MARMIC FIRE & SAFETY

1014 South Wall Avenue Joplin, MO 64801 417-623-3584 (office) 417-626-3784 (fax)

WHATABURGER #1276

204 SW MO-150 Hwy Lee's Summit, MO 64082

Technical Information Submittal

Fire Suppression System

Tuesday, March 12, 2024

Whataburger –Lee's Summit, MO

Fire Suppression System Submittal

Table of Contents

Sections

A) Product Information – Fire Suppression System

- a. 3 Gallon System Description (Single Tank System)
- **b.** 6 Gallon System Description (Double Tank System)
- c. AnsulEX Extinguishing Agent (79372)
- d. Regulated Release Assembly- Mechanical (429853)
- e. Single Tank Enclosure Assembly (429862)
- f. Agent Tank Assembly 3 Gallon Stainless Steel (429862)
- g. Gas Cartridges: LT-30-R & Double Tank (423435 & 423493)
- h. Nozzles:
 - ➢ 1N Nozzle − 1 Flow Point (419335)
 - > 1W Nozzle 1 Flow Point (419336)
 - > 290 Nozzle 2 Flow Points (419342)
 - ➢ 2W Nozzle − 2 Flow Points (439840)
- i. Metal Blow-off Caps (434707)
- j. "Quik-Seal" Adapter (77285)
- k. "Compression Seal" Adapter (79151)
- I. "Hood Seal" Adapter (423253)
- m. Detectors: The Series Detector (435547)
- n. Pulley Elbow (423250)
- o. Ansul Stainless Steel Cable (79653)
- p. Remote Manual Pull Station (434618)
- q. Electrical Switch (423881)
- r. Alarm Initiating Switch (428311)
- s. Fusible Link 360 Degree (439244)
- t. In-Line Burst Disc Assembly (416970)

B) Design Data

a. Drawings

C) <u>Supporting Documents</u>

- a. UL Listing
- b. System Design

D) Installer Qualifications

- a. Company Fire Alarm License
- **b.** Sales / Technicians Fire Alarm Licenses



Fire Suppression System Submittal

TOTAL SYSTEM

There are four types of R-102 Restaurant Fire Suppression Systems:

- 1. Single-tank System
- 2. Double-tank System
- 3. Three-tank System (1 Cartridge)
- 4. Multiple Tank System (Three Tanks or More Multiple Cartridges)

The type of system required for the particular installation will be determined through the guidelines covered in "System Design." Additional equipment which may be required to complete the system design is explained in the "System Components" section. Additional devices covered are: remote manual pull stations, mechanical and electrical gas shut-off valves, electrical switches, and pressure switches.

Single-Tank System

The R-102 single-tank system is available with a stainless steel enclosure and consists of:

- 1. AUTOMAN Regulated Release Assembly (Electrical or Mechanical)
- 2. Nitrogen Cartridge and/or Carbon Dioxide Cartridge
- 3. ANSULEX Low pH Liquid Fire Suppressant
- 4. Discharge Nozzles
- 5. Detection Components
- 6. Additional Devices (As Required)

The regulated release assembly contains the regulated release mechanism, agent tank, expellant gas hose for agent tank hookup, and enclosure knockouts to facilitate installing detection system and additional equipment. Refer to "System Components" section for individual component descriptions.



Double-Tank System

The R-102 double-tank system is available with stainless steel enclosures and consists of:

- 1. AUTOMAN Regulated Release Assembly (Electrical or Mechanical)
- 2. Nitrogen Cartridge and/or Carbon Dioxide Cartridge
- 3. ANSULEX Low pH Liquid Fire Suppressant
- 4. Enclosure or Bracket Assembly
- 5. Discharge Nozzles
- 6. Detection Components
- 7. Additional Devices (As Required)

The regulated release assembly contains the regulated release mechanism, agent tank, expellant gas hose for agent tank hookup, and enclosure knockouts to facilitate installing expellant piping, detection system, and additional equipment.

The enclosure or bracket assembly is mounted separately but within the guidelines of the regulated release assembly expellant gas piping requirements to ensure simultaneous actuation of the system. Refer to "System Components" section for individual component descriptions.



FIGURE 2-2 008321

FIGURE 2-1

EXTINGUISHING AGENT

ANSULEX Low pH Liquid Fire Suppressant (1.5 gallon – Part No. 79694 or 3.0 gallon – Part No. 79372) is a potassium-based solution designed for fast knock-down and suppression of grease-related fires. The agent is shipped in plastic containers which provide one complete tank charge. (Refer to Section V, Page 5-2.1, for maximum agent fill capacity.) Agent storage life expectancy is twelve years and can be stored at a temperature of $-40 \,^{\circ}$ F to $130 \,^{\circ}$ F ($-40 \,^{\circ}$ C to $54 \,^{\circ}$ C). Note: When installing agent in R-102 system, temperature range is 32 $^{\circ}$ F (0 $^{\circ}$ C) to 130 $^{\circ}$ F (54 $^{\circ}$ C). The distributor must record the batch numbers and date of shipment receipt to be filed with each installation record.

"ANSULEX" LOW pH LIQUID FIRE SUPPRESSANT





3.0 GALLON SHIPPING WT. 35 LB (15.9 kg) 000136

FIGURE 3-1

REGULATED RELEASE ASSEMBLY (MECHANICAL)

The AUTOMAN Regulated Mechanical Release Assembly (Part No. 429853) contains the regulated release mechanism, expellant gas hose for agent tank hookup, and enclosure knockouts to facilitate installing actuation piping; expellant piping; detection system; and additional equipment. This regulated release assembly is used in single, double, and multiple-tank systems and must be mounted to a rigid surface. The release mechanism can be used to interconnect both the actuation and expellant gas lines as required per system design. The regulator is designed to allow a constant flow of gas into the tank at 110 psi (7.6 bar) when the system is actuated. The agent tank must be ordered separately.

In single, double, and multiple-tank systems, the provided expellant gas hose connects the agent tank to the bottom outlet of the regulator. In double and multiple-tank system configurations, the back outlet of the regulator is used as an expellant gas feed for one additional tank-enclosure or tank-bracket hookup. The enclosure contains the required knockouts to facilitate this connection. If a pressure switch is to be attached to the regulator, additional fittings are required.

The tank is mounted within the enclosure. The tank contains an adaptor/tube assembly with a burst disc union. The burst disc helps prevent siphoning of the agent up the pipe due to significant temperature fluctuations in the area where the tank is located. The tank is stainless steel and, under normal conditions, requires hydrostatic testing every twelve years.

The detection and additional equipment required per system design are connected to the release mechanism. The enclosure contains knockouts to facilitate detection and additional hookups.

The system can be actuated automatically or manually.

Automatic actuation occurs when a fusible link within the detection system separates in a fire condition. Manual actuation of the system occurs when personnel pull on the remote manual pull station pull ring.

AUTOMAN REGULATED RELEASE ASSEMBLY (MECHANICAL)



REGULATED RELEASE ASSEMBLY (ELECTRICAL)

The AUTOMAN Regulated Electrical Release Assembly (Part No. 429856) is identical to the mechanical version except it also contains a factory installed 120 VAC solenoid and electrical switch.

The solenoid is used to provide electrical actuation of the release mechanism. The electric switch is used to protect the solenoid by opening the circuit to the solenoid once the system is fired. Additional electrical switches can be added as required for automatic equipment and gas shut-off accessories, as well as initiating audible and visual alarms.

AUTOMAN REGULATED RELEASE ASSEMBLY (ELECTRICAL)*



* Note: AUTOMAN Regulated Electrical Release (Part No. 429856) is not intended to be used with electric detection. **REMOTE MECHANICAL RELEASE**

REV. 11

PAGE 3-2

The Remote Mechanical Release (Part No. 433485) is used to actuate up to five R-102 regulated actuators. The remote mechanical release utilizes a 101-10 carbon dioxide cartridge as the actuation pressure to operate the regulated actuators. The release is housed in a stainless steel enclosure.

2014-SEP-01

Also available is an OEM Remote Release/Bracket Assembly (Part No. 439946). The OEM Remote Release/Bracket contains the same release mechanism as the standard Remote Release, and must be installed in a suitable equipment enclosure either horizontally or vertically. The remote release contains all the necessary mounting and conduit holes needed to fully install the assembly. **Note:** OEM Release/Bracket Assembly must be installed high enough in cabinet so that there is sufficient room to install and remove cartridge.



SINGLE TANK ENCLOSURE ASSEMBLY

The Single Tank Enclosure Assembly (Part No. 429870) is used in double and multiple-tank systems and must be mounted to a rigid surface near the regulated release or regulated actuator assembly its expellent gas line will be connected to.

The enclosure is designed for mounting either a 1.5 gallon (Part No. 429864) or a 3.0 gallon tank (Part No. 429862) in a minimum amount of space.

ENCLOSURE ASSEMBLY



FIGURE 3-5 000142

RED PAINTED BRACKET ASSEMBLY

The Bracket Assembly (Part No. 429878) is used in double and multiple-tank systems and must be mounted to a rigid surface near the regulated release assembly or regulated actuator assembly that its expellant gas line will be connected to.

The tank bracket is constructed of mild steel and painted red. It is designed for mounting the tank in a minimum amount of space. The Bracket Assembly can only be utilized with 3.0 gallon tanks (Part No. 429862).

BRACKET ASSEMBLY

FIGURE 3-4

009456



SHIPPING WT. 7 LB (3.2 kg)

REGULATED ACTUATOR ASSEMBLY

The Regulated Actuator Assembly (Part No. 429850) contains the regulator, pneumatic actuator, expellant gas hose for agent tank hookup, and enclosure knockouts to facilitate installing expellant piping. This assembly is used in multiple-tank systems and must be mounted to a rigid surface.

The regulator contains two outlets 135° apart. One outlet is used to interconnect the expellant gas hose to the enclosed agent tank. The other outlet connects an expellant gas line to an additional enclosure or bracket assembly. The regulator is

- ▶ designed to allow a constant flow of expellant gas into each
- ▶ agent tank at 110 psi (7.6 bar).

The pneumatic actuator is designed to puncture the expellant gas cartridge seal upon receiving pressure from the regulated release assembly actuation piping. The enclosure contains a knockout to facilitate distribution piping hookup.

OEM RELEASE/BRACKET ASSEMBLY (FOR OEM IN-CABINET USE ONLY)

The OEM Regulated Mechanical Release/Bracket Assembly (Part No. 79493) contains the same regulated release mechanism as the standard AUTOMAN Regulated Release Assembly. The OEM Regulated Electrical Release/Bracket Assembly (Part

- No. 437324*), is identical to the mechanical version except that it contains a factory installed 120 VAC solenoid and electrical switch. These release/bracket assemblies must be installed in a suitable equipment enclosure either horizontally or vertically. They contain all the necessary mounting and conduit holes needed to fully install the assembly. The agent tank is installed separately and need not be bracketed once it is piped and filled. Note: OEM Release/Bracket Assembly must be installed high enough in cabinet so that there is sufficient room to install and remove cartridge.
- *Note: OEM Regulated Electrical Release/Bracket Assembly (Part No. 437324) is not intended to be used with electric detection.



AGENT TANK ASSEMBLY

The agent tank shipping assembly (3 Gallon (Part No. 429862) and 1.5 Gallon (Part No. 429864)) consists of a stainless steel tank and an adaptor/tube assembly. The adaptor/tube assembly contains a burst disc. The burst disc prevents agent leakage due to significant temperature fluctuations in the area where the tank is located. Under normal conditions, the tank requires hydrostatic testing every twelve years. The date of manufacture is stamped on the tank nameplate.

The tank is shipped uncharged and must be filled with only ANSULEX Low pH Liquid Fire Suppressant during installation.





OEM REGULATED ACTUATOR ASSEMBLY

The OEM Regulated Actuator Assembly (Part No. 418691) includes the regulator, pneumatic actuator, expellant gas hose and OEM bracket. Also available is an OEM Regulated Actuator Assembly with all the above mentioned components except for the bracket. This assembly is Part No. 418522.



FIGURE 3-10 002225

009457

GAS CARTRIDGES

The R-102 system uses gas cartridges to store nitrogen or carbon dioxide expellant gases under pressure until the system is actuated, at which time the cartridge seal is punctured and the released gas expels liquid agent from one or more tanks through the discharge piping and out the discharge nozzles.

Four nitrogen gas cartridges and three carbon dioxide gas cartridges are available as shown in Figure 13.

Cartridges noted as TC/DOT are both Transport Canada (TC) and Department of Transportation (DOT) approved. Cartridges noted as DOT are Department of Transportation approved only.

Cartridge selection options are provided in Section 4 under Tank and Cartridge Requirements.

NITROGEN GAS CARTRIDGES



CARBON DIOXIDE CARTRIDGES



FIGURE 3-13

Additional cartridge shipping assemblies are available for European and Australian requirements.

Cartridge Description	European Part No.	Australian Part No.	TC/DOT Part No.
LT-20-R	428440	428948	423429
LT-30-R	428441	426553	423435
Double Tank	428446	426563	<mark>423493</mark>
LT-A-101-30	428442	426555	423491
101-10 – CO2	428443	N/A	423439
101-20 – CO2	428445	N/A	423441
101-30 – CO2	428444	N/A	423443

Note: For 101-10 cartridge, Part No. 15850 is DOT only.

NOZZLES

There are 11 types of discharge nozzles each designed to distribute the liquid agent in a uniform pattern throughout the hazard area:

7. 245 Nozzle

8. 260 Nozzle

9. 290 Nozzle

10. 2120 Nozzle

11. 3N Nozzle

- 1. 1/2N Nozzle
- 2. 1F Nozzle
- 3. 1W Nozzle
- 4. 1N Nozzle
- 5. 2W Nozzle
- 6. 230 Nozzle

Although these nozzles are similar in appearance and have certain common parts, the tip of each nozzle is designed for a specific application and must only be used in those areas. See Nozzle Application Chart in Section 4 – System Design, for individual nozzle usage. Nozzles are shipped with metal blowoff caps included.

A 25 pack of Nozzle O-rings (Part No. 439848) is also available.



FIGURE 3-14 009474

Nozzle Identification Chart

i				Nozzle)
	Nozzle	Nozzle	Package	Flow	
	Туре	Part No.	Quantity	No.	Nozzle Material
	1/2N Nozzle	439837	9	1/2	Chrome-Plated Body
	1F Nozzle	439836	9	1	Chrome-Plated Body
	1W Nozzle*	439839	25	1	Chrome-Plated Body
	1N Nozzle*	439838	25	1	Chrome-Plated Body
	2W Nozzle	439840	25	2	Chrome-Plated Body
	230 Nozzle	439842	25	2	Chrome-Plated Body
	245 Nozzle	439843	25	2	Chrome-Plated Body
	260 Nozzle	439844	9	2	Chrome-Plated Body
	290 Nozzle	439845	9	2	Chrome-Plated Body
	2120 Nozzle	439846	9	2	Chrome-Plated Body
	3N Nozzle	439841	9	3	Chrome-Plated Body
I	*Stainless steel v	ersions are a	available in the	1W nozz	le (Part No. 439864) and

Stainless steel versions are available in the 1W nozzle (Part No. 439864) an
 the 1N nozzle (Part No. 439865).

► the IN hozzle (Part No. 439665).

SILICONE LUBRICANT

Dow Corning Compound 111 (Part No. 78112) is available in a 5.3-ounce tube. Compound has excellent qualities for sealing and lubricating system components.

SECTION 3 – SYSTEM COMPONENTS ULC EX3470 UL EX3470 PAGE 3-6 REV. 11 2014-SEP-01

SWIVEL ADAPTOR

The Swivel Adaptor Assembly consists of a swivel nut, swivel body and swivel ball. All are chrome-plated. The swivel adaptor allows any nozzle to be rotated approximately 30° in all directions. Swivel Adaptors must be ordered as a Swivel Adaptor Shipping Assembly (Part No. 423572) which contains 25 Swivel Adaptors or Part No. 419385, which contains 9 Swivel Adaptors.



FIGURE 3-15

METAL BLOW-OFF CAP

The Metal Blow-Off Cap helps keep the orifice of the nozzle free of grease or other substances that could interfere with agent distribution.

- The Metal Blow-Off Cap Package (Part No. 439861) contains 10 blow-off caps.
- Also available is a 10 pack of Stainless Steel Blow-Off Caps (Part No. 439866).



REDUCING COUPLING

The reducing coupling (Part No. 436228) is made of stainless steel material with 3/8 in. x 1/2 in. NPT inlet threads. If necessary, the reducing coupling can be utilized when installing the Agent Distribution Hose Line Kit (Part No. 435982). Two couplings are required per Agent Distribution Hose.



CONDUIT OFFSET ASSEMBLY

The conduit offset assembly (Part No. 435961) is used to change direction of the wire rope on detection, mechanical gas valve, and remote pull station lines. The conduit offset assembly can only be used in the area where the conduit attaches to the regulated release assembly. When using the conduit offset assembly, the maximum number of pulley elbows allowed is

▶ 16. The Conduit Offset Shipping Assembly (Part No. 436063) consists of 6 conduit offsets.



"QUIK-SEAL" ADAPTOR

The "Quik-Seal" adaptor is a listed mechanical bulkhead fitting that produces a liquid-tight seal around both distribution piping and detection conduit which runs through restaurant hoods and ducts. The "Quik-Seal" adaptor accepts threaded pipe or conduit. The adaptor is available for 1/4 in. (Part No. 78196), 3/8 in. (Part No. 77285), 1/2 in. (Part No. 77287), or 3/4 in. (Part No. 77289) pipe or conduit sizes. When using with EMT conduit, a conduit connector must be installed in each end of the adaptor. The "Quik-Seal" Adaptor Shipping Assembly must be ordered as stated below:

Size	Shipping Assembly Part No.	Qty.	Hole Size Required
1/4 in.	78196	24	3/4 in.
3/8 in.	77285	24	1 1/8 in.
1/2 in.	77287	24	1 1/8 in.
3/4 in.	77289	24	1 3/8 in.





000153

FIGURE 3-17

"COMPRESSION-SEAL" ADAPTOR

This adaptor is a mechanical bulkhead fitting that produces a liquid-tight seal around pipe and conduit when installing distribution piping and detection conduit through restaurant hoods and ducts. The "Compression-Seal" adaptor is a straight-through design requiring no cutting or threading of conduit or pipe. The adaptor is available for pipe sizes of 1/4 in. (Part No. 79149), 3/8 in. (Part No. 79151), 1/2 in. (Part No. 79147), and EMT conduit size of 1/2 in. (Part No. 79153). Each "Compression-Seal" Adaptor Shipping Assembly must be ordered as stated below:

79149	24	
	4	3/4 in.
79151	24	1 1/8 in.
79147	24	1 1/8 in.
79153	24	1 1/8 in.
	— COMPRE — ADAPTO — LOCKW,	R BODY ASHER FIGURE 3-20 000151
	79151 79147 79153	79149 24 79151 24 79147 24 79153 24 COMPRE ADAPTO LOCKW

"HOOD SEAL" ADAPTOR ASSEMBLY

This adaptor is a mechanical bulkhead fitting that produces a liquid-tight seal around 1/2 in. EMT conduit when installing the detection line through restaurant hoods and duct. The adaptor accepts a high temperature pulley elbow and, when used, correctly positions the elbow or conduit in line with the conduit adaptor hole in the detector bracket. The "Hood Seal" eliminates the need for multiple elbows when penetrating the top of a hood when installing the detection line. "Hood Seal" Adaptors are available in quantities of six as Shipping Assembly Part No. 423253.



► COCKING LEVER/LOCK PIN

The cocking lever is a component required to cock (arm) both the mechanical/electrical AUTOMAN release and the mechanical gas valve. After the AUTOMAN is cocked (armed), the lock pin must be inserted to eliminate the accidental firing of the release mechanism. These components are available as either an individual shipping assembly or a shipping assembly containing both. Listed below are the various shipping assembly part numbers.

Part No. Description

- 441042 Short Handle Cocking Lever with Lock Pin (Mechanical/Electrical AUTOMAN)
- ↓ 441041 Long Handle Cocking Lever with Lock Pin (Mechanical/Electrical AUTOMAN)
- ► 26310 Cocking Lever only (AUTOMAN II-C)
- 416018 Cocking Lever only (Mechanical Gas Valve)
- ► 438031 Lock Pin

Short Handle Cocking Lever



Long Handle Cocking Lever





FIGURE 3-22 008325

DETECTORS

The detector consists of three basic components: the bracket, linkage, and fusible link. (Fusible links are not included and must be ordered separately.) The bracket holds the entire assembly to the mounting surface. The linkage is used to support the fusible link. The fusible link is designed to separate at a specific temperature and release the wire rope, thereby actuating the regulated release mechanism.

The scissor style detector allows the wire rope to be strung completely through the detection system conduit and brackets first and the detector linkage assemblies are then clipped on later.

The detector consists of two types of assemblies:

The Terminal Detector (Part No. 435546) includes a test link and is placed last in a series of detectors. This detector is sometimes referred to as the end-of-line detector and is thus named because it is at the point at which the wire rope "terminates," or is anchored at the detector bracket. Only one terminal detector is required per detection system.

The Series Detector (Part No. 435547) is any detector located in-line between the regulated release assembly and the terminal detector.

When using Part No. 435546 and 435547 detectors, a total of 15 detectors can be in one detection system: 14 series detectors (Part No. 435547) and 1 terminal detector (Part No. 435546).

Note 1: Series Detector (Part No. 435547) is also available as Part No. 435548, 25/Pkg.

Note 2: Scissor-style linkage is also available in a 10-Pack (Part
 No. 439515).



FIGURE 3-23

PULLEY ELBOWS

There are two types of pulley elbows used to change the direction of the wire rope by 90°. ANSUL recommends for temperatures not in excess of 700 °F (371 °C). Part No. 415670 has socket ends with set screws for 1/2 in. conduit, and Part No. 423250 has compression ring ends also for 1/2 in. conduit. Pulley elbows must be ordered in quantities of 50 as Shipping Assembly Part No. 415671 (socket end type) and Part No. 423251 (compression end type).

PART NO. 415670



PART NO. 423250



FIGURE 3-24 000160/000161

PULLEY TEE

The Pulley Tee (Part No. 427929) is used to change the direction of two wire ropes by 90°. It must be used in areas where the temperatures are within the range of 32 °F to 130 °F (0 °C to 54 °C). Pulley tees can be used in mechanical gas valve actuation lines and remote manual pull station lines. Pulley tees cannot be used within a detection line.



FIGURE 3-25 000447

ANSUL STAINLESS STEEL CABLE

The 1/16 in. stainless steel cable is run from the terminal detector, through conduit, all series detectors and pulley elbows, and into the regulated release mechanism trip lever. When any fusible link separates, the tension on the cable is relaxed, and the trip lever actuates the regulated release mechanism. The cable can also be used for mechanical gas valves and remote manual pull stations. The cable is available in 50 ft (15.2 m)

(Part No. 15821) and <mark>500 ft (152.4 m) (Part No. 79653) lengths.</mark>

► The ANSUL stainless steel cable contains a blue tracer cable.

REMOTE MANUAL PULL STATION

The remote manual pull station (Part No. 434618 or 435960) is made out of a molded red composite material. The red color makes the pull station more readily identifiable as the manual means for fire suppression system operation. The pull station is compatible with the ANSUL Flexible Conduit. The molded manual pull station should be mounted at a point of egress and positioned at a height determined by the authority having jurisdiction. Trim Rings (Part No. 427074) (pack of 10), are available.

Part No. 434618 (Without Wire Rope)

Part No. 435960 (With 50 ft (15.2 m) of Wire Rope)



FIGURE 3-26

3

FLEXIBLE CONDUIT

Flexible conduit allows for quicker installations and the convenience of being able to route the cable over, under and around obstacles. Flexible conduit can be used as a substitute for standard EMT conduit or can be used with EMT conduit. Flexible conduit can be used only with the Molded Manual Pull Station (Part No. 434618) and mechanical gas valve installations. The Flexible Conduit comes in a 500 ft (152.4 m) length (Part No. 434525) or together with 500 ft (152.4 m) of wire rope (Part No. 435959).

► A 50 ft (15.2 m) Flexible Conduit pre-fed with wire rope (Part ► No. 439104) is available.

Also available is a Flexible Conduit Strain Relief (50-pack) (Part No. 435979).

A 50-pack of Flexible Conduit Inserts (Part No. 434347) and a
 50-pack of P-Clips (Part No. 436150) are also available.

- ▶ Note 1: Flexible conduit is intended for indoor use ONLY.
- Note 2: Flexible conduit cannot be used in detection systems.

MECHANICAL GAS VALVES

The mechanical gas valves are designed to shut off the flow of gas to the appliances upon actuation of the regulated release assembly. The valves are available in sizes of 3/4 in., 1 in., 1 1/4 in., 1 1/2 in., and 2 in. ANSUL style; and 2 1/2 in. and 3 in. ASCO style. The valves are rated for natural and LP gas. Both styles are UL Listed and includes the air cylinder, tubing, and fittings (Part No. 15733) for connection to the release mechanism.

Part No.	Description		Maximum Operating Pressure
55598	3/4 in. Gas Valve (AN	ISUL)	10 psi (0.69 bar)
55601	1 in. Gas Valve (ANS	SUL)	10 psi (0.69 bar)
55604	1 1/4 in. Gas Valve (/	ANSUL)	10 psi (0.69 bar)
55607	1 1/2 in. Gas Valve (/	ANSUL)	10 psi (0.69 bar)
55610	2 in. Gas Valve (ANS	SUL)	10 psi (0.69 bar)
25937	2 1/2 in. Gas Valve (/	ASCO)	5 psi (0.35 bar)
25938	3 in. Gas Valve (ASC	;O)	5 psi (0.35 bar)
	Flow Capacity	BTU/H 0.64.S	IR, at 1 in. P.D. P GR
Pipe Size	P.D. 1 in. WC	1000 E	3TU/ft ³
(inches)	0.64 SP GR	Natura	l Gas
3/4	751	751,	000
1	1288	1,288,	000
1 1/4	1718	1,718,	000
1 1/2	2630	2,630,	000
2	4616	4,616,	000
2 1/2	5700	5.800.	000

7,300,000

To calculate gas flow for other than 1 inch p.d.:

New cfh = (cfh at 1 inch) x $\sqrt{\text{new p.d.}}$

7100

To calculate gas flow for other than 0.64 SP GR:

New cfh = (cfh at 0.64) x $\sqrt{0.64}$ New SP GR

С R А Valve Size in. (mm) (mm) (mm) in. in. 3/4 in. (95.3)6 3/8 (161.9) 5 1/2 3 3/4 (139.7)1 in. 3 3/4 (95.3)6 3/8 (161.9) 5 1/2 (139.7)(161.9) 1 1/4 in. 4 7/8 7 3/8 (187.3) 6 3/8 (123.8)4 7/8 6 3/8 (161.9) 1 1/2 in. 7 3/8 (187.3) (123.8)5 7/8 7 7/8 (200.0) 6 11/16 (169.9) 2 in. (149.2)2 1/2 in. 7 13/16 (198.4) 9 1/16 (230.2) -----7 25/32 (197.6) 9 1/16 (230.2) 3 in. -----С C в 3/4 IN. THRU 2 IN 2 1/2 IN. THRU 3 IN. 004208 FIGURE 3-27

SECTION 3 – SYSTEM COMPONENTS

UL EX3470 ULC EX3470 PAGE 3-10 REV. 11 2014-SEP-01

ELECTRICAL GAS VALVES

The electrical gas valves are designed to shut off the flow of either natural or LP gas to the appliances upon actuation of the regulated release assembly. The valves are available in sizes of 3/4 in., 1 in., 1 1/4 in., 1 1/2 in., 2 in., 2 1/2 in., and 3 in. The valve is held open by an energized solenoid and upon system actuation, the switch contacts in the regulated release assembly open, thus de-energizing the circuit to the gas valve solenoid, causing the valve to close. Valves are available in 120 VAC and are UL Listed.

Part No.	Description	Max. Operating Pressure
13707	3/4 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	25 psi (1.7 bar)
13708	1 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	25 psi (1.7 bar)
550360	1 1/4 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	25 psi (1.7 bar)
13709	1 1/2 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	25 psi (1.7 bar)
13710	2 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	25 psi (1.7 bar)
▶ 550363	2 1/2 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	5 psi (0.3 bar)
▶ 17643	3 in. Solenoid Gas Valve (ASCO)	5 psi (0.3 bar)

Pipe Size (inches)	Flow Capacity (CFH) P.D. 1 in. WC 0.64 SP GR	BTU/HR, at 1 in. P.D. 0.64 SP GR 1000 BTU/ft ³ Natural Gas
3/4	264.96	247 500
1	1091.01	1.119.000
1 1/4	1662.49	1,730,000
1 1/2	1818.35	1,900,000
2	3117.18	3,251,000
2 1/2	6078.49	5,821,000
3	7169.51	7,430,000

To calculate gas flow for other than 1 inch p.d.:

New cfh = (cfh at 1 inch) x $\sqrt{\text{new p.d.}}$

New cfh = (cfh at 0.64) x $\sqrt{0.64}$

To calculate gas flow for other than 0.64 SP GR:

			New SP G	R
Valve	А		В	
Size	in.	(mm)	in.	(mm)
▶ 3/4 in.	3 5/16	(81)	3 5/8	(92)
1 in.	5	(127)	6 27/32	(174)
1 1/4 in.	7 13/16	(198)	7 29/32	(201)
1 1/2 in.	5	(127)	5 19/32	(142)
2 in.	6 3/32	(155)	5 15/16	(151)
2 1/2 in.	7 13/16	(198)	7 29/32	(201)
▶ 3 in.	7 13/16	(198)	7 29/32	(201)



MANUAL RESET RELAY

The Manual Reset Relay (Part No. 426151) is required when using an electrical gas valve shut-off system. After the electric gas valve has closed, either due to system actuation or power failure, the valve cannot be re-opened, allowing gas to flow, until the reset relay button is manually pressed, re-energizing the circuit. The reset relay is available 120 VAC. The manual reset relay is also recommended for electrical shut down.



FIGURE 3-29 000087

ELECTRICAL SWITCHES

The electrical switches are intended for use with electric gas valves, alarms, contactors, lights, contractor supplied electric power shut-off devices and other electrical devices that are designed to shut off or turn on when the system is actuated.

Switches are available in kits: One Switch Kit (Part No. 423878), Two Switch Kit (Part No. 423879), Three Switch Kit (Part No. 423880), and Four Switch Kit (Part No. 423881). Mounting
hardware and 24 in. (610 mm) long wire leads are provided with each kit. A Two-Switch Assembly without wire leads (Part No.
436770) is also available. Each switch has a set of single-pole, double-throw contacts rated at:

UL/cUL/CSA Rating

250 VAC, 21A Resistive 250 VAC, 2 HP 125 VAC, 1 HP

ENEC Rating IE4T105µ Approved 250V, 21A Resistive 8A Motor Load



FIGURE 3-30 001612



ALARM INITIATING SWITCH

The Alarm Initiating Switch Kit (Part No. 428311) can be field mounted within the AUTOMAN release. This switch must be used to close a supervised alarm circuit to the building main fire alarm panel when the AUTOMAN release actuates. This action will signal the fire alarm panel that there was a system actuation in the kitchen area. The switch kit contains all necessary mounting components along with a mounting instruction sheet. The switch is rated 50 mA, 28 VDC.



REGULATOR TEST KIT

The Test Kit Assembly (Shipping Part No. 56972) is required to test the regulator setting and nitrogen flow during 12-year maintenance examinations. This will ensure that the regulator is functioning properly.



VENT PLUG ASSEMBLY

The Vent Plug Assembly (Part No. 74274) is installed on the agent tank adaptor to prevent pressure buildup within the agent tank or distribution lines due to temperature fluctuations.

CARTRIDGE RECEIVER GASKET

The Cartridge Receiver Gasket (Part No. 181) is installed in the release and actuator assembly cartridge receiver to create a seal between the cartridge receiver assembly and the cartridge.

FUSIBLE LINK

Select correct UL Listed fusible link(s) for installation in detector(s) according to the temperature condition chart below:

SL STYLE

Fusible Link		To Be Used Where	
Shipping		Temperature	Color
Assembly	Temperature	Does Not	of
Part No.	Rating	Exceed	Link
439085 (25)	165 °F	100 °F (74 °C)	Black (38 °C)
439086 (25)	212 °F	150 °F (100 °C)	White (66 °C)
439087 (25)	280 °F	225 °F (138 °C)	Blue (107 °C)
439088 (25)	<mark>360 °F</mark>	290 °F	Red
439089 (25)	450 °F	(182 °C) 360 °F (232 °C)	Green (143 C) (182 °C)

A-PC STYLE

000169

Fusible Link		То
Shipping		Wh
Assembly	Temperature	Tei
Part No.	Rating	Do
439227 (10)	165 °F (74 °C)	100
439228 (10)	212 °F (100 °C)	150
439229 (10)	280 °F (138 °C)	225
439230 (10)	360 °F (182 °C)	290
439231 (10)	450 °F (232 °C)	360
439232 (25)	500 °F (260 °C)	400

To Be Used
Where
Temperature
Does Not Exceed
100 °F (38 °C)
150 °F (66 °C)
225 °F (107 °C)
290 °F (143 °C)
360 °F (182 °C)
400 °F (204 °C)





TEMPERATURE RATING STAMPED ON FUSIBLE LINK BODY

FIGURE 3-33

MAXIMUM REGISTERING THERMOMETER

The Maximum Registering Thermometer (Part No. 15240) may be used to indicate the highest normal temperature for the protected area. Once this is established, the correct rated fusible link can be chosen. Other methods for determining maximum temperatures may be used.

HOSE/GROMMET PACKAGE

000170

The Hose/Grommet Package (Part No. 418511) consists of a 24 in. rubber hose and two grommets. This package is required when expellant gas hose is routed outside the AUTOMAN Regulated Release, Regulated Actuator, and/or tank enclosure assemblies.

SECTION 3 – SYSTEM COMPONENTS UL EX3470 ULC EX3470 PAGE 3-12 REV. 11 2014-SEP-01

IN-LINE BURST DISC ASSEMBLY (MANIFOLDED SYSTEMS ONLY)

The in-line burst disc assembly is required to eliminate the siphoning of the agent up the pipe during extreme temperature variations. In addition to eliminating the siphoning effect, the common in-line burst disc assembly eliminates the possibility of one or more individual discs located in the tank adaptor from failing to burst. The assembly consists of a stainless steel body which houses the burst disc. When utilizing this assembly in a manifolded system, it is necessary to modify (remove) the burst disc located in all of the R-102 tank adaptors in the system. The in-line burst disc assembly is to be mounted as close to the tank outlet as possible. After system discharge, the assembly must be disassembled and a new burst disc installed.

Part N	<u>lo.</u>	Description

In-Line Burst Disc Assembly 416970

417911 Burst Disc (Pack of 10)



FIGURE 3-34 008383

1/4 IN. CHECK VALVE

The 1/4 in. check valve (Part No. 25627) blocks the flow of actuation gas from the actuator that was actuated to the actuator(s) that was not actuated. This prevents actuation gas from escaping from an open actuator which may have had the cartridge removed.

CHECK VALVE (PART NO. 25627)



NOZZLE AIMING DEVICE

▶ The Nozzle Aiming Device (Part No. 439877) is available to properly aim each nozzle to the correct aiming point. The device clamps to the nozzle and emits a small laser light that reflects on the surface that it is aiming at. The nozzle can then be rotated to point at a predetermined aiming point and then tightened to hold that angle. The aiming device adaptor attaches to the nozzle. The shipping assembly consists of the aiming device and the adaptor.



STAINLESS STEEL BRAIDED ACTUATION HOSE

The Stainless Steel Actuation Hose is used to connect the actuation line compression tees between each pneumatic actuator. The hose has the same thread, 7/16-20, as the fittings. The actuation hose allows flexibility between the AUTOMAN and each regulated actuator.

Hose		a
Part No.	Length	Couplings
31809	16 in. (406 mm)	7/16-20 x 7/16-20 Females
32335	20 in. (508 mm)	7/16-20 x 7/16-20 Females
32336	24 in. (610 mm)	7/16-20 x 7/16-20 Females
430815	42 in. (1067 mm)	7/16-20 Female x 1/4 in. NPT
		Male

Fitting Part No. Description

Male Elbow (7/16-20 x 1/4 in. NPT) 31810

- 31811 Male Tee (7/16-20 x 7/16-20 x 1/4 in. NPT)
- 415371 Tee (7/16-20 x 1/8 in. Male NPT x 1/8 in. Female NPT) 32338
 - Male Straight Connector (7/16-20 x 1/4 in. NPT)

25627 1/4 in. Check Valve



AGENT DISTRIBUTION HOSE AND RESTRAINING CABLE KIT

The Agent Distribution Hose and Restraining Cable Kit (Part No. 435982) consists of a 5 ft (1.5 m) long Agent Distribution Hose, a 3 ft (0.9 m) long Restraining Cable, and a Restraining Cable Hardware Package. The Agent Distribution Hose can be utilized with castered cooking appliances with castered supports found in commercial kitchens. The hose allows for movement of the appliance for cleaning without having to disconnect any fire suppression system discharge piping.

Note: The Agent Distribution Hose is authorized for use with only UL Listed ANSUL Wet Chemical Restaurant Fire Suppression Systems.









DESIGN AND APPLICATION

The ANSUL R-102 Restaurant Fire Suppression System is developed and tested to provide fire protection for restaurant cooking appliances, hoods, and ducts. It is a pre-engineered group of mechanical and electrical components for installation by an authorized ANSUL distributor. The basic system consists of an AUTOMAN regulated release assembly which includes a regulated release mechanism and a liquid agent storage tank housed within a single enclosure. Nozzles, detectors, cartridg- es, liquid agent, fusible links, pulley tees, and pulley elbows are supplied in separate packages in the quantities needed for each fire suppression system arrangement.

The system provides automatic actuation; or it can be actuated manually through a remote manual pull station. The system is also capable of shutting down appliances at system actuation. For appliance shutdown requirements, refer to the current version of NFPA 17A, "Standard For Wet Chemical Extinguishing Systems," and NFPA 96, "Standard For Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations."

Additional equipment includes: remote manual pull station, mechanical and electrical gas valves, and electrical switches for automatic equipment and gas line shut-off. Accessories can be added, such as alarms, warning lights, etc., to installations where required.

The R-102 system suppresses fire by spraying the plenum area, the filters, cooking surfaces, and the exhaust duct system with a predetermined flow rate of ANSULEX Low pH Liquid Fire Suppressant. When the liquid agent is discharged onto a cooking appliance fire, it cools the grease surface, and reacts with the hot grease (saponification) forming a layer of soap-like foam on the surface of the fat. This layer acts as insulation between the hot grease and the atmosphere, thus helping to prevent the escape of combustible vapors.

Exhaust fans in the ventilating system should be left on. The forced draft of these fans assists the movement of the liquid agent through the ventilating system, thus aiding in the fire suppression process. These fans also provide a cooling effect in the plenum and duct after the fire suppression system has been discharged. The system is UL listed with or without fan operation.

Make up or supply air fans, internal to the exhaust hood(s) being protected, shall be shut down upon system actuation.

Along with the fire suppression system, the total system design must include hand portable fire extinguisher(s) located within the cooking/restaurant area that can be used to manually suppress a fire that may be burning in an unprotected area. Class K extinguisher(s) must be provided for hazards where there is a potential for fires involving combustible cooking media (vegetable or animal oils and fats). Refer to NFPA 10, "Standard For Portable Fire Extinguisher," for additional information.

UL LISTING

The R-102 Restaurant Fire Suppression System has been tested and is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. as a pre-engineered system. The system is in compliance with UL Test Standard 300. These tests require extinguishment of fires which are initiated in deep fat fryers, ranges, griddles, char-broilers, woks, upright broilers, chain-broilers, filters, plenum chambers, hoods, and ducts after pre-loading each appliance with a prescribed amount of cooking grease. Each fire is allowed to progress to maximum intensity before the fire suppression system is actuated.

SYSTEM APPROVALS

- UL EX3470
- ULC EX3470
- ► COA #5663 (NYC)

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Actuation Gas Line: Piping and/or stainless steel braided hose assemblies from the AUTOMAN Regulated Release Assembly which supplies high pressure nitrogen or carbon dioxide to the Regulated Actuator Assembly for multiple-tank system actuation.

Agent Tank: A pressure vessel containing the liquid agent.

AUTOMAN Regulated Release Assembly (Electrical): An assembly which contains the regulated release mechanism, agent tank (ordered separately), expellant gas hose, solenoid, and electric switch within a metal enclosure. The enclosure contains knockouts to facilitate component hookups.

AUTOMAN Regulated Release Assembly (Mechanical): An assembly which contains the regulated release mechanism, agent tank (ordered separately), and expellant gas hose within a metal enclosure. The enclosure contains knockouts to facilitate component hookups.

Authority Having Jurisdiction: The "authority having jurisdiction" is the organization, office, or individual responsible for "approving" equipment, an installation, or a procedure. The phrase "Authority Having Jurisdiction" is used in a broad manner since jurisdictions and "approval" agencies vary as do their responsibilities. Where public safety is primary, the "authority having jurisdiction" may be a federal, state, local, or other regional department or individual such as a fire chief, fire marshal, chief of a fire prevention bureau, labor department, health department, building official, electrical inspector, or others having statutory authority. For insurance purposes, an insurance company representative may be the "authority having iurisdiction." In many circumstances the property owner or his designated agent assumes the role of the "authority having jurisdiction;" at government installations, the commanding officer or departmental official may be the "authority having jurisdiction."

Blow-Off Cap: A siliconized rubber or metal cap which covers the end of the nozzle to protect the nozzle tip and minimize cooking grease migration into the nozzle orifice.

Branch Line: The agent distribution piping which extends from the supply line to the nozzle(s).

SYSTEM DESIGN

The ANSUL R-102 Restaurant Fire Suppression System may be used on a number of different types of restaurant cooking appliances and hood and duct configurations. The design information listed in this section deals with the limitations and parameters of this pre-engineered system. Those individuals responsible for the design of the R-102 system must be trained and hold a current ANSUL certificate in an R-102 training program.

The R-102 and the PIRANHA systems use compatible agents and components, therefore, they may be used together for cooking appliance, hood, and duct protection. The primary AUTOMAN Release can be either an R-102 or a PIRANHA AUTOMAN Release and can actuate up to two additional R-102 or PIRANHA Regulated Actuators. In systems utilizing a 101 remote release, any combination of the maximum number of regulated actuators can be used.

- Both systems must actuate simultaneously.
- Each system must be designed and installed per its appropriate manual.
- Adjacent appliances requiring protection must be protected with the same type of system, either R-102 or PIRANHA, unless the center-to-center spacing between the adjacent R-102 and PIRANHA nozzles is no less than 36 in. (914 mm).
- When appliances are protected with R-102 nozzles, the hood and connecting duct above those appliances cannot be protected with PIRANHA nozzles.
- · Mixing systems in a common plenum is not allowed.

One of the key elements for restaurant fire protection is a correct system design. This section is divided into 10 sub-sections: Nozzle Placement Requirements, Tank Quantity Requirements, Actuation and Expellant Gas Line Requirements, Distribution Piping Requirements, Detection System Requirements, Manual Pull Station Requirements, Mechanical Gas Valve Requirements, Electrical Gas Valve Requirements, Electrical Switch Requirements, and Pressure Switch Requirements. Each of these sections must be completed before attempting any installation. System design sketches should be made of all aspects of design for reference during installation.

NOZZLE PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS

This section gives guidelines for nozzle type, positioning, and quantity for duct, plenum, and individual appliance protection. This section must be completed before determining tank quantity and piping requirements.

Duct Protection – Single Nozzle

All duct protection is UL listed without limitation of maximum duct length (unlimited length). This includes all varieties of ductworks both horizontal and vertical including ducts that run at angles to the horizontal and ducts with directional bends.

 Note: Ducts from multiple hoods connected to a common ductwork must be protected in compliance with NFPA 96 and
 all local codes.

The R-102 system uses different duct nozzles depending on the size of duct being protected.

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Nozzles must be located 2-8 in. (51-203 mm) into the center of the duct opening, discharging up. See Figure 4-1.



FIGURE 4-1

- 2. In installations where a UL listed damper assembly is employed, the duct nozzle can be installed beyond the 8 in. (203 mm) maximum, to a point just beyond the damper assembly that will not interfere with the damper. Exceeding the maximum of 8 in. (203 mm) in this way will not void the UL listing of the system.
- 3. Previously listed three flow number and five flow number duct protection detailed in earlier published manual (Part No. 418087-06) can also still be utilized.

DUCT SIZES UP TO 50 IN. (1270 mm) PERIMETER/ 16 IN. (406 mm) DIAMETER

- One 1W nozzle = one flow number
- 50 in. (1270 mm) perimeter maximum
- 16 in. (406 mm) diameter maximum

DUCT SIZES UP TO 100 IN. (2540 mm) PERIMETER/ 32 IN. (812 mm) DIAMETER

- One 2W nozzle = two flow numbers
- · 100 in. (2540 mm) perimeter maximum
- · 32 in. (812 mm) diameter maximum

The chart below shows the maximum protection available from each duct nozzle.

Description	3.0 Gallon System	1.5 Gallon System
2W Nozzle	Maximum 100 in. (2540 mm) Perimeter	Maximum 100 in. (2540 mm) Perimeter
1W Nozzle	Maximum 50 in. (1270 mm) Perimeter	Maximum 50 in. (1270 mm) Perimeter

SECTION 4 – SYSTEM DESIGN

UL EX3470 ULC EX3470 PAGE 4-6 REV. 11 2014-SEP-01

Plenum Protection (Continued)

HORIZONTAL PROTECTION - OPTION 2

1W NOZZLE - "V" BANK PROTECTION

One 1W nozzle will protect 6 linear feet (1.8 m) of "V" bank plenum. The nozzle must be mounted horizontally, positioned 1/3 the filter height down from the top of the filter. Nozzles can be located at 6 ft (1.8 m) spacings on longer plenums. The nozzle must be positioned 0-6 in. (0-152 mm) from the end of the hood to the tip of the nozzle. See Figure 4-10.



TWO 1N NOZZLES - "V" BANK PROTECTION

- Two 1N nozzles will protect 10 linear feet (3.0 m) by 4 ft (1.2 m) wide of "V" bank plenum. The nozzles must be mounted in the plenum, 2 to 4 in. (50 to 101 mm) from the face of the filter,
- centered between the filter height dimension, and aimed down the length. The nozzle must be positioned 0-6 in. (0-381 mm) from the end of the hood to the tip of the nozzle. See Figure 4-11.



For a plenum, either single or "V" bank, with a linear extension ► longer than 10 ft (3.0 m), each bank may be protected using one

- IN nozzle every 10 ft (3.0 m) or less depending on the overall
- length of the plenum. See Figure 4-12. The nozzles may point in the opposite directions as long as the entire plenum area isprotected, and the 10 ft (3.0 m) limitation is not exceeded. See
- Figure 4-13. The nozzle positioning shown in Figure 4-14 is not an acceptable method of protection because the plenum area directly under the tee is not within the discharge pattern of either nozzle.





FIGURE 4-14

SECTION 4 – SYSTEM DESIGN

UL EX3470 **ULC EX3470** PAGE 4-8 REV. 11 2014-SEP-01

Fryer – Single Nozzle Protection (Continued)

Maximum Area Dimensions – Single Nozzle Fryer Protection

	Max. Size	
Max. Size Frypot Only	Overall With Dripboard	Type of Nozzle
Full or Split Vat 14 in. x 15 in. (355 mm x 381 mm)	Full or Split Vat 14 in. x 21 in. (355 mm x 533 mm)	230
Full or Split Vat 14 in. x 15 in. ▶ (355 mm x 381 mm)	Full or Split Vat 14 in. x 21 in. (355 mm x 533 mm)	245
Full or Split Vat 14 in. x 15 in. ▶ (355 mm x 381 mm)	Full or Split Vat 14 in. x 21 in. (355 mm x 533 mm)	290
Full or Split Vat 14 1/2 in. x 14 in. ▶ (368 mm x 355 mm)	Full or Split Vat 14 1/2 in. x 26 1/2 in. (368 mm x 673 mm)	290



FRYER WITHOUT DRIPBOARD

NOZZLE TIP POSITIONED ANYWHERE ALONG OR WITHIN PERIMETER OF COOKING SURFACE AND AIMED TO THE CENTER OF THE COOKING AREA.

FIGURE 4-15 002280

Nozzle Height Nozzle Above Top of Fryer Location 27 in. to 47 in. See Figure 4-15 and 4-16 (686 mm to 1193 mm) 20 in. to 27 in. See Figure (508 mm to 685 mm) 4-15 and 4-16 See Figure 4-17 13 in. to 16 in. (330 mm to 406 mm) 16 in. to 27 in. See Figure 4-17 (406 mm to 685 mm) TOP OF FRYER FRYER WITHOUT DRIPBOARD FRYER WITH DRIPBOARD

SPLIT VAT

NOZZLE TIP POSITIONED ANYWHERE ALONG OR WITHIN PERIMETER OF COOKING SURFACE AND AIMED TO THE CENTER OF THE COOKING AREA.

> FIGURE 4-16 002283

Fryer – Multiple Nozzle Protection (Continued)

Maximum Area Dimension - Multiple Nozzle Fryer Protection

	Max. Size Module	
Max. Size Module Frypot Only	Overall With Dripboard	Type of Nozzle
Full or Split Vat 21 in. x 210 in. ² (533 mm x 0.14 m ²)	Full or Split Vat 21 in. x 294 in. ² (533 mm x 0.19 m ²)	230
Full or Split Vat 21 in. x 210 in. ² (533 mm x 0.14 m ²)	Full or Split Vat 21 in. x 294 in. ² (533 mm x 0.19 m ²)	245
Full or Split Vat 21 in. x 210 in. ² (533 mm x 0.14 m ²)	Full or Split Vat 21 in. x 294 in. ² (533 mm x 0.19 m ²)	290
25 3/8 x 370.5 in ² (644 mm x 0.24 m ²)	25 3/8 x 495 in ² (644 mm x 0.32 m ²)	290
Full or Split Vat 26 1/2 in. x 203 in. ² (673 mm x 0.13 m ²)	Full or Split Vat 26 1/2 in. x 384 1/4 in. ² (673 mm x 0.25 m ²)	290
25 3/8 x 370.5 in ² (644 mm x 0.24 m ²)	25 3/8 x 495 in ² (644 mm x 0.32 m ²)	3N
27 3/4 x 324 in. ² (704 mm x 0.21 m ²)	27 3/4 x 497 in ² (704 mm x 0.32 m ²)	ЗN

Nozzle Height Above Top of Fryer	Nozzle Location
27 in. to 47 in. (686 mm to 1194 mm)	See Figure 4-21
20 in. to 27 in. (508 mm to 686 mm)	See Figure 4-21
13 in. to 16 in. (330 mm to 406 mm)	See Figure 4-22
13 in. to 16 in. (330 mm to 406 mm)	See Figure 4-22
16 in. to 27 in. (406 mm to 686 mm)	See Figure 4-22
See Figure 4-23	See Figure 4-23

25 in. to 35 in.



FRYER WITHOUT DRIPBOARD FRYER WITH DRIPBOARD 3N NOZZLE TIP MUST BE POSITIONED ANYWHERE ALONG OR WITHIN THE PERIMETER OF THE MODULAR IT IS PROTECTING AND AIMED AT THE MIDPOINT OF THAT RESPECTIVE MODULE AREA.

FIGURE 4-23

002291



THE 3N NOZZLE TIP MUST BE POSITIONED ANYWHERE ALONG OR WITHIN THE PERIMETER AND FORWARD OF THE RIGHT-TO-LEFT CENTERLINE OF THE COOKING AREA. THE AIMING POINT OF THE NOZZLE MUST BE AT THE DIAGONAL CENTER OF THE MODULAR COOKING AREA.





FRYER WITHOUT DRIPBOARD FRYER WITH DRIPBOARD POSITION NOZZLE TIP ANYWHERE ALONG OR WITHIN THE PERIMETER OF THE MODULE IT IS PROTECTING AND AIM AT THE MIDPOINT OF THAT MODULAR AREA.

FIGURE 4-21



FRYER WITHOUT DRIPBOARD

290 NOZZLE TIP POSITIONED OVER THE MIDPOINT OF THE RESPECTIVE MODULAR AREA ± 3 IN. (76 mm) FROM THE MIDPOINT ALONG THE LONGEST SIDE OF THE MODULE AND \pm 1 IN. (25 mm) FROM THE MIDPOINT ALONG THE SHORTEST SIDE OF THE MODULE AND AIMED AT THE MIDPOINT OF THE MODULE.

SECTION 4 – SYSTEM DESIGN

UL EX3470 ULC EX3470 PAGE 4-20 REV. 11 2014-SEP-01

Griddle Protection 2120 (2-Flow) Nozzle – Low Proximity Application

Option 2b – Nozzle Perimeter Located (Continued)

10 in. to 20 in. (254 mm to 508 mm) above the cooking surface.

The low proximity application uses the 2120 nozzle.

► The nozzle is stamped with 2120 indicating this is a two-flow nozzle and must be counted as two flow numbers.

One 2120 nozzle will protect a maximum cooking area of 1440 in.² (92903 mm²) with a maximum dimension of 48 in. (1219 mm).

When using this nozzle for griddle protection, the nozzle must be positioned along the perimeter to 2 in. (50 mm) inside perimeter, and aimed at the center of the cooking surface. See Figure 4-47 and 4-48.

NOZZLE LOCATION 0 – 2 IN. (0 – 51 mm) INSIDE PERIMETER 20 IN. OF COOKING SURFACE (508 mm) MAXIMUM HEIGHT 5 OF 2120 NOZZLE TIP 10 IN. (254 mm) MINIMÙM HEIGHT OF 2120 NOZZLE TIP 000243 æ EDGE OF COOKING SURFACE



2120 NOZZLE LOCATED ALONG COOKING SURFACE EDGE ANY SIDE OF GRIDDLE SURFACE WITHIN 0 – 2 IN. (0 - 51 mm) OF COOKING SURFACE EDGE. NOZZLE MUST BE AIMED AT CENTER OF COOKING SURFACE.



FIGURE 4-47

000243

Griddle Protection 2W (2-Flow) Nozzle – Low Proximity Application

Option 2c – Nozzle Perimeter Located (Continued)

10 in. to 20 in. (254 mm to 508 mm) above the cooking surface.

The low proximity application uses the 2W nozzle.

The nozzle is stamped with 2W indicating this is a two-flow nozzle and must be counted as two flow numbers.

One 2W nozzle will protect a maximum cooking area of 1080 in.^2 (69677 mm²) with a maximum dimension of 36 in. (914 mm).

When using this nozzle for griddle protection, the nozzle must be positioned 0-10 in. (0-254 mm) forward or behind the right to left centerline of the hazard area. See the diagram below for nozzle location and aiming.

OVERHEAD VIEW





FIGURE 4-50



Fire Suppression System Submittal