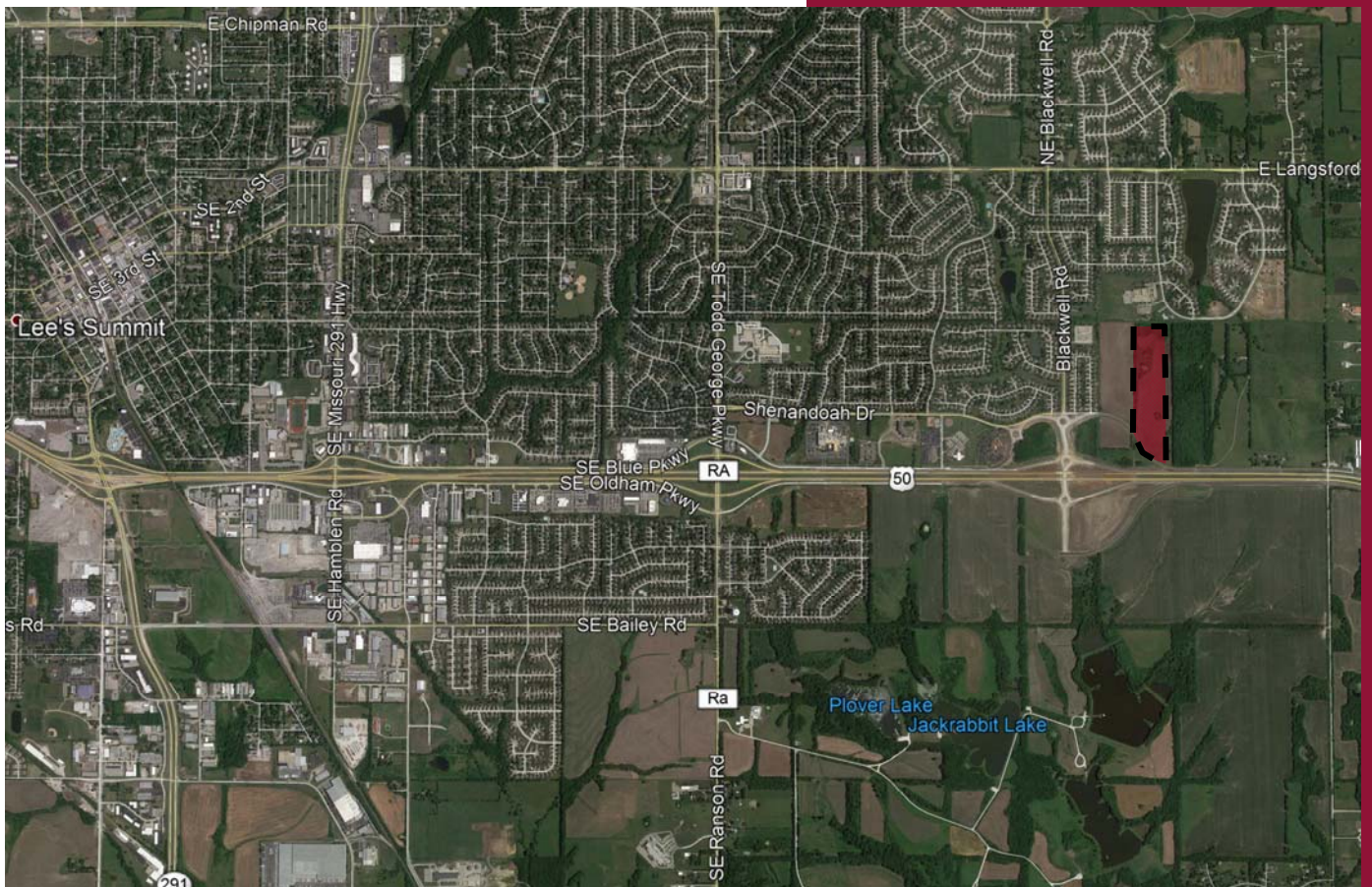


Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study

Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive
Lee's Summit, Missouri



Prepared for:
Case & Associates Properties, Inc.

Prepared by TranSystems
March 2018



TranSystems
2400 Pershing Road
Suite 400
Kansas City, MO 64108
Tel 816 329 8600
Fax 816 329 8601
www.transystems.com

March 29, 2018

Mr. Justin W. Dixon
Case & Associates Properties, Inc.
4200 E. Skelly Drive, Suite 800
Tulsa, OK 74135

**RE: Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study
Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive
Lee's Summit, Missouri**

Dear Mr. Dixon:

In response to your request and authorization, TranSystems has completed a traffic impact study for the proposed multi-family residential development to be located generally to the northeast of the US-50 Highway and Blackwell Road interchange in Lee's Summit, Missouri. The purpose of this study was to assess the impact of the proposed development on the surrounding transportation system.

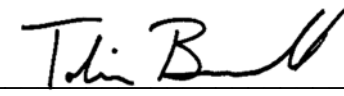
Included in this study is a discussion of the anticipated impact of the proposed development on the adjacent street network and identified improvements to mitigate deficiencies for the following scenarios:

- ▶ Existing Conditions
- ▶ Existing plus Development Conditions
- ▶ Future Conditions

We trust that the enclosed information proves beneficial to you and the City of Lee's Summit in this phase of the development process. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you and will be available to review this study at your convenience.

Sincerely,
TRANSYSTEMS

By: 
Jeffrey J. Wilke, PE, PTOE

By: 
Tobin Bonnell, PE, PTOE

TTB:JJW/tb/PI01180065
Enclosure

Introduction

TranSystems has completed a traffic impact study for the proposed multi-family residential development to be located generally to the northeast of US-50 and Blackwell Road in Lee's Summit, Missouri. The purpose of this study was to assess the impact of the proposed development on the surrounding transportation system. The location of the development site relative to the major streets in the area is shown on **Figure A-1** in **Appendix A**.

This study also contains a description of the proposed development and the surrounding transportation infrastructure along with trip generation estimates, trip distribution estimates, capacity analyses, and a summary of the findings.

Proposed Development Plan

The proposed development consists of a 600-unit apartment complex. Access for the development will be provided from Shenandoah Drive, which serves as an outer road to the adjacent US-50 Highway. A new roadway to the north of Shenandoah Drive is planned to provide access to the proposed development and intersect Shenandoah Drive via a new roundabout intersection. This access road is planned to be directly to the west of the proposed development. In the southeast corner of the site, gated access directly to Shenandoah Drive is planned for emergency vehicles only. This emergency access point will not be reflected within the traffic analyses performed as a part of this study. A copy of the proposed site plan showing the proposed access points is included on **Figure A-2** in **Appendix A** for reference.

Study Area

To assess the impacts of the proposed development, the intersections listed below were identified for study during the A.M. and P.M. periods.

- ▶ Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive
- ▶ Site Entrances

Surrounding Land Uses and Street Network

The development site currently consists of undeveloped land used for agricultural purposes. There are several different land uses surrounding the site. To the east of the site, much of the adjacent land is undeveloped, with a few residential lots with acreage. Directly to the north of the site, Highland Park Elementary School is located on Millstone Avenue. With the exception of the elementary school, Millstone Avenue exclusively serves single-family residences. To the west of the site, there are also several single-family residential subdivisions.

The proposed development site is planned to be adjacent to the recently-constructed interchange improvements at US-50 and Blackwell Road. These improvements extended Blackwell Road south, creating a connection with US-50 via interchange ramps and the south outer road, Oldham Parkway. The intersections of Blackwell Road constructed with Shenandoah Drive and both ramp termini all

feature roundabout configurations. The intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive is a dual-lane roundabout. The approaches to this roundabout are all dual-lane configurations, with the exception of the eastbound approach, which has just one lane.

The segment of Blackwell Road south of the intersection with Shenandoah Drive features two continuous lanes in each direction, with an additional right-turn lane for southbound traffic at the intersection of the westbound US-50 ramps. The segment of Blackwell Road north of the intersection with Shenandoah Drive features one lane in the northbound direction, and two lanes in the southbound direction. Both segments of Blackwell Road are currently classified as minor arterial street, with a posted speed limit of 35 miles per hour.

The segment of Shenandoah Drive east of the intersection with Blackwell Road generally features curb, gutter, sidewalk, and one travel lane in each direction, with an approximate 250-foot long left-turn lane at the westbound approach to Blackwell Road. Adjacent to the proposed development site, Shenandoah Drive is one travel lane with paved shoulder in both directions. This roadway is currently classified as a commercial/industrial collector street. There is a posted speed limit of 35 miles per hour in the vicinity of the intersection of Shenandoah Drive and Blackwell Road, while the segment of Shenandoah Drive adjacent to the proposed development site has a posted speed limit of 40 miles per hour.

Traffic Counts

Turning-movement traffic volume counts were collected at the study intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive on Thursday, March 15, 2018. The turning movement counts were collected from 7:00 to 9:00 A.M. and from 4:00 to 6:00 P.M. The A.M. peak hour for all intersections occurred between 7:30 and 8:30 A.M., while the P.M. peak hour occurred between 4:45 and 5:45 P.M. The existing lane configurations, traffic control devices, and peak hour traffic volumes have been illustrated on **Figure A-3**.

As a part of this study, 24-hour traffic counts were recorded along Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive. Machine traffic volume counters were placed on Blackwell Road north of its intersection with Shenandoah Drive, and on Shenandoah Drive adjacent to the development site. Counts were recorded midday March 13, 2018 through March 15, 2018. The machine traffic volumes were used to verify the accuracy of the turning-movement counts, and determine approximately how many vehicles at the intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive are accessing the residential subdivision immediately to the east of the intersection. Based on this count, throughout the duration of a typical weekday, Blackwell Road to the north of the intersection serves 4,670 vehicles, while Shenandoah Drive to the east of the intersection serves 1,700 vehicles.

Analysis

The scope of analysis for the assessment of the proposed development's impact on the surrounding transportation system is based in large part on the recommended practices of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), as outlined in their Traffic Engineering Handbook. ITE is a nationally-recognized organization of transportation professionals with members from both private and public sectors. The analysis of the proposed development's impact included development of trip generation

and trip distribution estimates as well as a traffic operations assessment for each study scenario. Each of the analysis methodologies and findings are described in the subsequent sections.

Trip Generation

Trip generation estimates were prepared using the Institute of Transportation Engineer's Trip Generation, 9th Edition. **Table 1** shows the expected trips to be generated by the proposed development.

| Table 1 Development Trip Generation | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| Land Use | Intensity | ITE Code | Average Weekday | A.M. Peak Hour | | | P.M. Peak Hour | | |
| | | | | Total | In | Out | Total | In | Out |
| Apartments | 600 du | 220 | 3,760 | 298 | 60 | 238 | 348 | 227 | 121 |
| Total New Development Trips | | | 3,760 | 298 | 60 | 238 | 348 | 227 | 121 |

Trip Distribution

The estimated trips generated by the proposed development were distributed onto the street system based on the trip distributions summarized in **Table 2**. These distributions are based on existing traffic patterns and engineering judgment. The detailed distribution patterns through the study intersections are shown in **Appendix B**.

| Table 2 Trip Distribution | |
|---|-------------|
| Direction To/From | Percentage |
| North on Blackwell Road | 10% |
| South on Blackwell Road (to/from US-50) | 70% |
| West on Shenandoah Drive | 15% |
| East on Shenandoah Drive | 5% |
| Total | 100% |

Traffic Operation Assessment

An assessment of traffic operations was made for the scenarios listed below. These scenarios allowed for comparison of the before and after impacts of the proposed development on the street network.

- ▶ Existing Conditions
- ▶ Existing plus Development Conditions
- ▶ Future Conditions

The study intersections were evaluated using the Sidra Intersection 7.0 Plus traffic analysis software package. Calculations were performed based on the methodologies outlined in the Highway Capacity

Manual (HCM), 2010 Edition, which is published by the Transportation Research Board. The operating conditions at an intersection are graded by the “level of service” experienced by drivers. Level of service (LOS) describes the quality of traffic operating conditions and is rated from “A” to “F”. LOS A represents the least congested condition with free-flow movement of traffic and minimal delays. LOS F generally indicates severely congested conditions with excessive delays to motorists. Intermediate grades of B, C, D, and E reflect incremental increases in the average delay per stopped vehicle. Control delay is measured in seconds per vehicle, with consideration given to the volume-to-capacity (v/c) ratio. **Table 3** shows the upper limit of delay associated with each level of service for roundabout intersections.

| Table 3 Intersection Level of Service Delay Thresholds | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Control Delay (s/veh) | Level of Service (LOS) by Volume-to-Capacity Ratio | |
| | v/c ≤ 1.0 | v/c > 1.0 |
| 0-10 | A | F |
| >10-15 | B | F |
| >15-25 | C | F |
| >25-35 | D | F |
| >35-50 | E | F |
| >50 | F | F |

The LOS rating deemed acceptable varies by community, facility type and traffic control device. The City of Lee's Summit, which has jurisdiction over the intersections analyzed as a part of this study, has identified LOS C as the minimum desirable goal for intersections in their community.

Existing Conditions

The results of the Existing Conditions intersection analyses are summarized below in **Table 4**. The study intersection was evaluated with the lane configurations, traffic volumes, and traffic control devices shown on **Figures A-3** through **Figure A-5**. The Sidra output files are included in **Appendix C**.

| Table 4 Intersection Operational Analysis Existing Conditions | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Intersection | Movement | A.M. Peak Hour | | | P.M. Peak Hour | | |
| | | LOS ¹ | Delay ² | v/c ³ | LOS ¹ | Delay ² | v/c ³ |
| Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive | Roundabout | A | 4.6 | 0.16 | A | 5.8 | 0.34 |

1 – Level of Service

2 – Delay in seconds per vehicle

3 – Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

As shown in the table, the study intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive currently operates within the thresholds for acceptable levels of service during the peak hours. Further assessment of the analysis indicates that all approaches of the intersection operate at LOS A during both peak hours.

Existing plus Development Conditions

The results of the existing plus development conditions intersection analyses are summarized below in **Table 5**. This study scenario assessed the street system with the addition of traffic generated by the proposed development. The study intersections were evaluated with the lane configurations, traffic volumes, and traffic control devices shown on **Figures A-6** through **A-8**. For purposes of the analysis of the existing plus development conditions, it was assumed that the proposed roundabout at the intersection of Shenandoah Drive and the proposed access road would feature one continuous circulating lane as well as single lanes for all three approaches. The Sidra output files are included in **Appendix C**.

| Table 5 Intersection Operational Analysis Existing plus Development Conditions | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Intersection Movement | A.M. Peak Hour | | | P.M. Peak Hour | | |
| | LOS ¹ | Delay ² | v/c ³ | LOS ¹ | Delay ² | v/c ³ |
| Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive Roundabout | A | 5.4 | 0.19 | A | 6.6 | 0.36 |
| Shenandoah Drive and Proposed Access Road Roundabout | A | 5.3 | 0.26 | A | 5.8 | 0.31 |

1 – Level of Service

2 – Delay in seconds per vehicle

3 – Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

As shown in the table above, both study intersections are projected to operate within the thresholds for acceptable levels of service during the peak hours. Further assessment of the analysis indicates that all approaches of the intersections operate at LOS A during both peak hours.

Future Conditions

This study scenario assessed the street system with the additional traffic generated by the proposed development, as well as assumed traffic growth to/from the surrounding roadway network. Assumed traffic growth was based on TranSystems previous work on the US-50 and Blackwell Road interchange, as well as familiarity and knowledge of the City of Lee's Summit.

Specifically, it was assumed that the access road constructed to the west of the proposed development site would serve more residences in the future than what is represented with the proposed apartment development. There is undeveloped land between the proposed access road and the existing Joel Avenue that, in the future, is assumed to also be developed into apartments. For purposes of this study, this future apartment development was assumed to feature 300 dwelling units and utilize the same access to Shenandoah Drive as the proposed development. It was also assumed that undeveloped land

between the westbound US-50 off-ramp and Shenandoah Drive would be developed. Based on the size of available developable land and the estimation that 20% of the available land would be developable, it was assumed that this future development would consist of a shopping center with approximately 150,000 square feet of gross leasable area. Trip generation estimates for the future developments were prepared in the same manner as the proposed development, using the Institute of Transportation Engineer's Trip Generation, 9th Edition. Likewise, these future developments were assumed to use the same trip distribution patterns as discussed regarding the proposed development. A two percent (2%) annual growth rate was applied over the planning horizon to the existing traffic volumes representing through traffic along Blackwell Road, while a four percent (4%) annual growth rate was applied to the existing traffic volumes representing through traffic along Shenandoah Drive. Growth of traffic volumes along the Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive corridors is based on review of existing traffic volumes and projections shown in the Access Justification Report for the US-50 and Blackwell Road interchange project, and comparison to the recently-collected counts performed with this study. The future condition traffic volumes are assumed to represent conditions in the year 2040.

For purposes of the analysis of the future conditions, it was assumed that the geometry of the existing roundabout at the intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive will remain the same into the future. It was furthermore assumed that the proposed roundabout at the intersection of Shenandoah Drive and the proposed access road would feature one continuous circulating lane and single lanes for all three approaches modeled in the existing plus development conditions analysis, as well as an additional single lane approach for the future shopping development to the south. Using iterations of the analysis process, it was confirmed that the eastbound approach at the intersection would benefit in the future from the addition of a right turn lane to accommodate the anticipated traffic volumes generated by the future shopping center development. As such, the future conditions analyses summarized below assume that the eastbound approach at the proposed access road roundabout will feature a dedicated right turn lane that "by-passes" the circulating lanes of the roundabout.

The results of the future conditions intersection analyses are summarized in **Table 6**. The study intersections were evaluated with the lane configurations, traffic volumes, and traffic control devices shown on **Figures A-9** through **Figure A-11**. The Sidra output files are included in **Appendix C**.

Table 6
Intersection Operational Analysis
Future Conditions

| Intersection | Movement | A.M. Peak Hour | | | P.M. Peak Hour | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | LOS ¹ | Delay ² | v/c ³ | LOS ¹ | Delay ² | v/c ³ |
| Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | |
| | <i>Roundabout</i> | A | 7.8 | 0.38 | C | 17.6 | 0.76 |
| Shenandoah Drive and Proposed Access Road | | | | | | | |
| | <i>Roundabout</i> | A | 7.5 | 0.47 | B | 13.3 | 0.70 |

1 – Level of Service

2 – Delay in seconds per vehicle

3 – Volume-to-Capacity Ratio

The table indicates that delays are projected to increase at the study intersections with the addition of future traffic growth. However, both study intersections are projected to operate within the thresholds for acceptable levels of service during the peak hours.

In the future P.M. peak hour, the intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive is projected to operate at LOS C due to delays incurred at the northbound and eastbound approaches. Looking further into the analysis, the northbound right turn delay, which is projected to be the greatest in magnitude, is not projected to produce queuing that would impede upon movements at the adjacent intersection of Blackwell Road and the westbound US 50 ramps. Therefore, the projected increase in delay for the future would not require any geometric improvements to the existing intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive or any of the existing adjacent roadway network.

The intersection of Shenandoah Drive and the proposed access road is projected to operate at LOS B in the future P.M. peak hour. This represents a decrease in operations from LOS A in the existing plus development conditions scenario. While this is not considered to be unacceptable with respect to the City of Lee's Summit, anticipated queuing of vehicles at the proposed roundabout was examined for the P.M. peak hour. Looking further into the analysis results, the anticipated queue lengths could be accommodated within the future roadway and site design. Therefore, the analysis shows that one circulating lane within the roundabout would be sufficient in terms of future traffic operation, given the future adjacent land development assumed with this study.

Summary

TranSystems has completed a traffic impact study for the proposed multi-family residential development to be located generally to the northeast of US-50 and Blackwell Road in Lee's Summit, Missouri. The purpose of this study was to assess the impact of the proposed development on the surrounding transportation system.

The proposed development is projected to generate 298 new trips during the A.M. peak hour and 348 new trips during the P.M. peak hour. Development traffic will be distributed to a new collector roadway that will provide access to Shenandoah Drive by way of a proposed roundabout intersection.

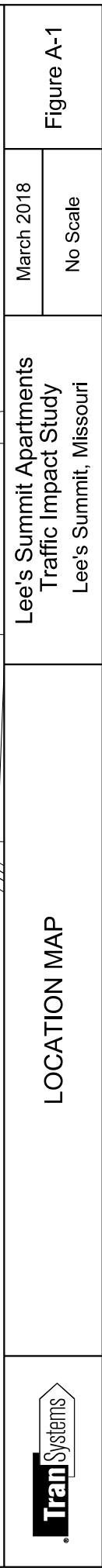
No improvements are identified to mitigate the addition of development traffic to the existing intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive. This intersection, with the addition of traffic generated by the development of the proposed multi-family residential development discussed with this report, is projected to continue to operate at an acceptable level of service. Furthermore, the intersection of Blackwell Road and Shenandoah Drive can accommodate anticipated traffic generated by development that could potentially be implemented in the future, and, given the stated assumptions regarding future development, no improvements at this intersection would be required in the future.

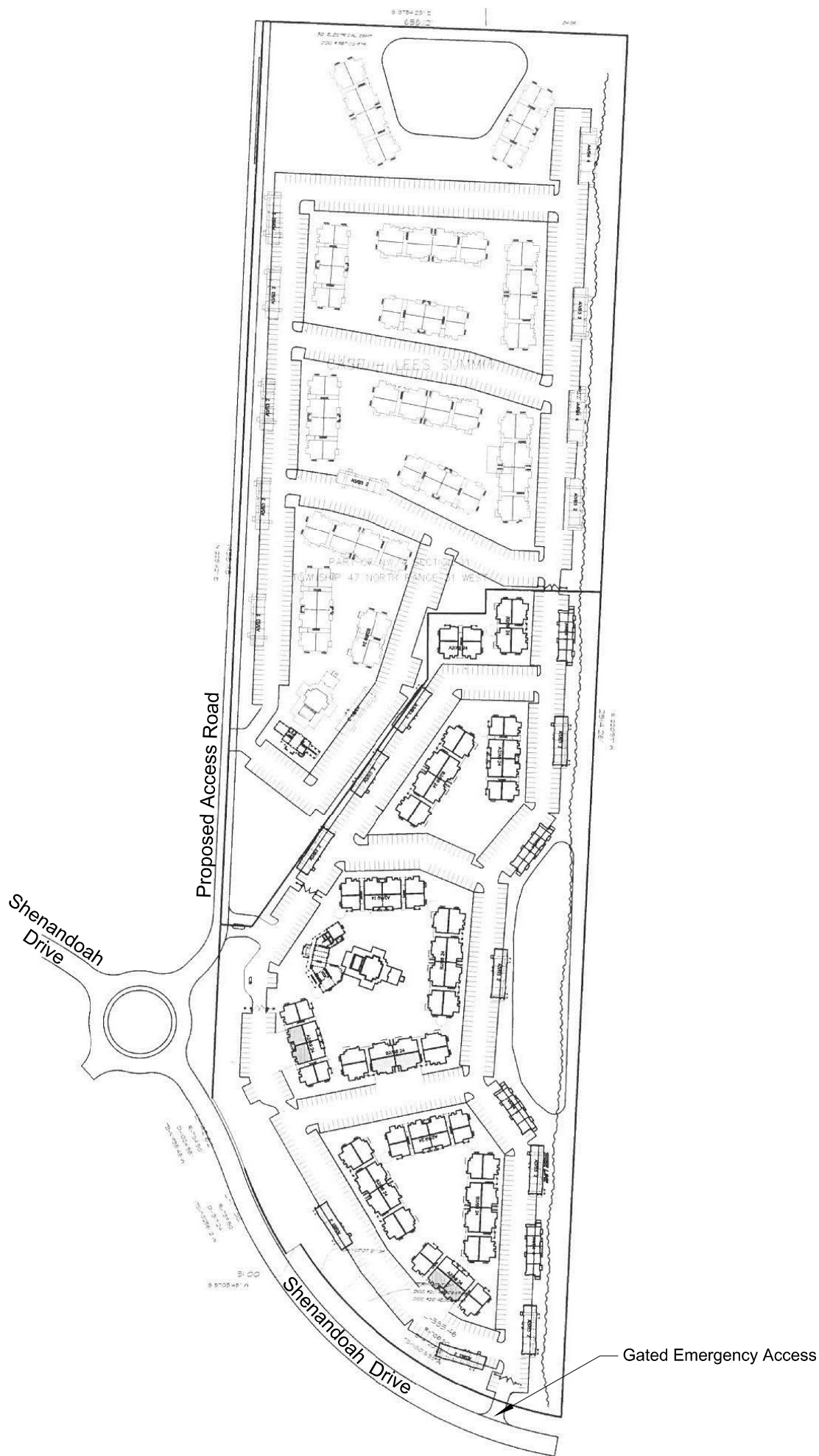
The traffic analyses performed as a part of this study indicate that the proposed roundabout providing access to the proposed development can be designed with one continuous circulating lane as well as single entry/exit lanes for all three approaches. In the future, given the stated assumptions regarding

future development, the single-lane roundabout configuration will continue to accommodate traffic generated by an additional multi-family residential development that will utilize the proposed access road, as well as a potential shopping center development that would utilize a fourth northbound approach. The future shopping center development could be accommodated by introducing a single entry/exit lane approach to the northbound leg of the proposed roundabout intersection, and providing a bypass lane for eastbound right turning vehicles entering the future site.

Appendix A - Figures

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Figure A-1 | Location Map |
| Figure A-2 | Proposed Development Site Plan |
| Figure A-3 | Existing Conditions Lane Configurations |
| Figure A-4 | Existing Conditions A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes |
| Figure A-5 | Existing Conditions P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes |
| Figure A-6 | Existing plus Development Conditions Lane Configurations |
| Figure A-7 | Existing plus Development Conditions A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes |
| Figure A-8 | Existing plus Development Conditions P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes |
| Figure A-9 | Future Conditions Lane Configurations |
| Figure A-10 | Future Conditions A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes |
| Figure A-11 | Future Conditions P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes |





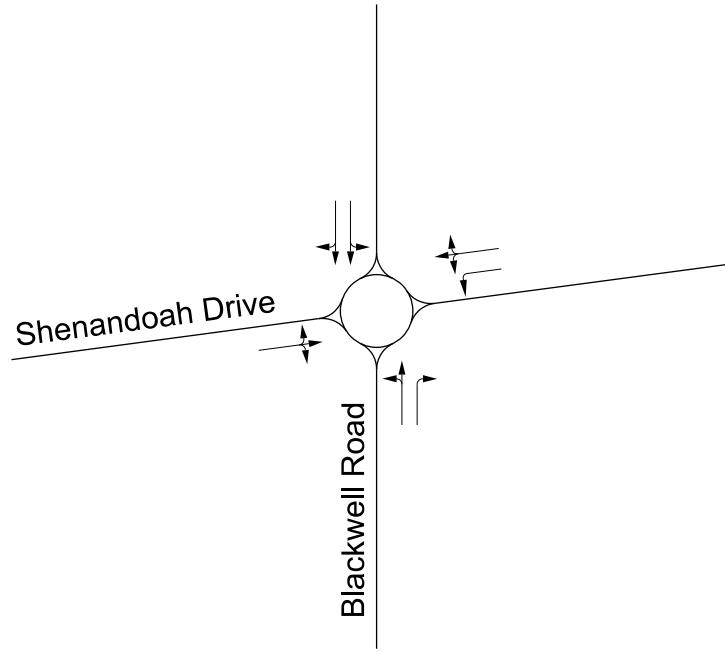
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT SITE PLAN

Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

March 2018

No Scale

Figure A-2



Legend



- Roundabout



- Lane Configuration



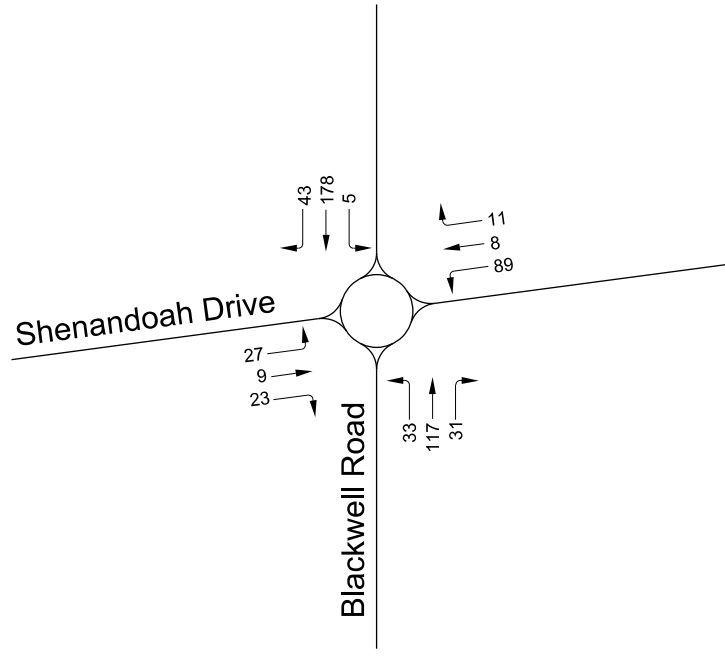
EXISTING LANE CONFIGURATIONS

Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

March 2018

No Scale

Figure A-3



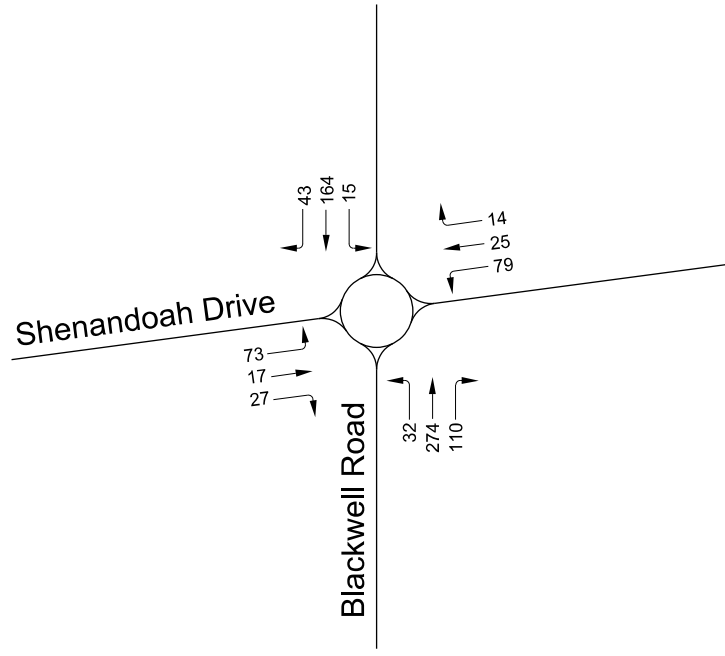
EXISTING A.M. PEAK HOUR
TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

March 2018

No Scale

Figure A-4



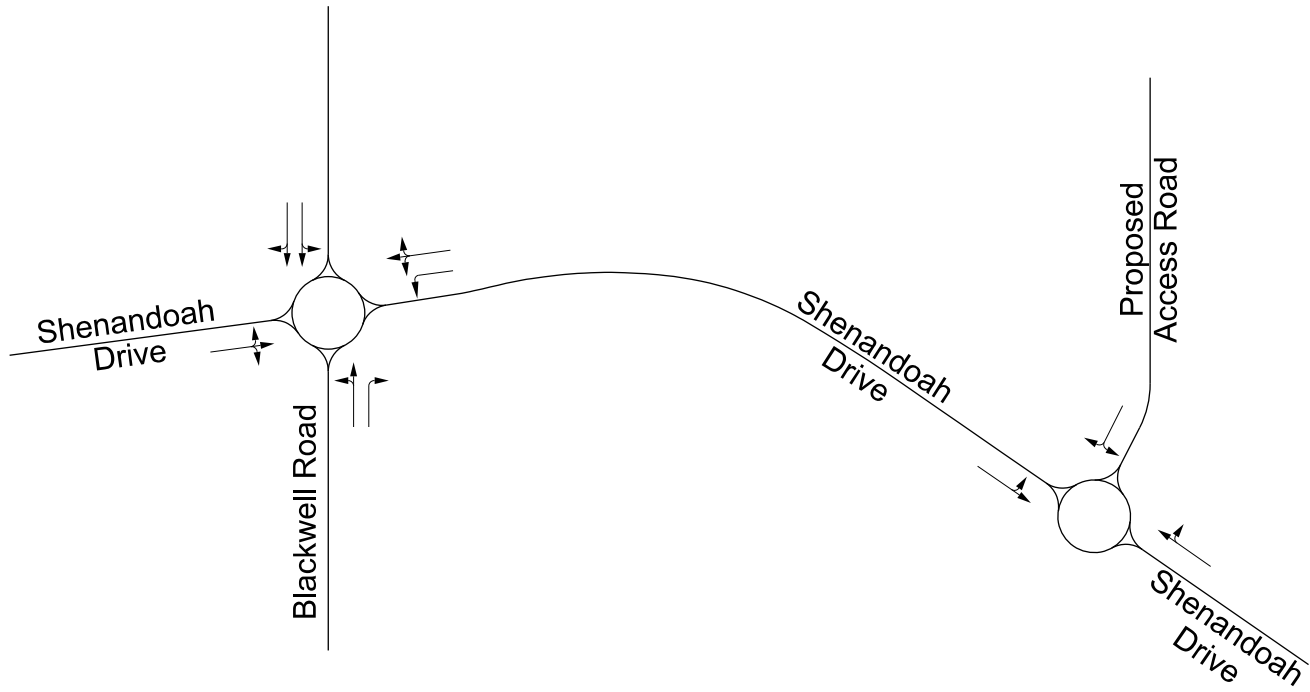
EXISTING P.M. PEAK HOUR
TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

March 2018

No Scale

Figure A-5



- Roundabout
- Lane Configuration

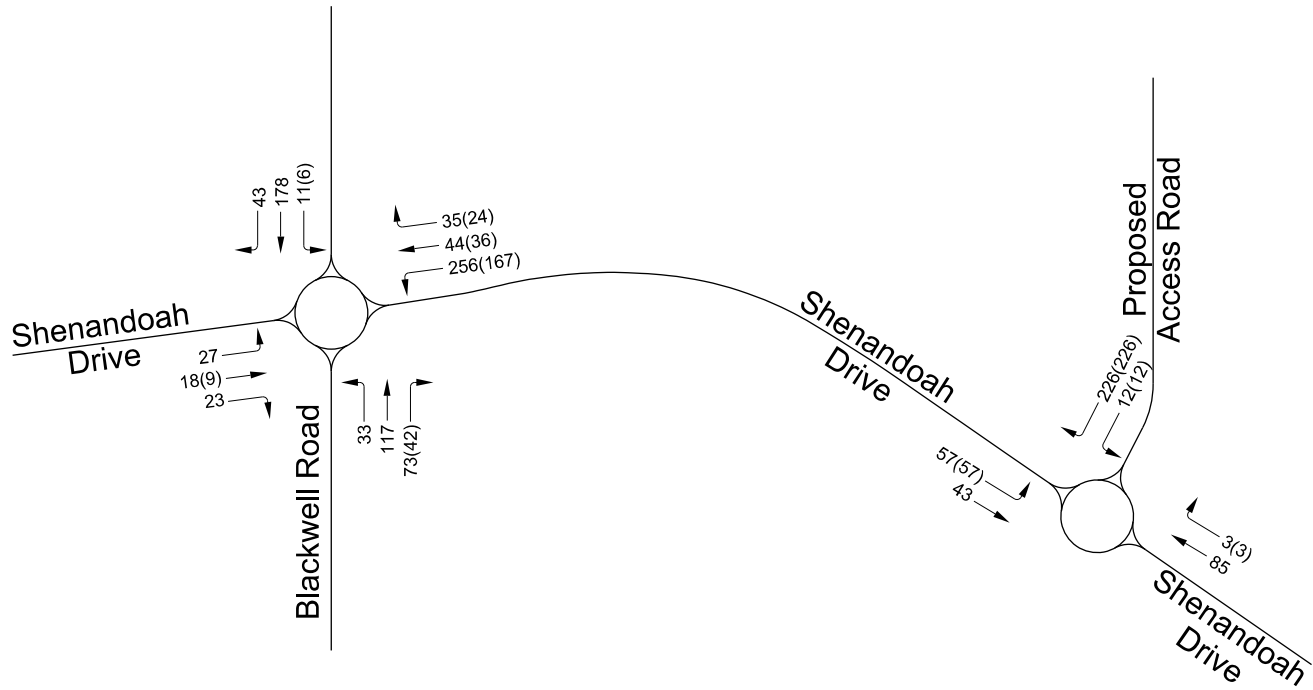
EXISTING PLUS DEVELOPMENT LANE CONFIGURATIONS

Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

March 2018

No Scale

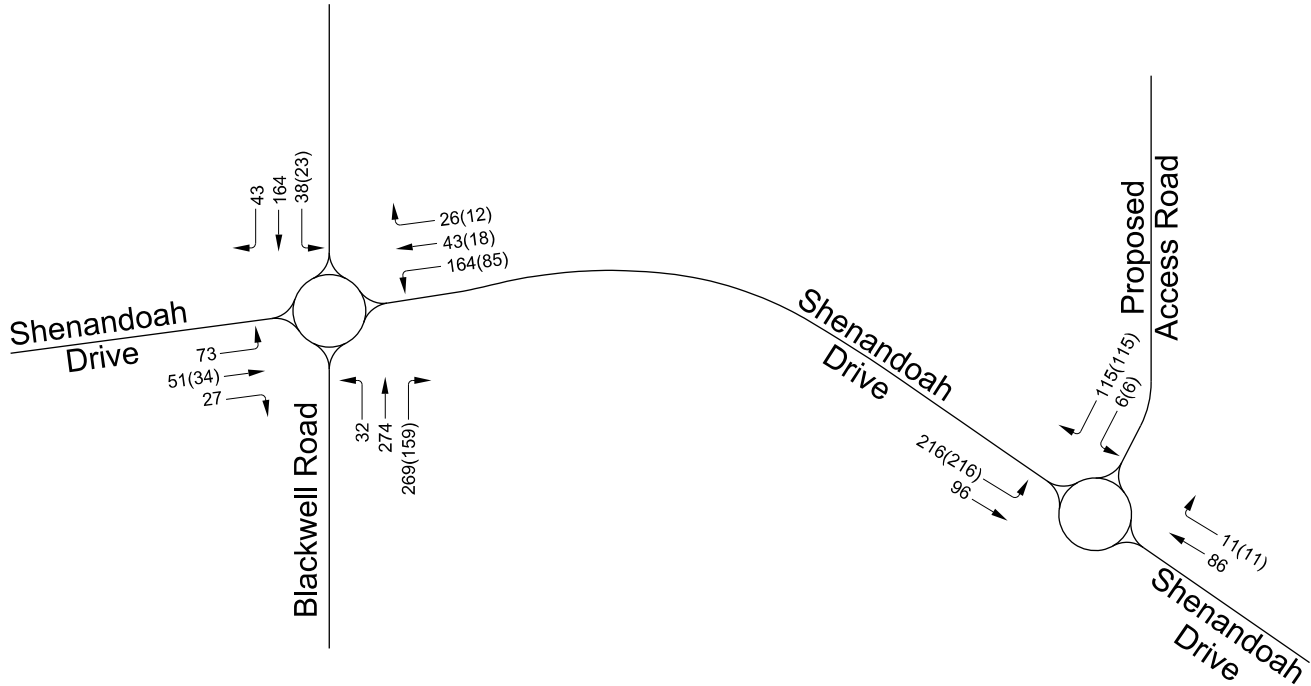
Figure A-6



Legend

Diagram illustrating the calculation of Total Hourly Volume:

- Total Hourly Volume
- 123(45)
- Proposed Development Traffic



Legend

- Total Hourly Volume
- Proposed Development Traffic

Figure A-8

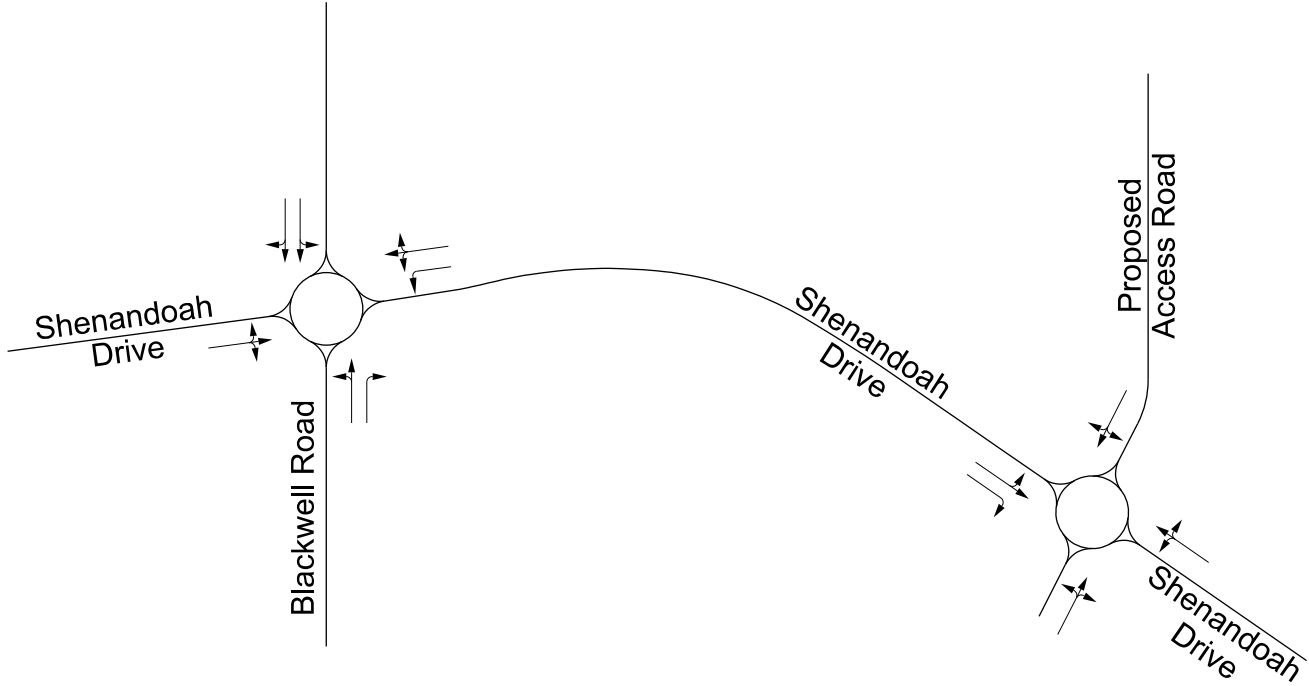
March 2018

No Scale

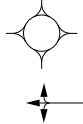
Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

EXISTING PLUS DEVELOPMENT
P.M. PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES





Legend



- Roundabout

- Lane Configuration



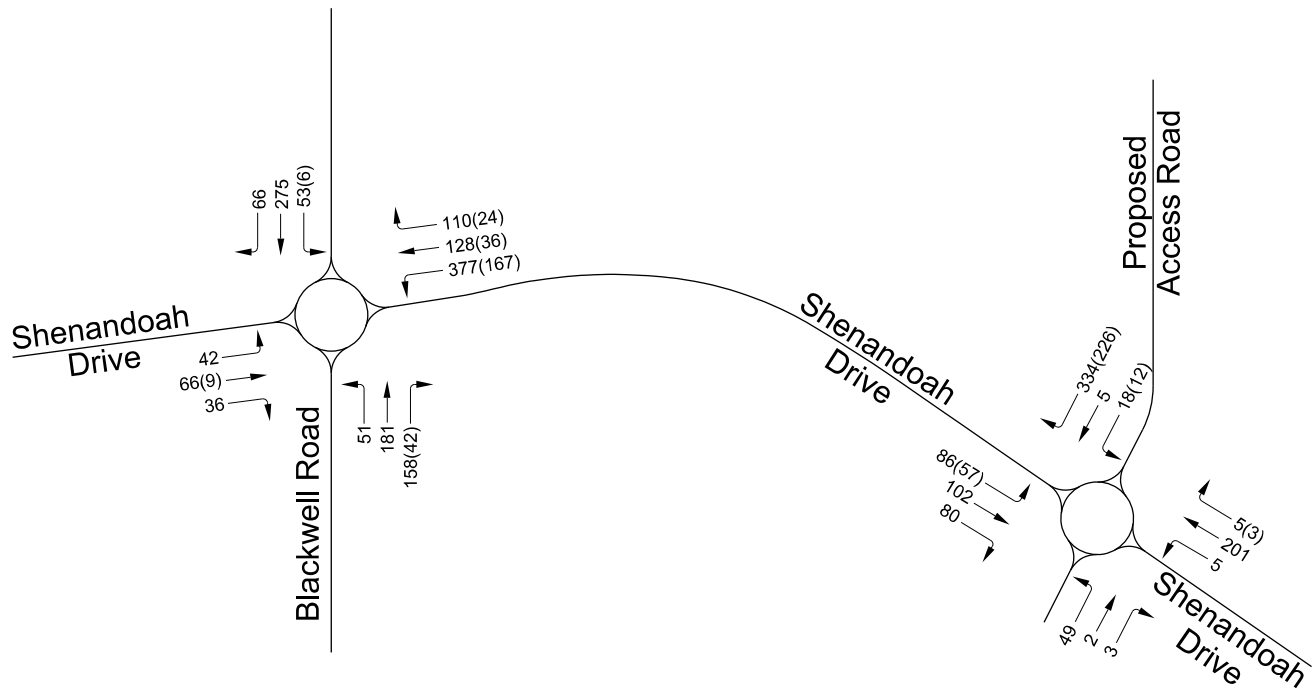
FUTURE LANE CONFIGURATIONS

Lee's Summit Apartments
Traffic Impact Study
Lee's Summit, Missouri

March 2018

No Scale

Figure A-9



Legend

_____ Total Hourly Volume

123(45)

– Proposed Development Traffic

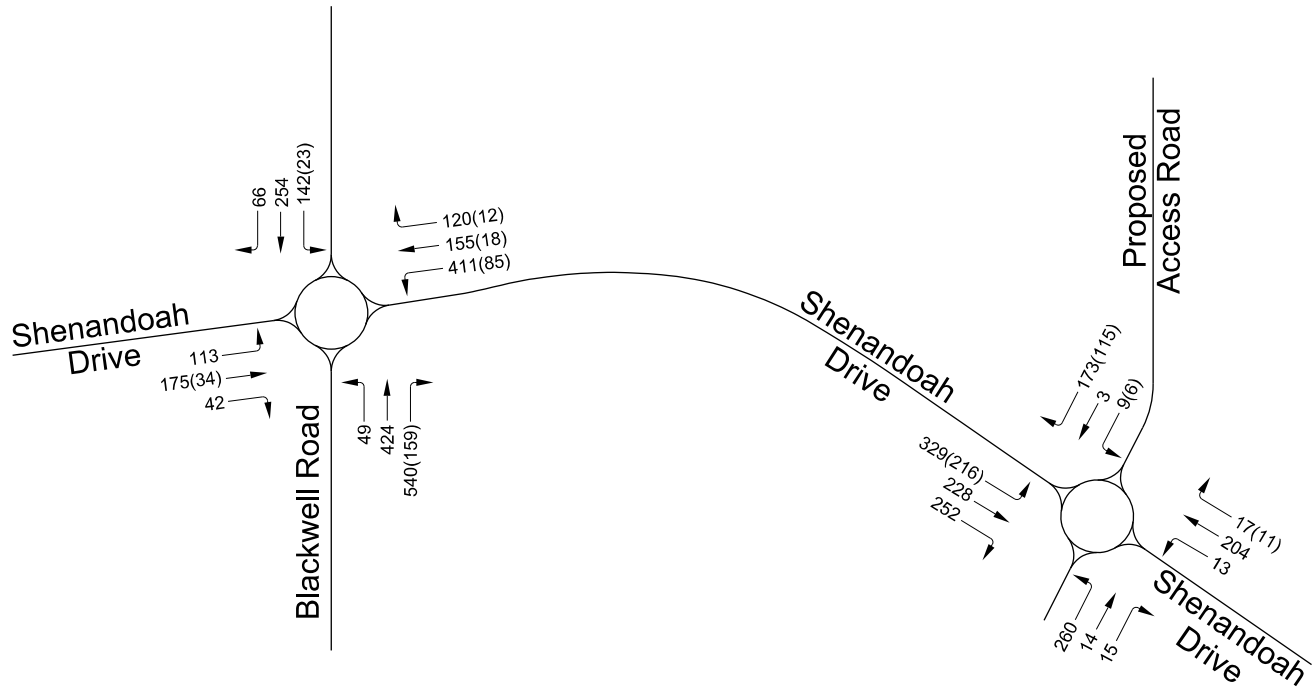


Diagram illustrating the calculation of Total Hourly Volume:

- Total Hourly Volume
- 123(45)
- Proposed Development Traffic

FUTURE P.M. PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES

March 2018

No Scale

Figure A-11



Appendix B – Traffic Volume Data and Trip Generation/Distribution

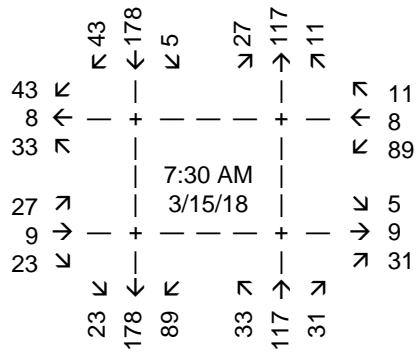
See attached worksheets.

Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study

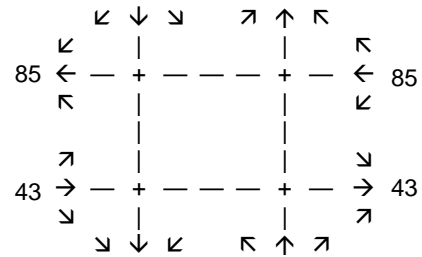
Lee's Summit, Missouri

Existing Traffic Volumes A.M. Peak Hour

Blackwell and Shenandoah



Shenandoah and Access Road

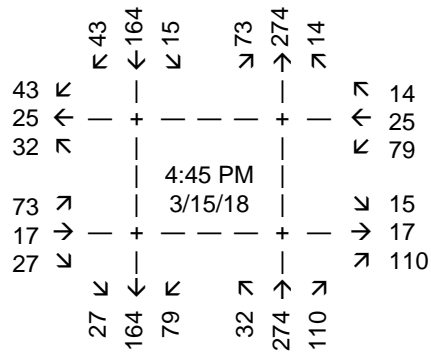


Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study

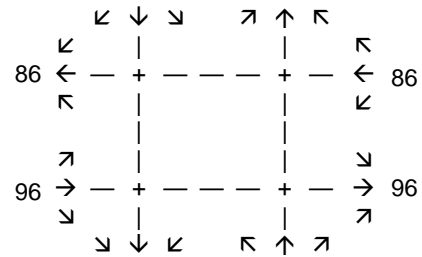
Lee's Summit, Missouri

Existing Traffic Volumes P.M. Peak Hour

Blackwell and Shenandoah



Shenandoah and Access Road



Existing Tube Counts

| | SB Blackwell | NB Blackwell | Total |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| 3/13/2018 11:00 AM | 95 | 100 | 195 |
| 3/13/2018 12:00 PM | 105 | 73 | 178 |
| 3/13/2018 1:00 PM | 104 | 136 | 240 |
| 3/13/2018 2:00 PM | 143 | 153 | 296 |
| 3/13/2018 3:00 PM | 202 | 239 | 441 |
| 3/13/2018 4:00 PM | 249 | 322 | 571 |
| 3/13/2018 5:00 PM | 187 | 211 | 398 |
| 3/13/2018 6:00 PM | 164 | 163 | 327 |
| 3/13/2018 7:00 PM | 74 | 143 | 217 |
| 3/13/2018 8:00 PM | 43 | 78 | 121 |
| 3/13/2018 9:00 PM | 32 | 33 | 65 |
| 3/13/2018 10:00 PM | 9 | 19 | 28 |
| 3/13/2018 11:00 PM | 8 | 3 | 11 |
| 3/14/2018 12:00 AM | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| 3/14/2018 1:00 AM | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 3/14/2018 2:00 AM | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 3/14/2018 3:00 AM | 10 | 3 | 13 |
| 3/14/2018 4:00 AM | 45 | 11 | 56 |
| 3/14/2018 5:00 AM | 169 | 33 | 202 |
| 3/14/2018 6:00 AM | 229 | 113 | 342 |
| 3/14/2018 7:00 AM | 220 | 89 | 309 |
| 3/14/2018 8:00 AM | 152 | 105 | 257 |
| 3/14/2018 9:00 AM | 105 | 71 | 176 |
| 3/14/2018 10:00 AM | 102 | 77 | 179 |
| 3/14/2018 11:00 AM | 111 | 119 | 230 |
| 3/14/2018 12:00 PM | 94 | 81 | 175 |
| 3/14/2018 1:00 PM | 107 | 123 | 230 |
| 3/14/2018 2:00 PM | 168 | 170 | 338 |
| 3/14/2018 3:00 PM | 203 | 257 | 460 |
| 3/14/2018 4:00 PM | 226 | 335 | 561 |
| 3/14/2018 5:00 PM | 193 | 216 | 409 |
| 3/14/2018 6:00 PM | 140 | 163 | 303 |
| 3/14/2018 7:00 PM | 81 | 129 | 210 |
| 3/14/2018 8:00 PM | 52 | 69 | 121 |
| 3/14/2018 9:00 PM | 24 | 38 | 62 |
| 3/14/2018 10:00 PM | 7 | 9 | 16 |
| 3/14/2018 11:00 PM | 5 | 6 | 11 |
| 3/15/2018 12:00 AM | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| 3/15/2018 1:00 AM | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 3/15/2018 2:00 AM | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 3/15/2018 3:00 AM | 11 | 7 | 18 |
| 3/15/2018 4:00 AM | 36 | 15 | 51 |
| 3/15/2018 5:00 AM | 172 | 33 | 205 |
| 3/15/2018 6:00 AM | 238 | 129 | 367 |
| 3/15/2018 7:00 AM | 212 | 109 | 321 |
| 3/15/2018 8:00 AM | 105 | 85 | 190 |
| 3/15/2018 9:00 AM | 99 | 80 | 179 |
| 3/15/2018 10:00 AM | 107 | 110 | 217 |
| 3/15/2018 11:00 AM | 105 | 87 | 192 |
| 3/15/2018 12:00 PM | 81 | 94 | 175 |
| 3/15/2018 1:00 PM | 108 | 134 | 242 |
| 3/15/2018 2:00 PM | 166 | 181 | 347 |
| 3/15/2018 3:00 PM | 185 | 265 | 450 |
| 3/15/2018 4:00 PM | 116 | 165 | 281 |

Peak 24-hour Total

| SB Blackwell | NB Blackwell | Total |
|--------------|--------------|-------|
| 2466 | 2251 | 4717 |

Existing Tube Counts

| | EB Shenandoah | WB Shenandoah | Total |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|
| 3/13/2018 11:00 AM | 46 | 59 | 105 |
| 3/13/2018 12:00 PM | 42 | 48 | 90 |
| 3/13/2018 1:00 PM | 32 | 51 | 83 |
| 3/13/2018 2:00 PM | 52 | 60 | 112 |
| 3/13/2018 3:00 PM | 96 | 64 | 160 |
| 3/13/2018 4:00 PM | 95 | 86 | 181 |
| 3/13/2018 5:00 PM | 78 | 64 | 142 |
| 3/13/2018 6:00 PM | 48 | 55 | 103 |
| 3/13/2018 7:00 PM | 33 | 35 | 68 |
| 3/13/2018 8:00 PM | 25 | 15 | 40 |
| 3/13/2018 9:00 PM | 11 | 6 | 17 |
| 3/13/2018 10:00 PM | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 3/13/2018 11:00 PM | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 3/14/2018 12:00 AM | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 3/14/2018 1:00 AM | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 3/14/2018 2:00 AM | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| 3/14/2018 3:00 AM | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| 3/14/2018 4:00 AM | 7 | 16 | 23 |
| 3/14/2018 5:00 AM | 19 | 47 | 66 |
| 3/14/2018 6:00 AM | 31 | 85 | 116 |
| 3/14/2018 7:00 AM | 43 | 82 | 125 |
| 3/14/2018 8:00 AM | 37 | 54 | 91 |
| 3/14/2018 9:00 AM | 44 | 62 | 106 |
| 3/14/2018 10:00 AM | 38 | 66 | 104 |
| 3/14/2018 11:00 AM | 51 | 72 | 123 |
| 3/14/2018 12:00 PM | 49 | 59 | 108 |
| 3/14/2018 1:00 PM | 55 | 52 | 107 |
| 3/14/2018 2:00 PM | 51 | 50 | 101 |
| 3/14/2018 3:00 PM | 88 | 73 | 161 |
| 3/14/2018 4:00 PM | 64 | 56 | 120 |
| 3/14/2018 5:00 PM | 36 | 63 | 99 |
| 3/14/2018 6:00 PM | 51 | 31 | 82 |
| 3/14/2018 7:00 PM | 36 | 19 | 55 |
| 3/14/2018 8:00 PM | 24 | 33 | 57 |
| 3/14/2018 9:00 PM | 9 | 12 | 21 |
| 3/14/2018 10:00 PM | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| 3/14/2018 11:00 PM | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 3/15/2018 12:00 AM | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 3/15/2018 1:00 AM | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 3/15/2018 2:00 AM | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| 3/15/2018 3:00 AM | 4 | 6 | 10 |
| 3/15/2018 4:00 AM | 5 | 12 | 17 |
| 3/15/2018 5:00 AM | 17 | 50 | 67 |
| 3/15/2018 6:00 AM | 32 | 82 | 114 |
| 3/15/2018 7:00 AM | 40 | 74 | 114 |
| 3/15/2018 8:00 AM | 32 | 58 | 90 |
| 3/15/2018 9:00 AM | 42 | 47 | 89 |
| 3/15/2018 10:00 AM | 25 | 60 | 85 |
| 3/15/2018 11:00 AM | 42 | 44 | 86 |
| 3/15/2018 12:00 PM | 49 | 50 | 99 |
| 3/15/2018 1:00 PM | 48 | 58 | 106 |
| 3/15/2018 2:00 PM | 66 | 62 | 128 |
| 3/15/2018 3:00 PM | 103 | 93 | 196 |
| 3/15/2018 4:00 PM | 30 | 38 | 68 |

Peak 24-hour Total

| EB Shenandoah | WB Shenandoah | Total |
|---------------|---------------|-------|
| 826 | 994 | 1820 |

Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study

Lee's Summit, Missouri

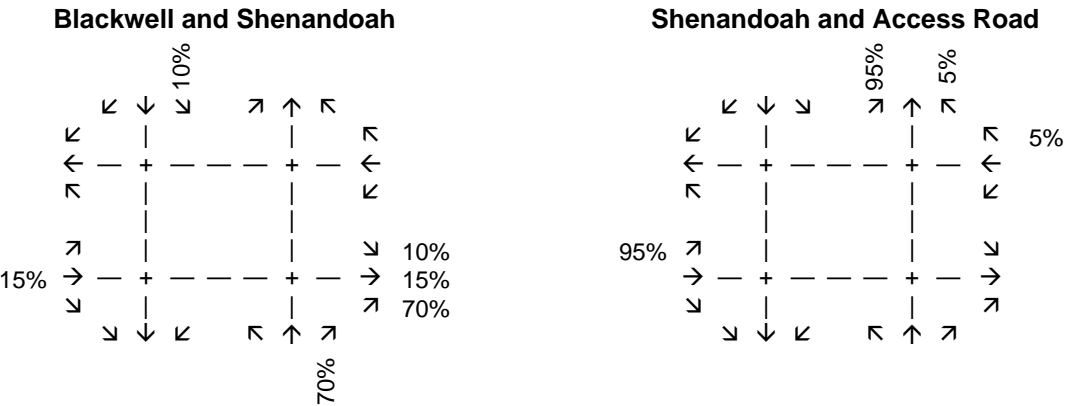
Trip Generation - Proposed Development

| Land Use | Intensity | ITE Code | Daily | A.M. Peak Hour | | | | | P.M. Peak Hour | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|----------------|------|-------|-----------|------------|----------------|------|-------|------------|------------|
| | | | | Total | % In | % Out | In | Out | Total | % In | % Out | In | Out |
| Apartments | 600 du | 220 | 3,760 | 298 | 20% | 80% | 60 | 238 | 348 | 65% | 35% | 227 | 121 |
| Total Development Trips | | | 3,760 | 298 | | | 60 | 238 | 348 | | | 227 | 121 |

Trip generation estimates based on 9th edition

Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study Lee's Summit, Missouri

Trip Distribution INBOUND

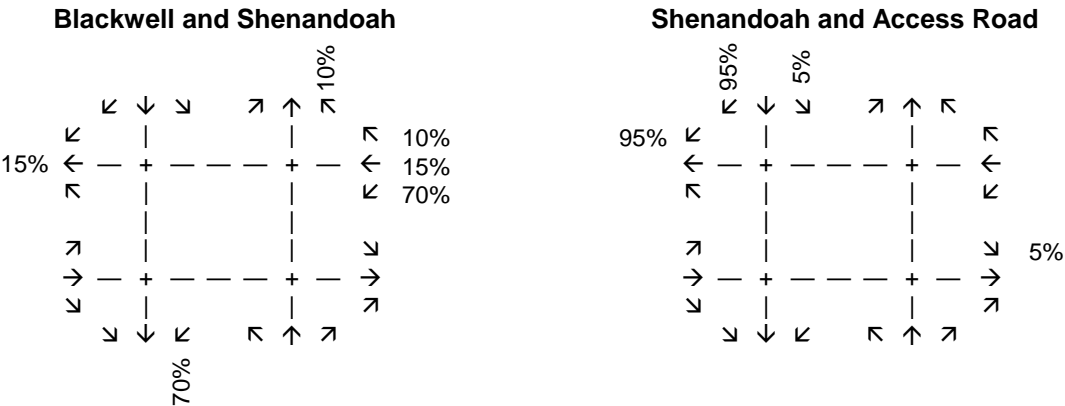


Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study

Lee's Summit, Missouri

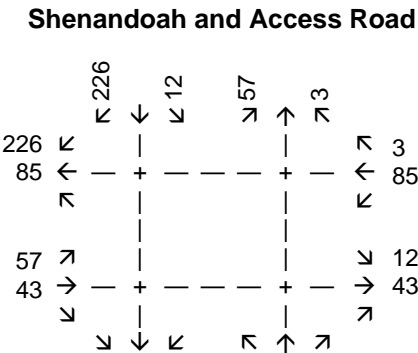
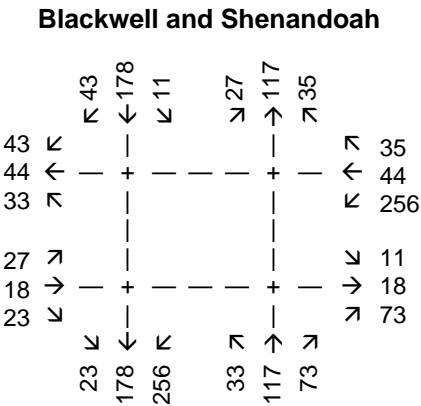
Trip Distribution

OUTBOUND



Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study Lee's Summit, Missouri

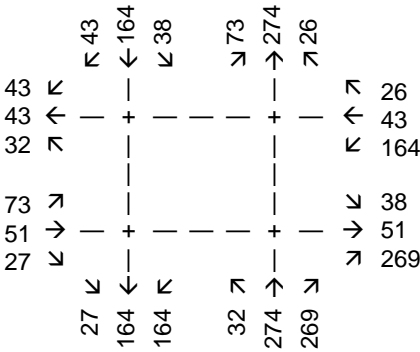
Existing + Development Traffic Volumes A.M. Peak Hour



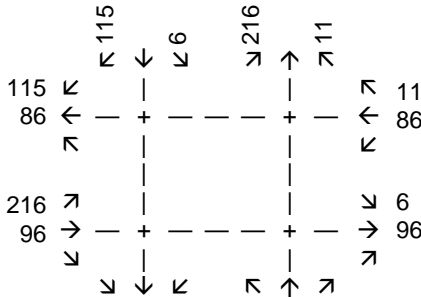
Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study Lee's Summit, Missouri

Existing + Development Traffic Volumes P.M. Peak Hour

Blackwell and Shenandoah



Shenandoah and Access Road



Future Additional Traffic Volumes A.M. Peak Hour

Shenandoah and Access Road

Diagram illustrating the structure of the 2×2 block \mathbf{A}_{11} in the 2×2 block matrix \mathbf{A} . The matrix is composed of four 2×2 blocks, each of size 108×108 . The blocks are labeled with their respective dimensions and the corresponding matrix elements:

- Top-left block: 108×108 block, labeled \mathbf{A}_{11} .
- Top-right block: 108×108 block, labeled \mathbf{A}_{12} .
- Bottom-left block: 108×108 block, labeled \mathbf{A}_{21} .
- Bottom-right block: 108×108 block, labeled \mathbf{A}_{22} .

The matrix \mathbf{A} is a 216×216 matrix, as indicated by the dimensions 216 on the left and right sides of the diagram.

Lee's Summit Apartments Traffic Impact Study

Lee's Summit, Missouri

Future Additional Traffic Volumes P.M. Peak Hour

Blackwell and Shenandoah

| | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|----|-----|-----|
| 23 | ↙ | ↖ | 23 | ↗ | 94 |
| 112 | ↖ | — | ↖ | 90 | 112 |
| 17 | ↗ | — | ↗ | 104 | 247 |
| 40 | ↘ | — | ↘ | 40 | 104 |
| 124 | → | + | → | 150 | 124 |
| 15 | ↘ | — | ↘ | 94 | 271 |
| 15 | ↘ | — | ↘ | 17 | 150 |
| 90 | ← | — | ← | 150 | 271 |
| 247 | ↖ | — | ↖ | 17 | 150 |
| 17 | ↗ | — | ↗ | 150 | 271 |
| 150 | → | + | → | 150 | 271 |
| 271 | ↗ | — | ↗ | 150 | 271 |

Shenandoah and Access Road

| | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|----|-----|-----|
| 58 | ↙ | ↖ | 58 | ↗ | 6 |
| 118 | ↖ | — | ↖ | 3 | 118 |
| 260 | ↗ | — | ↗ | 3 | 13 |
| 113 | ↘ | — | ↘ | 113 | 3 |
| 132 | → | + | → | 14 | 132 |
| 252 | ↘ | — | ↘ | 6 | 15 |
| 252 | ↘ | — | ↘ | 260 | 14 |
| 3 | ← | — | ← | 14 | 15 |
| 13 | ↖ | — | ↖ | 15 | 15 |
| 260 | ↗ | — | ↗ | 14 | 15 |
| 14 | → | + | → | 14 | 15 |
| 15 | ↗ | — | ↗ | 14 | 15 |

Future Traffic Volumes A.M. Peak Hour

[illegible]

334
201
49

86
102
80

80 5 5 49 2 3

334 201 49 86 102 80

5 18 5

Future Traffic Volumes P.M. Peak Hour

Blackwell and Shenandoah

[illegible]

Shenandoah and Access Road

[illegible]



Appendix C – Peak Hour Capacity Analysis Reports

See attached reports.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah AM Existing]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 35.1 mph | 35.1 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 401.0 veh-mi/h | 481.2 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 11.4 veh-h/h | 13.7 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 624 veh/h | 749 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.156 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 446.3 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 4010 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 0.81 veh-h/h | 0.97 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 4.6 sec | 4.6 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 4.8 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 5.2 sec | 5.2 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 4.6 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 3.5 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 0.6 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 15.2 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.01 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 70 veh/h | 84 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.11 per veh | 0.11 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.19 | 0.19 |
| Performance Index | 13.9 | 13.9 |
| Cost (Total) | 162.83 \$/h | 162.83 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 15.6 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 139.9 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.012 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.172 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.211 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 299,478 veh/y | 359,374 pers/y |
| Delay | 386 veh-h/y | 464 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 33,502 veh/y | 40,202 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 192,475 veh-mi/y | 230,971 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 5,484 veh-h/y | 6,581 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 78,160 \$/y | 78,160 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 7,492 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 67,161 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 6 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 83 kg/y | |
| NOx | 101 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah AM Existing]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 36 | 3.0 | 0.156 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.2 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 35.6 |
| 8 | T1 | 127 | 3.0 | 0.156 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.2 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 35.3 |
| 18 | R2 | 34 | 3.0 | 0.031 | 3.6 | LOS A | 0.1 | 2.7 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 35.4 |
| Approach | | 197 | 3.0 | 0.156 | 4.6 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.2 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 35.3 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 97 | 3.0 | 0.062 | 4.4 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.1 | 0.23 | 0.15 | 33.8 |
| 6 | T1 | 9 | 3.0 | 0.062 | 4.1 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.1 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 34.1 |
| 16 | R2 | 12 | 3.0 | 0.062 | 4.1 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.1 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 32.9 |
| Approach | | 117 | 3.0 | 0.062 | 4.4 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.1 | 0.23 | 0.15 | 33.8 |
| North: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.124 | 5.2 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.3 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 36.3 |
| 4 | T1 | 193 | 3.0 | 0.124 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.3 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 36.1 |
| 14 | R2 | 47 | 3.0 | 0.124 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.3 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 34.8 |
| Approach | | 246 | 3.0 | 0.124 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.3 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 35.8 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 29 | 3.0 | 0.072 | 4.7 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.6 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 34.8 |
| 2 | T1 | 10 | 3.0 | 0.072 | 4.7 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.6 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 34.6 |
| 12 | R2 | 25 | 3.0 | 0.072 | 4.7 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.6 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 33.5 |
| Approach | | 64 | 3.0 | 0.072 | 4.7 | LOS A | 0.2 | 4.6 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 34.2 |
| All Vehicles | | 624 | 3.0 | 0.156 | 4.6 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.2 | 0.19 | 0.11 | 35.1 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

SIDRA INTERSECTION 7.0 | Copyright © 2000-2016 Akcelik and Associates Pty Ltd | sidrasolutions.com

Organisation: TRANSYSTEMS CORPORATION | Processed: Tuesday, March 20, 2018 2:47:06 PM

Project: G:\KC16\0309\Traffic\Lees Summit.sip7

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah PM Existing]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 34.6 mph | 34.6 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 607.7 veh-mi/h | 729.2 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 17.6 veh-h/h | 21.1 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 949 veh/h | 1139 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.341 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 149.3 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 2783 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 1.52 veh-h/h | 1.82 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 5.8 sec | 5.8 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 7.3 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 7.3 sec | 7.3 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 5.8 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 4.2 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 1.6 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 40.2 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.03 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 165 veh/h | 198 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.17 per veh | 0.17 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.26 | 0.26 |
| Performance Index | 22.7 | 22.7 |
| Cost (Total) | 250.68 \$/h | 250.68 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 23.9 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 214.3 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.018 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.264 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.324 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 455,478 veh/y | 546,574 pers/y |
| Delay | 729 veh-h/y | 874 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 79,074 veh/y | 94,888 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 291,685 veh-mi/y | 350,022 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 8,437 veh-h/y | 10,124 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 120,329 \$/y | 120,329 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 11,472 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 102,843 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 9 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 127 kg/y | |
| NOx | 156 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah PM Existing]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Queue Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 35 | 3.0 | 0.341 | 7.3 | LOS A | 1.6 | 40.2 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 34.7 |
| 8 | T1 | 298 | 3.0 | 0.341 | 7.3 | LOS A | 1.6 | 40.2 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 34.4 |
| 18 | R2 | 120 | 3.0 | 0.113 | 4.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.6 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 34.9 |
| Approach | | 452 | 3.0 | 0.341 | 6.5 | LOS A | 1.6 | 40.2 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 34.5 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 86 | 3.0 | 0.080 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.4 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 33.5 |
| 6 | T1 | 27 | 3.0 | 0.080 | 5.0 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.2 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 34.7 |
| 16 | R2 | 15 | 3.0 | 0.080 | 5.0 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.2 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 33.4 |
| Approach | | 128 | 3.0 | 0.080 | 5.3 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.4 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 33.7 |
| North: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 16 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 5.2 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.2 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 35.9 |
| 4 | T1 | 178 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 4.7 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.2 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 35.9 |
| 14 | R2 | 47 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.1 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 34.8 |
| Approach | | 241 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.2 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 35.7 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 79 | 3.0 | 0.142 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.6 | 0.29 | 0.23 | 34.0 |
| 2 | T1 | 18 | 3.0 | 0.142 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.6 | 0.29 | 0.23 | 33.7 |
| 12 | R2 | 29 | 3.0 | 0.142 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.6 | 0.29 | 0.23 | 32.7 |
| Approach | | 127 | 3.0 | 0.142 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.6 | 0.29 | 0.23 | 33.6 |
| All Vehicles | | 949 | 3.0 | 0.341 | 5.8 | LOS A | 1.6 | 40.2 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 34.6 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah AM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 34.3 mph | 34.3 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 601.4 veh-mi/h | 721.6 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 17.5 veh-h/h | 21.0 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 933 veh/h | 1119 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.192 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 342.5 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 4855 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 1.40 veh-h/h | 1.68 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 5.4 sec | 5.4 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 5.8 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 6.3 sec | 6.3 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 5.4 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 4.0 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 0.6 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 15.4 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.01 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 180 veh/h | 216 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.19 per veh | 0.19 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.26 | 0.26 |
| Performance Index | 21.5 | 21.5 |
| Cost (Total) | 256.21 \$/h | 256.21 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 24.1 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 216.3 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.019 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.264 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.328 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 447,652 veh/y | 537,183 pers/y |
| Delay | 674 veh-h/y | 809 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 86,487 veh/y | 103,784 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 288,658 veh-mi/y | 346,389 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 8,406 veh-h/y | 10,087 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 122,981 \$/y | 122,981 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 11,583 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 103,820 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 9 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 127 kg/y | |
| NOx | 157 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah AM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 36 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 4.9 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.4 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 35.6 |
| 8 | T1 | 127 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 4.9 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.4 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 35.2 |
| 18 | R2 | 79 | 3.0 | 0.075 | 4.0 | LOS A | 0.3 | 6.7 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 35.1 |
| Approach | | 242 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 4.6 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.4 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 35.2 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 278 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.7 | LOS A | 0.6 | 14.5 | 0.26 | 0.19 | 33.3 |
| 6 | T1 | 48 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.6 | 14.1 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 33.9 |
| 16 | R2 | 38 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.6 | 14.1 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 32.7 |
| Approach | | 364 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.7 | LOS A | 0.6 | 14.5 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 33.3 |
| North: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 12 | 3.0 | 0.149 | 6.3 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.2 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 35.5 |
| 4 | T1 | 193 | 3.0 | 0.149 | 5.7 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.2 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 35.4 |
| 14 | R2 | 47 | 3.0 | 0.149 | 5.8 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.1 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 34.3 |
| Approach | | 252 | 3.0 | 0.149 | 5.8 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.2 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 35.2 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 29 | 3.0 | 0.095 | 5.6 | LOS A | 0.2 | 6.2 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 34.5 |
| 2 | T1 | 20 | 3.0 | 0.095 | 5.6 | LOS A | 0.2 | 6.2 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 34.3 |
| 12 | R2 | 25 | 3.0 | 0.095 | 5.6 | LOS A | 0.2 | 6.2 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 33.2 |
| Approach | | 74 | 3.0 | 0.095 | 5.6 | LOS A | 0.2 | 6.2 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 34.0 |
| All Vehicles | | 933 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.6 | 15.4 | 0.26 | 0.19 | 34.3 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access AM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 33.3 mph | 33.3 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 287.9 veh-mi/h | 345.5 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 8.6 veh-h/h | 10.4 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 463 veh/h | 556 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.259 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 227.7 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 1785 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 0.68 veh-h/h | 0.82 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 5.3 sec | 5.3 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 6.2 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 6.2 sec | 6.2 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 5.3 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 4.5 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 1.1 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 28.0 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.02 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 44 veh/h | 53 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.10 per veh | 0.10 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.19 | 0.19 |
| Performance Index | 11.0 | 11.0 |
| Cost (Total) | 121.08 \$/h | 121.08 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 11.8 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 105.4 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.009 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.131 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.164 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 222,261 veh/y | 266,713 pers/y |
| Delay | 329 veh-h/y | 394 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 21,238 veh/y | 25,486 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 138,213 veh-mi/y | 165,856 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 4,150 veh-h/y | 4,980 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 58,120 \$/y | 58,120 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 5,644 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 50,590 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 4 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 63 kg/y | |
| NOx | 79 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access AM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | T1 | 92 | 3.0 | 0.093 | 4.3 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.5 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 34.6 |
| 16 | R2 | 3 | 3.0 | 0.093 | 4.3 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.5 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 33.8 |
| Approach | | 96 | 3.0 | 0.093 | 4.3 | LOS A | 0.3 | 8.5 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 34.6 |
| North: Access Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 13 | 3.0 | 0.259 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.0 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 33.5 |
| 14 | R2 | 246 | 3.0 | 0.259 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.0 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 32.8 |
| Approach | | 259 | 3.0 | 0.259 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.0 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 32.9 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 62 | 3.0 | 0.100 | 4.2 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.3 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 33.3 |
| 2 | T1 | 47 | 3.0 | 0.100 | 4.2 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.3 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 33.4 |
| Approach | | 109 | 3.0 | 0.100 | 4.2 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.3 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 33.3 |
| All Vehicles | | 463 | 3.0 | 0.259 | 5.3 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.0 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 33.3 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah PM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 34.0 mph | 34.0 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 836.7 veh-mi/h | 1004.1 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 24.6 veh-h/h | 29.6 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 1309 veh/h | 1570 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.363 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 133.8 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 3600 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 2.40 veh-h/h | 2.87 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 6.6 sec | 6.6 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 8.0 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 8.0 sec | 8.0 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 6.6 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 4.7 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 1.7 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 42.6 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.04 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 337 veh/h | 404 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.26 per veh | 0.26 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.34 | 0.34 |
| Performance Index | 32.2 | 32.2 |
| Cost (Total) | 356.19 \$/h | 356.19 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 33.6 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 301.5 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.026 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.370 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.458 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 628,174 veh/y | 753,809 pers/y |
| Delay | 1,150 veh-h/y | 1,380 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 161,667 veh/y | 194,001 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 401,624 veh-mi/y | 481,949 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 11,825 veh-h/y | 14,190 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 170,972 \$/y | 170,972 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 16,145 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 144,717 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 13 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 177 kg/y | |
| NOx | 220 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah PM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 35 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 8.0 | LOS A | 1.7 | 42.6 | 0.39 | 0.29 | 34.4 |
| 8 | T1 | 298 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 8.0 | LOS A | 1.7 | 42.6 | 0.39 | 0.29 | 34.0 |
| 18 | R2 | 292 | 3.0 | 0.294 | 6.6 | LOS A | 1.3 | 33.1 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 33.7 |
| Approach | | 625 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 7.3 | LOS A | 1.7 | 42.6 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 33.9 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 178 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 6.2 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.3 | 0.38 | 0.34 | 33.1 |
| 6 | T1 | 47 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 5.8 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.0 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 34.0 |
| 16 | R2 | 28 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 5.8 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.0 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 32.8 |
| Approach | | 253 | 3.0 | 0.158 | 6.1 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.3 | 0.37 | 0.34 | 33.2 |
| North: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 41 | 3.0 | 0.147 | 5.7 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.1 | 0.29 | 0.22 | 35.0 |
| 4 | T1 | 178 | 3.0 | 0.147 | 5.3 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.1 | 0.28 | 0.22 | 35.3 |
| 14 | R2 | 47 | 3.0 | 0.147 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 9.9 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 34.5 |
| Approach | | 266 | 3.0 | 0.147 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 10.1 | 0.28 | 0.22 | 35.1 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 79 | 3.0 | 0.199 | 6.5 | LOS A | 0.5 | 14.0 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 33.9 |
| 2 | T1 | 55 | 3.0 | 0.199 | 6.5 | LOS A | 0.5 | 14.0 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 33.6 |
| 12 | R2 | 29 | 3.0 | 0.199 | 6.5 | LOS A | 0.5 | 14.0 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 32.6 |
| Approach | | 164 | 3.0 | 0.199 | 6.5 | LOS A | 0.5 | 14.0 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 33.6 |
| All Vehicles | | 1309 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 6.6 | LOS A | 1.7 | 42.6 | 0.34 | 0.26 | 34.0 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).
Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access PM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 32.7 mph | 32.7 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 362.0 veh-mi/h | 434.4 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 11.1 veh-h/h | 13.3 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 576 veh/h | 691 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.311 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 173.1 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 1851 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 0.93 veh-h/h | 1.12 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 5.8 sec | 5.8 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 6.3 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 6.3 sec | 6.3 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 5.8 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 5.1 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 1.5 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 37.2 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.03 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 46 veh/h | 55 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.08 per veh | 0.08 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| Performance Index | 14.1 | 14.1 |
| Cost (Total) | 157.01 \$/h | 157.01 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 14.9 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 133.5 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.012 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.164 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.207 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 276,522 veh/y | 331,826 pers/y |
| Delay | 447 veh-h/y | 536 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 22,083 veh/y | 26,499 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 173,744 veh-mi/y | 208,492 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 5,313 veh-h/y | 6,376 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 75,365 \$/y | 75,365 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 7,151 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 64,100 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 6 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 79 kg/y | |
| NOx | 99 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access PM Existing + Development]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | T1 | 93 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.1 | 0.36 | 0.26 | 34.1 |
| 16 | R2 | 12 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.1 | 0.36 | 0.26 | 33.3 |
| Approach | | 105 | 3.0 | 0.122 | 5.4 | LOS A | 0.4 | 11.1 | 0.36 | 0.26 | 34.0 |
| North: Access Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 7 | 3.0 | 0.132 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.5 | 12.4 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 34.2 |
| 14 | R2 | 125 | 3.0 | 0.132 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.5 | 12.4 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 33.5 |
| Approach | | 132 | 3.0 | 0.132 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.5 | 12.4 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 33.5 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 235 | 3.0 | 0.311 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.5 | 37.2 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 32.0 |
| 2 | T1 | 104 | 3.0 | 0.311 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.5 | 37.2 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 32.1 |
| Approach | | 339 | 3.0 | 0.311 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.5 | 37.2 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 32.0 |
| All Vehicles | | 576 | 3.0 | 0.311 | 5.8 | LOS A | 1.5 | 37.2 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 32.7 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah AM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 33.2 mph | 33.2 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 1051.0 veh-mi/h | 1261.2 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 31.6 veh-h/h | 37.9 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 1635 veh/h | 1962 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.381 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 123.0 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 4288 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 3.56 veh-h/h | 4.27 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 7.8 sec | 7.8 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 8.6 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 9.0 sec | 9.0 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 7.8 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 5.6 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 1.3 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 34.4 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.03 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 565 veh/h | 678 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.35 per veh | 0.35 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.39 | 0.39 |
| Performance Index | 42.0 | 42.0 |
| Cost (Total) | 467.87 \$/h | 467.87 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 43.3 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 387.6 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.034 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.471 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.588 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 784,696 veh/y | 941,635 pers/y |
| Delay | 1,708 veh-h/y | 2,050 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 271,386 veh/y | 325,663 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 504,472 veh-mi/y | 605,366 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 15,179 veh-h/y | 18,214 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 224,580 \$/y | 224,580 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 20,760 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 186,064 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 16 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 226 kg/y | |
| NOx | 282 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah AM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 55 | 3.0 | 0.267 | 6.5 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.5 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 34.7 |
| 8 | T1 | 197 | 3.0 | 0.267 | 6.5 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.5 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 34.4 |
| 18 | R2 | 172 | 3.0 | 0.174 | 5.3 | LOS A | 0.7 | 17.0 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 34.4 |
| Approach | | 424 | 3.0 | 0.267 | 6.0 | LOS A | 1.1 | 28.5 | 0.29 | 0.18 | 34.4 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 410 | 3.0 | 0.381 | 8.6 | LOS A | 1.3 | 34.4 | 0.40 | 0.35 | 32.0 |
| 6 | T1 | 139 | 3.0 | 0.381 | 8.3 | LOS A | 1.3 | 33.0 | 0.39 | 0.34 | 33.4 |
| 16 | R2 | 120 | 3.0 | 0.381 | 8.3 | LOS A | 1.3 | 33.0 | 0.39 | 0.34 | 32.2 |
| Approach | | 668 | 3.0 | 0.381 | 8.5 | LOS A | 1.3 | 34.4 | 0.39 | 0.35 | 32.3 |
| North: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 29 | 3.0 | 0.273 | 9.0 | LOS A | 0.8 | 20.1 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 34.0 |
| 4 | T1 | 299 | 3.0 | 0.273 | 8.3 | LOS A | 0.8 | 20.1 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 34.0 |
| 14 | R2 | 58 | 3.0 | 0.273 | 8.3 | LOS A | 0.8 | 19.9 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 33.0 |
| Approach | | 386 | 3.0 | 0.273 | 8.3 | LOS A | 0.8 | 20.1 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 33.8 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 46 | 3.0 | 0.243 | 8.6 | LOS A | 0.7 | 17.1 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 33.4 |
| 2 | T1 | 72 | 3.0 | 0.243 | 8.6 | LOS A | 0.7 | 17.1 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 33.2 |
| 12 | R2 | 39 | 3.0 | 0.243 | 8.6 | LOS A | 0.7 | 17.1 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 32.2 |
| Approach | | 157 | 3.0 | 0.243 | 8.6 | LOS A | 0.7 | 17.1 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 33.0 |
| All Vehicles | | 1635 | 3.0 | 0.381 | 7.8 | LOS A | 1.3 | 34.4 | 0.39 | 0.35 | 33.2 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access AM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 32.3 mph | 32.3 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 602.5 veh-mi/h | 723.0 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 18.7 veh-h/h | 22.4 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 967 veh/h | 1161 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.471 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 80.6 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 2056 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 2.00 veh-h/h | 2.40 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 7.5 sec | 7.5 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 10.5 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 10.5 sec | 10.5 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 7.5 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 5.9 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS A | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 2.4 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 60.7 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.05 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 256 veh/h | 307 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.26 per veh | 0.26 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.34 | 0.34 |
| Performance Index | 28.6 | 28.6 |
| Cost (Total) | 264.61 \$/h | 264.61 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 25.1 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 224.6 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.020 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.277 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.349 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 464,348 veh/y | 557,217 pers/y |
| Delay | 961 veh-h/y | 1,153 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 122,744 veh/y | 147,293 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 289,188 veh-mi/y | 347,026 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 8,953 veh-h/y | 10,744 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 127,012 \$/y | 127,012 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 12,030 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 107,826 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 9 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 133 kg/y | |
| NOx | 168 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access AM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Access Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 53 | 3.0 | 0.067 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.9 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 32.3 |
| 8 | T1 | 2 | 3.0 | 0.067 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.9 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 32.4 |
| 18 | R2 | 3 | 3.0 | 0.067 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.9 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 31.7 |
| Approach | | 59 | 3.0 | 0.067 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.2 | 5.9 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 32.3 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.244 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.0 | 25.4 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 33.4 |
| 6 | T1 | 218 | 3.0 | 0.244 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.0 | 25.4 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 33.5 |
| 16 | R2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.244 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.0 | 25.4 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 32.8 |
| Approach | | 229 | 3.0 | 0.244 | 6.3 | LOS A | 1.0 | 25.4 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 33.5 |
| North: Access Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 20 | 3.0 | 0.471 | 10.5 | LOS B | 2.4 | 60.7 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 31.4 |
| 4 | T1 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.471 | 10.5 | LOS B | 2.4 | 60.7 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 31.5 |
| 14 | R2 | 363 | 3.0 | 0.471 | 10.5 | LOS B | 2.4 | 60.7 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 30.8 |
| Approach | | 388 | 3.0 | 0.471 | 10.5 | LOS B | 2.4 | 60.7 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 30.9 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 93 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.2 | LOS A | 0.8 | 19.6 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 33.0 |
| 2 | T1 | 111 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 5.2 | LOS A | 0.8 | 19.6 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 33.2 |
| 12 | R2 | 87 | 3.0 | 0.080 | 4.0 | LOS A | 0.3 | 7.3 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 34.1 |
| Approach | | 291 | 3.0 | 0.192 | 4.8 | LOS A | 0.8 | 19.6 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 33.4 |
| All Vehicles | | 967 | 3.0 | 0.471 | 7.5 | LOS A | 2.4 | 60.7 | 0.34 | 0.26 | 32.3 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah PM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 29.1 mph | 29.1 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 1732.9 veh-mi/h | 2079.5 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 59.5 veh-h/h | 71.3 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 2708 veh/h | 3249 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.763 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 11.4 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 3549 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 13.24 veh-h/h | 15.88 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 17.6 sec | 17.6 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 23.8 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 23.8 sec | 23.8 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 17.6 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 12.4 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS C | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 7.2 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 184.2 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.15 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 2086 veh/h | 2503 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.77 per veh | 0.77 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.69 | 0.69 |
| Performance Index | 99.2 | 99.2 |
| Cost (Total) | 897.66 \$/h | 897.66 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 76.7 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 686.9 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.062 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.822 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 1.043 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 1,299,652 veh/y | 1,559,583 pers/y |
| Delay | 6,353 veh-h/y | 7,624 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 1,001,385 veh/y | 1,201,662 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 831,809 veh-mi/y | 998,171 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 28,537 veh-h/y | 34,244 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 430,876 \$/y | 430,876 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 36,798 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 329,720 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 30 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 395 kg/y | |
| NOx | 501 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Blackwell Shenandoah PM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 53 | 3.0 | 0.758 | 23.8 | LOS C | 6.4 | 163.2 | 0.83 | 0.97 | 27.8 |
| 8 | T1 | 461 | 3.0 | 0.758 | 23.8 | LOS C | 6.4 | 163.2 | 0.83 | 0.97 | 27.6 |
| 18 | R2 | 587 | 3.0 | 0.763 | 21.9 | LOS C | 7.2 | 184.2 | 0.82 | 0.93 | 27.4 |
| Approach | | 1101 | 3.0 | 0.763 | 22.8 | LOS C | 7.2 | 184.2 | 0.82 | 0.95 | 27.5 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 447 | 3.0 | 0.549 | 14.5 | LOS B | 2.4 | 61.6 | 0.62 | 0.67 | 29.6 |
| 6 | T1 | 168 | 3.0 | 0.549 | 13.9 | LOS B | 2.3 | 59.6 | 0.60 | 0.65 | 30.9 |
| 16 | R2 | 130 | 3.0 | 0.549 | 13.9 | LOS B | 2.3 | 59.6 | 0.60 | 0.65 | 29.8 |
| Approach | | 746 | 3.0 | 0.549 | 14.3 | LOS B | 2.4 | 61.6 | 0.61 | 0.66 | 29.9 |
| North: Blackwell Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 154 | 3.0 | 0.375 | 10.8 | LOS B | 1.3 | 32.1 | 0.54 | 0.56 | 31.7 |
| 4 | T1 | 276 | 3.0 | 0.375 | 10.2 | LOS B | 1.3 | 32.1 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 32.6 |
| 14 | R2 | 72 | 3.0 | 0.375 | 10.3 | LOS B | 1.2 | 31.2 | 0.52 | 0.54 | 32.1 |
| Approach | | 502 | 3.0 | 0.375 | 10.4 | LOS B | 1.3 | 32.1 | 0.53 | 0.55 | 32.3 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 123 | 3.0 | 0.615 | 18.6 | LOS C | 2.6 | 67.7 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 29.1 |
| 2 | T1 | 190 | 3.0 | 0.615 | 18.6 | LOS C | 2.6 | 67.7 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 28.9 |
| 12 | R2 | 46 | 3.0 | 0.615 | 18.6 | LOS C | 2.6 | 67.7 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 28.1 |
| Approach | | 359 | 3.0 | 0.615 | 18.6 | LOS C | 2.6 | 67.7 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 28.9 |
| All Vehicles | | 2708 | 3.0 | 0.763 | 17.6 | LOS C | 7.2 | 184.2 | 0.69 | 0.77 | 29.1 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

INTERSECTION SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access PM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Intersection Performance - Hourly Values | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Travel Speed (Average) | 29.5 mph | 29.5 mph |
| Travel Distance (Total) | 1034.5 veh-mi/h | 1241.4 pers-mi/h |
| Travel Time (Total) | 35.1 veh-h/h | 42.1 pers-h/h |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 1649 veh/h | 1979 pers/h |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles (Demand) | 3.0 % | |
| Degree of Saturation | 0.702 | |
| Practical Spare Capacity | 21.1 % | |
| Effective Intersection Capacity | 2350 veh/h | |
| Control Delay (Total) | 6.10 veh-h/h | 7.32 pers-h/h |
| Control Delay (Average) | 13.3 sec | 13.3 sec |
| Control Delay (Worst Lane) | 15.9 sec | |
| Control Delay (Worst Movement) | 15.9 sec | 15.9 sec |
| Geometric Delay (Average) | 0.0 sec | |
| Stop-Line Delay (Average) | 13.3 sec | |
| Idling Time (Average) | 10.9 sec | |
| Intersection Level of Service (LOS) | LOS B | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Vehicles (Worst Lane) | 6.8 veh | |
| 95% Back of Queue - Distance (Worst Lane) | 173.9 ft | |
| Queue Storage Ratio (Worst Lane) | 0.14 | |
| Total Effective Stops | 646 veh/h | 776 pers/h |
| Effective Stop Rate | 0.39 per veh | 0.39 per pers |
| Proportion Queued | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| Performance Index | 64.1 | 64.1 |
| Cost (Total) | 514.80 \$/h | 514.80 \$/h |
| Fuel Consumption (Total) | 45.2 gal/h | |
| Carbon Dioxide (Total) | 405.3 kg/h | |
| Hydrocarbons (Total) | 0.036 kg/h | |
| Carbon Monoxide (Total) | 0.491 kg/h | |
| NOx (Total) | 0.621 kg/h | |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Intersection LOS value for Vehicles is based on average delay for all vehicle movements.

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

| Intersection Performance - Annual Values | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Performance Measure | Vehicles | Persons |
| Demand Flows (Total) | 791,478 veh/y | 949,774 pers/y |
| Delay | 2,928 veh-h/y | 3,514 pers-h/y |
| Effective Stops | 310,237 veh/y | 372,284 pers/y |
| Travel Distance | 496,554 veh-mi/y | 595,864 pers-mi/y |
| Travel Time | 16,834 veh-h/y | 20,200 pers-h/y |
| Cost | 247,104 \$/y | 247,104 \$/y |
| Fuel Consumption | 21,708 gal/y | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 194,531 kg/y | |
| Hydrocarbons | 17 kg/y | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 236 kg/y | |
| NOx | 298 kg/y | |

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

 **Site: 101 [Shenandoah Access PM Future]**

New Site
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mov ID | OD Mov | Demand Flows Total veh/h | HV % | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95% Back of Queue Vehicles veh | Queue Distance ft | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed mph |
| South: Access Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | L2 | 283 | 3.0 | 0.540 | 15.9 | LOS C | 2.8 | 71.1 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 27.9 |
| 8 | T1 | 15 | 3.0 | 0.540 | 15.9 | LOS C | 2.8 | 71.1 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 28.0 |
| 18 | R2 | 16 | 3.0 | 0.540 | 15.9 | LOS C | 2.8 | 71.1 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 27.5 |
| Approach | | 314 | 3.0 | 0.540 | 15.9 | LOS C | 2.8 | 71.1 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 27.9 |
| East: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | L2 | 14 | 3.0 | 0.455 | 14.0 | LOS B | 2.1 | 52.6 | 0.67 | 0.72 | 29.9 |
| 6 | T1 | 222 | 3.0 | 0.455 | 14.0 | LOS B | 2.1 | 52.6 | 0.67 | 0.72 | 30.0 |
| 16 | R2 | 18 | 3.0 | 0.455 | 14.0 | LOS B | 2.1 | 52.6 | 0.67 | 0.72 | 29.4 |
| Approach | | 254 | 3.0 | 0.455 | 14.0 | LOS B | 2.1 | 52.6 | 0.67 | 0.72 | 30.0 |
| North: Access Road | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | L2 | 10 | 3.0 | 0.313 | 9.7 | LOS A | 1.2 | 30.5 | 0.58 | 0.58 | 31.8 |
| 4 | T1 | 3 | 3.0 | 0.313 | 9.7 | LOS A | 1.2 | 30.5 | 0.58 | 0.58 | 31.9 |
| 14 | R2 | 188 | 3.0 | 0.313 | 9.7 | LOS A | 1.2 | 30.5 | 0.58 | 0.58 | 31.2 |
| Approach | | 201 | 3.0 | 0.313 | 9.7 | LOS A | 1.2 | 30.5 | 0.58 | 0.58 | 31.2 |
| West: Shenandoah Drive | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | L2 | 358 | 3.0 | 0.702 | 14.4 | LOS B | 6.8 | 173.9 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 29.1 |
| 2 | T1 | 248 | 3.0 | 0.702 | 14.4 | LOS B | 6.8 | 173.9 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 29.2 |
| 12 | R2 | 274 | 3.0 | 0.702 | 10.0 | LOS B | 6.8 | 173.9 | 0.29 | 0.15 | 30.7 |
| Approach | | 879 | 3.0 | 0.702 | 13.0 | LOS B | 6.8 | 173.9 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 29.6 |
| All Vehicles | | 1649 | 3.0 | 0.702 | 13.3 | LOS B | 6.8 | 173.9 | 0.46 | 0.39 | 29.5 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay & v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab).

Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.

Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.

LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).

Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.

HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

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