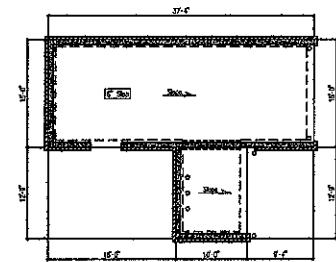
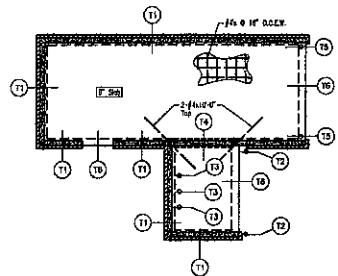


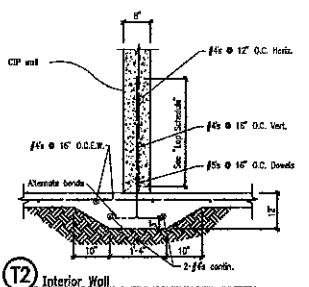
PR COM 2018 2997



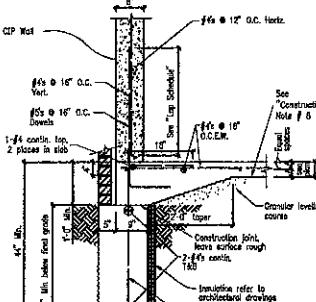
Forming Plan Trash Compactor
Scale: 1/8 = 1'-0"



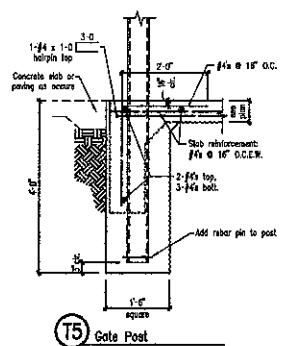
Reinforcement Plan Trash Compactor
Scale: 1/8 = 1'-0"



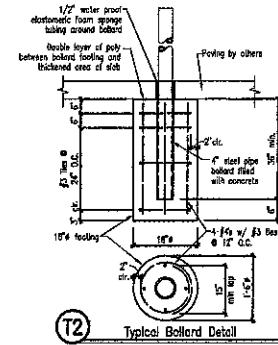
T2 Interior Wall



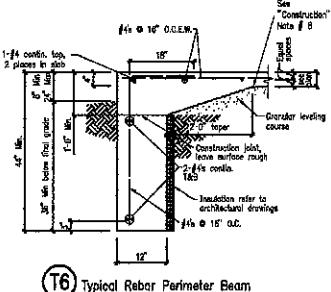
T1 Typical Rebar Perimeter Beam



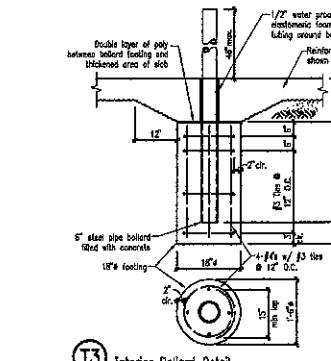
T5 Gate Post



T2 Typical Bollard Detail



T6 Typical Rebar Perimeter Beam



T3 Interior Bollard Detail

This bollard detail is designed for moderate impact resistance. Significant impact may result in damage to surrounding concrete slab. Care should be taken to prevent significant impact with bollard.

Details Trash Compactor
Scale: 3/4" = 1'-0"

Foundation Notes:	
1) Pile群 should be grouted around the foundation at all times, both during and after the construction period. Surface water shall flow away from the foundation. Foundation sheet should define the center of his responsibilities to minimize damage and not impede so that future soil removal will be easier.	
2) Stabs should be 1/2" thick H.I.D.	
3) Perimeter Beams should be tapered to 4" at 45° U.T. and 10' min. min. lead-in.	
4) All concrete should be 1/2" thick (see Gen. Notes).	
5) Concrete contractor should be provided with a plan showing the anchor bolts and hold-downs required for the foundation. Anchors should be placed in thickened concrete that is brought to the foundation engineer's attention. The location of anchors should be indicated on the plans prior to the concrete placement, and post-tensioning should be delayed until the concrete has cured in the drilling section by about one foot.	
6) BS & A - Anchored beams strand to be draped over the interior wall. Beam strand required only shown on foundation plan.	
7) See "Construction" Note for Foundation Sheet.	
8) Anchors indicate dimensions to be verified on architectural drawings. See General Notes.	
9) If unanticipated BS points on the site, plans may be unrequired. NOTIFY ENGINEER.	
Site Preparation Notes:	
1) Potential subsidence will increase if building pads are allowed to dry out prior to construction. This office recommends procedures be used to maintain a "normal" or "average" soil moisture content.	
2) Grading plan shall ensure that positive drainage is maintained away from the building pad. Office recommends a 2% slope for the first 10' from the building pad. Failure to maintain drainage may allow water to pool or collect around the foundation, causing damage to the concrete.	
3) After clearing, grading, and excavating, the exposed sub-grade should be carefully checked by visual rolling, probing and testing. Any sub-grade that is found to be unsatisfactory should be replaced or stabilized per the geotechnical report. The subgrade should then be evaluated by the Geotechnical Engineer. Correct the building pad by backfilling with material specified in the geotechnical report. The top 24" of the building pad should consist of low volume change (LVC) material, and extend at least 5' beyond the building pad. The top 12" of the building pad should consist of coarse aggregate, sand, and smaller stones. The bottom 12" of the building pad should be placed below the floor slab. The leveling course may be considered part of the 24" LVC zone. An 8" minimum thickness of aggregate should be placed and compacted by the geotechnical engineer prior to placement. All final grading and soil remediation shall be conducted in accordance with the same rapid and overnight from the time of placement of the foundation.	
4) The depth to bedrock varied across the site. Each building should be evaluated individually and the bearing strata should be determined prior to construction. The geotechnical report for each building should either bear entirely on native soil and engineered fill or entirely on bedrock. Bedrock may be fractured rock which may result in abrupt differential settlement resulting in cracking and differential movement of buildings.	
Excavation Dimensions Note:	
Verify all dimensions with Architectural plans. Conduct Architect if there are any discrepancies that cannot be resolved in the field.	

Summit Square II Apartments

Lee Summit, MISSOURI

Forming & Reinforcement Plan

Trash Compactor

DATE 09/26/2018
SCALE As Shown
DRW R.D.
CODE 4.12.44.120

FD-8.0

STRAND M18048

STRAND	
1000 Technology Blvd, West	Dallas, TX 75201
Registration No. 2008010474	
Architect:	ACCURATE, INC.
Structural Engineer:	BAM Architects
General Contractor:	Lee Summit Construction Company
Issue Date:	08/19/2018
Rev.:	A
Client:	Lee Summit Apartments
Comments:	



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