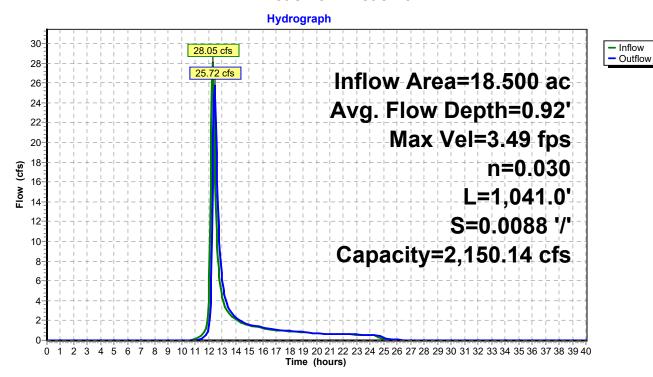
Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 989.92', Outlet Invert= 980.77'

‡	

Offset (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Chan.Depth (feet)
0.00	996.29	0.00
7.00	996.00	0.29
12.99	994.06	2.23
13.24	994.00	2.29
14.48	993.84	2.45
28.84	992.00	4.29
29.66	991.71	4.58
36.75	990.00	6.29
39.18	989.92	6.37
39.90	989.89	6.40
42.20	989.97	6.32
43.14	990.00	6.29
43.91	990.40	5.89
46.34	992.00	4.29
53.90	993.41	2.88
56.74	994.00	2.29
62.76	994.22	2.07
76.31	994.65	1.64
100.00	996.29	0.00

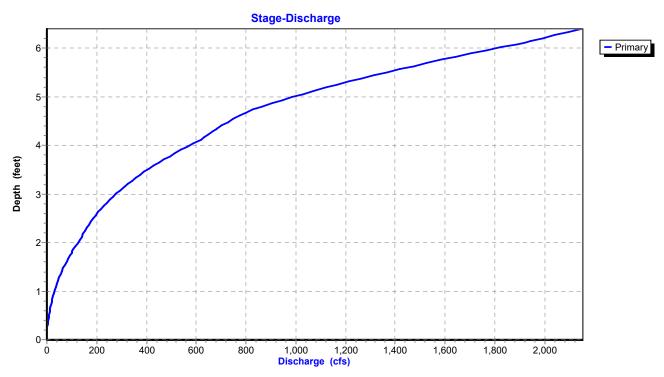
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.03	0.0	1.6	25	0.01
0.08	0.2	4.5	184	0.09
0.11	0.3	6.4	355	0.22
0.51	3.4	9.0	3,521	8.20
1.82	19.8	16.9	20,607	102.00
2.11	24.7	18.3	25,700	139.72
3.52	62.5	37.1	65,011	410.25
3.95	79.1	42.6	82,369	555.08
4.11	85.9	44.7	89,447	617.31
4.17	88.6	46.6	92,223	631.78
4.33	96.2	51.5	100,189	678.51
4.76	121.1	66.4	126,018	838.92
6.11	225.0	90.3	234,197	1,919.54
6.40	252.4	101.5	262,697	2,150.14

## Reach 3R: Reach 3

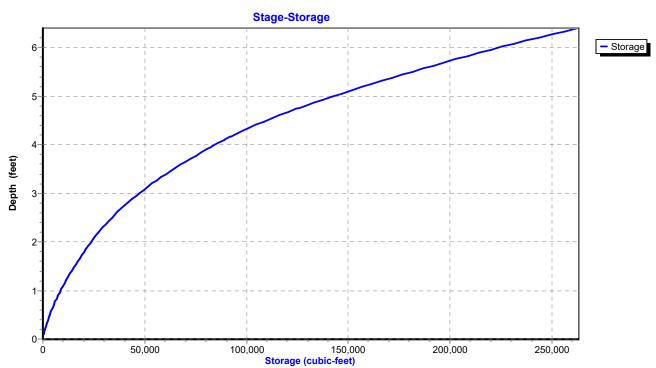


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## Reach 3R: Reach 3



## Reach 3R: Reach 3



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## Summary for Reach 4R: Reach 2

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 8R OUTLET depth by 0.43' @ 12.30 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 30.34 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af

Outflow = 28.05 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Atten= 8%, Lag= 7.2 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 3.55 fps, Min. Travel Time= 4.0 min Avg. Velocity = 1.27 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 11.2 min

Peak Storage= 6,808 cf @ 12.24 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.66'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.24' Flow Area= 204.3 sf, Capacity= 1,999.47 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 853.0' Slope= 0.0225 '/' (106 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 1,009.12', Outlet Invert= 989.90'

‡

Offset (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Chan.Depth (feet)
0.00	1,009.14	0.00
22.15	1,008.00	1.14
24.54	1,007.80	1.34
25.18	1,007.74	1.40
49.26	1,006.00	3.14
49.59	1,005.90	3.24
50.51	1,005.99	3.15
52.13	1,005.99	3.15
53.24	1,006.00	3.14
91.41	1,007.74	1.40
98.60	1,008.00	1.14
108.78	1,008.27	0.87
117.07	1,008.47	0.67
117.16	1,008.47	0.67
134.91	1,008.89	0.25
135.00	1,009.14	0.00

S=0.0225 '/'

Capacity=1,999.47 cfs

14

12

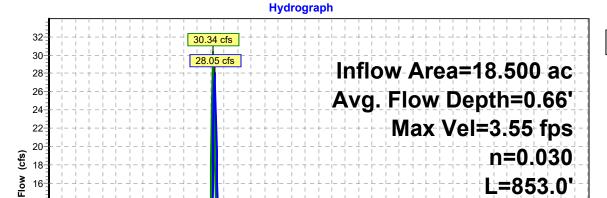
10-8-6-

2

F	ag	е	1	(
	_			_

Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.09	0.1	2.9	47	0.03
0.10	0.1	4.0	77	0.06
1.84	61.2	66.4	52,179	430.84
1.90	65.2	68.7	55,628	468.55
2.10	79.7	76.6	67,995	608.70
2.37	102.4	92.0	87,382	818.03
2.57	122.0	104.3	104,091	1,007.45
2.99	171.2	130.2	146,042	1,527.76
3.24	204.3	135.4	174,303	1,999.47

## Reach 4R: Reach 2

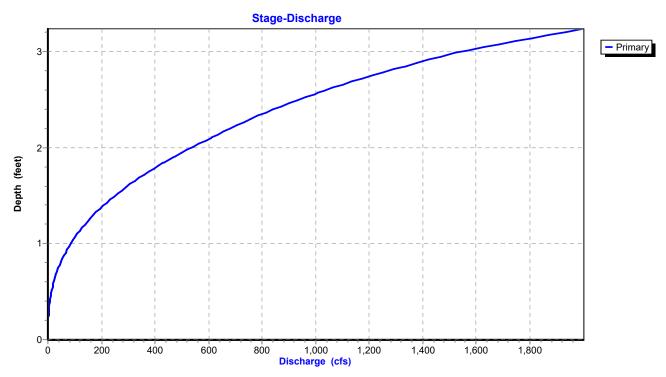


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 Time (hours)

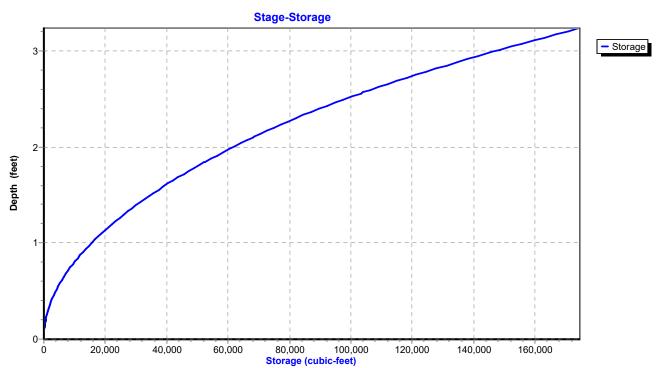


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## Reach 4R: Reach 2



## Reach 4R: Reach 2



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## Summary for Reach 8R: Reach 1

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 31.44 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af

Outflow = 30.34 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Atten= 4%, Lag= 4.9 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 5.06 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.9 min Avg. Velocity = 1.38 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 10.6 min

Peak Storage= 5,256 cf @ 12.14 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.27'

Bank-Full Depth= 1.86' Flow Area= 89.8 sf, Capacity= 1,475.63 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 875.0' Slope= 0.0147 '/' (108 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished

Inlet Invert= 1,021.96', Outlet Invert= 1,009.12'



Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth	
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	
6.08	1,023.78	0.00	
9.16	1,023.55	0.23	
11.33	1,023.58	0.20	
11.39	1,023.57	0.21	
15.58	1,023.21	0.57	
22.68	1,022.85	0.93	
26.25	1,022.76	1.02	
30.78	1,022.00	1.78	
35.77	1,021.93	1.85	
36.49	1,021.92	1.86	
37.38	1,021.93	1.85	
42.61	1,021.97	1.81	
45.38	1,021.97	1.81	
54.65	1,022.00	1.78	
58.89	1,022.15	1.63	

1,022.15

1,022.18

1,022.37

1,022.84

1,023.78

1.63

1.60

1.41

0.94

0.00

59.16

60.04

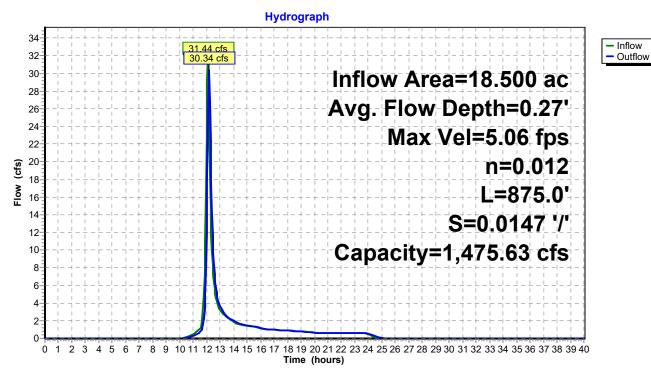
63.66

70.33

84.24

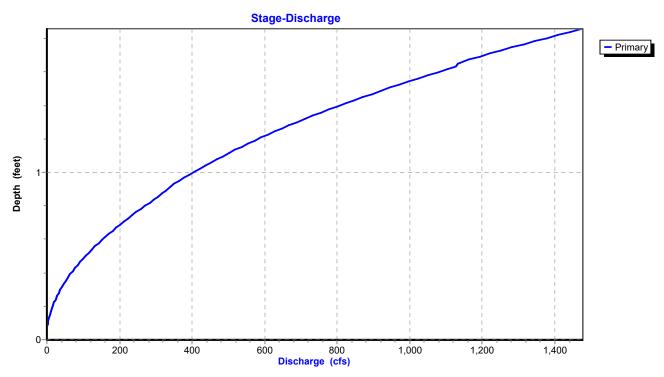
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.01	0.0	1.6	7	0.00
0.05	0.2	12.5	205	0.25
0.08	0.8	23.9	682	1.19
0.23	4.7	29.3	4,152	21.15
0.26	5.6	30.4	4,934	27.55
0.45	11.9	35.1	10,372	86.23
0.84	27.1	43.0	23,687	297.75
0.92	30.7	47.3	26,843	344.59
0.93	31.2	47.9	27,258	350.85
1.29	50.6	60.3	44,272	674.94
1.63	72.6	69.4	63,526	1,122.85
1.65	74.0	71.6	64,757	1,134.97
1.66	74.7	72.7	65,388	1,145.01
1.86	89.8	78.3	78,572	1,475.63

## Reach 8R: Reach 1

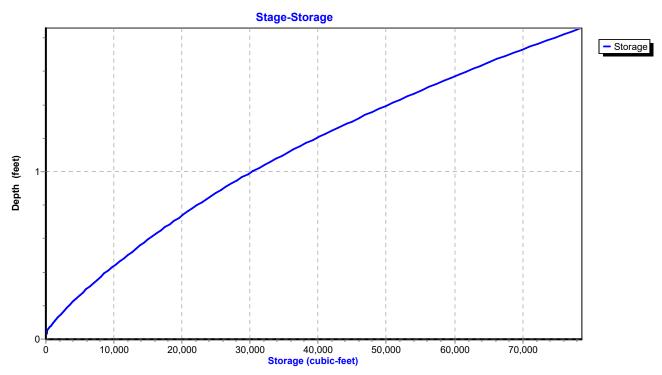


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## Reach 8R: Reach 1



## Reach 8R: Reach 1



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# **Summary for Link 2L: RP-1**

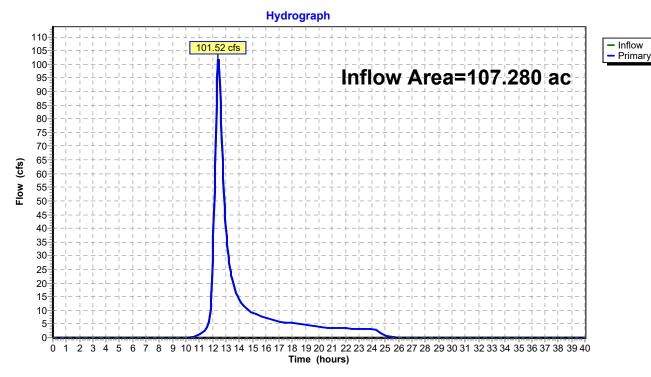
Inflow Area = 107.280 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 101.52 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 12.754 af

Primary = 101.52 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 12.754 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 2L: RP-1



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# **Summary for Link 5L: RP-2**

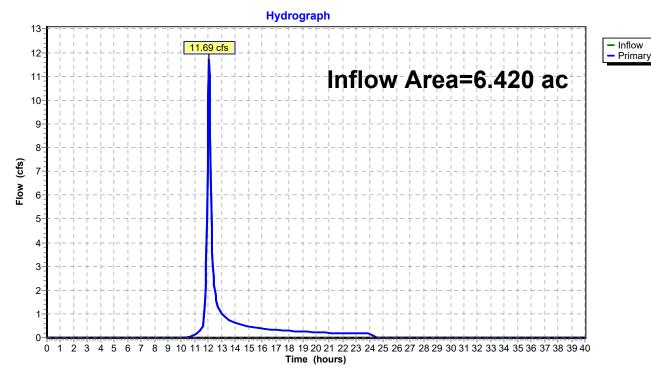
Inflow Area = 6.420 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.37" for 2-Year event

Inflow 11.69 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 0.730 af

11.69 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.730 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 5L: RP-2



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# Summary for Link 6L: RP-4

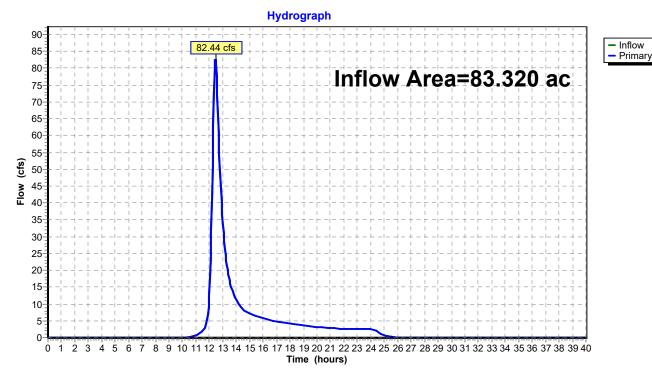
Inflow Area = 83.320 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 82.44 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 9.932 af

Primary = 82.44 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 9.932 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 6L: RP-4



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# **Summary for Link 7L: RP-3**

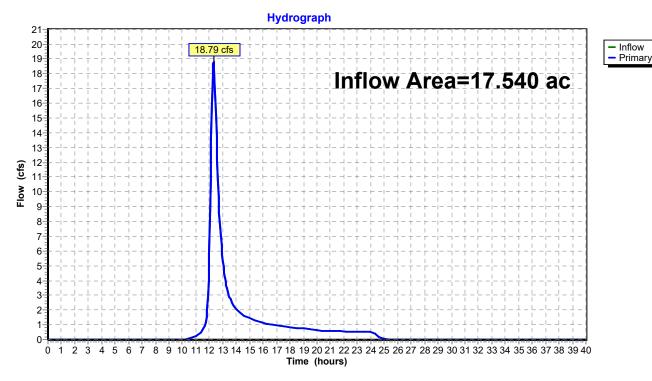
Inflow Area = 17.540 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 18.79 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 2.091 af

Primary = 18.79 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 2.091 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

#### Link 7L: RP-3



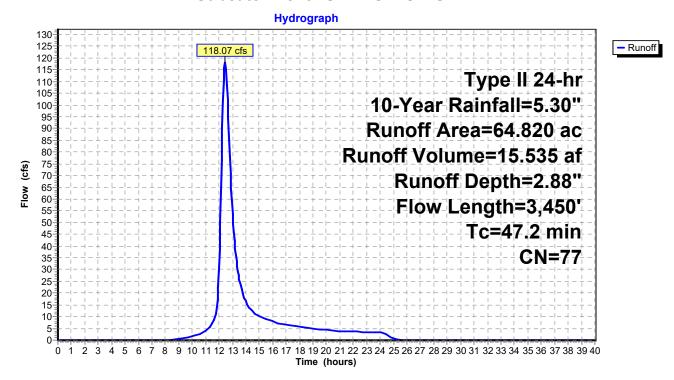
# Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EXIST. ON-SITE #1

Runoff = 118.07 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 15.535 af, Depth= 2.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

	Area (	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
34.840 74 Pasture/grassland/range, G						
	29.	980 8	0 Past	ure/grassl	and/range,	Good, HSG D
	64.	820 7	7 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	64.	820	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	24.7	2,132	0.0255	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Cultivated Straight Rows Kv= 9.0 fps
	14.1	1,218	0.0092	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
· <u></u>	47.2	3,450	Total			

#### Subcatchment 1S: EXIST. ON-SITE #1



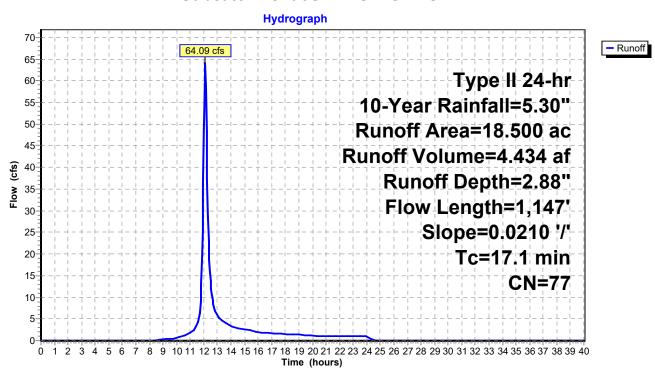
# Summary for Subcatchment 3S: EXIST. OFF-SITE #1

Runoff = 64.09 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Depth= 2.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription			
15.640 76 Woods/grass comb., Fair, F					omb., Fair,	HSG C	
	2.	860 8	32 Woo	ds/grass c	comb., Fair,	HSG D	
	18.500 77 Weighted Average						
	18.	500	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	9.1	100	0.0210	0.18		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	8.0	1,047	0.0210	2.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	17 1	1 147	Total				

#### Subcatchment 3S: EXIST, OFF-SITE #1



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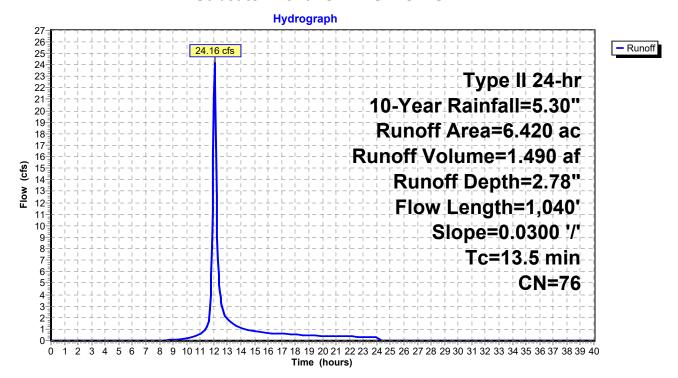
# Summary for Subcatchment 4S: EXIST. ON-SITE #2

Runoff = 24.16 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 1.490 af, Depth= 2.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

_	Area	(ac) (	CN De	scription			
4.200 74 Pasture/grassland/range, G							
_	2.	220	80 Pa	sture/grassl	and/range,	Good, HSG D	
	6.	420	76 We	eighted Ave	rage		
	6.	420	10	0.00% Perv	ious Area		
	Tc	Length			Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	7.9	100	0.030	0.21		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	5.6	940	0.030	2.79		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	13.5	1,040	Total				

#### Subcatchment 4S: EXIST. ON-SITE #2



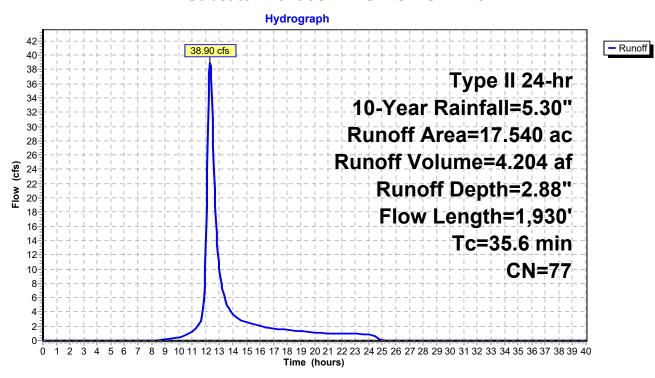
# Summary for Subcatchment 8S: EXIST. ON-SITE #3

Runoff = 38.90 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 4.204 af, Depth= 2.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

	Area	(ac) (	CN Des	cription		
	9.830 74 Pasture/grassland/range, Good, HSG C					
_	7.	710	80 Past	ture/grassl	and/range,	Good, HSG D
	17.	540	77 Wei	ghted Aver	age	
	17.	540	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc	Length	•	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.3	100	0.0265	0.20		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	27.3	1,830	0.0255	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	35.6	1,930	Total			

#### Subcatchment 8S: EXIST. ON-SITE #3



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## Summary for Reach 3R: Reach 3

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 4R OUTLET depth by 0.60' @ 12.35 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 59.05 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af

Outflow = 55.38 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 7.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.36 fps, Min. Travel Time= 4.0 min Avg. Velocity = 1.06 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 16.4 min

Peak Storage= 13,371 cf @ 12.31 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.35'

Bank-Full Depth= 6.40' Flow Area= 252.4 sf, Capacity= 2,150.14 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,041.0' Slope= 0.0088 '/' (110 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 989.92', Outlet Invert= 980.77'

‡	

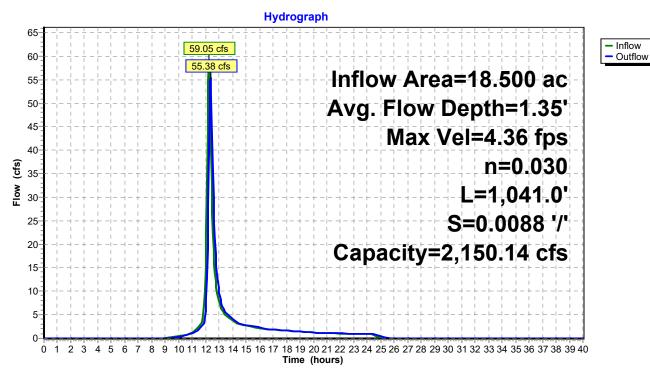
Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	996.29	0.00
7.00	996.00	0.29
12.99	994.06	2.23
13.24	994.00	2.29
14.48	993.84	2.45
28.84	992.00	4.29
29.66	991.71	4.58
36.75	990.00	6.29
39.18	989.92	6.37
39.90	989.89	6.40
42.20	989.97	6.32
43.14	990.00	6.29
43.91	990.40	5.89
46.34	992.00	4.29
53.90	993.41	2.88
56.74	994.00	2.29
62.76	994.22	2.07
76.31	994.65	1.64
100.00	996.29	0.00

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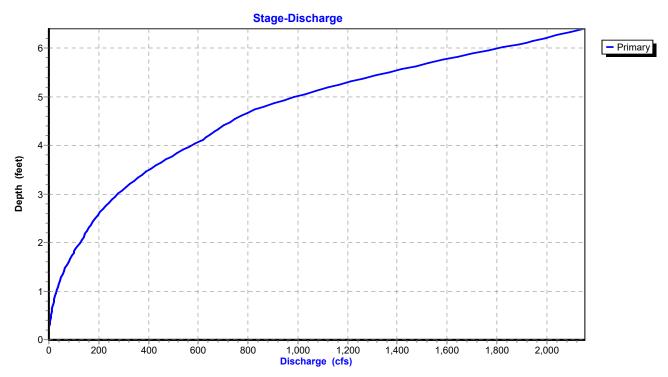
	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.03	0.0	1.6	25	0.01
0.08	0.2	4.5	184	0.09
0.11	0.3	6.4	355	0.22
0.51	3.4	9.0	3,521	8.20
1.82	19.8	16.9	20,607	102.00
2.11	24.7	18.3	25,700	139.72
3.52	62.5	37.1	65,011	410.25
3.95	79.1	42.6	82,369	555.08
4.11	85.9	44.7	89,447	617.31
4.17	88.6	46.6	92,223	631.78
4.33	96.2	51.5	100,189	678.51
4.76	121.1	66.4	126,018	838.92
6.11	225.0	90.3	234,197	1,919.54
6.40	252.4	101.5	262,697	2,150.14

### Reach 3R: Reach 3

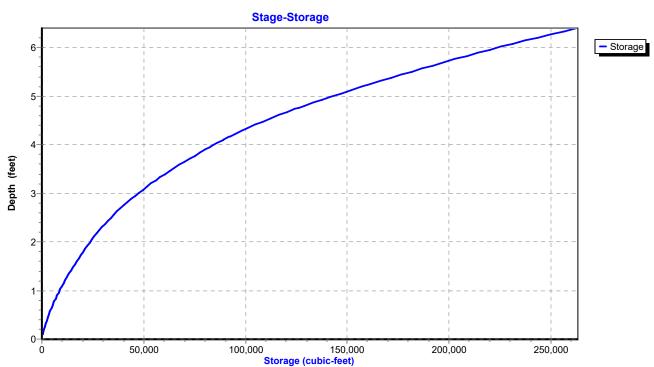


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## Reach 3R: Reach 3



## Reach 3R: Reach 3



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## Summary for Reach 4R: Reach 2

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 8R OUTLET depth by 0.53' @ 12.25 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 62.13 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af

Outflow = 59.05 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 5.9 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

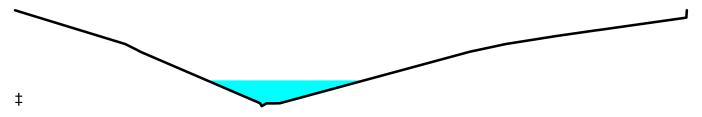
Max. Velocity= 4.28 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.3 min Avg. Velocity = 1.45 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 9.8 min

Peak Storage= 11,827 cf @ 12.20 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.87'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.24' Flow Area= 204.3 sf, Capacity= 1,999.47 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 853.0' Slope= 0.0225 '/' (106 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 1,009.12', Outlet Invert= 989.90'

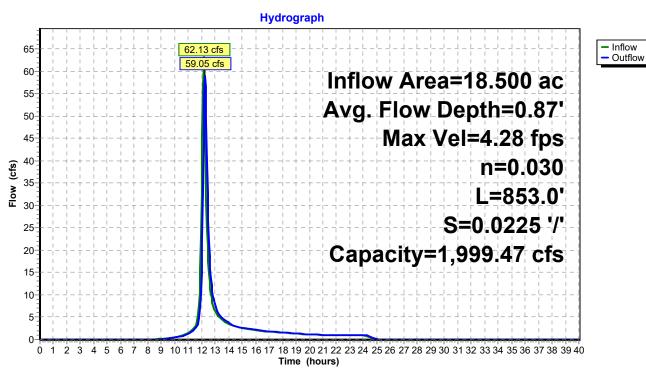


Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	1,009.14	0.00
22.15	1,008.00	1.14
24.54	1,007.80	1.34
25.18	1,007.74	1.40
49.26	1,006.00	3.14
49.59	1,005.90	3.24
50.51	1,005.99	3.15
52.13	1,005.99	3.15
53.24	1,006.00	3.14
91.41	1,007.74	1.40
98.60	1,008.00	1.14
108.78	1,008.27	0.87
117.07	1,008.47	0.67
117.16	1,008.47	0.67
134.91	1,008.89	0.25
135.00	1,009.14	0.00

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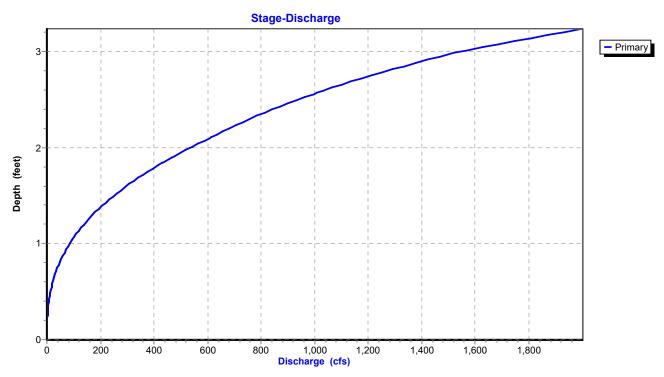
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.09	0.1	2.9	47	0.03
0.10	0.1	4.0	77	0.06
1.84	61.2	66.4	52,179	430.84
1.90	65.2	68.7	55,628	468.55
2.10	79.7	76.6	67,995	608.70
2.37	102.4	92.0	87,382	818.03
2.57	122.0	104.3	104,091	1,007.45
2.99	171.2	130.2	146,042	1,527.76
3.24	204.3	135.4	174,303	1,999.47

#### Reach 4R: Reach 2

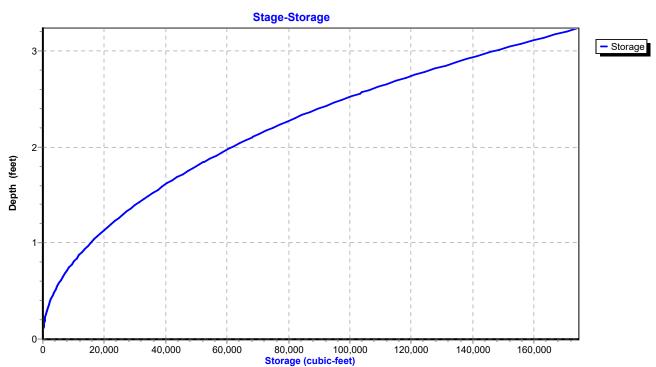


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## Reach 4R: Reach 2



## Reach 4R: Reach 2



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## Summary for Reach 8R: Reach 1

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 64.09 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af

Outflow = 62.13 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 3.8 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 6.51 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.2 min Avg. Velocity = 1.61 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 9.1 min

Peak Storage= 8,425 cf @ 12.12 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.39'

Bank-Full Depth= 1.86' Flow Area= 89.8 sf, Capacity= 1,475.63 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 875.0' Slope= 0.0147 '/' (108 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished Inlet Invert= 1,021.96', Outlet Invert= 1,009.12'

‡

Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
6.08	1,023.78	0.00
9.16	1,023.55	0.23
11.33	1,023.58	0.20
11.39	1,023.57	0.21
15.58	1,023.21	0.57
22.68	1,022.85	0.93
26.25	1,022.76	1.02
30.78	1,022.00	1.78
35.77	1,021.93	1.85
36.49	1,021.92	1.86
37.38	1,021.93	1.85
42.61	1,021.97	1.81
45.38	1,021.97	1.81
54.65	1,022.00	1.78
58.89	1,022.15	1.63
59.16	1,022.15	1.63
60.04	1,022.18	1.60
63.66	1,022.37	1.41
70.33	1,022.84	0.94
84.24	1,023.78	0.00

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#### 19-227-HYDRO-EX

1.66

1.86

74.7

89.8

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Depth End Area		Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.01	0.0	1.6	7	0.00
0.05	0.2	12.5	205	0.25
0.08	0.8	23.9	682	1.19
0.23	4.7	29.3	4,152	21.15
0.26	5.6	30.4	4,934	27.55
0.45	11.9	35.1	10,372	86.23
0.84	27.1	43.0	23,687	297.75
0.92	30.7	47.3	26,843	344.59
0.93	31.2	47.9	27,258	350.85
1.29	50.6	60.3	44,272	674.94
1.63	72.6	69.4	63,526	1,122.85
1.65	74.0	71.6	64,757	1,134.97

72.7

78.3

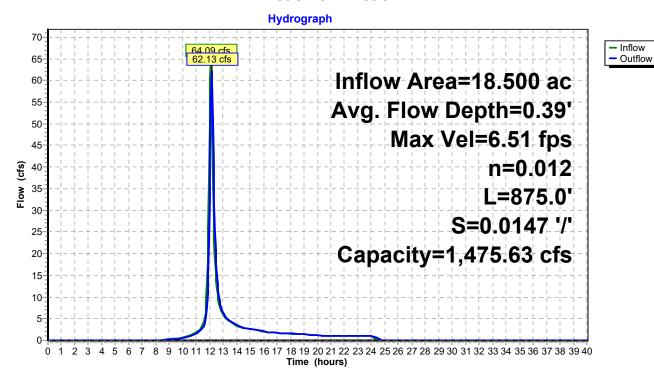
#### Reach 8R: Reach 1

1,145.01

1,475.63

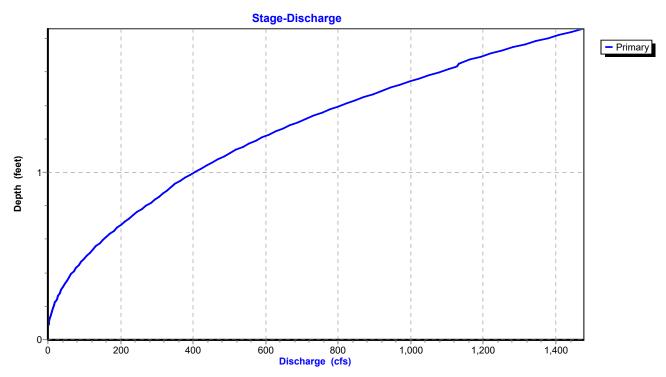
65,388

78,572

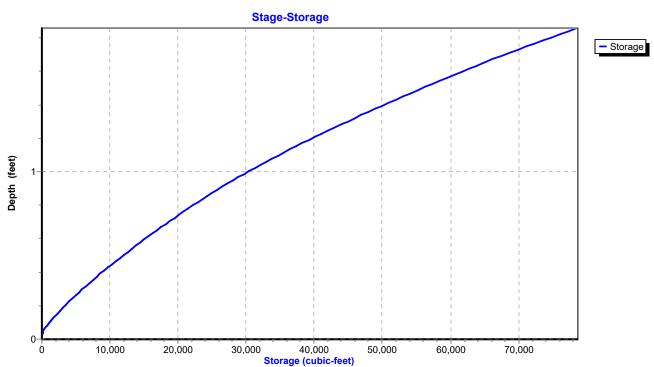


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## Reach 8R: Reach 1



## Reach 8R: Reach 1



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# **Summary for Link 2L: RP-1**

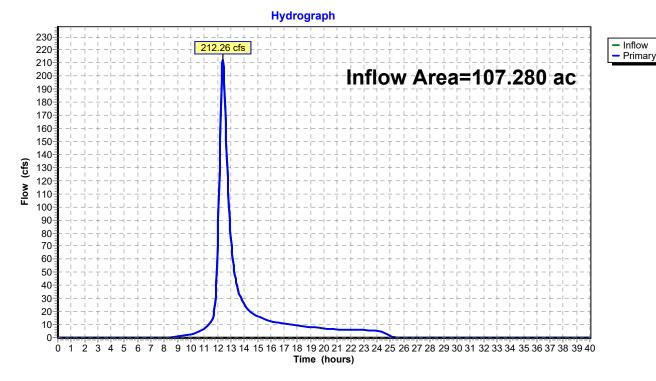
Inflow Area = 107.280 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.87" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 212.26 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 25.662 af

Primary = 212.26 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 25.662 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 2L: RP-1



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# **Summary for Link 5L: RP-2**

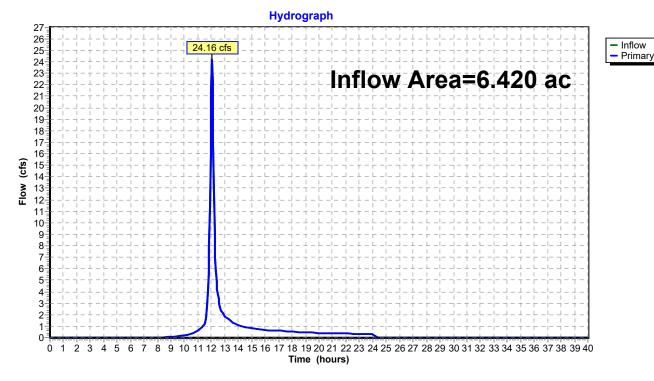
0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.78" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = 6.420 ac,

Inflow 24.16 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 1.490 af

24.16 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= Primary 1.490 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 5L: RP-2



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# Summary for Link 6L: RP-4

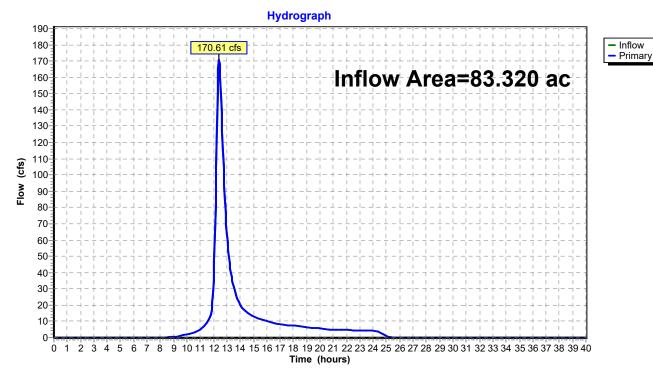
Inflow Area = 83.320 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 170.61 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 19.968 af

Primary = 170.61 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 19.968 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 6L: RP-4



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# **Summary for Link 7L: RP-3**

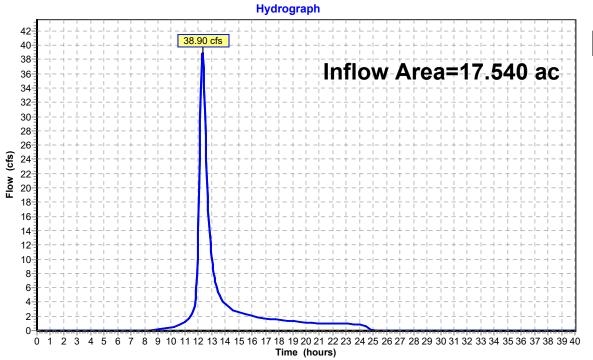
0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = 17.540 ac,

Inflow 38.90 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 4.204 af

38.90 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= Primary 4.204 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 7L: RP-3





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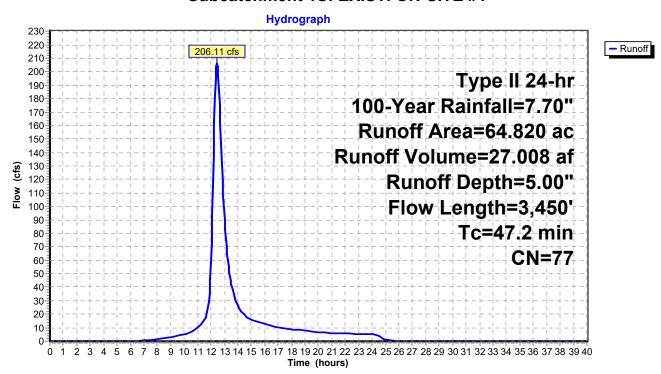
# Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EXIST. ON-SITE #1

Runoff = 206.11 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 27.008 af, Depth= 5.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

	Area (	(ac) C	N Desc	cription		
34.840 74 Pasture/grassland/range, G						
	29.	980 8	0 Past	ure/grassl	and/range,	Good, HSG D
	64.	820 7	7 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	64.	820	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	24.7	2,132	0.0255	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Cultivated Straight Rows Kv= 9.0 fps
	14.1	1,218	0.0092	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
· <u></u>	47.2	3,450	Total			

#### Subcatchment 1S: EXIST. ON-SITE #1



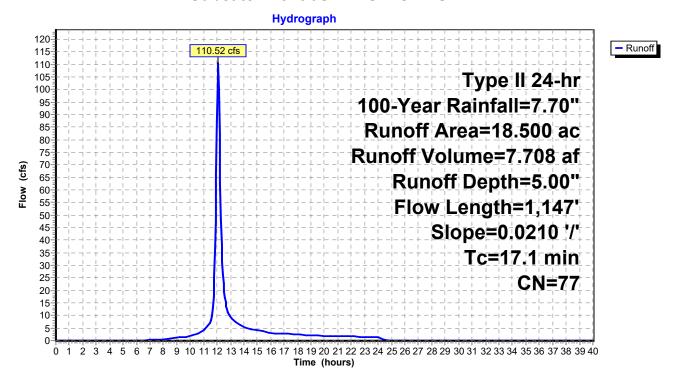
## Summary for Subcatchment 3S: EXIST. OFF-SITE #1

Runoff = 110.52 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Depth= 5.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

_	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription			
	15.640 76 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG C					HSG C		
	2.	860	82	Woo	ds/grass d	omb., Fair,	HSG D	
	18.	500	77	Weig	hted Aver	age		
	18.	500		100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Tc	Lengt	h S	lope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
	(min)	(feet	<u> </u>	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·	
	9.1	10	0.0	0210	0.18		Sheet Flow,	
							Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	8.0	1,04	7 0.0	0210	2.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
							Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	17.1	1,14	7 To	tal				

#### Subcatchment 3S: EXIST, OFF-SITE #1



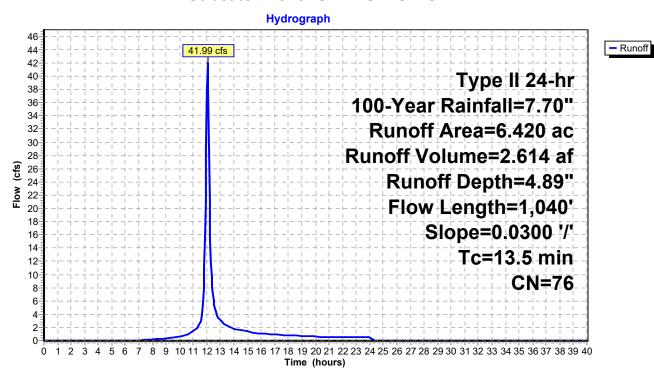
# Summary for Subcatchment 4S: EXIST. ON-SITE #2

Runoff = 41.99 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2.614 af, Depth= 4.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			
4.200 74 Pasture/grassland/range, Good, HSG C							
2.220 80 Pasture/grassland/range, Good, HSG D							
	6.	420	76 Weig	ghted Aver	age		
	6.	420	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Тс	Length	•	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	7.9	100	0.0300	0.21		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	5.6	940	0.0300	2.79		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	13.5	1,040	Total				

#### Subcatchment 4S: EXIST. ON-SITE #2



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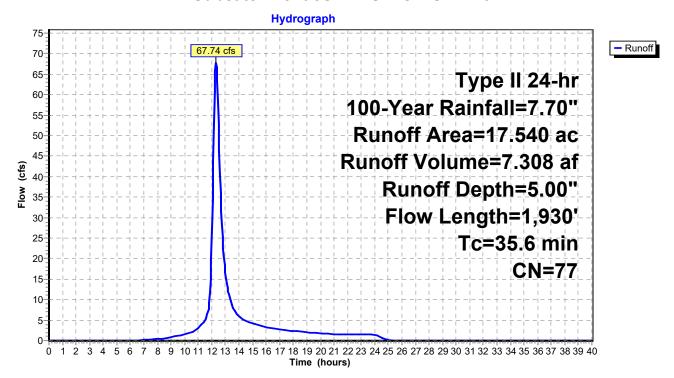
# Summary for Subcatchment 8S: EXIST. ON-SITE #3

Runoff = 67.74 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 7.308 af, Depth= 5.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			
9.830 74 Pasture/grassland/range, Good, HSG C							
7.710 80 Pasture/grassland/range, Good, HSG D					Good, HSG D		
	17.	540	77 Weig	ghted Aver	age		
	17.	540	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		_
	8.3	100	0.0265	0.20		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	27.3	1,830	0.0255	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	_
	35.6	1,930	Total				

#### Subcatchment 8S: EXIST. ON-SITE #3



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## Summary for Reach 3R: Reach 3

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 4R OUTLET depth by 0.84' @ 12.30 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 103.42 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af

Outflow = 98.72 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 5.9 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 5.10 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.4 min Avg. Velocity = 1.23 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 14.1 min

Peak Storage= 20,252 cf @ 12.27 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.80'

Bank-Full Depth= 6.40' Flow Area= 252.4 sf, Capacity= 2,150.14 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,041.0' Slope= 0.0088 '/' (110 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 989.92', Outlet Invert= 980.77'

‡

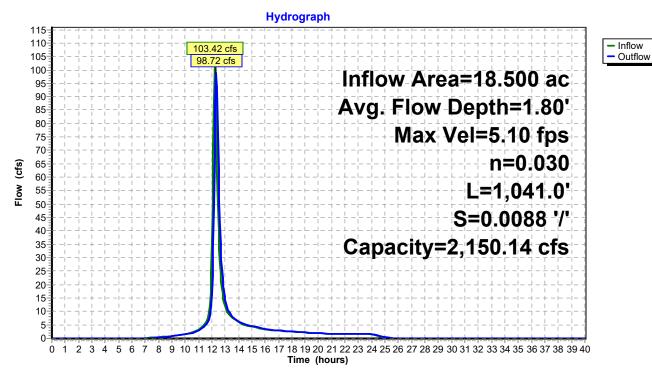
Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth	
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	
0.00	996.29	0.00	
7.00	996.00	0.29	
12.99	994.06	2.23	
13.24	994.00	2.29	
14.48	993.84	2.45	
28.84	992.00	4.29	
29.66	991.71	4.58	
36.75	990.00	6.29	
39.18	989.92	6.37	
39.90	989.89	6.40	
42.20	989.97	6.32	
43.14	990.00	6.29	
43.91	990.40	5.89	
46.34	992.00	4.29	
53.90	993.41	2.88	
56.74	994.00	2.29	
62.76	994.22	2.07	
76.31	994.65	1.64	
100.00	996.29	0.00	

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	-	Page 4	1

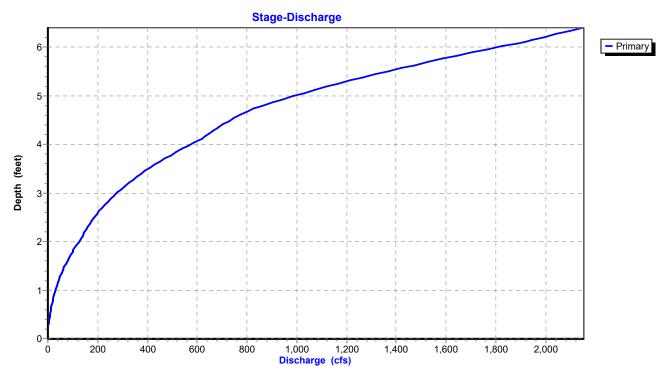
Depth (feet)	End Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Discharge (cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.03	0.0	1.6	25	0.01
0.08	0.2	4.5	184	0.09
0.11	0.3	6.4	355	0.22
0.51	3.4	9.0	3,521	8.20
1.82	19.8	16.9	20,607	102.00
2.11	24.7	18.3	25,700	139.72
3.52	62.5	37.1	65,011	410.25
3.95	79.1	42.6	82,369	555.08
4.11	85.9	44.7	89,447	617.31
4.17	88.6	46.6	92,223	631.78
4.33	96.2	51.5	100,189	678.51
4.76	121.1	66.4	126,018	838.92
6.11	225.0	90.3	234,197	1,919.54
6.40	252.4	101.5	262,697	2,150.14

### Reach 3R: Reach 3

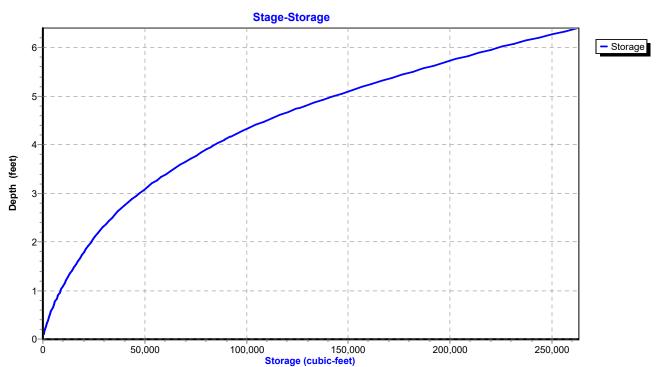


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# Reach 3R: Reach 3



## Reach 3R: Reach 3



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### Summary for Reach 4R: Reach 2

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 8R OUTLET depth by 0.62' @ 12.25 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 107.38 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af

Outflow = 103.42 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Atten= 4%, Lag= 5.1 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.92 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.9 min Avg. Velocity = 1.62 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 8.8 min

Peak Storage= 17,944 cf @ 12.18 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.08'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.24' Flow Area= 204.3 sf, Capacity= 1,999.47 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 853.0' Slope= 0.0225 '/' (106 Elevation Intervals)

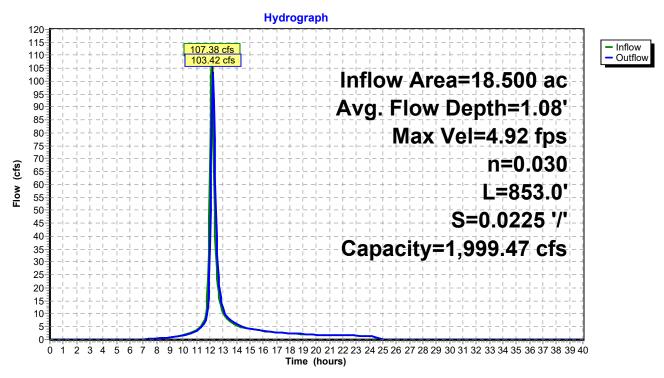
Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 1,009.12', Outlet Invert= 989.90'

‡

Offset (feet)	Elevation (feet)	Chan.Depth (feet)
0.00	1,009.14	0.00
22.15	1,008.00	1.14
24.54	1,007.80	1.34
25.18	1,007.74	1.40
49.26	1,006.00	3.14
49.59	1,005.90	3.24
50.51	1,005.99	3.15
52.13	1,005.99	3.15
53.24	1,006.00	3.14
91.41	1,007.74	1.40
98.60	1,008.00	1.14
108.78	1,008.27	0.87
117.07	1,008.47	0.67
117.16	1,008.47	0.67
134.91	1,008.89	0.25
135.00	1,009.14	0.00

	epth)	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
	0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
	0.09	0.1	2.9	47	0.03
	0.10	0.1	4.0	77	0.06
	1.84	61.2	66.4	52,179	430.84
	1.90	65.2	68.7	55,628	468.55
	2.10	79.7	76.6	67,995	608.70
	2.37	102.4	92.0	87,382	818.03
	2.57	122.0	104.3	104,091	1,007.45
	2.99	171.2	130.2	146,042	1,527.76
	3.24	204.3	135.4	174,303	1,999.47

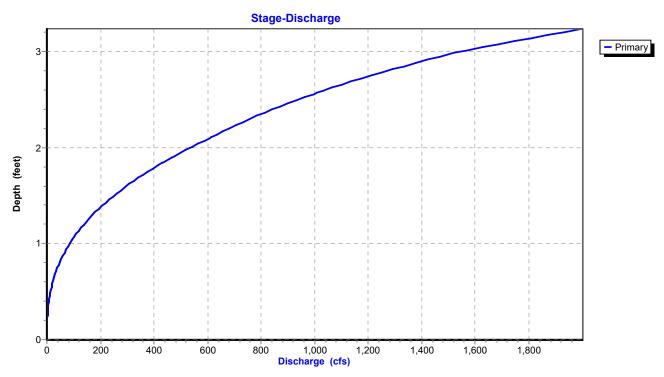
### Reach 4R: Reach 2



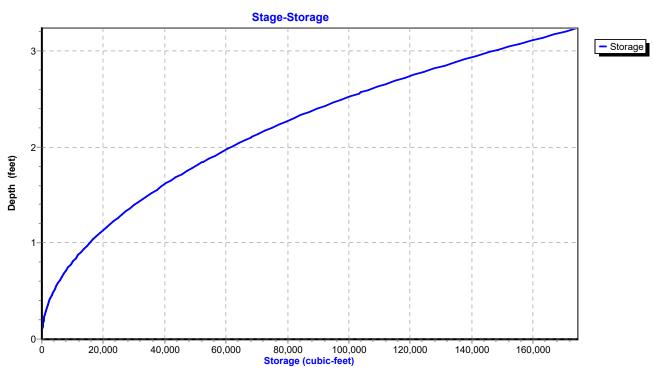
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## Reach 4R: Reach 2



## Reach 4R: Reach 2



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## Summary for Reach 8R: Reach 1

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 110.52 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af

Outflow = 107.38 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 3.2 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 7.88 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.9 min Avg. Velocity = 1.86 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 7.8 min

Peak Storage= 12,109 cf @ 12.11 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.51'

Bank-Full Depth= 1.86' Flow Area= 89.8 sf, Capacity= 1,475.63 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 875.0' Slope= 0.0147 '/' (108 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished Inlet Invert= 1,021.96', Outlet Invert= 1,009.12'

‡

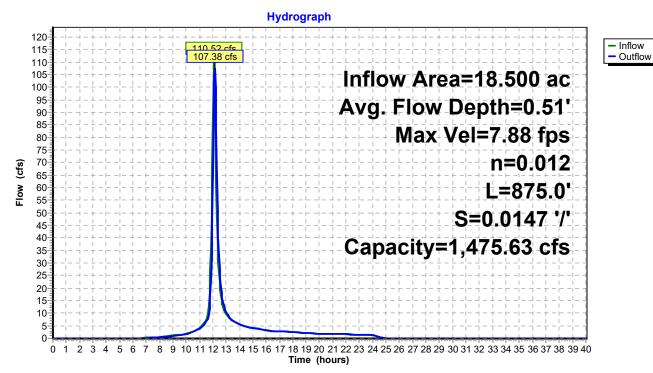
Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth	
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	
6.08	1,023.78	0.00	
9.16	1,023.55	0.23	
11.33	1,023.58	0.20	
11.39	1,023.57	0.21	
15.58	1,023.21	0.57	
22.68	1,022.85	0.93	
26.25	1,022.76	1.02	
30.78	1,022.00	1.78	
35.77	1,021.93	1.85	
36.49	1,021.92	1.86	
37.38	1,021.93	1.85	
42.61	1,021.97	1.81	
45.38	1,021.97	1.81	
54.65	1,022.00	1.78	
58.89	1,022.15	1.63	
59.16	1,022.15	1.63	
60.04	1,022.18	1.60	
63.66	1,022.37	1.41	
70.33	1,022.84	0.94	
84.24	1,023.78	0.00	

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Depth (feet)	End Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Discharge (cfs)
	· · · · ·		(cubic-leet)	
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.01	0.0	1.6	7	0.00
0.05	0.2	12.5	205	0.25
0.08	8.0	23.9	682	1.19
0.23	4.7	29.3	4,152	21.15
0.26	5.6	30.4	4,934	27.55
0.45	11.9	35.1	10,372	86.23
0.84	27.1	43.0	23,687	297.75
0.92	30.7	47.3	26,843	344.59
0.93	31.2	47.9	27,258	350.85
1.29	50.6	60.3	44,272	674.94
1.63	72.6	69.4	63,526	1,122.85
1.65	74.0	71.6	64,757	1,134.97
1.66	74.7	72.7	65,388	1,145.01
1.86	89.8	78.3	78,572	1,475.63

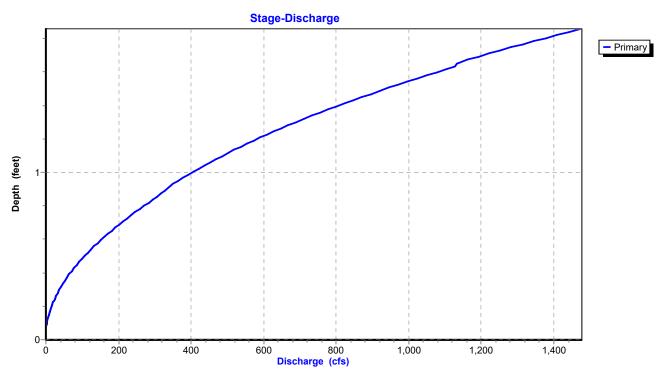
### Reach 8R: Reach 1



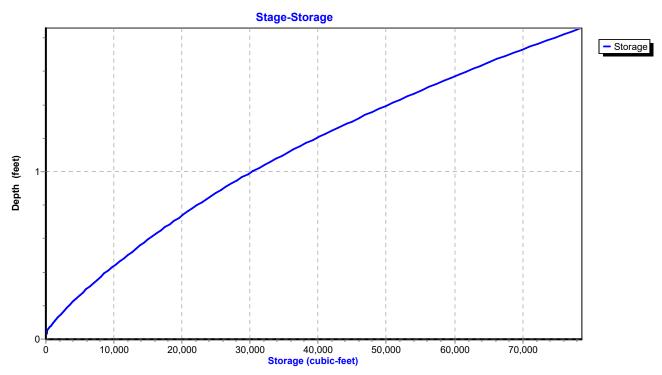
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# Reach 8R: Reach 1



## Reach 8R: Reach 1



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# **Summary for Link 2L: RP-1**

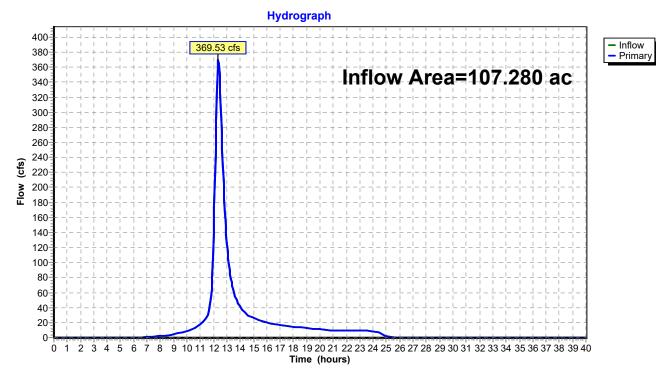
Inflow Area = 107.280 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.99" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 369.53 cfs @ 12.36 hrs, Volume= 44.638 af

Primary = 369.53 cfs @ 12.36 hrs, Volume= 44.638 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 2L: RP-1



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# Summary for Link 5L: RP-2

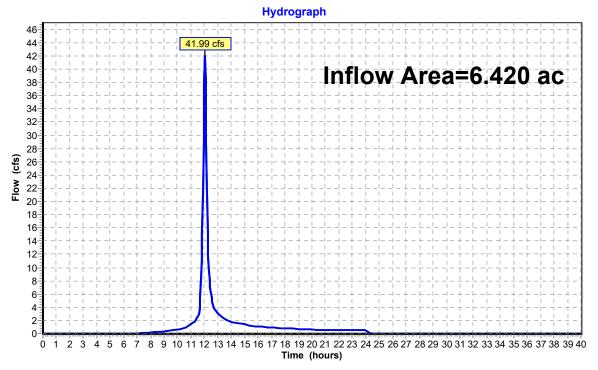
Inflow Area = 6.420 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.89" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 41.99 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2.614 af

Primary = 41.99 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2.614 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 5L: RP-2





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# **Summary for Link 6L: RP-4**

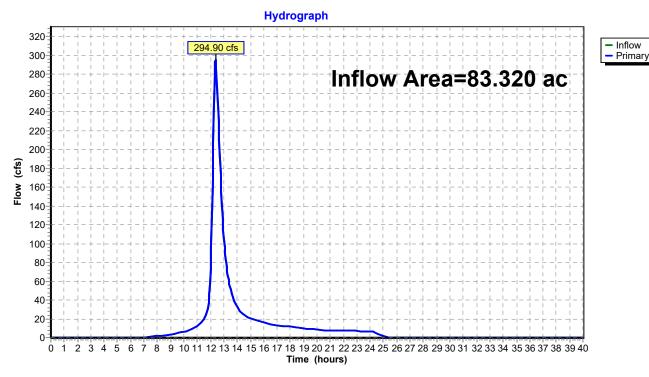
Inflow Area = 83.320 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 294.90 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 34.716 af

Primary = 294.90 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 34.716 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

### Link 6L: RP-4



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# **Summary for Link 7L: RP-3**

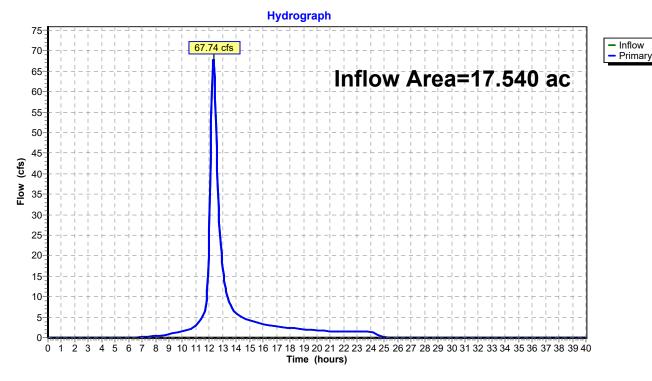
Inflow Area = 17.540 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

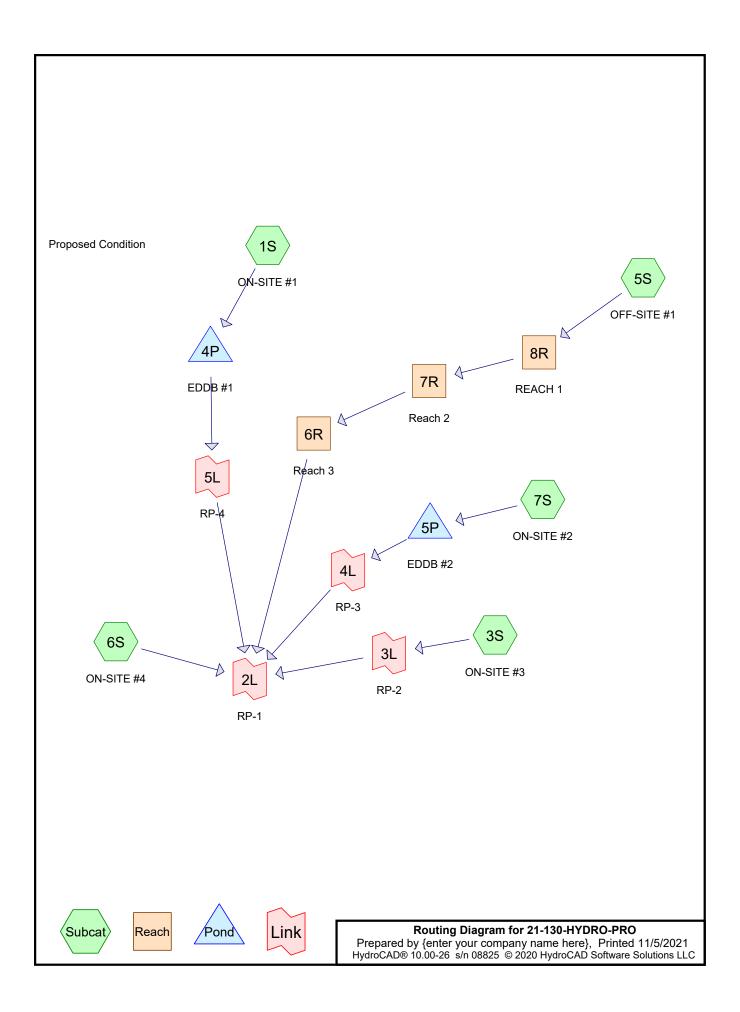
Inflow = 67.74 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 7.308 af

Primary = 67.74 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 7.308 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

### Link 7L: RP-3





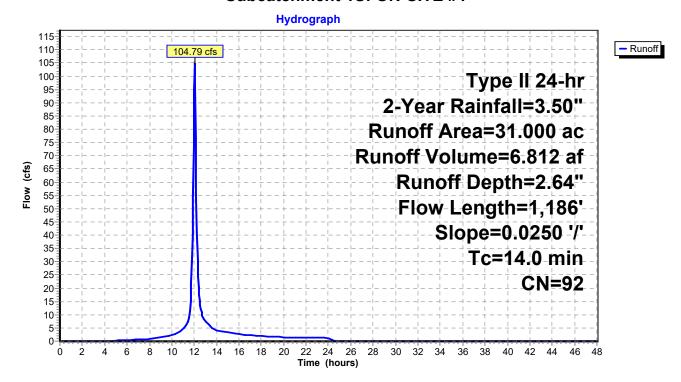
# Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ON-SITE #1

Runoff = 104.79 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 6.812 af, Depth= 2.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

_	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription						
*	18.	880	92	Dupl	Duplex/Townhomes						
	9.	670	92	1/8 a	icre lots, 6	5% imp, H	SG D				
	2.	450	95	Urba	n commer	cial, 85% iı	mp, HSG D				
	31.	000	92	Weig	hted Aver	age					
	22.	632		73.0	1% Pervio	us Area					
	8.	368		26.9	9% Imperv	ious Area					
	Тс	Lengt	h	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(fee	t)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	8.4	10	0 0	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,				
							Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"				
	5.6	1,08	6 0	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
							Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
_	14.0	1,18	6 T	otal	·						

#### Subcatchment 1S: ON-SITE #1



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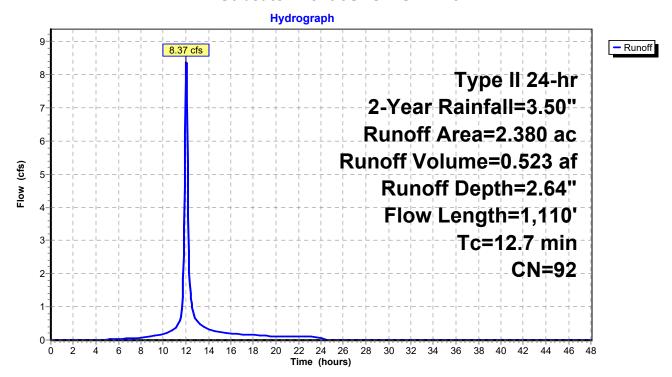
## Summary for Subcatchment 3S: ON-SITE #3

Runoff = 8.37 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.523 af, Depth= 2.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription					
	2.380 92 1/8 acre lots, 65% imp, HSG D								
0.833 35.00% Pervious Area									
1.547 65.00% Impervious Area					ious Area				
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	4.9	50	0.0250	0.17		Sheet Flow,			
	7.8	1,060	0.0200	2.28		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps			
	12.7	1.110	Total	·	·				

#### Subcatchment 3S: ON-SITE #3



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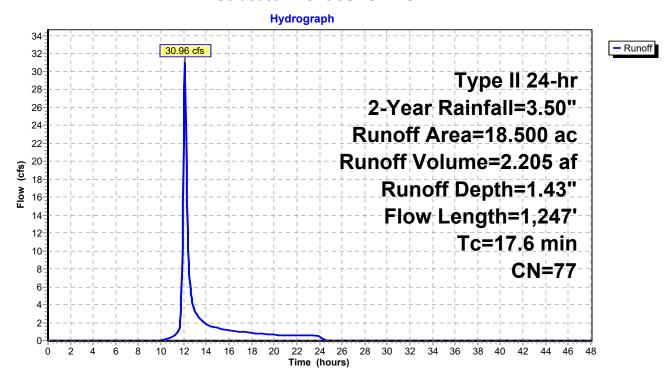
# Summary for Subcatchment 5S: OFF-SITE #1

Runoff = 30.96 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Depth= 1.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			_
	15.640 76 Woods/grass comb., Fair,					HSG C	
_	2.860 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D						
	18.	500	77 Wei	ghted Aver	age		
	18.	500	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	9.2	1,147	0.0192	2.08		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	17.6	1,247	Total				

#### Subcatchment 5S: OFF-SITE #1



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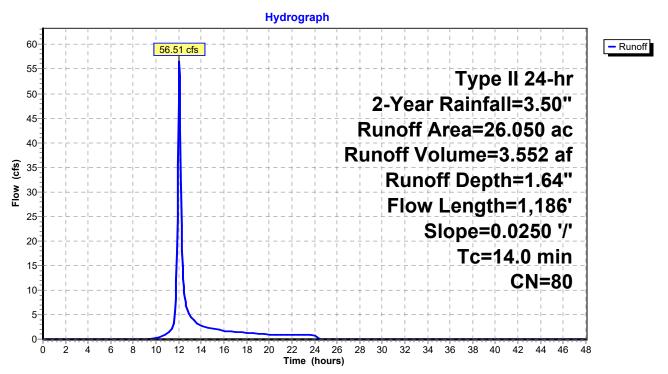
# Summary for Subcatchment 6S: ON-SITE #4

Runoff = 56.51 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 3.552 af, Depth= 1.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription				
	26.050 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D							
26.050		100.	100.00% Pervious Area					
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
-	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20	,	Sheet Flow,		
	5.6	1,086	0.0250	3.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps		
	14.0	1,186	Total					

### Subcatchment 6S: ON-SITE #4



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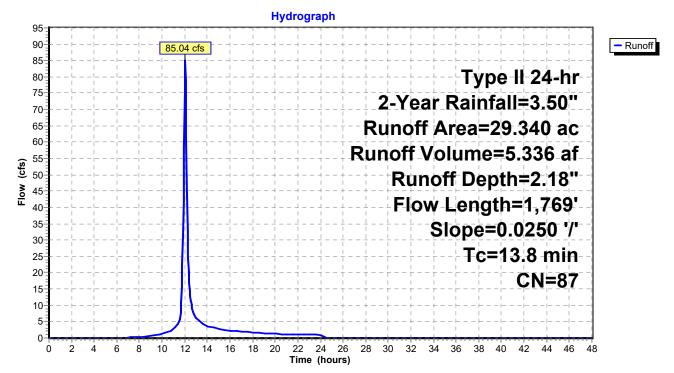
# Summary for Subcatchment 7S: ON-SITE #2

Runoff = 85.04 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 5.336 af, Depth= 2.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.50"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription				
29.340 87 1/4 acre lots, 38% imp, HSG D								
	18.	191	62.0	0% Pervio	us Area			
11.149 38.00% Impervious Area					ious Area			
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
	4.9	50	0.0250	0.17		Sheet Flow,		
	8.9	1,719	0.0250	3.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps		
	13.8	1 760	Total					

### Subcatchment 7S: ON-SITE #2



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## Summary for Reach 6R: Reach 3

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 7R OUTLET depth by 0.37' @ 12.40 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 27.97 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af

Outflow = 25.75 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Atten= 8%, Lag= 8.8 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 3.48 fps, Min. Travel Time= 5.0 min Avg. Velocity = 0.90 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 19.3 min

Peak Storage= 7,747 cf @ 12.33 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.92'

Bank-Full Depth= 6.40' Flow Area= 252.4 sf, Capacity= 2,150.14 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,041.0' Slope= 0.0088 '/' (110 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 989.92', Outlet Invert= 980.77'

‡	

Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	996.29	0.00
7.00	996.00	0.29
12.99	994.06	2.23
13.24	994.00	2.29
14.48	993.84	2.45
28.84	992.00	4.29
29.66	991.71	4.58
36.75	990.00	6.29
39.18	989.92	6.37
39.90	989.89	6.40
42.20	989.97	6.32
43.14	990.00	6.29
43.91	990.40	5.89
46.34	992.00	4.29
53.90	993.41	2.88
56.74	994.00	2.29
62.76	994.22	2.07
76.31	994.65	1.64
100.00	996.29	0.00
100.00	330.23	0.00

#### 21-130-HYDRO-PRO

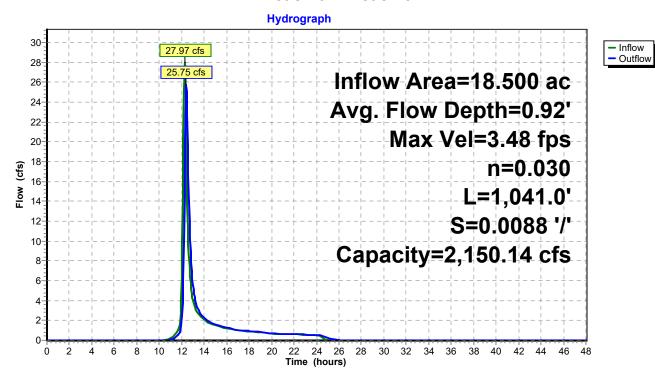
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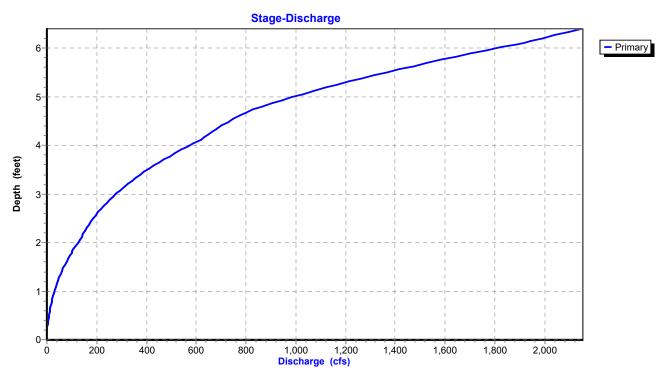
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.03	0.0	1.6	25	0.01
0.08	0.2	4.5	184	0.09
0.11	0.3	6.4	355	0.22
0.51	3.4	9.0	3,521	8.20
1.82	19.8	16.9	20,607	102.00
2.11	24.7	18.3	25,700	139.72
3.52	62.5	37.1	65,011	410.25
3.95	79.1	42.6	82,369	555.08
4.11	85.9	44.7	89,447	617.31
4.17	88.6	46.6	92,223	631.78
4.33	96.2	51.5	100,189	678.51
4.76	121.1	66.4	126,018	838.92
6.11	225.0	90.3	234,197	1,919.54
6.40	252.4	101.5	262,697	2,150.14

#### Reach 6R: Reach 3

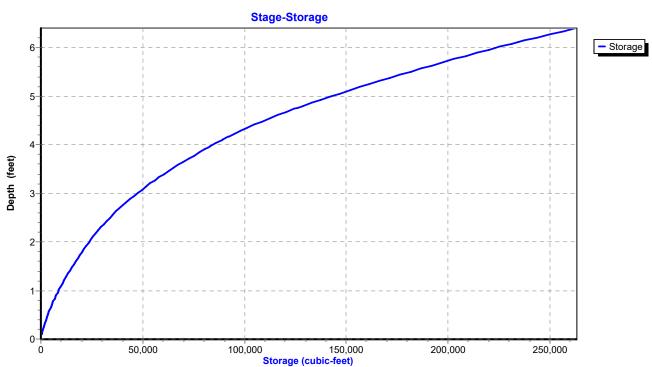


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## Reach 6R: Reach 3



## Reach 6R: Reach 3



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### Summary for Reach 7R: Reach 2

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 8R OUTLET depth by 0.20' @ 25.10 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 30.16 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af

Outflow = 27.97 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 7.1 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 3.55 fps, Min. Travel Time= 4.0 min Avg. Velocity = 1.30 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 10.9 min

Peak Storage= 6,799 cf @ 12.20 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.66'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.24' Flow Area= 204.3 sf, Capacity= 1,999.47 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 853.0' Slope= 0.0225 '/' (106 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 1,009.12', Outlet Invert= 989.90'

‡

Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)
1,009.14	0.00
1,008.00	1.14
1,007.80	1.34
1,007.74	1.40
1,006.00	3.14
1,005.90	3.24
1,005.99	3.15
1,005.99	3.15
1,006.00	3.14
1,007.74	1.40
1,008.00	1.14
1,008.27	0.87
1,008.47	0.67
1,008.47	0.67
1,008.89	0.25
1,009.14	0.00
	(feet) 1,009.14 1,008.00 1,007.80 1,007.74 1,006.00 1,005.90 1,005.99 1,006.00 1,007.74 1,008.00 1,008.27 1,008.47 1,008.89

#### 21-130-HYDRO-PRO

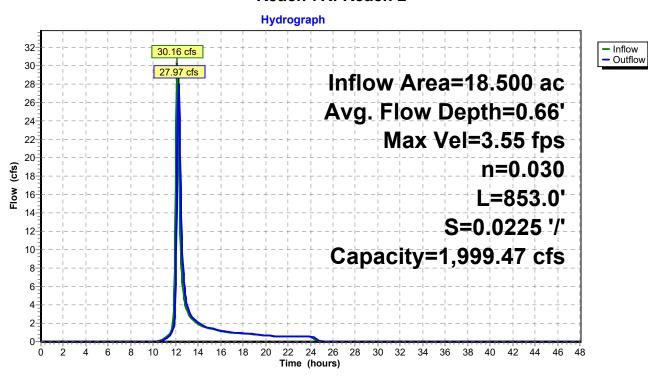
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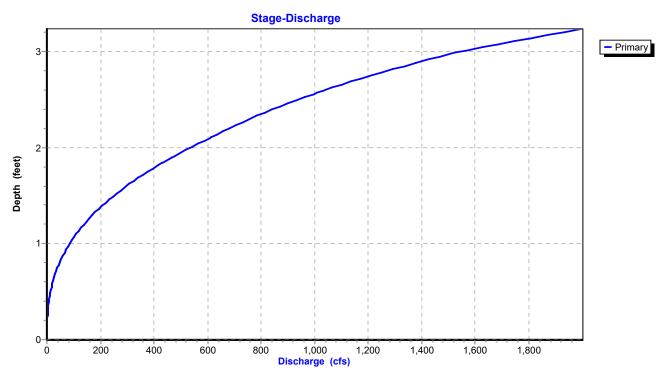
	•	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
_	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
	0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
	0.09	0.1	2.9	47	0.03
	0.10	0.1	4.0	77	0.06
	1.84	61.2	66.4	52,179	430.84
	1.90	65.2	68.7	55,628	468.55
	2.10	79.7	76.6	67,995	608.70
	2.37	102.4	92.0	87,382	818.03
	2.57	122.0	104.3	104,091	1,007.45
	2.99	171.2	130.2	146,042	1,527.76
	3.24	204.3	135.4	174,303	1,999.47

#### Reach 7R: Reach 2

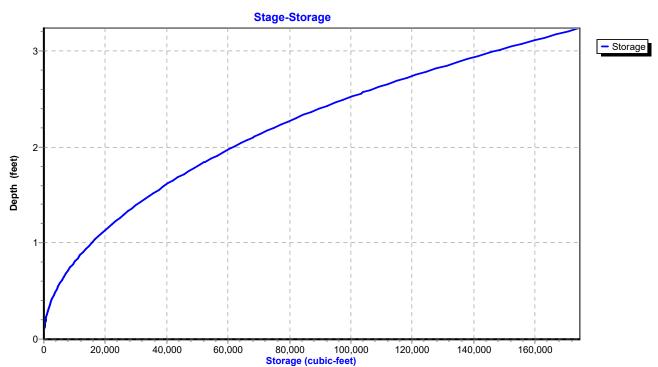


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## Reach 7R: Reach 2



## Reach 7R: Reach 2



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### **Summary for Reach 8R: REACH 1**

[52] Hint: Inlet/Outlet conditions not evaluated

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.43" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 30.96 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af

Outflow = 30.16 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 2.205 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 2.4 min

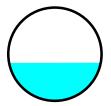
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 11.28 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.3 min Avg. Velocity = 3.96 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 3.7 min

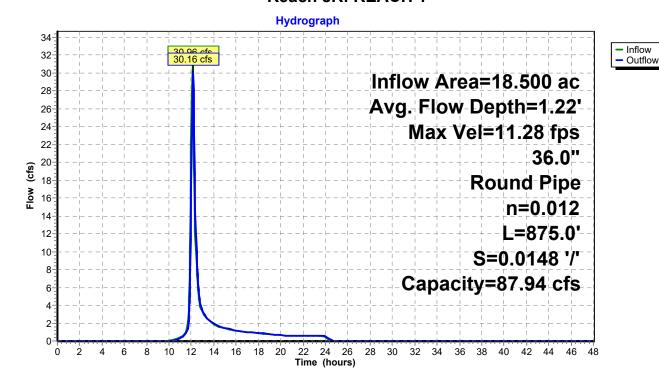
Peak Storage= 2,371 cf @ 12.12 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.22'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.00' Flow Area= 7.1 sf, Capacity= 87.94 cfs

36.0" Round Pipe n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished Length= 875.0' Slope= 0.0148 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,021.96', Outlet Invert= 1,009.00'

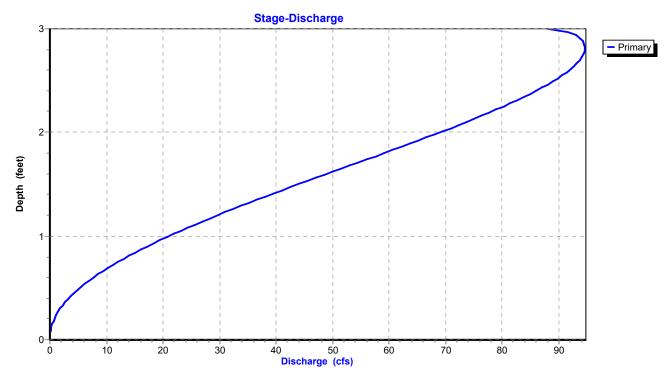


#### Reach 8R: REACH 1

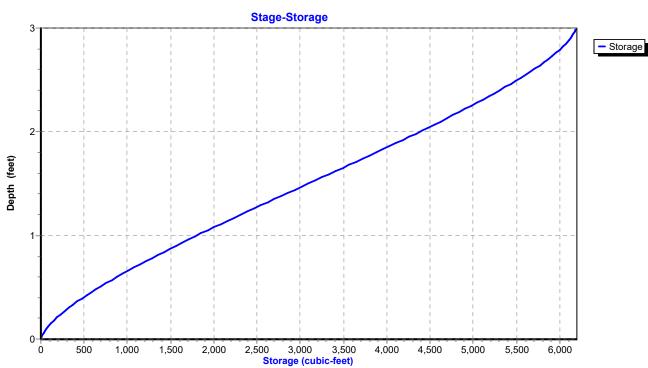


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## Reach 8R: REACH 1



## Reach 8R: REACH 1



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### **Summary for Pond 4P: EDDB #1**

Inflow Area = 31.000 ac, 26.99% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.64" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 104.79 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 6.812 af

Outflow = 5.51 cfs @ 13.48 hrs, Volume= 6.812 af, Atten= 95%, Lag= 85.4 min

Primary = 5.51 cfs @ 13.48 hrs, Volume= 6.812 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 1,006.97' @ 13.48 hrs Surf.Area= 46,875 sf Storage= 159,953 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 310.1 min calculated for 6.804 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 310.3 min (1,109.2 - 798.8)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	rage	Storage	Description		
#1	1,000.0	0' 337,97	73 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.	Store	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
1,000.0		2,877	(Cubic	0	(cubic-leet)		
1,000.0		2,677 14,155	1	7,032	17,032		
1,004.0		25,190		9,345	56,377		
1,006.0		37,336		2,526	118,903		
1,008.0	0	56,905	94,241		213,144		
1,010.0	0	67,924		4,829	337,973		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Device	S		
#1	Primary	999.50'	30.0'	' Round	Culvert		
L= 87.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.50 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 999.50' / 998.00' S= 0.017 n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 4		998.00' S= 0.0172 '/' Cc= 0.900					
#2	Device 1	999.90'	9.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600				
#3	Device 2	1,000.00'			l <b>15" HDPE</b> P, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500	
			Inlet	/ Outlet I	nvert= 1,000.00	'/ 999.90' S= 0.0060 '/' Cc= 0.900	

n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

**72.0" x 72.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate** C= 0.600

Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=5.51 cfs @ 13.48 hrs HW=1,006.97' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Passes 5.51 cfs of 58.97 cfs potential flow)

1.007.25'

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 5.51 cfs @ 12.46 fps)

**3=15" HDPE** (Passes 5.51 cfs of 14.89 cfs potential flow)

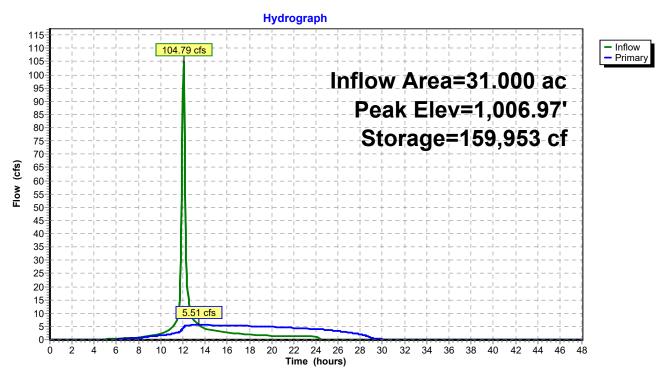
-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

#4

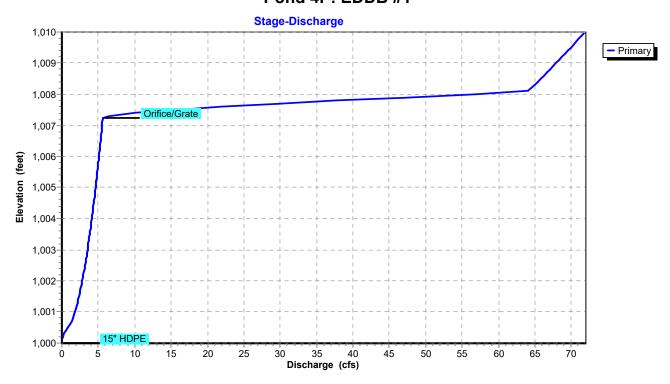
Device 1

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Pond 4P: EDDB #1



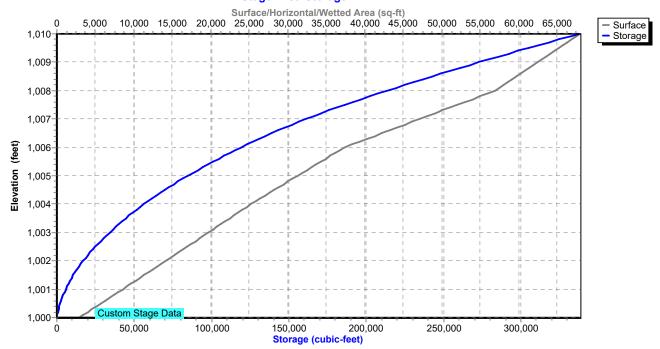
Pond 4P: EDDB #1



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#### Pond 4P: EDDB #1

#### Stage-Area-Storage



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#### **Summary for Pond 5P: EDDB #2**

[44] Hint: Outlet device #3 is below defined storage

29.340 ac, 38.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.18" for 2-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 85.04 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 5.336 af

5.336 af, Atten= 95%, Lag= 100.5 min Outflow 4.18 cfs @ 13.73 hrs, Volume=

Primary = 4.18 cfs @ 13.73 hrs, Volume= 5.336 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 995.52' @ 13.73 hrs Surf.Area= 44,666 sf Storage= 122,153 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 308.2 min calculated for 5.330 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 308.2 min (1,127.5 - 819.3)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description			
#1	990.00	)' 359,08	39 cf Custon	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Classatia		<b></b>	In a Chara	Cura Stara			
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
990.0		1,927	0	0			
992.0	0	12,307	14,234	14,234			
994.0	0	35,110	47,417	61,651			
996.0	0	47,710	82,820	144,471			
998.0	0	53,116	100,826	245,297			
1,000.0	0	60,676	113,792	359,089			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es			
#1	Primary	988.00'	24.0" Round	d Culvert			
	,		L= 144.9' R	CP, sq.cut end p	projecting, Ke= 0.500		
					986.00' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900		
			n= 0.012 Co	ncrete pipe, finis	shed, Flow Area= 3.14 sf		
#2	Device 1	989.00'		rifice/Grate C=			
#3	Device 2	989.20'					
., -					headwall, Ke= 0.500		
					989.00' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900		
					nooth interior, Flow Area= 1.23 sf		
#4	Device 1	996.00'		•	Grate C= 0.600		
" .	201100 1	000.00		eir flow at low hea			

Primary OutFlow Max=4.18 cfs @ 13.73 hrs HW=995.52' (Free Discharge)

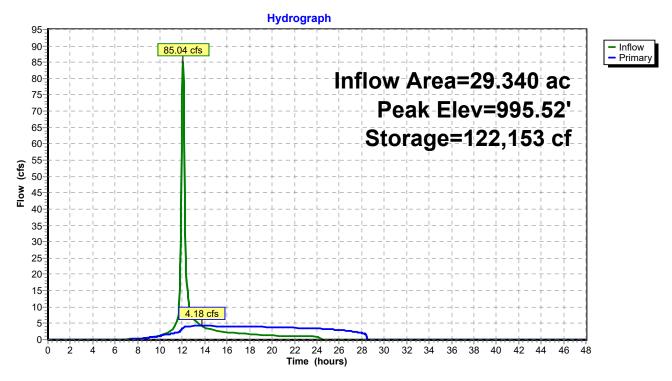
-1=Culvert (Passes 4.18 cfs of 38.62 cfs potential flow)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 4.18 cfs @ 11.97 fps)
-3=Culvert (Passes 4.18 cfs of 14.10 cfs potential flow)

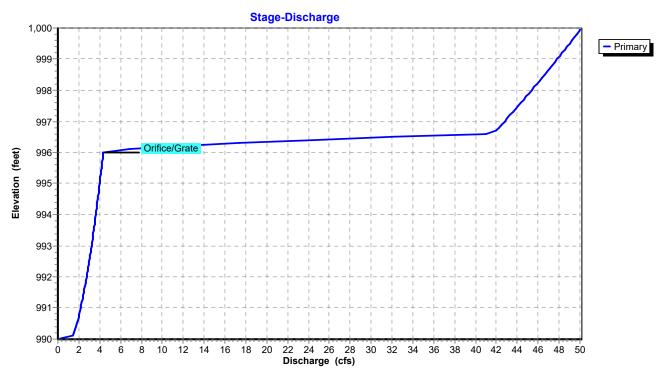
-4=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond 5P: EDDB #2



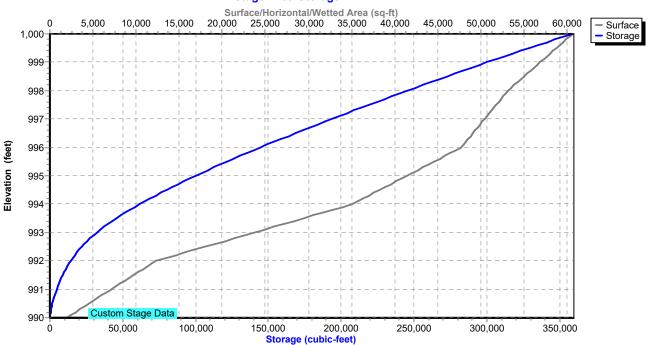
Pond 5P: EDDB #2



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## Pond 5P: EDDB #2

#### Stage-Area-Storage



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## **Summary for Link 2L: RP-1**

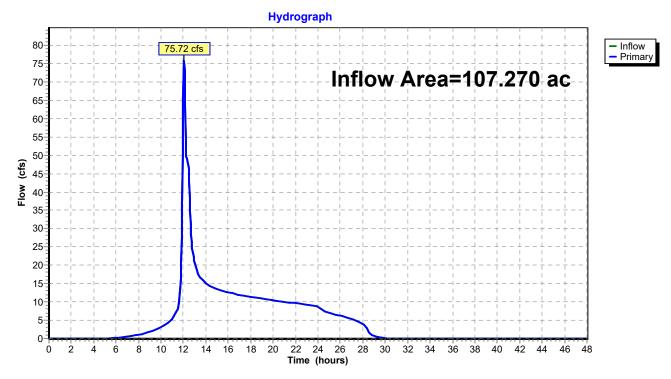
Inflow Area = 107.270 ac, 19.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.06" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 75.72 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 18.428 af

Primary = 75.72 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 18.428 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

### Link 2L: RP-1



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## **Summary for Link 3L: RP-2**

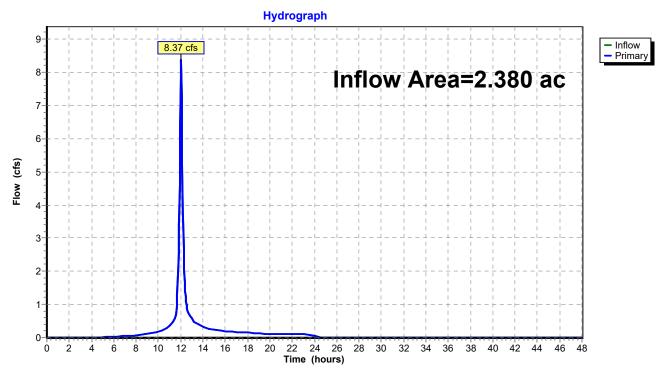
Inflow Area = 2.380 ac, 65.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.64" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 8.37 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.523 af

Primary = 8.37 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.523 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link 3L: RP-2



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## **Summary for Link 4L: RP-3**

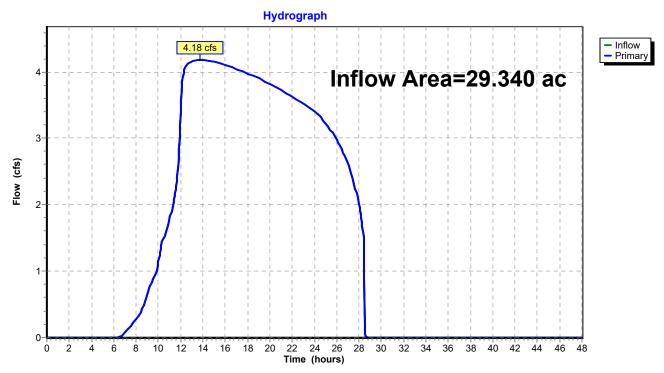
Inflow Area = 29.340 ac, 38.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.18" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 4.18 cfs @ 13.73 hrs, Volume= 5.336 af

Primary = 4.18 cfs @ 13.73 hrs, Volume= 5.336 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link 4L: RP-3



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# Summary for Link 5L: RP-4

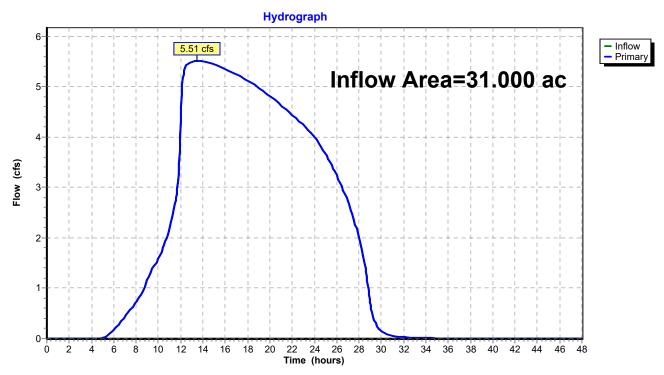
Inflow Area = 31.000 ac, 26.99% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.64" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 5.51 cfs @ 13.48 hrs, Volume= 6.812 af

Primary = 5.51 cfs @ 13.48 hrs, Volume= 6.812 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

### Link 5L: RP-4



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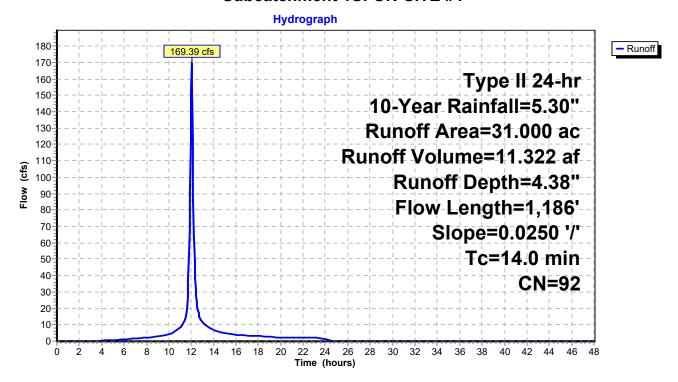
# Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ON-SITE #1

Runoff = 169.39 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 11.322 af, Depth= 4.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

_	Area	(ac) (	CN Des	cription		
*	18.	880	92 Dup	lex/Townh	omes	
	9.	670	92 1/8	acre lots, 6	5% imp, H	SG D
	2.	450	95 Urb	an comme	cial, 85% i	mp, HSG D
	31.	000	92 Wei	ghted Aver	age	
	22.	632	73.0	1% Pervio	us Area	
	8.	368	26.9	99% Imper	/ious Area	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	5.6	1,086	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	14.0	1,186	Total	·		

#### Subcatchment 1S: ON-SITE #1



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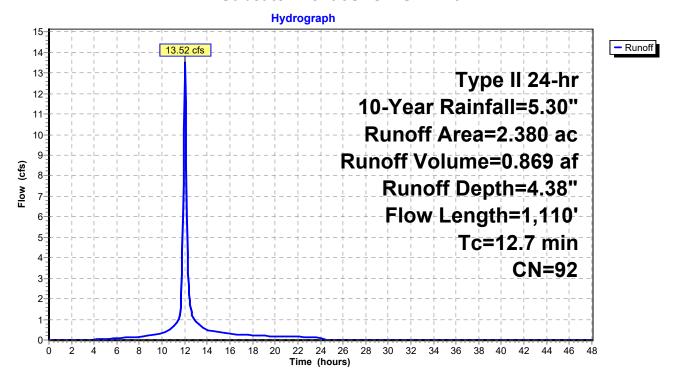
# Summary for Subcatchment 3S: ON-SITE #3

Runoff = 13.52 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.869 af, Depth= 4.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription			
-	2.380 92 1/8 acre lots, 65% imp, HSG D						
0.833 35.00% Pervious Area							
	1.	547	65.0	0% Imperv	∕ious Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
-	4.9	50	0.0250	0.17		Sheet Flow,	
	7.8	1,060	0.0200	2.28		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	12.7	1.110	Total				

#### Subcatchment 3S: ON-SITE #3



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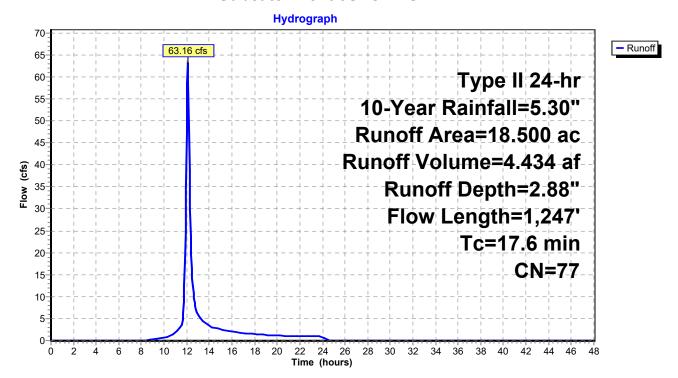
# Summary for Subcatchment 5S: OFF-SITE #1

Runoff = 63.16 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Depth= 2.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription			_
15.640 76 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG C						HSG C	
	2.	860 8	HSG D				
18.500 77 Weighted Average							_
	18.	500	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"	
	9.2	1,147	0.0192	2.08		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	17.6	1,247	Total	•			_

#### Subcatchment 5S: OFF-SITE #1



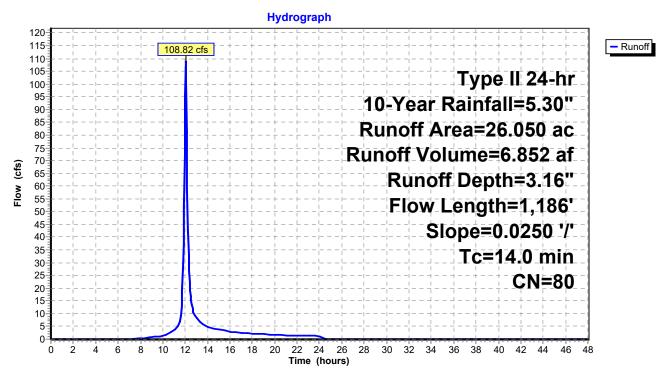
## Summary for Subcatchment 6S: ON-SITE #4

Runoff = 108.82 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 6.852 af, Depth= 3.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription		
26.050 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D						
	26.	050	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20	, ,	Sheet Flow,
	5.6	1,086	0.0250	3.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	14 0	1 186	Total			

### Subcatchment 6S: ON-SITE #4



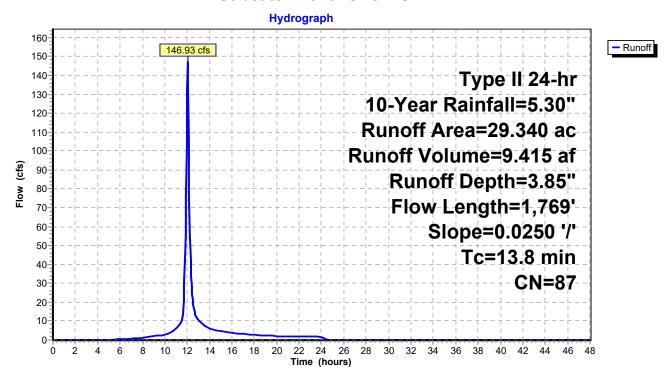
# Summary for Subcatchment 7S: ON-SITE #2

Runoff = 146.93 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 9.415 af, Depth= 3.85"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.30"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			
_	29.340 87 1/4 acre lots, 38% imp, HSG D						
	18.	191	62.0	0% Pervio	us Area		
	11.	149	38.0	0% Imperv	ious Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
	4.9	50	0.0250	0.17		Sheet Flow,	
_	8.9	1,719	0.0250	3.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60" <b>Shallow Concentrated Flow,</b> Paved Kv= 20.3 fps	
	13.8	1.769	Total	•			

#### Subcatchment 7S: ON-SITE #2



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### Summary for Reach 6R: Reach 3

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 7R OUTLET depth by 0.59' @ 12.35 hrs

18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 58.68 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af

Outflow 55.22 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 7.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.35 fps, Min. Travel Time= 4.0 min Avg. Velocity = 1.07 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 16.3 min

Peak Storage= 13,326 cf @ 12.28 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.35'

Bank-Full Depth= 6.40' Flow Area= 252.4 sf, Capacity= 2,150.14 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,041.0' Slope= 0.0088 '/' (110 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 989.92', Outlet Invert= 980.77'

<b>‡</b>	

Offse	t Elevatio	on Chan.Dep	Chan.Depth	
(feet	) (fee	et) (fe	et)	
0.00	996.2	29 0.	00	
7.00	996.0	0.	29	
12.99	994.0	06 2.	23	
13.24	1 994.0	00 2.	29	
14.48	3 993.8	34 2.	45	
28.84	1 992.0	00 4.	29	
29.66	991.7	71 4.	58	
36.75	5 990.0	00 6.	29	
39.18	989.9	92 6.	37	
39.90	989.8	39 6.	40	
42.20	989.9	97 6.	32	
43.14	1 990.0	00 6.	29	
43.91	1 990.4	<b>4</b> 0 5.	89	
46.34	1 992.0	00 4.	29	
53.90	993.4	41 2.	88	
56.74	1 994.0	00 2.	29	
62.76	994.2	22 2.	07	
76.3	1 994.6	35 1.	64	
100.00	996.2	29 0.	00	

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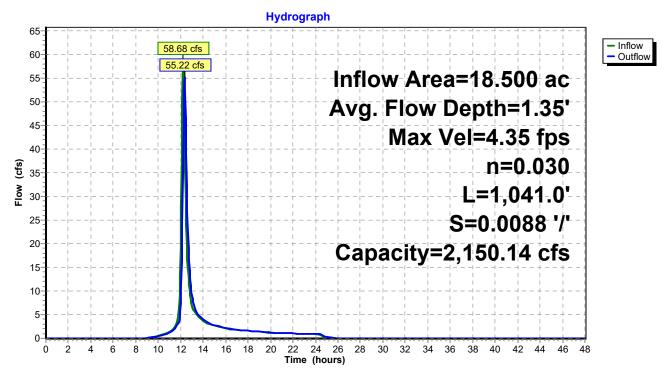
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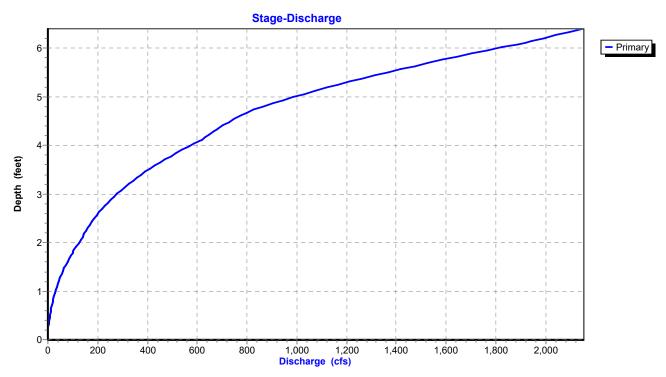
End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.0	1.6	25	0.01
0.2	4.5	184	0.09
0.3	6.4	355	0.22
3.4	9.0	3,521	8.20
19.8	16.9	20,607	102.00
24.7	18.3	25,700	139.72
62.5	37.1	65,011	410.25
79.1	42.6	82,369	555.08
85.9	44.7	89,447	617.31
88.6	46.6	92,223	631.78
96.2	51.5	100,189	678.51
121.1	66.4	126,018	838.92
225.0	90.3	234,197	1,919.54
252.4	101.5	262,697	2,150.14
	(sq-ft) 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.3 3.4 19.8 24.7 62.5 79.1 85.9 88.6 96.2 121.1 225.0	(sq-ft)         (feet)           0.0         0.0           0.0         1.6           0.2         4.5           0.3         6.4           3.4         9.0           19.8         16.9           24.7         18.3           62.5         37.1           79.1         42.6           85.9         44.7           88.6         46.6           96.2         51.5           121.1         66.4           225.0         90.3	(sq-ft)         (feet)         (cubic-feet)           0.0         0.0         0           0.0         1.6         25           0.2         4.5         184           0.3         6.4         355           3.4         9.0         3,521           19.8         16.9         20,607           24.7         18.3         25,700           62.5         37.1         65,011           79.1         42.6         82,369           85.9         44.7         89,447           88.6         46.6         92,223           96.2         51.5         100,189           121.1         66.4         126,018           225.0         90.3         234,197

### Reach 6R: Reach 3

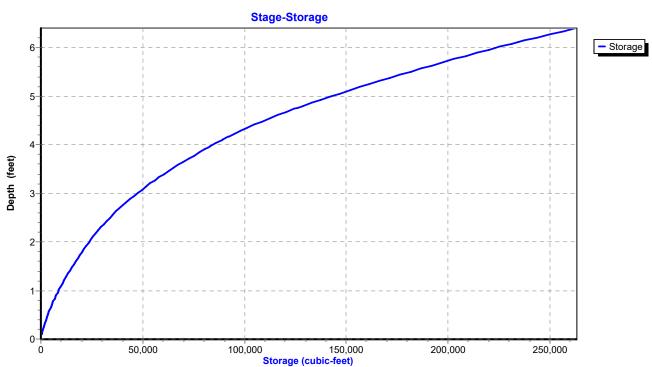


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## Reach 6R: Reach 3



## Reach 6R: Reach 3



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## Summary for Reach 7R: Reach 2

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 8R OUTLET depth by 0.20' @ 25.10 hrs

18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event Inflow Area =

61.67 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Inflow 4.434 af

Outflow 58.68 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 5.9 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.26 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.3 min Avg. Velocity = 1.49 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 9.6 min

Peak Storage= 11,769 cf @ 12.18 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.87'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.24' Flow Area= 204.3 sf, Capacity= 1,999.47 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 853.0' Slope= 0.0225 '/' (106 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 1,009.12', Outlet Invert= 989.90'

‡

Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth	
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	
0.00	1,009.14	0.00	
22.15	1,008.00	1.14	
24.54	1,007.80	1.34	
25.18	1,007.74	1.40	
49.26	1,006.00	3.14	
49.59	1,005.90	3.24	
50.51	1,005.99	3.15	
52.13	1,005.99	3.15	
53.24	1,006.00	3.14	
91.41	1,007.74	1.40	
98.60	1,008.00	1.14	
108.78	1,008.27	0.87	
117.07	1,008.47	0.67	
117.16	1,008.47	0.67	
134.91	1,008.89	0.25	
135.00	1,009.14	0.00	

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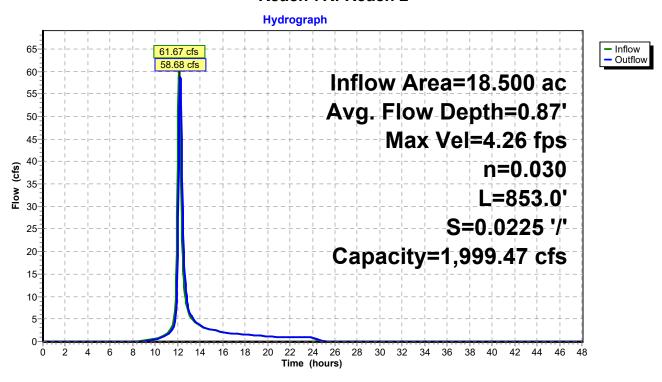
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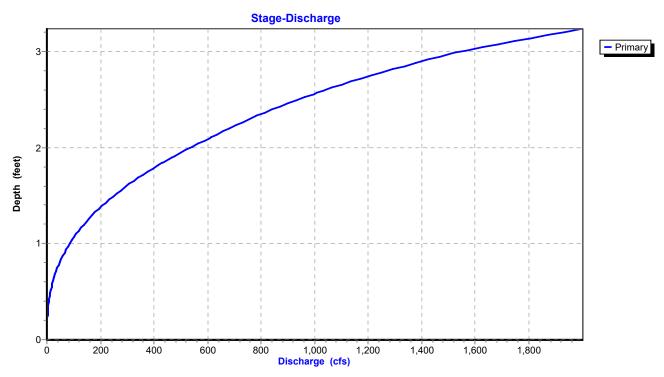
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.09	0.1	2.9	47	0.03
0.10	0.1	4.0	77	0.06
1.84	61.2	66.4	52,179	430.84
1.90	65.2	68.7	55,628	468.55
2.10	79.7	76.6	67,995	608.70
2.37	102.4	92.0	87,382	818.03
2.57	122.0	104.3	104,091	1,007.45
2.99	171.2	130.2	146,042	1,527.76
3.24	204.3	135.4	174,303	1,999.47

#### Reach 7R: Reach 2

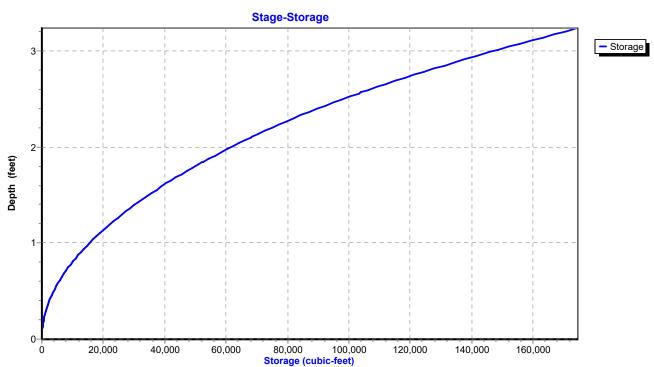


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## Reach 7R: Reach 2



# Reach 7R: Reach 2



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## **Summary for Reach 8R: REACH 1**

[52] Hint: Inlet/Outlet conditions not evaluated

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.88" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 63.16 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af

Outflow = 61.67 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 4.434 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 2.0 min

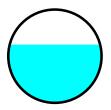
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 13.50 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.1 min Avg. Velocity = 4.58 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 3.2 min

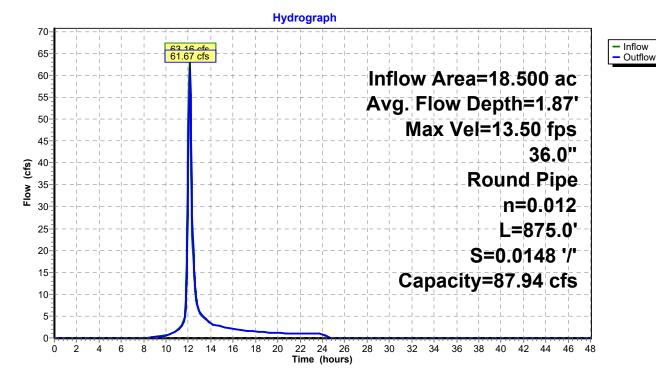
Peak Storage= 4,063 cf @ 12.12 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.87'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.00' Flow Area= 7.1 sf, Capacity= 87.94 cfs

36.0" Round Pipe n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished Length= 875.0' Slope= 0.0148 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,021.96', Outlet Invert= 1,009.00'

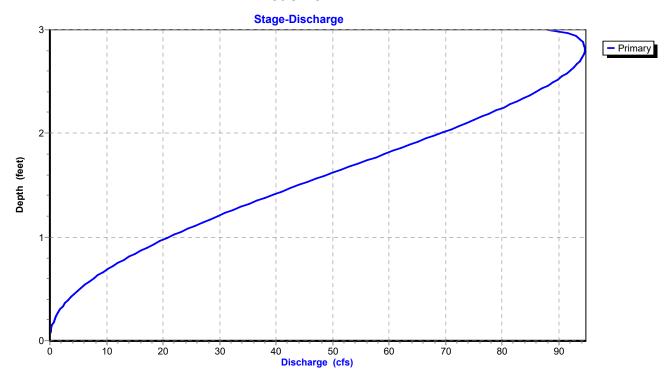


#### Reach 8R: REACH 1

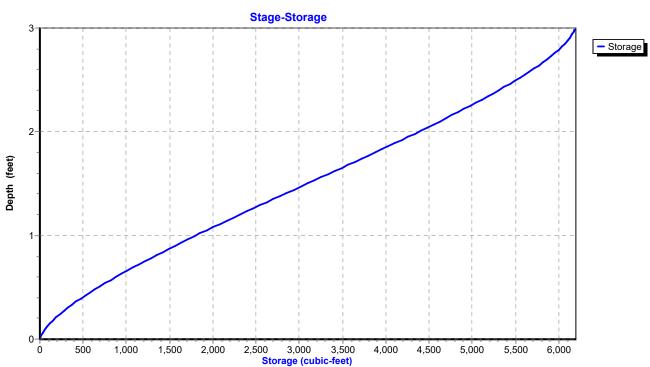


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### Reach 8R: REACH 1



# Reach 8R: REACH 1



#4

Device 1

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## **Summary for Pond 4P: EDDB #1**

Inflow Area = 31.000 ac, 26.99% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.38" for 10-Year event

Inflow 169.39 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 11.322 af

59.83 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= Outflow 11.322 af, Atten= 65%, Lag= 13.0 min

Primary 59.83 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 11.322 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 1,008.04' @ 12.27 hrs Surf.Area= 57,124 sf Storage= 215,412 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 264.6 min calculated for 11.322 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 264.3 min (1,049.3 - 784.9)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	rage Stora	ge Description	
#1	1,000.0	0' 337,97	73 cf Custo	om Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
				0 01	
Elevation		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,000.0	00	2,877	0	0	
1,002.0	00	14,155	17,032	17,032	
1,004.0	00	25,190	39,345	56,377	
1,006.0	00	37,336	62,526	118,903	
1,008.0	00	56,905	94,241	213,144	
1,010.0	00	67,924	124,829	337,973	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devi	ces	
#1	Primary	999.50'	30.0" Rou	nd Culvert	
	,		L= 87.0' R	RCP, sq.cut end pr	ojecting, Ke= 0.500
					998.00' S= 0.0172 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 C	Concrete pipe, finis	shed, Flow Area= 4.91 sf
#2	Device 1	999.90'	9.0" Vert. (	Orifice/Grate C=	0.600
#3	Device 2	1,000.00'	15.0" Rou	nd 15" HDPE	
			L= 16.6' C	MP, square edge	headwall, Ke= 0.500

Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,000.00' / 999.90' S= 0.0060 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

**72.0" x 72.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate** C= 0.600

Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=60.14 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=1,008.03' (Free Discharge)

**-1=Culvert** (Passes 60.14 cfs of 63.78 cfs potential flow)

1.007.25'

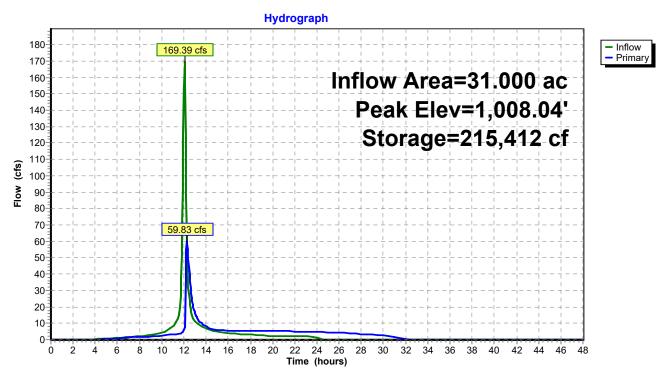
-2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 5.92 cfs @ 13.41 fps)

**3=15" HDPE** (Passes 5.92 cfs of 16.08 cfs potential flow)

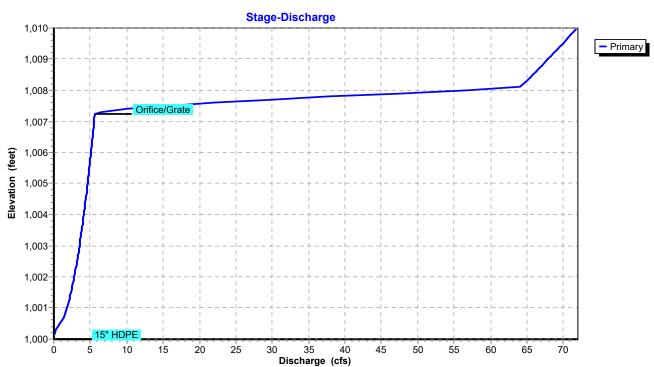
-4=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 54.22 cfs @ 2.89 fps)

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Pond 4P: EDDB #1



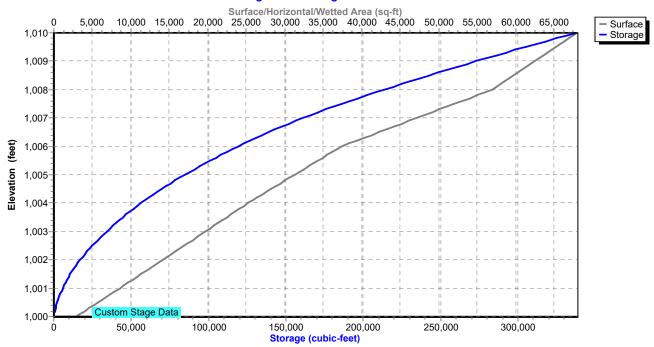
Pond 4P: EDDB #1



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### Pond 4P: EDDB #1

#### Stage-Area-Storage



Volume

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### **Summary for Pond 5P: EDDB #2**

[44] Hint: Outlet device #3 is below defined storage

29.340 ac, 38.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.85" for 10-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 146.93 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 9.415 af

Outflow 41.75 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 9.415 af, Atten= 72%, Lag= 15.2 min

Primary 41.75 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 9.415 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 996.68' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 49,539 sf Storage= 177,372 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 281.1 min calculated for 9.405 af (100% of inflow)

Avail Storage Description

Center-of-Mass det. time= 281.3 min (1,084.5 - 803.2)

Invert

VOIUITIE	IIIVEI	t Avaii.Stu	rage Storage	Description	
#1	990.00	)' 359,0	89 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
990.0	00	1,927	0	0	
992.0	00	12,307	14,234	14,234	
994.0	00	35,110	47,417	61,651	
996.0	00	47,710	82,820	144,471	
998.0	00	53,116	100,826	245,297	
1,000.0	00	60,676	113,792	359,089	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S	
#1	Primary	988.00'	24.0" Round	Culvert	
	·		L= 144.9' RC	CP, sq.cut end p	rojecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet In	nvert= 988.00' /	986.00' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900
				1 1 /	hed, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	989.00'		fice/Grate C=	0.600
#3	Device 2	989.20'	15.0" Round	Culvert	
					headwall, Ke= 0.500
					989.00' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900
					ooth interior, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#4	Device 1	996.00'			Grate C= 0.600
			Limited to wei	r flow at low hea	ads

Primary OutFlow Max=41.91 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=996.67' (Free Discharge)

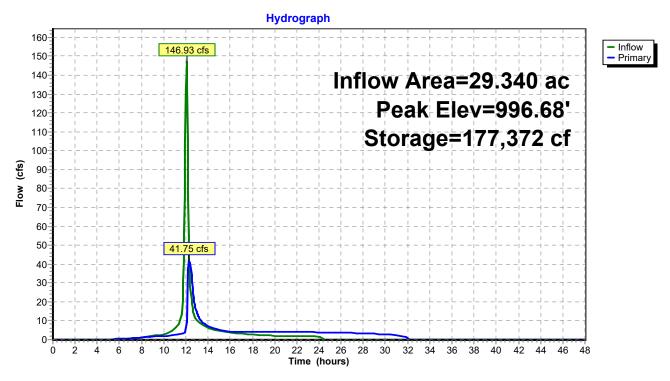
-1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 41.91 cfs @ 13.34 fps)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 4.55 cfs potential flow)
-3=Culvert (Passes < 15.46 cfs potential flow)

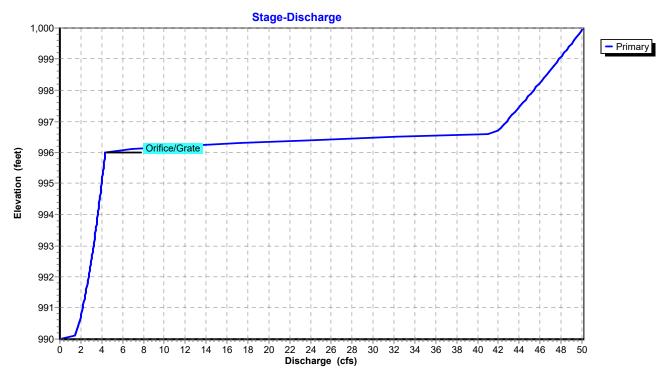
**-4=Orifice/Grate** (Passes < 43.47 cfs potential flow)

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Pond 5P: EDDB #2



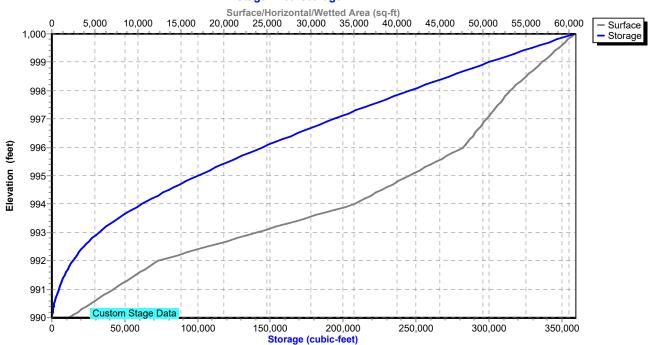
Pond 5P: EDDB #2



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## Pond 5P: EDDB #2

#### Stage-Area-Storage



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# **Summary for Link 2L: RP-1**

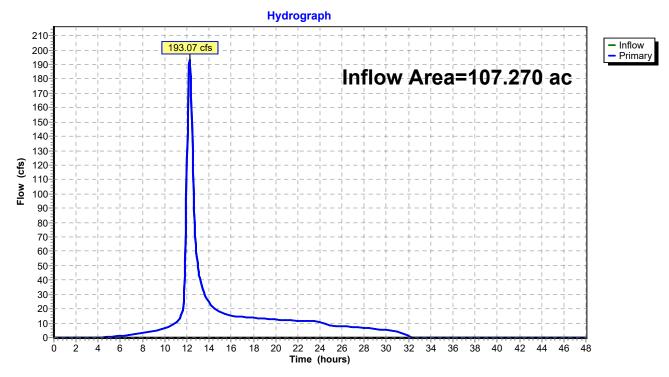
Inflow Area = 107.270 ac, 19.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.68" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 193.07 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 32.891 af

Primary = 193.07 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 32.891 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 2L: RP-1



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# **Summary for Link 3L: RP-2**

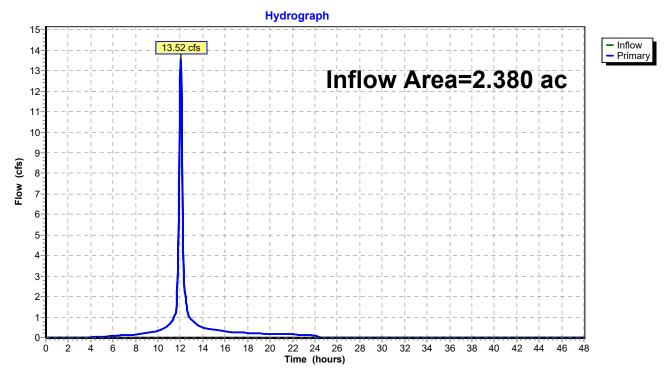
Inflow Area = 2.380 ac, 65.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.38" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 13.52 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.869 af

Primary = 13.52 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 0.869 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link 3L: RP-2



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# **Summary for Link 4L: RP-3**

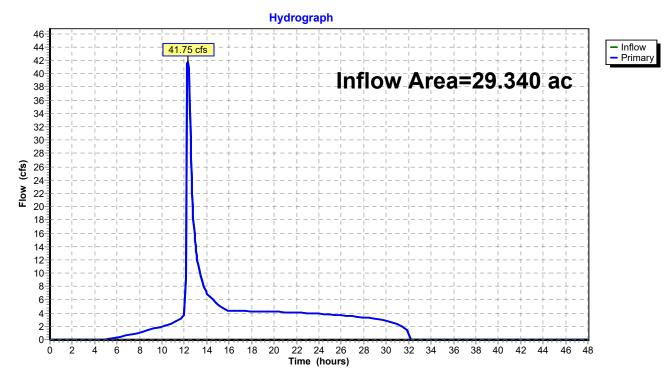
Inflow Area = 29.340 ac, 38.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.85" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 41.75 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 9.415 af

Primary = 41.75 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 9.415 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

#### Link 4L: RP-3



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# Summary for Link 5L: RP-4

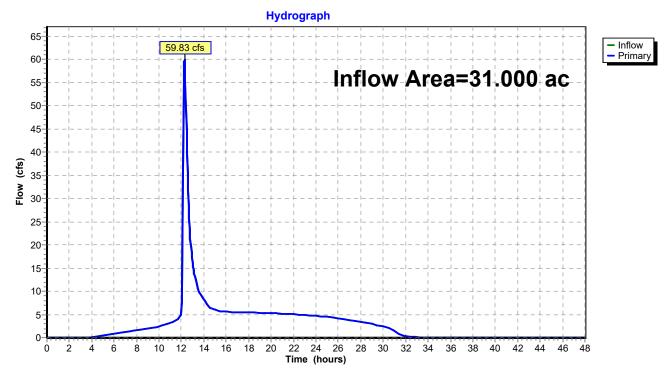
Inflow Area = 31.000 ac, 26.99% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.38" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 59.83 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 11.322 af

Primary = 59.83 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 11.322 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 5L: RP-4



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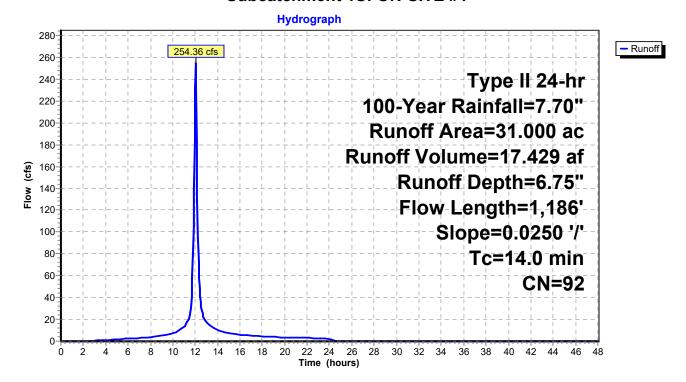
# Summary for Subcatchment 1S: ON-SITE #1

Runoff = 254.36 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 17.429 af, Depth= 6.75"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription		
*	18.	880	92	Dupl	ex/Townho	omes	
	9.	670	92	1/8 a	cre lots, 6	5% imp, H	SG D
	2.450 95 Urban commercial, 85% imp, HSG D						
31.000 92 Weighted Average							
	22.632 73.01% Pervious Area						
	8.368 26.99% Impervious Area			9% Imperv	ious Area		
	Тс	Lengtl	h :	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet	()	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.4	100	0 0	.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,
							Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	5.6	1,080	6 0	.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
							Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	14.0	1,180	6 T	otal			

#### Subcatchment 1S: ON-SITE #1



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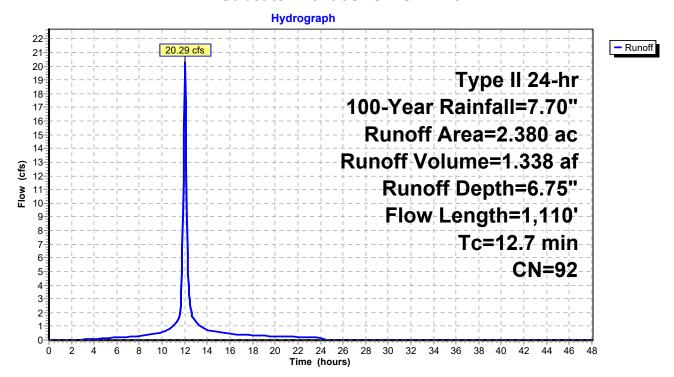
# **Summary for Subcatchment 3S: ON-SITE #3**

Runoff = 20.29 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.338 af, Depth= 6.75"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription			
2.380 92 1/8 acre lots, 65% imp, HSG D							
0.833 35.00% Pervious Area							
	1.	547	65.0	0% Imper	ious Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
	4.9	50	0.0250	0.17		Sheet Flow,	
	7.8	1,060	0.0200	2.28		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps	
	12.7	1.110	Total				

#### Subcatchment 3S: ON-SITE #3



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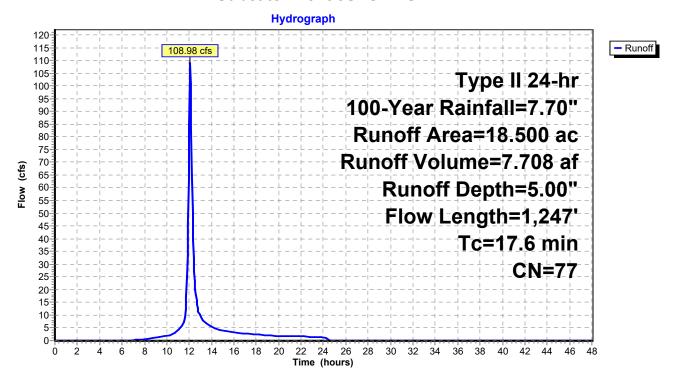
# Summary for Subcatchment 5S: OFF-SITE #1

Runoff = 108.98 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Depth= 5.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription		
15.640 76 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG C						HSG C
2.860 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D						
18.500 77 Weighted Average						
	18.	500	100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"
	9.2	1,147	0.0192	2.08		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	17.6	1,247	Total			

#### Subcatchment 5S: OFF-SITE #1



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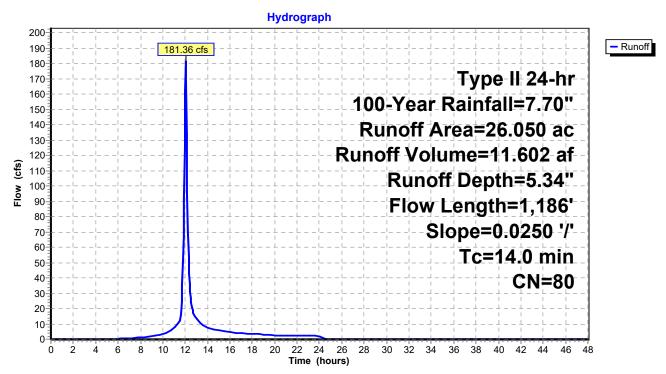
# Summary for Subcatchment 6S: ON-SITE #4

Runoff = 181.36 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 11.602 af, Depth= 5.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription			
26.050 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D							
26.050 100.00% Pervious Area					ous Area		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
-	8.4	100	0.0250	0.20	, ,	Sheet Flow,	
	5.6	1,086	0.0250	3.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps	
	14 0	1 186	Total				

### Subcatchment 6S: ON-SITE #4



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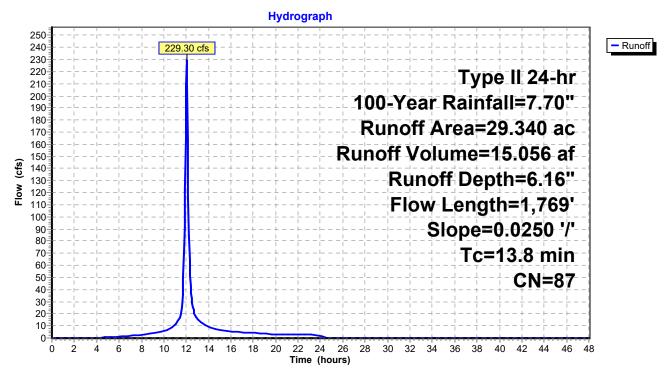
# **Summary for Subcatchment 7S: ON-SITE #2**

Runoff = 229.30 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 15.056 af, Depth= 6.16"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.70"

	Area	(ac) C	N Desc	cription				
	29.340 87 1/4 acre lots, 38% imp, HSG D							
18.191 62.00% Pervious Area								
	11.	149	38.0	0% Imper	ious Area			
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
_	4.9	50	0.0250	0.17	,	Sheet Flow,	,	
	8.9	1,719	0.0250	3.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.60"  Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps		
	13.8	1,769	Total	·				

## Subcatchment 7S: ON-SITE #2



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## Summary for Reach 6R: Reach 3

[62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 7R OUTLET depth by 0.82' @ 12.40 hrs

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 88.00 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af

Outflow = 87.73 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 5.8 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.94 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.5 min Avg. Velocity = 1.24 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 14.0 min

Peak Storage= 18,431 cf @ 12.32 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.69'

Bank-Full Depth= 6.40' Flow Area= 252.4 sf, Capacity= 2,150.14 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,041.0' Slope= 0.0088 '/' (110 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 989.92', Outlet Invert= 980.77'

‡	

Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	996.29	0.00
7.00	996.00	0.29
12.99	994.06	2.23
13.24	994.00	2.29
14.48	993.84	2.45
28.84	992.00	4.29
29.66	991.71	4.58
36.75	990.00	6.29
39.18	989.92	6.37
39.90	989.89	6.40
42.20	989.97	6.32
43.14	990.00	6.29
43.91	990.40	5.89
46.34	992.00	4.29
53.90	993.41	2.88
56.74	994.00	2.29
62.76	994.22	2.07
76.31	994.65	1.64
100.00	996.29	0.00

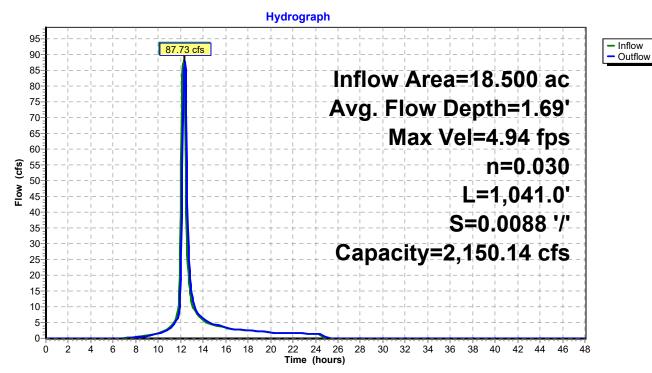
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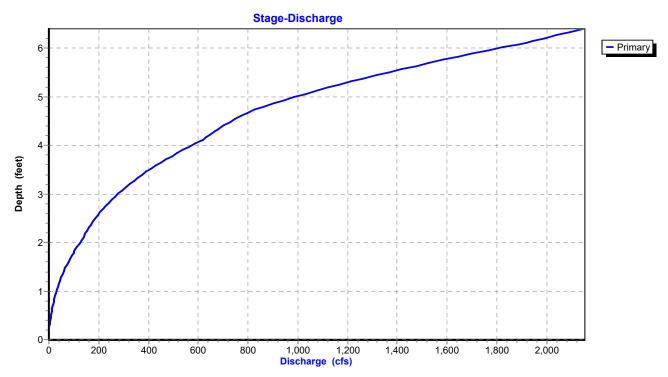
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.03	0.0	1.6	25	0.01
0.08	0.2	4.5	184	0.09
0.11	0.3	6.4	355	0.22
0.51	3.4	9.0	3,521	8.20
1.82	19.8	16.9	20,607	102.00
2.11	24.7	18.3	25,700	139.72
3.52	62.5	37.1	65,011	410.25
3.95	79.1	42.6	82,369	555.08
4.11	85.9	44.7	89,447	617.31
4.17	88.6	46.6	92,223	631.78
4.33	96.2	51.5	100,189	678.51
4.76	121.1	66.4	126,018	838.92
6.11	225.0	90.3	234,197	1,919.54
6.40	252.4	101.5	262,697	2,150.14

### Reach 6R: Reach 3

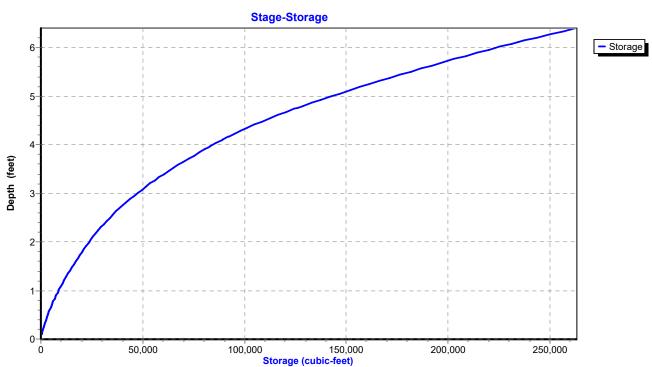


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## Reach 6R: Reach 3



# Reach 6R: Reach 3



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# Summary for Reach 7R: Reach 2

[88] Warning: Qout>Qin may require smaller dt or Finer Routing [62] Hint: Exceeded Reach 8R OUTLET depth by 0.21' @ 25.15 hrs

18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 87.94 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af

Outflow 88.00 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 10.8 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.73 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.0 min Avg. Velocity = 1.66 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 8.5 min

Peak Storage= 15,873 cf @ 12.23 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.01'

Bank-Full Depth= 3.24' Flow Area= 204.3 sf, Capacity= 1,999.47 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 853.0' Slope= 0.0225 '/' (106 Elevation Intervals)

Constant n= 0.030 Earth, grassed & winding Inlet Invert= 1,009.12', Outlet Invert= 989.90'



Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	1,009.14	0.00
22.15	1,008.00	1.14
24.54	1,007.80	1.34
25.18	1,007.74	1.40
49.26	1,006.00	3.14
49.59	1,005.90	3.24
50.51	1,005.99	3.15
52.13	1,005.99	3.15
53.24	1,006.00	3.14
91.41	1,007.74	1.40
98.60	1,008.00	1.14
108.78	1,008.27	0.87
117.07	1,008.47	0.67
117.16	1,008.47	0.67
134.91	1,008.89	0.25
135.00	1,009.14	0.00

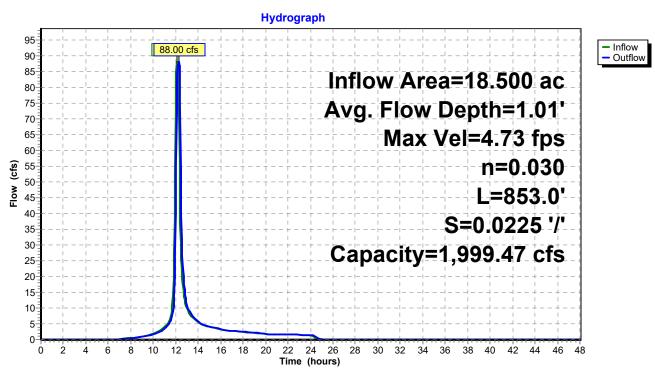
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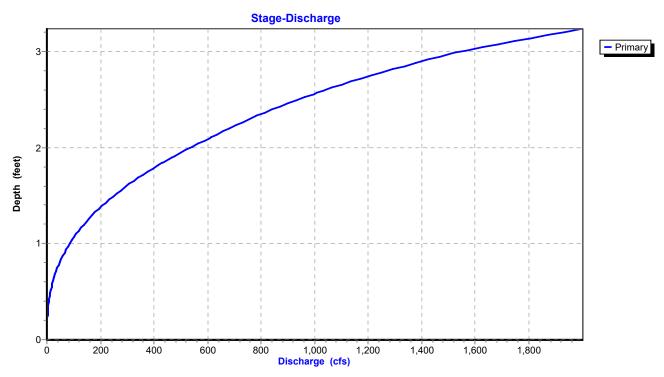
Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	0.0	0	0.00
0.09	0.1	2.9	47	0.03
0.10	0.1	4.0	77	0.06
1.84	61.2	66.4	52,179	430.84
1.90	65.2	68.7	55,628	468.55
2.10	79.7	76.6	67,995	608.70
2.37	102.4	92.0	87,382	818.03
2.57	122.0	104.3	104,091	1,007.45
2.99	171.2	130.2	146,042	1,527.76
3.24	204.3	135.4	174.303	1.999.47

### Reach 7R: Reach 2

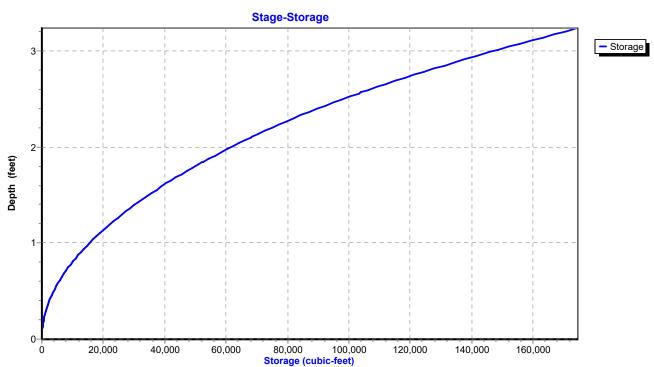


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## Reach 7R: Reach 2



# Reach 7R: Reach 2



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# Summary for Reach 8R: REACH 1

[52] Hint: Inlet/Outlet conditions not evaluated [55] Hint: Peak inflow is 124% of Manning's capacity

[76] Warning: Detained 0.183 af (Pond w/culvert advised)

Inflow Area = 18.500 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.00" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 108.98 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af

Outflow = 87.94 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 7.708 af, Atten= 19%, Lag= 0.2 min

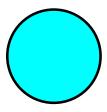
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 14.15 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.0 min Avg. Velocity = 5.14 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 2.8 min

Peak Storage= 6,185 cf @ 12.05 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 3.00'

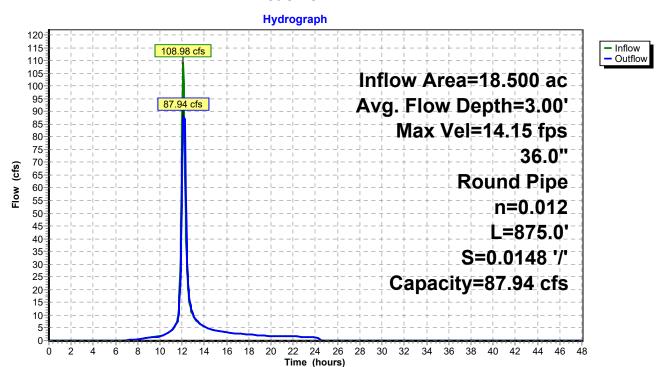
Bank-Full Depth= 3.00' Flow Area= 7.1 sf, Capacity= 87.94 cfs

36.0" Round Pipe n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished Length= 875.0' Slope= 0.0148 '/' Inlet Invert= 1,021.96', Outlet Invert= 1,009.00'

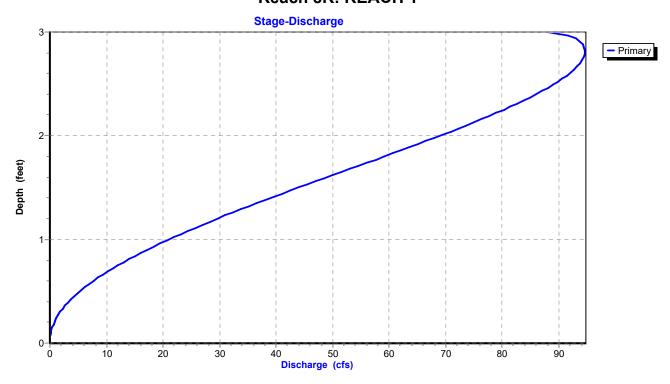


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Reach 8R: REACH 1

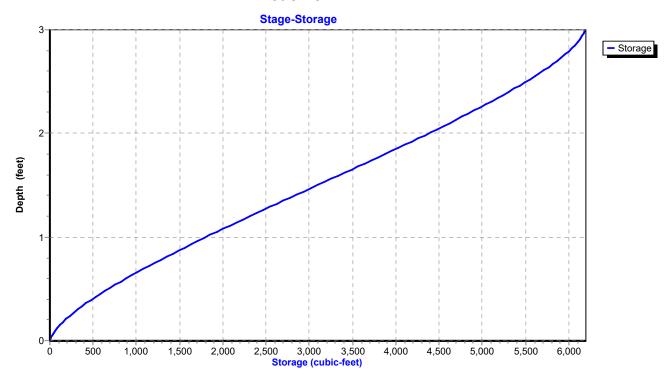


#### Reach 8R: REACH 1



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# Reach 8R: REACH 1



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# **Summary for Pond 4P: EDDB #1**

Inflow Area = 31.000 ac, 26.99% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.75" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 254.36 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 17.429 af

Outflow = 71.03 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 17.429 af, Atten= 72%, Lag= 15.4 min

Primary = 71.03 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 17.429 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 1,009.78' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 66,714 sf Storage= 323,190 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 216.4 min calculated for 17.411 af (100% of inflow)

Avail.Storage Storage Description

Center-of-Mass det. time= 216.9 min ( 990.9 - 773.9 )

Invert

		,			
#1	1,000.00'	337,973	cf Custom	Stage Data (Pris	smatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)			Inc.Store ubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
1,000.00		2,877	0	0	
1,002.00	1	4,155	17,032	17,032	
1,004.00	2	5,190	39,345	56,377	

1.006.00	37.336	62,526	118,903
1,008.00	56,905	94,241	213,144
1.010.00	67.924	124.829	337.973

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	999.50'	30.0" Round Culvert
	•		L= 87.0' RCP, sq.cut end projecting, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 999.50' / 998.00' S= 0.0172 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 4.91 sf
#2	Device 1	999.90'	9.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 2	1,000.00'	15.0" Round 15" HDPE
			L= 16.6' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,000.00' / 999.90' S= 0.0060 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#4	Device 1	1,007.25'	72.0" x 72.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=71.01 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=1,009.78' (Free Discharge)

**1=Culvert** (Inlet Controls 71.01 cfs @ 14.47 fps)

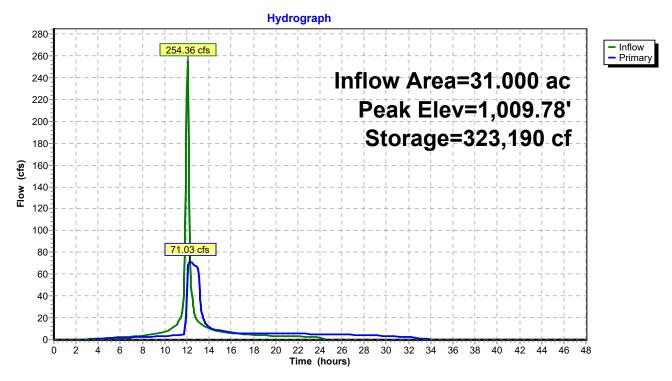
**2=Orifice/Grate** (Passes < 6.56 cfs potential flow)

3=15" HDPE (Passes < 17.88 cfs potential flow)

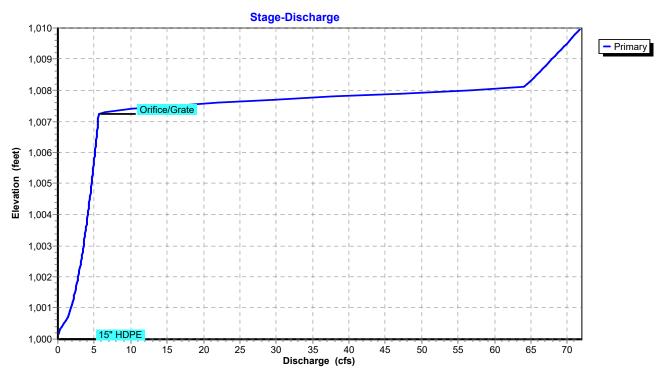
**-4=Orifice/Grate** (Passes < 275.54 cfs potential flow)

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Pond 4P: EDDB #1



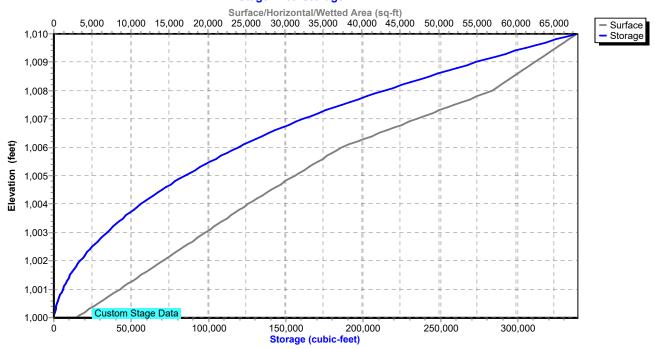
Pond 4P: EDDB #1



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## Pond 4P: EDDB #1

#### Stage-Area-Storage



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## **Summary for Pond 5P: EDDB #2**

[44] Hint: Outlet device #3 is below defined storage

29.340 ac, 38.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.16" for 100-Year event Inflow Area =

Inflow 229.30 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 15.056 af

Outflow 47.41 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 15.056 af, Atten= 79%, Lag= 19.4 min

Primary 47.41 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 15.056 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 998.82' @ 12.37 hrs Surf.Area= 56,232 sf Storage= 290,369 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 224.7 min calculated for 15.040 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 225.1 min (1,015.2 - 790.2)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	rage Stor	age Description		
#1	990.0	0' 359,0	39 cf Cus	tom Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
	,	o	Inc.Stor	0 0		
Elevation		Surf.Area		_		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-fee	t) (cubic-feet)		
990.0	00	1,927		0 0		
992.0	00	12,307	14,23	4 14,234		
994.0	00	35,110	47,41	7 61,651		
996.0	00	47,710	82,82	0 144,471		
998.0	00	53,116	100,82	6 245,297		
1,000.0	00	60,676	113,79	2 359,089		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet De	vices		
#1	Primary	988.00'	24.0" Ro	ound Culvert		
			L= 144.9'	RCP, sq.cut end p	projecting, Ke= 0.500	
			Inlet / Ou	tlet Invert= 988.00' /	'986.00' S= 0.0138 '/' Cc= 0.900	
			n= 0.012 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 3.14 sf			
#2	Device 1	989.00'	8.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600			
#3	Device 2	989.20'	15.0" Round Culvert			
					headwall, Ke= 0.500	
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 989.20' / 989.00' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900			
			n= 0.012	n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.23 sf		
#4	Device 1	996.00'	72.0" x 7	2.0" Horiz. Orifice/	<b>Grate</b> C= 0.600	
			Limited to	weir flow at low he	ads	

Primary OutFlow Max=47.40 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=998.82' (Free Discharge)

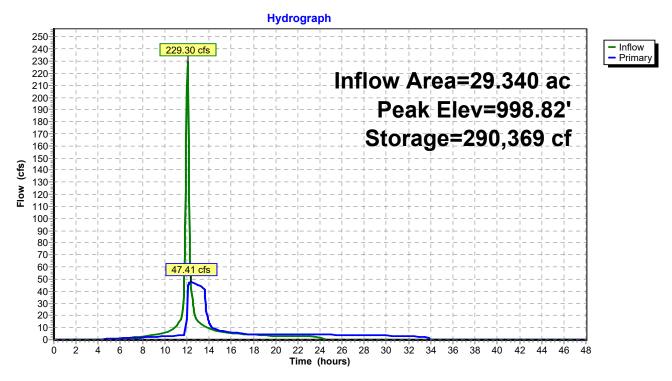
-1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 47.40 cfs @ 15.09 fps)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 5.18 cfs potential flow)
-3=Culvert (Passes < 17.72 cfs potential flow)

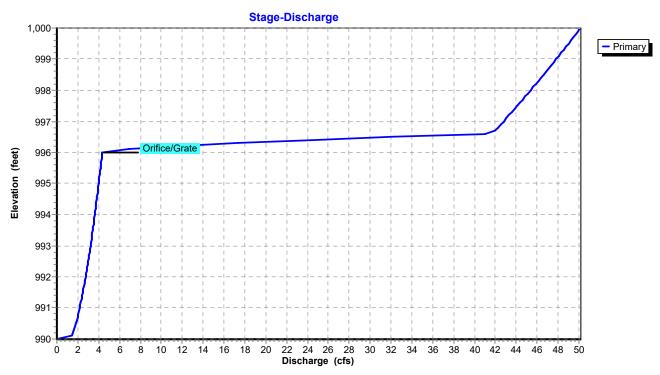
**-4=Orifice/Grate** (Passes < 291.09 cfs potential flow)

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Pond 5P: EDDB #2



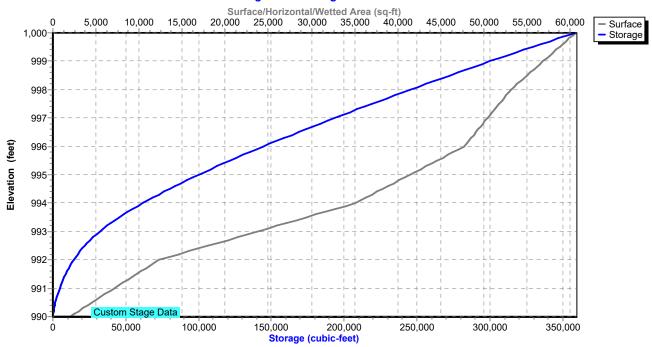
Pond 5P: EDDB #2



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## Pond 5P: EDDB #2

#### Stage-Area-Storage



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# Summary for Link 2L: RP-1

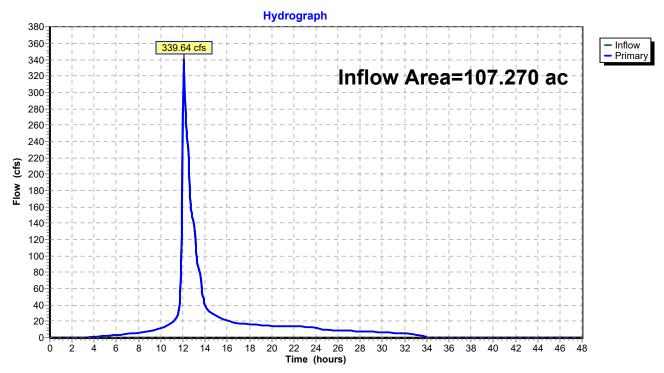
Inflow Area = 107.270 ac, 19.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.94" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 339.64 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 53.133 af

Primary = 339.64 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 53.133 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 2L: RP-1



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# **Summary for Link 3L: RP-2**

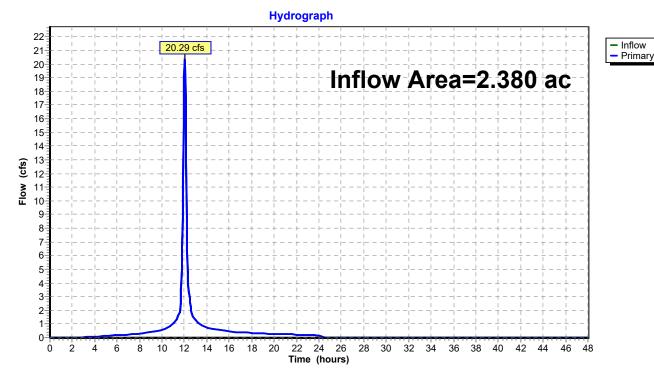
Inflow Area = 2.380 ac, 65.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.75" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 20.29 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.338 af

Primary = 20.29 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.338 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 3L: RP-2



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# **Summary for Link 4L: RP-3**

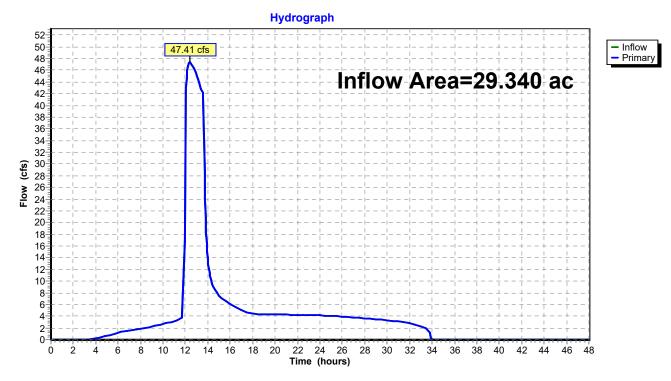
Inflow Area = 29.340 ac, 38.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.16" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 47.41 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 15.056 af

Primary = 47.41 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 15.056 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

#### Link 4L: RP-3



Prepared by {enter your company name here}
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# Summary for Link 5L: RP-4

Inflow Area = 31.000 ac, 26.99% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.75" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 71.03 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 17.429 af

Primary = 71.03 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 17.429 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## Link 5L: RP-4

