

MiTek, Inc.

16023 Swingley Ridge Rd. Chesterfield, MO 63017 314.434.1200

Re: 240654 Lot 13 TCR

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Wheeler - Waverly.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: 167783666 thru 167783668

My license renewal date for the state of Missouri is December 31, 2025.

Missouri COA: Engineering 001193



August 27,2024

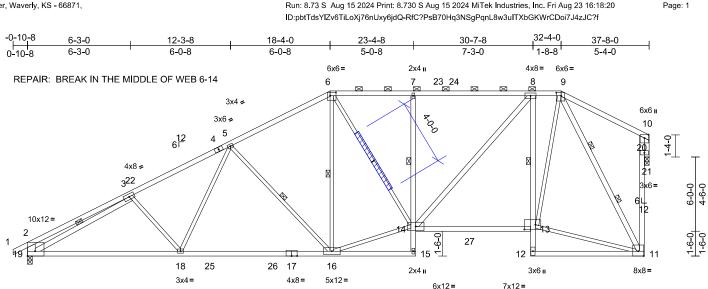
Sevier, Scott

,Engineer

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Lot 13 TCR 167783667 240654 D4 Piggyback Base Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.73 S Aug 15 2024 Print: 8.730 S Aug 15 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 23 16:18:20 Wheeler Lumber, Waverly, KS - 66871, Page: 1

30-5-12



23-6-4

9-2-0 5-1-0 6-11-8 APPLY 2 X 4 X 4' SPF/DF/SP NO.2 SCAB TO ONE FACE OF TRUSS CENTERED ON DAMAGE. ATTACH WITH (0.131" X 3") NAILS PER

THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 x 3'S - 1 ROW: SPACED @ 2" O.C. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE

18-5-4

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:Edge,0-3-8], [6:0-4-4,0-2-8], [9:0-3-8,0-2-4], [13:0-8-0,0-3-8]

9-3-4

9-3-4

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Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csi		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	25.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.86	Vert(LL)	-0.40	16-18	>999	360	MT20	197/144
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.92	Vert(CT)	-0.59	16-18	>756	240		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.90	Horz(CT)	0.27	21	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	10.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S		Wind(LL)	0.08	7-14	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0			l							Weight: 201 lb	FT = 10%

LUMBER

Scale = 1:69.8

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SPF No.2 *Except* 19-17,17-15:2x4 SPF BOT CHORD

2100F 1 8F

WEBS 2x3 SPF No.2 *Except* 14-8.11-9.19-3:2x4

SPF No.2, 11-10:2x4 SPF 2100F 1.8E, 19-2:2x6 SPF No.2

2x4 SPF No.2

OTHERS

BRACING

NOTES

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-9-1 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-2-0 max.): 6-9.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc

bracing. Except: 1 Row at midpt 7-14, 8-13

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 5-16, 6-16, 3-19

WEBS 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 9-11

REACTIONS (size) 19=0-3-8, 21=0-3-2, (req. 0-3-3)

Max Horiz 19=255 (LC 9)

Max Uplift 19=-24 (LC 12)

Max Grav 19=2121 (LC 3), 21=2035 (LC 3)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/35, 2-3=-846/87, 3-5=-3210/50

5-6=-2346/62, 6-7=-2248/64, 7-8=-2261/64, 8-9=-1448/33, 9-10=-200/88, 11-20=-9/1882,

10-20=-9/1882, 2-19=-599/91

BOT CHORD 18-19=-151/2851, 16-18=-121/2545

15-16=-69/22, 14-15=0/75, 7-14=-593/113, 13-14=-84/1468, 12-13=0/194,

8-13=-1181/137, 11-12=-2/39 **WEBS**

3-18=-182/133, 5-18=0/651, 5-16=-893/132, 6-16=-25/519, 14-16=-72/2147, 6-14=-48/570, 8-14=-46/1215,

11-13=-71/1076, 9-13=-67/1830 9-11=-2181/67, 3-19=-2552/0, 10-21=-2086/0 Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=25.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) 21 greater than input bearing size.
- 10) All bearings are assumed to be SPF No.2.
- 11) Bearing at joint(s) 21 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 24 lb uplift at joint 19
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

37-4-8

6-10-12



August 27,2024

M WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcscomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Lot 13 TCR 167783668 240654 **H3** Hip 1 Job Reference (optional) Wheeler Lumber, Waverly, KS - 66871. Run: 8.73 S Aug 15 2024 Print: 8.730 S Aug 15 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Aug 23 16:18:20 ID:elEkuwcW8ltcQGFh3ODBjCy6jdK-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f 1-11-11 -0-10-8 7-9-9 30-7-0 21-6-0 23-5-0 37-8-0 2-1-14 1-11-0 7-2-0 4-11-0 2-2-0 6-10-1 4-2-2 7-0-0 REPAIR: BREAK IN THE TOP CHORD 2-6-0 TO THE RIGHT OF JOINT 8 6x6 II 8x8= 4x8= 3x6= 4x5= 2x4 II M18AHS 7x12 = 6 8 10 29 11 612 4x5 = 6x8 = 23 14 20 8x12= 5x12= 8x8= 2x4 II 5x12 =5x12= 3x6 ii 2x4 ı 7x12= 2x4 ı 2x4 II 15-3-4 19-4-2 8-3-15 30-5-12 37-4-8 0-1-4 4-0-14 5-11-15 4-2-2 6-11-8 6-10-12 APPLY 2 X 4 X 7' SPF/DF/SP NO.2 SCAB(S) TO EACH FACE OF TRUSS CENTERED ON DAMAGE. ATTACH WITH (0.131" X 3") NAILS PER THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 x 4'S - 2 ROWS: SPACED @ 4" O.C. STAGGER NAIL SPACING FROM FRONT FACE AND BACK FACE

Scale = 1:73

Plate Offsets (X, Y): [3:0-4-5,0-3-8], [4:0-2-6,0-3-0], [11:0-7-12, Edge], [21:0-5-8,0-2-8]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	25.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.97	Vert(LL)	-0.36	15-16	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	20.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.70	Vert(CT)	-0.57	15-16	>785	240	M18AHS	142/136
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.90	Horz(CT)	0.35	26	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	10.0*	Code	IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-S		Wind(LL)	0.15	21	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0			1							Weight: 255 lb	FT = 10%

FOR A NET 2" O.C SPACING IN THE TRUSS. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE

LUMBER

2x4 SPF No.2 *Except* 4-6,4-1:2x8 SP TOP CHORD

2400F 2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 *Except* 3-21,16-15:2x4 SPF 2100F 1.8E, 17-9,10-14:2x3 SPF No.2

2x3 SPF No.2 *Except*

WEBS

24-3,15-9,13-11,13-12:2x4 SPF No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2

1-4 SP 2400F 2.0E one side LBR SCAB WEDGE Left: 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

5-1-5 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-0-12 max.): 6-11. **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

WEBS 5-21, 9-15, 11-13, 7-18 1 Row at midpt

2=0-3-8, 26=0-3-2, (req. 0-3-3) REACTIONS (size)

Max Horiz 2=281 (LC 9)

Max Uplift 2=-188 (LC 12), 26=-247 (LC 9) Max Grav 2=2140 (LC 3), 26=2044 (LC 42)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

TOP CHORD

1-2=0/6, 2-3=-1265/22, 3-5=-4254/353,

5-6=-3132/330, 6-7=-2705/317, 7-9=-2901/373, 9-10=-1931/248 10-11=-1927/252, 11-12=-212/85

13-25=-300/2009, 12-25=-301/2003 **BOT CHORD**

2-24=-35/0, 3-23=-514/3913, 22-23=-512/3913, 21-22=-512/3913,

19-20=0/0, 18-19=0/44, 17-18=-39/23, 16-17=0/105, 9-16=0/645, 15-16=-455/2914, 14-15=0/185, 10-15=-643/204, 13-14=-7/13

WEBS

3-24=0/72, 20-22=0/35, 5-21=-1445/312 19-21=0/273, 6-21=-44/1064, 7-16=-150/879, 9-15=-1359/170, 13-15=-135/526 11-15=-326/2347, 11-13=-1988/367

5-23=0/425, 7-18=-1273/270, 16-18=-375/2622, 18-21=-387/2473, 7-21=-116/637, 12-26=-2064/247

NOTES

- Attached 10-0-0 scab 1 to 4, front face(s) 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E with 2 row(s) of 10d (0.131"x3") nails spaced 9" o.c.except : starting at 0-3-13 from end at joint 1, nail 2 row(s) at 7" o.c. for 3-9-2; starting at 8-0-1 from end at joint 1, nail 2 row(s) at 7" o.c. for 2-0-0.
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=25.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf; Pf=20.4 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10, Lu=50-0-0
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

- 11) WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) 26 greater than input bearing size.
- 12) All bearings are assumed to be SPF No.2.
- 13) Bearing at joint(s) 26 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 14) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 188 lb uplift at joint 2 and 247 lb uplift at joint 26.
- 15) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



August 27,2024

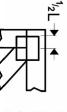
MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

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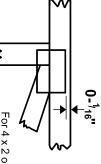


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated. and fully embed teeth Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths Center plate on joint unless x, y



plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate edge of truss.

connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

PLATE SIZE

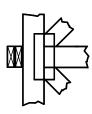
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. by text in the bracing section of the Indicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



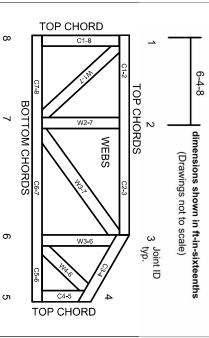
Min size shown is for crushing only. reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur. (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Building Component Safety Information, Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Trusses. Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-22: BCSI:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

established by others. section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.

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Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses

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- Provide copies of this truss design to the building all other interested parties. designer, erection supervisor, property owner and
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

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- locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.

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- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- approval of an engineer Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.