Summit Point Apartments, Phase-II 504 NE Chipman Road Lee's Summit, Missouri 64063 CFS Project No. 21-5065/19-5293

SW ¼, Section 32 Township 48 North, Range 31 West Jackson County, Missouri Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake Watershed

Preliminary Stormwater Drainage Study

Prepared for: Canyon View Properties David Smith 331 Soquel Avenue Santa Cruz, California 95052 (831) 480-6336

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Introduction:

This Preliminary Stormwater Drainage Study for the proposed Summit Point Apartments, Phase-II has been done at the request of the Canyon View Properties of Santa Cruz, California. The Phase-II addition would be constructed directly to the north of the existing Phase-I apartments located at 504 NE Chipman Road in Lee's Summit, Missouri. Phase I included five multi-unit apartment buildings plus a swimming pool on a 6.49 acre site constructed in 1980. The proposed Phase-II addition would cover 7.21 acres and include six new multi-apartment buildings along with parking lots and service drives.



Vicinity Map of the Summit Point Apartments at 504 NE Chipman Road in Lee's Summit

The site would include stormwater detention with an open-graded detention basin on the northeast corner of the project. The stormwater detention release rate for the proposed Phase-II development would comply with the City's allowable release rates for the 2, 10 and 100-year design storms, and would also provide for the extended detention of the 1.37" BMP water quality volume. The City requires that no construction be allowed within the stream setback, with the exception of stormwater detention basins.

General Information:

The proposed Phase-II addition to the existing Summit Point Apartments would be constructed on the 7.21 acre parcel located directly north of the existing apartment complex. The proposed Phase-II site is completely undeveloped. The site slopes downwards to the north where an existing creek (Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake) flows eastwards along the site's northern boundary.



Summit Point Apartments Phase-II Grading Plan

The existing Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake creek has flowline elevations ranging between approximately 994' to 1000' along the northern side of the Summit Point Apartments, Phase II. NE Swann Circle is located directly to the east of Summit Point and has triple 48" HDPE culverts draining the existing creek below the roadway. The existing triple 48" HDPE's have upstream flowline elevations of approximately 986.91'and the top of the roadway has an overflow elevation of approximately 994'.



FEMA FIRM Flood Map 29095C0436G, Showing the Existing Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake Flowing along the Northern Border of the Summit Point Apartments

The FEMA flood map shows defined 1% (100-year) flood elevations further to the east along the creek, but stops short of Independence Avenue. A small portion of the northern side of the site is within the FEMA Zone-A 1%(100-year) floodplain, with the remaining ground above the defined flood limits.

The Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) was determined during a field investigation which included members of the City's Public Works staff along with Frank Norman and CFS personnel. The definition of the Ordinary High Water Mark as defined in the US Clean Water Act is as follows:

(7) Ordinary high water mark. The term ordinary high water mark means that line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics such as a clear, natural line impressed on the bank, shelving, changes in the character of soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and debris, or other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas.

The proposed apartment buildings were placed outside of the stream setback along the existing Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake. Stormwater detention for the site would be provided in the open-graded stormwater detention basin located on the northeast corner of the site. The detention basin would have a bottom elevation of approximately 995.0' (the calculated 100-year

WSEL in the creek was approximately 994.4'), and the top of dam would be approximately 1003.25' the detention basin would store approximately 1.895 ac-ft of runoff at a peak WSEL of 1000'50' during a 100-year design storm event.

The US Fish and Wildlife Service's National Wetlands Inventory website was reviewed to check if the proposed Summit Point Apartments, Phase II, has any existing wetland areas or streams. The National Wetlands Inventory Map showed the existing Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake as a Riverine, and no other wetlands features on the Summit Point Apartments site.



US Fish and Wildlife National Wetlands Inventory Map of Summit Point Apartments

A review of the project vicinity on the NRCS Web Soil Survey Site showed that the area surrounding the Summit Point Apartments, Phase-II, was comprised of Arisburg-Urban Land Complex soil, 1 to 5 percent slopes, Hydrologic Soil Group C, and Udfarents-Urban Land Sampsel Complex soil, 5 to 9 percent slopes, Hydrologic Soil Group C. A copy of the Natural Resources Conservation Service's Web Soil Survey for the site and surrounding region has been included in the appendix of this report.



NRCS Web Soil Survey Map of the Summit Point Apartments (Blue shading indicates Type-C Soils)

Methodology:

This preliminary stormwater drainage study has been prepared in accordance with Section 5600 Storm Drainage Systems and Facilities, by the American Public Works Association, Kansas City Metropolitan Chapter, and the City of Lee's Summit's Stormwater Report Requirements. The stormwater runoff analysis was analyzed using PondPack's Version 8 hydraulics/hydrology software, which utilized TR-55 hydrology methods and rainfall depths as stipulated in the APWA-5600 standards and design criteria.

SCS curve number runoff coefficients were calculated based on pervious greenspace at CN = 74 and impervious surfaces at CN = 98. The existing and proposed conditions drainage areas were derived from the existing ground contours and the proposed grading contours, and the amounts of pervious and impervious surface areas were measured and used to calculate composite SCS curve numbers. The times of concentrations for the existing conditions drainage basins were derived using the TR-55 methodology with overland sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow and channel flows. For the proposed site conditions, inlet times for each drainage basin were simplified to five minutes to account for the curbed site and enclosed storm sewer system.

The surface areas for the proposed contour grading for the stormwater detention basin was measured at one foot intervals to derive stage versus storage curves for performing stormwater routing. The outlet structure consisted of a small 2-1/4" diameter orifice for storing and metering the outflow from the 1.37"/24-hour rainfall, and a 27" rectangular weir for storing and metering the outflow for the 2, 10 and 100-year storms. The detention basin would also have a 30 ft long emergency overflow weir with a crest set 6" above the peak 100-year WSEL. Calculations showed that the overflow from a second 100-year storm under full conditions with all other outlets blocked would rise approximately 1.01 ft above the crest of the overflow spillway to elevation 1002.01'. The top of the dam would be set at 1003.25' to provide the minimum 12 " of freeboard.

Inflow hydrographs based on the 24-hour SCS Type-II rainfall distribution were modeled from the individual drainage basins and times of concentration. Allowable release rates from the site were based on the City's requirements for the 2, 10 and 100-year storms along with the water quality treatment of the 1.37"/24-hour rainfall having to be held and released over a 40-hour span.

Existing Conditions Analysis:

Under the pre-development conditions, the Summit Point Apartments Phase-II site contains approximately 7.21 acres of on-site drainage area and is completely undeveloped. The 7.21 acres was considered to be completely pervious with no existing impervious pavement or building area. With the Hydrologic Type-C soils covering the site, the pre-development SCS runoff curve number was estimated to be CN = 74.0. The time of concentration was calculated to be approximately 8.10 minutes based on the TR-55 methodology which included overland flow, shallow concentrated flow and channelized flow.

The Summit Point Apartments Phase-I located directly to the south of the proposed Phase-II site were built during the 1980's and contain a total of 6.49 acres. Approximately 4.21 acres of

off-site area from the Phase-I site drains directly onto the Phase-II site. There was no other off-site drainage flowing onto the Phase-II site since Chipman Road catches and conveys drainage from the area further to the south. The off-site Phase-I apartments did not have any enclosed storm sewers or inlets or catch basins to collect surface drainage and pipe it to the existing creek along the northern boundary of the Phase-II site. The 4.21 acres was estimated to contain approximately 2.55 acres of impervious surface and approximately 1.66 acres of pervious green-space. The composite SCS runoff curve number was estimated to be 88.5. The time of concentration was calculated to be approximately 9.00 minutes based on the TR-55 methodology which included overland flow, shallow concentrated flow and channelized flow.



Pre-Development Conditions Drainage Map

Proposed Conditions Analysis:

The proposed site improvements for the post-development drainage conditions included the construction of six new multi-unit apartment buildings along with parking lots and connecting service drives. The proposed improvements would also include an enclosed storm sewer system to collect the surface drainage from the Phase-II site along with runoff contributed from the existing Phase-I areas. The proposed Phase-II improvements would also include a new open-graded stormwater detention basin on the northeast corner of the site to provide detention

and meet the City's required water quality treatment standards for new developments. The City of Lee's Summit uses the APWA Section 5608.4, Performance Criteria, C, Release Rates, for setting the post-development release rates from an improved site:

The 50% (2-year Storm) would be limited to 0.5 cfs per acre The 10% (10-year Storm) would be limited to 2.0 cfs per acre The 1% (100-year Storm) would be limited to 3.0 cfs per acre.

Contributing off site areas unaffected by the construction would be allowed to release drainage at their pre-development rates.

Using the existing Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake at the northeast corner of the proposed Phase-II site as the Point of Interest (POI) for the cumulative stormwater runoff from the Summit Point Apartments Phases I and II sites, the existing Phase-I Apartments had a contributing off-site area of 4.21 acres with an SCS Curve Number of CN = 88.5 and a time of concentration of Tc = 9.00 minutes. The calculated flow rates from Phase-I at the POI at the existing Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake were 13.58 cfs, 22.37 cfs and 36.18 cfs, respectively for the 50%, 10% and 1% storms (2, 10 and 100-year). The allowable release rates from the 7.21 acre Phase-II site were calculated using the 0.5, 2.0 and 3.0 cfs per acre designated release rates for the 50%, 10% and 1% storms (2, 10 and 100-year). The following table summarizes the Phase-I and Phase-II flows and the composite allowable release rates at the POI at the northeast corner of the Phase-II development:

Storm Frequency	Existing Off-Site Phase-I Runoff	Allowable On-Site Phase-II Runoff	Composite Allowable Release Rate
10% (10-Year)	13.58 cfs	3.61 cfs	17.19 cfs
2% (50-Year)	22.37 cfs	14.42 cfs	36.79 cfs
1% (100-Year)	36.18 cfs	21.63 cfs	57.81 cfs

Post-Development Allowable Release Rates

Stormwater detention for the post-development Phase-II site would be provided with an open-graded detention basin on the northeast corner of the site. A portion of the proposed stormwater detention basin would be located within the stream buffer area, which is allowable with the City on a case-by-case review basis. The stormwater detention basin would have a bottom elevation of approximately 995.30', and a top of impoundment dam elevation of approximately 1003.25' with full storage capacity was estimated at approximately 3.134 ac-ft. Approximately 5.53 acres at CN = 90.5 of the Phase-II on-site drainage would flow into the detention pond along with approximately 4.21 acres at CN = 88.5 of contributing drainage from the Phase-I off-site area.



Post-Development Conditions Drainage Map

The time of concentration for the on-site Phase-I drainage area was estimated at a minimal 5 minutes and the off-site Phase-I drainage area time of concentration was calculated to be approximately 9.00 minutes based on the TR-55 methodology which included overland flow, shallow concentrated flow and channelized flow.

Approximately 1.68 acres of the Phase-II site would be undetained by-passing the proposed stormwater detention basin. The undetained area was located along the northern and western fringes of the Phase-II site where the ground was too low for runoff to be caught and piped into the detention basin.

The required water quality storage for the 1.37" rainfall from the Phase-II development was calculated based on the total proposed impervious surface area over the 7.21 acre site. The total impervious and pervious surface areas were measured for the proposed site and the Water Quality Volume (WQv) was calculated based on the 2012 MARC Best Management Practices Manual. The Water Quality Volume was calculated to be approximately 19,338 cubic feet or 0.444 ac-ft.

The City of Lee's Summit requires that the BMP Water Quality Volume be detained and slowly released over a 40-hour interval. The BMP Water Quality Volume storage volume in the bottom of the proposed stormwater detention basin was estimated to correspond to elevation 996.72'.

The invert elevation of the outlet orifice was set at 995.00' inside the proposed outlet structure, so that the maximum storage depth would be 1.72 ft and the average depth would be half of that value at 0.86 ft. Dividing the 19,338 cubic feet of Water Quality Volume by 40 hours yields an average outflow rate of approximately 0.1343 cfs. Sizing calculations for the proposed low-flow outflow orifice indicated that a circular diameter of approximately 2.35 inches would be needed to release the storage volume over the 40 hour interval. For simplicity of construction, a 2-1/4 inch diameter orifice was designed in the bottom of the outlet structure.

The proposed 2-¼ inch diameter Water Quality Volume outflow orifice at invert elevation 995.00' was conjoined with a 27 inch wide outlet weir at crest elevation 996.75' to meter the outflow from the 2, 10 and 100-year design storms. The proposed outlet structure would be constructed on the western side of the proposed stormwater detention basin to house the 2-¼ inch orifice and 27 inch weir.



EMERGENCY SPILLWAY DETAIL

A 42" HDPE storm sewer pipe from the south and another 15" HDPE stormwater pipe from the west would collect the surface drainage from the sita and drain it into the outlet structure. Another 42" HDPE equalized pipe would connect the outlet structure with the stormwater

detention basin and would allow runoff to back-up and be stored inside the detention basin and then be released through the outlet orifices. A 36" HDPE outlet pipe would drain out of the north side of the outlet structure and discharge into the existing creek on the north side of the site. The 100-year water surface elevation of the creek was calculated to be approximately 994.4', and the bottom of the detention storage outlet orifice was set at 995.0', so that backwater from the creek would not surcharge the detention basin during a 100-year flood event. A summary of the stormwater routing characteristics for the stormwater detention basin has been tabulated below:

Storm Frequency	Peak Inflow	Peak Outflow	Peak WSEL	Peak Storage	Total Release Rate	Allowable Release Rate
50% (2-Year)	33.73 cfs	11.37 cfs	998.14'	0.927 ac-ft	12.58 cfs	17.19 cfs
10% (10-Year)	54.40 cfs	27.10 cfs	999.25'	1.358 ac-ft	30.93 cfs	36.79 cfs
1% (100-Year)	86.74 cfs	48.87 cfs	1000.48'	1.882 ac-ft	56.36 cfs	57.81 cfs

Stormwater Detention Basin Routing Summary

The Total Release Rates from the contributing on and off-site drainage areas that were either detained or undetained were all less than their corresponding allowable release rates required by the City. The proposed Summit Point Phase II development would provide on-site stormwater detention in accordance with the City of Lee's Summit's requirements. The peak post-development runoff rates from the proposed development would not increase above the peak pre-development runoff rates.

Drainage Channel Analysis of Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake:

CFS Engineers created a HEC-RAS model to evaluate the water surface elevations of stormwater in the Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake creek channel along the north side of the proposed Summit Point Apartments, Phase II site. Stream flows were calculated at three key locations along the northern property line and where the creek crosses NE Swann Circle approximately 200 ft downstream of the Summit Point Apartments, Phase-II site.



Schematic Off-Site Drainage Area Map for Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake

Drainage areas were estimated using the City GIS mapping. Channel cross-sections for the HEC-RAS models were cut across the surveyed ground surface, based on a recent topographic field survey of the site done by CFS Engineers. The FEMA FIRM Flood Map of the region (FEMA FIRM Flood Map 29095C0436G, Panel 436 of 625, January 20, 2017), shows the Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake directly to the north of the site as Zone A (Special Flood Hazard Area subject to inundation by the 1% annual chance flood where no base flood elevations have been determined).

The existing triple 48" HDPE culverts at NE Swann Circle were also included in the HEC-RAS model to evaluate the potential back-up of flood water in the creek from the culvert crossing. Six cross-sections were cut along the Summit Point Apartments, Phase-II site, and an additional three cross-sections were cut downstream to model the NE Swann Circle culverts. CFS' surveyors measured the invert elevations of all three 48" HDPE culverts along with the top of road elevation for determining overflow.

The results of the HEC-RAS model showed that the 100-year flood elevations along the Summit Point Apartments, Phase-II site ranged from approximately 994.3' to 1005.1'. The proposed buildings and the bottom of the proposed open-graded stormwater detention basin were set above the calculated 100-year flood elevation. The existing culverts at NE Swann Circle produced a modest backwater that merged into the regular channel approximately 300 ft upstream. Copies of the HEC-RAS output calculations have been summarized in the table below and also included in the appendix of this study.



HEC-RAS Channel Cross-Section Locations on Tributary P-3 to Prairie Lee Lake

Summary	of HEC-RAS C	Channel Flows	and Water Su	face Elevation	าร	
Storm Frequency	RS 11275.44	RS 11086.04	RS 10856.09	RS 10658.06	RS 10495.32	RS 10280.58
2-Yr Q	77 cfs	77 cfs	77 cfs	117 cfs	117 cfs	135 cfs
10-Yr Q	146 cfs	146 cfs	146 cfs	222 cfs	222 cfs	255 cfs
100-Yr Q	264 cfs	264 cfs	264 cfs	398 cfs	398 cfs	454 cfs
Channel FL	1000.7	999.6	997.5	995.9	993.4	989.9
2-Yr WSEL	1003.12	1001.65	999.40	997.52	995.57	992.02
10-Yr WSEL	1004.36	1002.32	999.95	997.96	996.11	992.55

1000.59

998.48

996.76

994.32

100-Yr WSEL

1005.09

1002.98

Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake along the North Side of Summit Point Apts, Phase-II Summary of HEC-RAS Channel Flows and Water Surface Elevations



HEC-RAS Channel Profile of the Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake Calculations show that Swann Circle is Overtopped by the 1% (100-Year) Streamflow

Conclusions:

For preliminary evaluation and sizing of the stormwater detention system for the proposed Phase-II Addition of the Summit Point Apartments, the calculated post-development release rates were less than the required allowable release rates. The 100-year water surface elevations along the Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake creek along the northern boundary of the proposed development were calculated using HEC-RAS, and the proposed building elevations and the bottom of the proposed stormwater detention basin were set accordingly. There would be no grading or placement of embankment material in the creek channel below the calculated 100-year water surface elevations that would require flood permitting from FEMA or MDNR. The site would provide water quality treatment storage for the 1.37" 90th percentile average annual rainfall and provide detention for the 50%, 10% and 1% (2, 10 and 100-year) storms in accordance with the City of Lee's Summit's requirements.















Cook, Flatt & Strobel Engineers, P.A.	Project: Summit Point Apartments Phase-II
1421 E 104th Street, Suite #100	Project# 21-5065/#19-5293
Kansas City, Missouri 64131	Designer: TEI
Telephone (816) 333-4477	Date: 03/18/21
www.cfse.com	File Name: "BMP-Water Quality Volume"
WATER QUALITY VOLUME AND OUTFLOW	ORIFICE DESIGN
Water Quality Volume: Contributing Drainage Area: A = 7.21 ac Percent Impervious = 54.37% (3.92 Imp Volumetric Runoff Coefficient: $Rv = 0.05$ Rv = 0.05 + 0.009 * %Imp(Rv = 0.5393 Water Quality Rainfall Depth: P = 1.37" Water Quality Volume: WQv = P * Rv * Ac WQv = P(1.37") * Rv(0.539) WQv = 0.444 ac-ft	A 3.29 Perv) 5 + 0.009 * %Imp 54.37%)
WQv = 19,338 cf Outflow Orifice Design Water Quality Volume: WQv = 0.444 ac- Bottom of Detention Basin: Bottom = 99 Elevation at WQv: El(WQv) = 996.72' WQV Storage Depth: D = 1.72 ft Average Depth: 1/2*D = 0.86 ft	5.00'
40-Hour Water Quality Volume Release WQv = 19,338 cf 40-Hours = 144,000 sec Q = WQv/Time = 19,338 cf Q = 0.1343 cfs	
Outflow Orifice Design $Q = CA(2g^{*}h)^{1/2}$ $A = Q/(C^{*}(2g^{*}h)^{1/2}))$ $A = 0.1343 \text{ cfs} / (0.60^{*}(2g^{*}G))$ A = 0.0301 sqft $A = 4.3311 \text{ in}^{2}$ Equivalent Circular Diameter $A = pi^{*}D^{2}/4$ $D = (4^{*}A/pi)^{1/2}$ D = 2.35 in	

Scenario: Post-1yr



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Subsection: Master Network Summary

Catchments Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft³/s)
Post-On-Det	Post-2yr	2	1.170	11.900	21.00
Post-On-Det	Post-10yr	10	1.920	11.900	33.75
Post-On-Det	Post-100yr	100	3.133	11.900	53.67
Pre-Off-Det	Post-2yr	2	0.827	11.950	13.57
Pre-Off-Det	Post-10yr	10	1.388	11.950	22.37
Pre-Off-Det	Post-100yr	100	2.302	11.950	36.18
Post-On Undet	Post-2yr	2	0.193	11.950	3.49
Post-On Undet	Post-10yr	10	0.380	11.900	6.87
Post-On Undet	Post-100yr	100	0.709	11.900	12.86
Pre-On	Post-2yr	2	0.764	12.000	12.80
Pre-On	Post-10yr	10	1.538	11.950	26.29
Pre-On	Post-100yr	100	2.922	11.950	49.97
Post-Off-Det	Post-2yr	2	0.827	11.950	13.58
Post-Off-Det	Post-10yr	10	1.388	11.950	22.37
Post-Off-Det	Post-100yr	100	2.302	11.950	36.18

Node Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft ³ /s)
Out-Pre	Post-2yr	2	1.591	12.000	26.19
Out-Pre	Post-10yr	10	2.926	11.950	48.66
Out-Pre	Post-100yr	100	5.225	11.950	86.14
Out-Post	Post-2yr	2	1.721	12.050	12.58
Out-Post	Post-10yr	10	3.200	12.050	30.93
Out-Post	Post-100yr	100	5.627	12.050	56.36

Pond Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft³/s)	Maximum Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Maximum Pond Storage (ac-ft)
Det-Basin (IN)	Post-2yr	2	1.997	11.950	33.73	(N/A)	(N/A)
Det-Basin (OUT)	Post-2yr	2	1.528	12.100	11.37	998.14	0.927
Det-Basin (IN)	Post-10yr	10	3.308	11.950	54.40	(N/A)	(N/A)
Det-Basin (OUT)	Post-10yr	10	2.820	12.100	27.10	999.25	1.358
Det-Basin (IN)	Post-100yr	100	5.436	11.950	86.74	(N/A)	(N/A)

04-14-21 Summit Point Phase-II.ppc 4/14/2021

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Pond Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft³/s)	Maximum Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Maximum Pond Storage (ac-ft)
Det-Basin (OUT)	Post-100yr	100	4.918	12.050	48.87	1,000.48	1.882

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Subsection: Elevation-Area Volume Curve Label: Det-Basin Scenario: Post-2vr

Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr

Planimeter (ft ²)	Area (acres)	A1+A2+sqr (A1*A2)	Volume (ac-ft)	Volume (Total) (ac-ft)
		(acres)		
0.0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.0	0.267	0.267	0.027	0.027
0.0	0.289	0.834	0.195	0.221
0.0	0.330	0.928	0.309	0.531
0.0	0.363	1.039	0.346	0.877
0.0	0.397	1.140	0.380	1.257
0.0	0.433	1.245	0.415	1.672
0.0	0.471	1.356	0.452	2.124
0.0	0.509	1.470	0.490	2.613
0.0	0.533	1.563	0.521	3.134
	(ft²) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	(ft²) (acres) 0.0 0.000 0.0 0.267 0.0 0.289 0.0 0.330 0.0 0.363 0.0 0.397 0.0 0.433 0.0 0.471 0.0 0.509	(ft²) (acres) (A1*A2) (acres) 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.0 0.267 0.267 0.0 0.289 0.834 0.0 0.330 0.928 0.0 0.363 1.039 0.0 0.397 1.140 0.0 0.433 1.245 0.0 0.471 1.356 0.0 0.509 1.470	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

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Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr

Requested Pond Water Surfa	ce Elevations
Minimum (Headwater)	995.00 ft
Increment (Headwater)	0.50 ft
Maximum (Headwater)	1,003.00 ft

Outlet Connectivity

Structure Type	Outlet ID	Direction	Outfall	E1 (ft)	E2 (ft)
Orifice-Circular	2.25" Orifice	Forward	TW	995.00	1,003.00
Rectangular Weir	27" Weir	Forward	ΤW	996.75	1,003.00
Rectangular Weir	O/F Weir- 1001.00'	Forward	τw	1,001.00	1,003.00
Tailwater Settings	Tailwater			(N/A)	(N/A)

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Structure ID: 2.25" Orifice Structure Type: Orifice-Circular		
Number of Openings	1	
Elevation	995.00	ft
Orifice Diameter	2.3	in
Orifice Coefficient	0.600	
Structure ID: 27" Weir Structure Type: Rectangular Weir		
Number of Openings	1	
Elevation	996.75	ft
Weir Length	2.25	ft
Weir Coefficient	3.00	(ft^0.5)/s
Structure ID: O/F Weir-1001.00'		
Structure Type: Rectangular Weir		
Number of Openings	1	
Elevation	1,001.00	ft
Weir Length	30.00	ft
Weir Coefficient	3.00	(ft^0.5)/s
Structure ID: TW Structure Type: TW Setup, DS Ch	annel	
Tailwater Type	Free Outfall	
Convergence Tolerances		
Maximum Iterations	30	
Tailwater Tolerance (Minimum)	0.01	ft
Tailwater Tolerance (Maximum)	0.50	ft
Headwater Tolerance (Minimum)	0.01	ft
Headwater Tolerance (Maximum)	0.50	ft
Flow Tolerance (Minimum)	0.001	ft³/s
Flow Tolerance (Maximum)	10.000	ft³/s

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Scenario: Post-1yr



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Subsection: Master Network Summary

Catchments Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft ³ /s)
Swann Cir	Post-2yr	2	18.713	12.400	135.24
Swann Cir	Post-10yr	10	34.702	12.350	254.49
Swann Cir	Post-100yr	100	62.039	12.350	453.62
RS 10658	Post-2yr	2	15.801	12.350	116.80
RS 10658	Post-10yr	10	29.507	12.350	222.32
RS 10658	Post-100yr	100	53.028	12.350	398.33
RS 11275	Post-2yr	2	10.283	12.400	77.13
RS 11275	Post-10yr	10	19.286	12.400	146.39
RS 11275	Post-100yr	100	34.771	12.300	264.11

Node Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft ³ /s)
Out-Swann Cir	Post-2yr	2	18.640	12.450	132.59
Out-Swann Cir	Post-10yr	10	34.612	12.450	250.14
Out-Swann Cir	Post-100yr	100	61.925	12.450	443.08
Out-11275	Post-2yr	2	10.283	12.400	77.13
Out-11275	Post-10yr	10	19.286	12.400	146.39
Out-11275	Post-100yr	100	34.771	12.300	264.11
Out-10658	Post-2yr	2	15.801	12.350	116.80
Out-10658	Post-10yr	10	29.507	12.350	222.32
Out-10658	Post-100yr	100	53.028	12.350	398.33

Pond Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft³/s)	Maximum Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Maximum Pond Storage (ac-ft)
Maple Tree Det (IN)	Post-2yr	2	18.713	12.400	135.24	(N/A)	(N/A)
Maple Tree Det (OUT)	Post-2yr	2	18.640	12.450	132.59	990.04	0.886
Maple Tree Det (IN)	Post-10yr	10	34.702	12.350	254.49	(N/A)	(N/A)
Maple Tree Det (OUT)	Post-10yr	10	34.612	12.450	250.14	991.30	1.544
Maple Tree Det (IN)	Post-100yr	100	62.039	12.350	453.62	(N/A)	(N/A)
Maple Tree Det (OUT)	Post-100yr	100	61.925	12.450	443.08	993.41	2.647

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Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations Label: RS 10658 Scenario: Post-2yr

Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow	
Hydraulic Length	300.00 ft
Manning's n	0.240
Slope	0.020 ft/ft
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.5 in
Average Velocity	0.15 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.547 hours
Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Conc	entrated Flow
Hydraulic Length	150.00 ft
Is Paved?	False
Slope	0.030 ft/ft
Average Velocity	2.79 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.015 hours
Segment #3: TR-55 Channel Flow	
Flow Area	70.0 ft ²
Hydraulic Length	3,820.00 ft
Manning's n	0.030
Slope	0.010 ft/ft
Wetted Perimeter	85.00 ft
Average Velocity	4.36 ft/s
Segment Time of Concentration	0.243 hours
Time of Concentration (Composite)	
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.805 hours

Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr

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Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr

==== SCS Channel Flow

Tc =	$\begin{array}{l} R = Qa \; / \; Wp \\ V = (1.49 * (R^{**}(2/3)) * (Sf^{**}\text{-}0.5)) \; / \; n \end{array}$
Where:	(Lf / V) / 3600
where.	R= Hydraulic radius Ag= Flow area, square feet
	Wp = Wetted perimeter, feet
	V= Velocity, ft/sec
	Sf= Slope, ft/ft
	n= Manning's n
	Tc= Time of concentration, hours
	Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

Unpaved surface: V = 16.1345 * (Sf**0.5)

Paved Surface: V = 20.3282 * (Sf**0.5)

(Lf / V) / 3600 Where: V= Velocity, ft/sec Sf= Slope, ft/ft Tc= Time of concentration, hours Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Sheet Flow

**0.4))

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Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow		
Hydraulic Length	300.00 ft	
Manning's n	0.240	
Slope	0.020 ft/ft	
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.5 in	
Average Velocity	0.15 ft/s	
Segment Time of Concentration	0.547 hours	
Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Conce	ntrated Flow	
Hydraulic Length	150.00 ft	
Is Paved?	False	
Slope	0.030 ft/ft	
Average Velocity	2.79 ft/s	
Segment Time of Concentration	0.015 hours	
Segment #3: TR-55 Channel Flow		
Flow Area	45.0 ft ²	
Hydraulic Length	3,245.00 ft	
Manning's n	0.030	
Slope	0.010 ft/ft	
Wetted Perimeter	60.00 ft	
Average Velocity	4.10 ft/s	
Segment Time of Concentration	0.220 hours	
Time of Concentration (Composite)		
Time of Concentration (Composite)	0.782 hours	

Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr

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Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations Label: RS 11275 Scenario: Post-2yr

==== SCS Channel Flow

Tc =	R = Qa / Wp V = (1.49 * (R**(2/3)) * (Sf**-0.5)) / n
	(Lf / V) / 3600
Where:	R= Hydraulic radius
	Aq= Flow area, square feet
	Wp= Wetted perimeter, feet
	V= Velocity, ft/sec
	Sf= Slope, ft/ft
	n= Manning's n
	Tc= Time of concentration, hours
	Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

Tc =

Unpaved surface: V = 16.1345 * (Sf**0.5)

Paved Surface: V = 20.3282 * (Sf**0.5)

Where:

(Lf / V) / 3600 V= Velocity, ft/sec Sf= Slope, ft/ft Tc= Time of concentration, hours Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Sheet Flow

(0.007 * ((n * Lf)**0.8)) / ((P**0.5) * (Sf**0.4))
Tc= Time of concentration, hours
n= Manning's n
Lf= Flow length, feet
P= 2yr, 24hr Rain depth, inches
Sf= Slope, %

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Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr Subsection: Time of Concentration Calculations Label: Swann Cir Scenario: Post-2yr

Time of Concentration Results

Segment #1: TR-55 Sheet Flow			
Hydraulic Length	300.00 ft		
Manning's n	0.240		
Slope	0.020 ft/ft		
2 Year 24 Hour Depth	3.5 in		
Average Velocity	0.15 ft/s		
Segment Time of 0.547 hours 0.547			
Segment #2: TR-55 Shallow Concentrated Flow			
Hydraulic Length	150.00 ft		
Is Paved?	False		
Slope	0.030 ft/ft		
Average Velocity	2.79 ft/s		
Segment Time of Concentration	0.015 hours		
Segment #3: TR-55 Channel Flo	W		
Flow Area	80.0 ft ²		
Hydraulic Length	4,100.00 ft		
Manning's n	0.030		
Slope	0.010 ft/ft		
Wetted Perimeter	100.00 ft		
Average Velocity	4.28 ft/s		
Segment Time of Concentration	0.266 hours		
Time of Concentration (Composite	e)		
Time of Concentration 0.828 hours			

Return Event: 2 years Storm Event: SCS-Type-II-APWA-2-Yr

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==== SCS Channel Flow

Tc =	R = Qa / Wp V = (1.49 * (R**(2/3)) * (Sf**-0.5)) / n
	(Lf / V) / 3600
Where:	R= Hydraulic radius
	Aq= Flow area, square feet
	Wp= Wetted perimeter, feet
	V= Velocity, ft/sec
	Sf= Slope, ft/ft
	n- Manning's n

n= Manning's n Tc= Time of concentration, hours Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Shallow Concentration Flow

Unpaved surface: V = 16.1345 * (Sf**0.5)

Paved Surface: V = 20.3282 * (Sf**0.5)

(Lf / V) / 3600 Where: V= Velocity, ft/sec Sf= Slope, ft/ft Tc= Time of concentration, hours Lf= Flow length, feet

==== SCS TR-55 Sheet Flow

Tc =	(0.007 * ((n * Lf)**0.8)) / ((P**0.5) * (Sf**0.4))
Where:	Tc= Time of concentration, hours
	n= Manning's n
	Lf= Flow length, feet
	P= 2yr, 24hr Rain depth, inches
	Sf= Slope, %

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Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(tt)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
SummitPoint	9759.91	2yr	135.00	984.00	986.87	986.87	987.60	0.013354	6.83	19.78	14.04	1.01
SummitPoint	9759.91	10yr	255.00	984.00	987.71	987.71	988.62	0.011964	7.65	33.31	18.38	1.00
SummitPoint	9759.91	100yr	454.00	984.00	988.82	988.82	989.72	0.007025	7.80	75.67	69.72	0.82
SummitPoint	9890.22	2yr	135.00	986.00	988.42		988.56	0.003866	3 10	43 50	0 00	0 EA
SummitPoint	9890.22	10yr	255.00	986.00	989.22		989.34	0.002470	2.87	88.88	70.20	0.045
SummitPoint	9890.22	100yr	454.00	986.00	60.09		990.21	0.001631	2.79	F	98.79	0.38
SummitPoint	10032.93		Culvert	SWANN CIRCLE	IRCLE							
SummitPoint	10097.67	2yr	135.00	987.00	990.29	988.69	990.31	0.000458	1.29	104.31	76.69	02.0
SummitPoint	10097.67	10yr	255.00	987.00	991.82	989.18	991.83	0.000152	0.57	263.02	130.59	0.12
SummitPoint	10097.67	100yr	454.00	987.00	994.40	989.80	994.41	0.000031	0.71	641.98	171.74	0.06
SummitPoint	10280.58	2yr	135.00	989.90	992.02	992.02	992.48	0 013677	5 62	27 GN	27.67	
SummitPoint	10280.58	10yr	255.00	989.90	992.55	992.55	993.11	0.011624	6.36	50.83	49.92	0.07
SummitPoint	10280.58	100yr	454.00	989.90	994.32		994.47	0.001931	3.53	185.24	110.33	0.43
SummitPoint	10495.32	2yr	117.00	993.40	995.57	995.57	996.04	0.014575	5.53	21.16	23.12	1.02
SummitPoint	10495.32	10yr	222.00	993.40	996.11	996.11	996.71	0.012556	6.22	36.71	37.00	0.99
SummitPoint	10495.32	100yr	398.00	993.40	996.75	996.76	997.45	0.009804	6.78	68.44	60.34	0.92
SummitPoint	10658.06	2yr	117.00	995.90	997.52		997.81	0.008351	4.38	27.00	30.65	0.79
SummitPoint	10658.06	10yr	222.00	995.90	997.96	997.84	998.43	0.008968	5.52	42.58	39.51	0.85
SummitPoint	10658.06	100yr	398.00	995.90	998.48	998.48	999.15	0.009555	6.73	70.53	69.36	0.92
SummitPoint	10856.09	2yr	77.00	997.50	999.40	999.39	999.87	0.014120	5.49	14.03	15.05	1.00
SummitPoint	10856.09	10yr	146.00	997.50	999.95	999.94	1000.52	0.013406	6.09	23.98	21.30	1.01
SummitPoint	10856.09	100yr	264.00	997.50	1000.59	1000.58	1001.24	0.012356	6.48	40.72	31.13	1.00
SummitPoint	11086.04	2yr	77.00	999.60	1001.65		1001.92	0.006053	4.13	18.63	15.65	0.67
SummitPoint	11086.04	10yr	146.00	999.60	1002.32		1002.66	0.006667	4.63	31.56	24.52	0.72
SummitPoint	11086.04	100yr	264.00	09.666	1002.98		1003.39	0.007107	5.13	51.47	36.47	0.76
SummitPoint	11275.44	2yr	77.00	1000.70	1003.12	1003.12	1003.89	0.015788	7.05	10.92	7.18	1.01
SummitPoint	11275.44	10yr	146.00	1000.70	1004.35	1004.36	1004.97	0.014558	6.26	23.31	19.08	1.00
SummitPoint	11275.44	100yr	264.00	1000.70	1005.09	1005.09	1005.62	0.014169	5.87	44.98	42.61	1.01

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Tributary P-3 to Prairie Lee Lake HEC-RAS Calculations March 18, 2021





Tributary P-3 to Prairie Lee Lake HEC-RAS Calculations March 18, 2021















National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

Hydrologic Soil Group—Jackson County, Missouri (Summit Point-II Apartments)





Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
10082	Arisburg-Urban land complex, 1 to 5 percent slopes	С	13.5	51.7%
10181	Udarents-Urban land- Sampsel complex, 5 to 9 percent slopes	C	12.6	48.3%
Totals for Area of Interest			26.1	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher







Summit Point Apartments-National Wetland



Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland Freshwater Emergent Wetland Freshwater Pond

Riverine

Other Lake

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper